

CORNELL University Library



GIFT OF

Edwin M. Snow, M. D.

Campitiments of

EDWIN M. SNOW, M. D.,

Superintendent of the Census, Providence, R. I.

Please acknowledge receipt.



The original of this book is in the Cornell University Library.

There are no known copyright restrictions in the United States on the use of the text.

6370 N 2

Olin HA 611 -5 1875

Do Not Circulate

DATE DUE GAYLORO

Cornell University Library HA 611.51875

Report upon the census of Rhode Island,

3 1924 011 115 833

REPORT

UPON THE

CENSUS OF RHODE ISLAND,

1875;

WITH THE STATISTICS OF THE POPULATION, AGRICULTURE, FISHERIES AND SHORE FARMS, AND MANUFACTURES OF THE STATE,

BY

EDWIN M. SNOW, M. D.,

SUPERINTENDENT OF THE CENSUS.



PROVIDENCE:
PROVIDENCE PRESS COMPANY, STATE PRINTERS,
1877.



6370 N2

A.16

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND.

CENSUS OFFICE, PROVIDENCE, Ebruary 20, 1877.

To the Honorable the General Assembly of the State of Rhode Island:

It is ten years to-day since the report upon the State Census of 1865 was completed. It was my feeling at that time that the completion of the report had been too long delayed, and in commencing the superintendence of the census of 1875, it was my fixed determination that the report should be completed in a much shorter time. But my intentions in that regard have not been fulfilled, and the time required for the completion of the work has been the same as in 1865.

The causes of the delay in the present census have been fully stated in the report herewith presented; the chief of which was the lamented death of Mr. Isaac Peck, my Assistant in the census office, and upon whom I especially relied in the preparation of the statistics of Manufactures. His death not only caused direct delay in the collection of the statistics of manufactures; but also, for the want of his supervision, errors crept into the tables which have caused more delay, continued vexation, and some extra expense even down to the present time. These things are now past; the mistakes have been found and corrected; and the printed report is before you.

In connection with this delay, however, it is some satisfaction to know that our experience in this respect is not entirely an exception to the general rule. In no State, within my knowledge, that took a census in 1875, has the full report yet been published.

This report has been prepared upon the same general plan as that upon the census of 1865. The First Part contains comments upon, and explanations of the statistical tables that are given in the Second Part. An Appendix is added, containing the census act, with the circulars, instructions, blanks, and other papers used in obtaining the statistics for the census.

In the first part, a few tables that seemed to be of permanent value, are copied from the report of 1865, with additions to bring the facts down to the present time. In this part, also, numerous new explanatory and comparative tables are given to illustrate the different subjects discussed.

In the second part, tables are given similar to all those contained in the report of 1865, so that the census of 1865 can be compared with that of 1875, in every particular. Besides this, several new subjects are introduced, with new tables, and some other subjects are much more fully exhibited than in 1865. In the statistics of manufactures, especially, the tables are entirely changed, and more particulars are given upon some points of this important subject, than have ever been found in any previous census.

The "Census Act" of the General Assembly, passed March 16, 1875, a copy of which is given in the Appendix, marks a new era in census legislation in this country. The provisions of the act, putting the whole control of the matter into the hands of a "Census Board"; the unlimited discretion given to the Board in the preparation of the blanks and management of the census; the full control given to the Board over the appointment of the marshals and agents; and particularly the authority given to employ special agents, or experts, to obtain the information required, are all new provisions in census laws in this country, and such provisions as are highly approved by all who have had practical experience in census matters.

I greatly regret that circumstances beyond my control, and some of them heyond all human control, have prevented the full accomplishment of my intentions in regard to the census, and especially, that they have prevented me from doing all that the liberal provisions of the census law authorized, and seemed to require should be done.

I feel confident, however, that the information contained in the report, in relation to the population, agriculture, fisheries and shore statistics, and manufactures, will be found to be full, interesting, and highly important to the interests of the State. There are, undoubtedly, errors in the statistics, as there must be in all censuses, but it is certain that the facts given are much more full and more correct than those of any census ever before taken of the State.

A complete copy of the returns of the population of the whole State, including the names and other facts relating to every inhabitant, has been made and deposited in the office of the Secretary of State, and the originals have been returned to the clerks of the several towns. A sufficient number of copies of this report has been printed, and after paying all bills, including those for copying, printing and binding, there will remain an unexpended balance of about eighteen hundred dollars of the censas appropriation.

EDWIN M. SNOW, M. D.,

Superintendent of the Census.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND.

CENSUS OF 1875.

CENSUS BOARD.

The third section of Chapter 449 of the General Statutes says: "The Governor shall appoint a 'Superintendent of the Census,' who, together with the Governor and the Secretary of State, shall constitute the 'Census Board,' which shall have the charge of taking the census."

Under this provision the "Census Board" has been constituted as follows:

HIS EXCELLENCY HENRY HOWARD,

Governor.

From March 16, 1875 to May 25, 1875.

HIS EXCELLENCY HENRY LIPPITT,

Governor.

From May 25, 1875, to the completion of the Census.

HON. JOSHUA M. ADDEMAN,

Secretary of State.

From March 16, 1875, to the completion of the Census.

EDWIN M. SNOW, M. D.,

Superintendent of the Census.

From March 18, 1875, to the completion of the Census.

CONTENTS.

PART I.

REPORTix-cl
Introductoryiz
Changes in hlanks from those used in 1865
Bureau of statistics, importance ofx
Plan of this reportxi
1. DESCRIPTION OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLANDxfii-xxii
(a.) Natural featuresxii
(b.) Area of towns and density of population in 1865 and 1875, (Table)xiv
Density compared with other Statesxv
(c.) VILLAGES; villages, eities, and post offices in Rhode Island, (TABLE)xvi
II. POLITICAL DIVISIONS AND CHANGES IN BOUNDARY LINESxxiii-xxx
County divisions, history ofxxiii
(a.) Incorporation of counties, towns and cities, with date of incorpora-
tion, changes in boundaries, origin of names, etc (TABLE)xxiv
III. PREVIOUS CENSUSES OF RHODE ISLANDxxxi-xiiv
(a.) Population of each town and county at different dates, 1708-1875, ineIn-
sive, (Table)xxxi-xxxiii
Notes on the tablexxxiv
(b.) Rate per cent. of increase or decrease of population by towns,
/ (Table)xxxiv-xxxvi
Population of each town in 1865, 1870 and 1875, the gain or loss in each
period; and the gain or loss per cent. from 1865-1875, (TABLE)xxxvii
Notes on the changes in population in different townsxxxviii
Censuses of Providencexl
(c.) Colored population and Indians in each town at different dates,
(TABLE)xYi-xliii
IV. COMMENTS AND EXPLANATIONS UPON THE TABLESxlv-elviii
(a.) COMMENTS UPON THE TABLES OF POPULATIONxlv-exvi
Dwelling houses and familiesxlv
Sex and colorxlvii
NATIVITYxlvli-
Nativity in the Statexlix
Natives of other States in Rhode Islandl

Natives of Rhode Island in other Statesli
Foreign born population in Rhode Islandli
Increase of native and foreign born population from 1865 to 1875lii
Remarks on nativityliv
PARENTAGE
Population compared as to birth-place and parentagelv
Mixed parentage, (TABLE)lvii-lx
Increase and increase per cent. of population according to parentagelxi
Birth-place and parentage, difference in populationlxii
Foreign population by parentage, proportion in different towns lxiv
Parentage: city of Providencelxv
AGE and SEX of the populationlxvi
Proportions of the sexes at different ages in Rhode Island, (Table)lxvii
Percentages at different ages in Rhode Island and city of Providence,
at different dateslxviii
Percentages at different ages in different States
Population in three classes, according to age, (TABLE)lxxi
Aged persons in Rhode Island, (TABLE)
CIVIL CONDITION
Percentages, by ages, of each class, (TABLE)lxxviii
Divorces in Rhode Island
Nativity of mairied women in the city of Providence, (TABLE)lxxx-lxxxiv
Married women, by birth places, and number of children (TABLE,lxxxv
SCHOOL STATISTICS
School population and attendancelxxxvii
Number and percentage of absentces; school expenses and school
property, etc., in each town, (TABLE)lxxxviii
Attending school and absentees in Providencexe
Want of educationxei
Can neither read nor write, by parentage; number and proportionxcii
Number and percentage of ignorant persons in different classes of the
population (TABLE)xeiv
Remarks upon statistics of ignorancexcv
Want of education; marriage certificates signed with a mark in
Providencexcvi
DEAF and dnmb, blind, insane, idiotic and paupers
Facts from State reports concerning the insane, papers and convictsxcviii
Voters
Proportion of voters to populationei
Votes cast at different elections, (Table)eii
OCCUPATIONS OF THE POPULATIONciii
Classification of the occupationsciv
Number of persons with occupationscv
Number of persons engaged in different occupations; censuses of 1870
and 1875. (Table)evi
Occupations of femalescvii
Employment of childrencviii
Number of children engaged in each occupation and class of occupa-
tions, in each town, by parentage, (TABLE)cx
rions, in each rown, by parentage, (TABLE)

Number, sex and parentage of children of each age, engaged in various oecupations in the State (TABLE)
(b.) Comments upon the Tables of Agricultural Statisticsexvi-exxxi
Aggregate of several items of agricultural industry, as reported by different eensuses, (Table)
(c.) Comments upon the Tables of Fisheries and Shore Statistics, exxxi-exxxiv
General Statisticsexxxxii Average prices of fish and shore productsexxxiii Quantity and value of the productionsexxxiv
(d.) Comments upon the Tables of Manufacturing Statistics exxxiv-clin
Special preparation for the collection of these statistics in the census of 1875
COMMENTS ON SPECIAL MANUFACTURESexli-elv
COTTON MANUFACTURES; character of the returns
STATISTICS OF SPECIAL MANUFACTURES.—Continued.—Woolen Goods, exlviii-eliv
Comparative statistics of different censuses, (Table)cxlix Occupations in woolen millse Average daily wages in woolen mills, highest and lowestel

Bleacheries......cliv

Comparative Statistics, 1870 and 1875eliv
STATISTICS OF SPECIAL MANUFACTURESContinuedIron Manufacturesclv
Comparative statistics of iron manufactures
PART II.
TABULAR STATISTICS1-136
1. Tables of Population1-80
Table I. Showing the population, number of dwelling houses, and of families, number of families to each dwelling, and number of persons to each dwelling and each family, in each town of the State
TABLE II —SEX AND COLOR. Showing the sex and color of the population in each town, and division of the State
TABLE III. Showing the particulars of Tables I. and II. in the cities of Providence and Newport, by wards4
Table IV.—Nativity. Showing in general terms the birth-places of the population
Table V.—Nativity. Showing how many of the inhabitants of each town and county were born in each town and county in Rhode Island
TABLE VI.—NATIVITY. Showing how many of the inhabitants of each town and county of the State were born in each State and Territory of the United States
TABLE VII.—NATIVITY. Showing how many of the inhabitants of each town and county in the State were born in each foreign country13-15 TABLE VIII.—NATIVITY. Showing the particulars of Table IV. in the
cities of Providence and Newport, by wards
Rhode Island
TABLE XI.—NATIVITY. Being Table VI. for the city of Providence, by wards; showing how many of the inhabitants of each ward in the city of Providence, were born in each State and Territory of the United States

Table XII.—Nativity. Being Table VI. for the city of Newport, by
wards; showing how many of the inhabitants of each ward in
the city of Newport were born in each State and Territory of the
United States20
TABLE XIII NATIVITY. Giving the particulars of Table VII. in the
city of Providence, by wards; showing how many of the inhabi-
tants of each ward in the city of Providence were born in each
foreign country
TABLE XIV.—NATIVITY. Giving the particulars of Table VII. in the
eity of Newport, by wards; showing how many of the inhabi-
tants in each ward of the city of Newport were born in each
foreign country
TABLE XV.—PARENTAGE. Showing the parentage of the population in
each town and county in the State23-24
TABLE XVIPARENTAGE. Being Table XVI. for Providence and New-
port, by wards; showing the parentage of the population in
each ward 25
TABLE XVIINATIVITY AND PARENTAGE COMPARED. Showing the
number and proportions of the population, by nativity and by
parentage, in each town in the State. Mixed parentage given
according to the birth-place of the fathers26
TABLE XVIIINATIVITY AND PARENTAGE COMPARED. Being Table
XVII. for the cities of Providence and Newport, by wards. Those
of mixed parentage according to the birth place of their fathers27
TABLE XIX.—AGE AND SEX. Showing the number of each sex, in each
division of ages, in each town and county in Rhode Island, and
in Providence and Newport, by wards
Table XX Civil Condition. Showing the number of married, single,
widowed and divorced, of each sex, in each division of ages, in
each fown and county in the State
TABLE XXICIVIL CONDITION. Being Table XX. for the eities of
Providence and Newport, by wards 48-57
TABLE XXII.—ATTENDING SCHOOL. Showing the population in each
town, between the ages of 5 and 16, and the number of all ages,
who attended public, select, or eatholic schools, in each town,
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
during the year ending June 1, 1875
TABLE XXIIIATTENDING SCHOOL. Being Table XXII. for the cities
of Providence and Newport, by wards59
TABLE XXIV -WANT OF EDUCATION. Showing how many persons in
each town in the State, between the ages of 10 and 15, and how
many 15 and over, can neither read nor write, and how many can
read but cannot write; the statistics according to parentage 60-64
TABLE XXVWANT OF EDUCATION. Being Table XXIV. for the cities
of Providence and Newport, by wards
TABLE XXVI.—Showing the number of deaf and dumb, blind, insane,
idiotic, and paupers, in each town in the State
TABLE XXVIIVOTERS. Showing how many voters there are in each
town and county in the State; statistics according to birth place
TABLE XXVIIIVOTERS. Being Table XXVII for the cities of Provi-
dence and Newport by wards

	TABLE XXIXOCCUPATIONS. (A.) Showing the number of persons,
	including both males and females, engaged in each special occupa-
	tion and class of occupations
	Table XXXOccupations. (B.) Showing the number of females
	engaged in each special occupation and class of occupations in
	the whole State80
2.	Tables of Agricultural Statistics
	TABLE XXXI.—AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS
	Additional Agricultural Statistics90-92
	TABLE XXXII. Showing the number and value of horses and cows,
	not on farms 93
	TABLE XXXIII.—AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS. Showing the number and
	size of the farms in each town and county in the State94-96
3.	Tables of Fisheries and Shore Statistics
	TABLE XXXIV.—FISHERIES AND SHORE STATISTICS. Showing the sta-
	tistics of the fisheries and shore farms in Rhode Island, for the
	year ending June 1, 187598-101
4.	Tables of Statistics of Manufactures
	TABLE XXXV.—GENERAL MANUFACTURING STATISTICS. Showing the
	statistics of all the manufactures of every description in each
	town and county in the State, for the year ending June 1, 1875104-105
	TABLE XXXVIGENERAL MANUFACTURES. Showing the statistics of
	the manufactures in the State, by industries, for the year ending
	June 1, 1875
	STATISTICS OF SPECIAL MANUFACTURES
	TABLE XXXVII.—COTTON GOODS. Showing the statistics of the cot-
	ton manufactures, in each town and county in the State, for the
	year ending June 1, 1875113-121
	TABLE XXXVIII.—WOOLEN GOODS. Showing the statistics of the
	woolen manufactures, in each town and county in the State, for
	the year ending June 1, 1875
	TABLE XXXIX -PRINT WORKS AND BLEACHERIES. Giving the statis-
	tics of all the print works and bleacheries in the State, for the
	year ending June 1, 1875
	TABLE XL.—IRON MANUFACTURES. Showing the statistics of the iron
	manufactures, in the State, for the year ending June 1, 1875 130-136
APPE	NDIX
	Circulars and general instructions
	Blank used for statistics of population
	Blank used for statistics of agriculture
	Blank used for statistics of fisheries and shore farms
	manas and moducious tot seausius of manufactures

CENSUS

OF

RHODE ISLAND,

JUNE 1, 1875.

REPORT.

The Second Census of the State of Rhode Island, taken by order of the State Government, was taken during the summer of the year 1875, the results of which are given in the present volume. The statistics of population are for the first day of June, 1875; those of agriculture, fisheries and manufactures are for the year ending at that date. In some cases, where more complete statistics could be obtained by the change, the facts relating to certain manufactures are for the year ending on the first day of July.

The Acts of the General Assembly under which the first State Census was taken in 1865, having been repealed in the revision of the Statutes, an Act authorizing the present census was passed March 16, 1875. This Act, a copy of which is given in the Appendix to the present volume, provides for a decennial census of the State "in June, 1875, and every tenth year thereafter." The several censuses are to be taken under the direction of a "Census Board," consisting of the Governor of the State, the Secretary of State, and a Superintendent of the Census to be appointed by the Governor. The Act provides that "the information obtained by each census shall include all that was obtained by the State census of the year 1865, together with such additional information as may be deemed necessary by the Census

Board," thus giving very great discretionary authority to the Census Board in relation to the statistics to be obtained.

The Census Act provides that, in future, the Superintendent of the Census shall be appointed, and the work of preparation shall be commenced, at least six months previous to the date of taking the census. But the Act, in 1875, as in 1865, was passed too late to allow of all the preparation for the work that would be desirable. Under the liberal provisions of the Act of 1875, however, some important changes and improvements were made both in the blanks and in the mode of collecting the facts.

First, Population. The most important changes in the blanks for the statistics of population were the omission of the columns for service in the army and navy, and the addition of a column for "Relation to the Head of the Family," and another column for the "Civil Condition" of each person, that is whether single, married, widowed, or divorced. The column in relation to reading and writing was made to include all children of 10 years and over, instead of 15 years and over, as in the census of 1865; and the column in relation to naturalized voters was made to include all voters, native as well as naturalized.

Second, Agriculture and Fisheries. Several slight changes were made in the blanks for these statistics, suggested by the experience of the previous census, and intended to increase the value of the facts obtained.

Third, Manufactures. An entire and radical change was made in the blanks for the statistics of manufactures. In the first place, special blanks, with very full and minute questions, were prepared for each of four of the most important manufactures of the State; namely, the cotton, woolen, iron, and jewelry manufactures. After these, a blank of the same size was prepared for statistics of all other manufactures. Copies of these blanks are given, as nearly as it can be done, in the Appendix to this volume. The Act under which the present census was taken also provided for collecting many other facts relating to commerce, trade, value of real and personal estate, rates of taxation, education, religious iustitutions, pauperism, &c., &c., in the State. But the late date of the passage of the Act left it impossible to do this work for this census. It is evident that a full exhibit of all these, and many other facts, would be in the highest degree valuable. Indeed, they may be considered absolutely necessary for a full understanding of the interests of the State, and for really intelligent legislation concerning them. Under the provisions of the census Act, as it now stands, there will be abundant time and authority in the preparation of future censuses, to make all necessary arrangements for obtaining all the information that is desired.

But the question arises here, as it did ten years since, in the preparation of the Report on the Census of 1865; Are our present arrangements the best, and is a decennial census sufficient for the wants of the State? The following remarks upon this question are taken, without alteration, from the report referred to, and I would only add that the experience of the last ten years, and especially in connection with the present census, has, to my mind, intensified and confirmed in every particular, the correctness and importance of the views then given:—

"BUREAU OF STATISTICS."

"But the question arises, and is worthy the consideration of the General Assembly, whether a decennial census is sufficient to meet the wants of the State. A census taken only once in ten years, must, from necessity, be taken under the direction of inexperienced persons, and of persons who have no opportunity to investigate the subject, and devise the best plan for the blanks, or the best system of doing the work. Everything will be done without plan or system, and in the most disadvantageous manner. No two censuses will correspond with each other in the kind, or amount, or completeness, of the information obtained.

Besides this, a decennial census may, from accidental circumstances, fail entirely to give any correct idea of very many of the statistics desired to be obtained. For example; the statistics of no single year can show truly the facts for a series of years, in relation to manufactures, agriculture, trade, commerce, and many other subjects. It is desirable and necessary for the interests of the State, that these statistics, and many others, should be obtained and published as often as every year.

Again, a census taken in the manner it is usually taken, and at such long intervals, is not the best method of obtaining the facts desired. I have no doubt that all the facts obtained by a decennial census and many more, excepting those relating to the population, could be obtained far more correctly every year, and with slightly, if any, additional expense, by other methods. Experience, in this State as well as in other States, in connection with vital statistics, has shown the great value of establishing the habit among the people of giving and collecting statistical information. The vital statistics of the State are constantly improving, from year to year, and now, tens of thousands of our people feel an interest in the subject, and are desirous that the facts relating to their families should be fully recorded. The importance and value of these records have been fully shown, particularly during the last five years (1860–1865.) The information they have furnished, in connection with claims against the general government, has saved the people of the State many times more than the expense of making the records.

Similar results would follow from the frequent collection and publication of other statistical information. The people would soon understand the subject better; doubts would be removed; an interest in such information would be created; and our citizens, being convinced that no improper use would be made of the facts, would become desirous that full particulars should be obtained.

I conceive it, then, to be a necessity, and a necessity which will soon be acknowledged and acted upon, that in this State, as well as in other States, and in the General Government, Bureaus of Statistics should be established, which should have the charge of the collection, collation, and publication of all kinds of statistical information.

The limited extent, and internal geographical and political divisions of our State are extremely favorable for the easy collection of this information. A suitable person, authorized by the State, would be able, through the authorities of the several towns, by correspondence, and otherwise, to collect a great amount of valuable information, annually, at a comparatively slight expense. The same person might have the charge of the preparation and publication of the Registration Reports, and of the decennial census. By his acquired knowledge and experience, and by correspondence with other States, and with the officers of the General Government, he would soon be able to introduce order, system, and economy in the collection of the statistics of the State, and to produce reports which would be of great value to its legislators, to its citizens, and to the country. The subject is earnestly commended to the consideration of the General Assembly."

PLAN OF THIS REPORT.

The arrangement and plan of this report are generally similar to those of the Report on the Census of 1865, with such modifications and changes as experience and convenience have suggested. The remarks are chiefly devoted to an explanation and elucidation of the facts as obtained by the census of 1875, so as to show as clearly as possible, the present condition of the State. Some comparisons with the census of 1865 are given, though the want of time has prevented the study of this subject to the extent that would be profitable and desirable.

This report is divided as follows:

PART I .-- REPORT.

- I. DESCRIPTION OF THE STATE.
 - (a.) Natural Features.
 - (b.) Density of Population in 1865 and 1875: Table.
 - (c.) Villages: Table.
- II. POLITICAL DIVISIONS AND CHANGES IN BOUNDARY LINES.
 - (a.) Incorporation of Counties, Towns and Cities.

- III. PREVIOUS CENSUSES OF RHODE ISLAND.
 - (a) Population of each town at different dates: Table.
 - (b.) Increase or Decrease of Population by Towns: Table.
 - (c.) Colored Population and Indians at different dates:

 Table.
- IV. COMMENTS AND EXPLANATIONS UPON THE TABLES.
 - (a.) Tables of Population.
 - (b.) Agricultural Statistics.
 - (c.) Fisheries and Shore Statistics.
 - (d.) Manufactures.

PART II .- TABLES.

- I. STATISTICS OF POPULATION.
- II. AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.
- III. FISHERIES AND SHORE STATISTICS.
- IV. STATISTICS OF MANUFACTURES.
 - (a) General Manufacturing Statistics.
 - (b.) Statistics of Special Manufactures.

APPENDIX.

Blanks, Instructions, and Circulars.

I. DESCRIPTION OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND.

(a.) NATURAL FEATURES.

The following description, with necessary changes, is taken from the Report on the Census for 1865.

Rhode Island is the smallest State in the Union, being only about 50 miles in length, and 35 in width. Though its area is limited, it has a great diversity of soil and even of climate. In some parts it is quite hilly, though not mountainous, in others it is level; in some parts the soil is heavy and wet, in others it is sandy and dry. The winters are tempered by the abundance of salt water, and are milder than in the same latitude farther inland.

The State is divided into two unequal parts by Narragansett Bay, which extends inland about 30 miles from the ocean. Five of the thirty-six towns in the State are situated on islands.

Though the coast line of the State is only about 45 miles, the Narragansett Bay, with its numerous arms and islands, gives about 350 miles of shore, washed by tide water, to the State.

There are numerous fresh water ponds in the State, and in the southern part there are many extensive ponds of salt water.

The State is divided into five counties, and these contain thirty-six towns and cities. The towns are extremely irregular in shape, and there is a great difference in their size. The smallest town in area is North Providence, which has only 5.5 square miles. The largest town, South Kingstown, is more than fourteen times larger than North Providence, and has 77.9 square miles. The average for the whole State is about 29.3 square miles to each town.

The whole area of the State is 1054.6 square miles. This is obtained from Walling's map of the State, and has been carefully reëxamined by him, and corrected for this census, and is undoubtedly very nearly exact. The area usually given in geographies and gazetteers is 250 to 300 miles greater, and probably includes the waters of Narragansett Bay.

The total population of the State, in 1875, was 258,239, which gives 244.9 inhabitants to each square mile, a density of population considerably greater than that of any other of the United States.

(b.) DENSITY OF POPULATION.

A table on the next page shows the population of each town, by the censuses of 1865 and 1875, the area in square miles of each town, and the number of persons living to each square mile of area in each town and county, and in the whole State, at the two dates named.

TABLE, Showing the total population, the Area in square miles, and the number of persons to each square mile, in each town and county in Rhode Island, by the Censuses of 1865 and 1875.

	1865.			1875.		
TOWNS AND DIVISIONS	-el	Area in Square Miles.	are	la-	Area in Square Miles.	ıre
ZOTING AND DIVISIONS	nd	nbg	ersons to each Square Mile.	Total Popula tiou.	abg	each square Mile.
OF THE STATE.	å. l	g g	8 00 ·	٠ <u>٠</u> . ا	E 8	Persons to each squi Mile.
	otal l	rea in Miles.	each Mile.	otal l tiou.	rea in Miles.	each Mile
	Total Popula- tion.	Are	Persons to each Squ Mile.	Tot fi	Are	Per e
Barrington	1,028	9.3	110.5	1,185	9.3	127.
Bristol	4,649	10.3	451.3	5,829	9.1	640
Warren	2,792	4.7	594.0	4,005	5.9	678.
Bristol County	8,469	24.3	348.5	11,019	24.3	453.
Coventry	3,995	58.6	68.2	4,580	58.6	78.
East Greenwich	2,400	17.1	140.3	3,120	17.1	182.
West Greenwich	1,228	49 1	25.0	1,034	49.1	21.
Warwick	7,696	44 2	174.1	11,614	44 2	<u>262</u> .
KENT COUNTY	15,319	169.0	90.6	20,348	169.0	120
Jamestown	349	9 5	36.7	488	9.5	51.
Little Compton	1,197	21.4	55.9	1,156	21.4	54.
Middletown	1,019	12.5	81.5	1,074	12.5	85. $109.$
New Shoreham	1,308	10.5	124.5	1,147	$10.5 \\ 23.4$	80.
Portsmouth Tivertou	2,153 $1,973$	$\frac{23.4}{31.8}$	$\begin{array}{c} 92.0 \\ 62.0 \end{array}$	1,893 2,101	31.8	66.
Towns, Newport Co	7,999	109.1	73.3	7,859	109.1	72
NEWPORT CITY	12,688	7.0	1,812.6	14,028	7.0	2,004
Burrillville	4,861	53 2	91 3	5,249	53.2	98.
Cranston	9,177	33.7	272.3	5,688	30.2	188.
Cumberland	8,216	33.6	244.5	5,673	27.5	206
East Providence	2,172	12.5	173.7	4,336	12.5	346
Foster	1,873	48.8	38.3	1,543	48.8	31
Glocester	2,286	53.2		2,098	53.2	39
Johnston	3,436	24.1	142.5	4,999	24.1	207
Lincoln	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			11,565	19.7	587
North Providence	14,553		970.2	1,303	5.5	$236 \\ 115$
North Smithfield				2,797	24.2	
Pawtncket	5,000		724.6	18,464		1,828 78
Scituate	3,538			4,101	$52.3 \\ 27.1$	105
Smithfield Woonsocket	12,315	73.3	168.0	2,857 $13,576$		
Towns, Providence Co.	67,427	406.6	165.8	84,249		212
PROVIDENCE CITY	54,595	6.7	8,148.5	100,675	16.5	6,101
Charlestown	1,134	39.8	28.5	1,054	39.8	26
Exeter	1,498			1,355	58.0	
Hopkinton	2,512			2,760	43.6	
North Kingstown	3,166			3,505		
South Kingstown	4,513		57 9	4,240		
Richmond	1,830	38.9	47.0	1,739		
Westerly	3,815		122.8	5,408	31.1	173
Washington County	18,468	331.9	55.6	20,061	331.9	60
WHOLE STATE	$ _{184,965}$	1.054.6	175.4	258,239	1,054.6	244

There has been no change in the area of the State of Rhode Island since the settlement of the boundary question with Massachusetts in 1862. The table of areas of the State, as well as of the towns, especially of the new towns, has been carefully revised for this census by Mr. Walling, and is believed to be correct. The area as given includes roads, rivers, ponds, &c., but does not include the waters of Narragansett Bay. In the United States Census, as well as, usually, in geographics and gazetteers, the area is given as 1,306 square miles, which seems to me to be plainly incorrect.

According to the United States Census of 1870, the area, population, and population to the square mile, in the several New England States, were as follows:

STATES.	Square Miles.	Population.	Persons to each Square Mile.
Maine	35,000	626,915	17.91
		318,300	
Vermont	10,212	330,551	32.37
		1,457,351	
		217,353	
$Connecticut \dots \dots$	4,750	537,454	
Total	68,348	3,487,924	51.03

The United States Census Report for 1870 differs from that of 1860, by adding 5,000 square miles to the area of Maine, 1,156 square miles to Vermont, and 76 square miles to Connecticut, making a total increase of 6,232 square miles to New England. Calling the area of Rhode Island 1,054.6 square miles, as I think is correct, the number of persons to each square mile would have been 206.1 in 1870, or considerably greater than in any other State in the Union.

The population of Massachusetts, by the State Census of 1875, was 1,651,652, giving 211.7 persons to each square mile.

The territory of Rhode Island is very limited, and a large portion of its inhabitants is engaged in manufactures. The manufacturing industries of the State have created a large number of villages of different sizes, and in no other State in the Union is so large a percentage of the population concentrated in villages and in cities. This tendency to the concentration of the population in villages and cities, and the descrition of the strictly farming sections, has been going on for many years, and during this

time, the increase in the population of the State has been almost entirely in the cities and villages, while the population of the farming districts has remained stationary, or has decreased. The last table shows that in 1875, as in 1865, the least density of population in any town was in West Greenwich, 21.1 persons to each square mile. Exeter is nearly the same, 23.4 to the square mile. The greatest density in 1875, leaving out the cities of Providence and Newport, was in Pawtucket, 1,828.1 to each square mile, and next, Woonsocket, 1,616.2 to the square mile. The average for the whole State was 175.4 persons to each square mile in 1865, and 244.9 in 1875.

(c.) VILLAGES.

The following table contains a list of the villages and cities in Rhode Island, with their population in 1875, and also a complete list of all the post offices in the State. The list of villages is believed to be generally correct; at least it is as complete and correct as I have been able to make it. It has been very difficult to get exact information upon this subject, as in very many, probably in most cases, the boundaries of the villages are not exactly defined, and the opinion of different persons in regard to the houses that should be included in the village may differ.

VILLAGES, CITIES AND POST OFFICES IN RHODE ISLAND.

NAME.	TOWN.	COUNTY.	Population.
Adamsville P. O	Little Compton	Newport	100
	. Lincoln		
	. North Providence		
	. North Kingstown		
Allenville	. Smithfield	Providence	185
	. Johnston		
	. Coventry		
Apponance	. Warwick	"	703
Arcadia P. O	Richmond	Washington	150
Arctic	Warwick	Kent	1,178
Arkwright	. Warwick	Kent	242
Arnold's Mills	. Cumberland		
	. Hopkinton		
	. Scituate		
Ashton P. O	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Cumberland} \dots 632 \dots \\ \text{Lincoln} \dots 127 \dots \end{array} \right\}$	"	759
Barberville	. Hopkinton	Washington	34
	Barrington		
	","		120

VILLAGES, CITIES AND POST OFFICES IN RHODE ISLAND.

		I I	
NAME.	TOWN.	COUNTY.	Population.
72.11.111.	North Kingstown	Washington	152
Bellville	Cumberland	Providence	544
Dothol	Honkinton	Washington	60
Dinch Hill	Warwick	Kent	443
Placketone	North Smithfield	Providence	364
Branch Willago		** ******	30
Brick Yard	Barrington	Bristol	140
Bristol P. O	Bristol	** ********	5,063
	\int Richmond	Washington	60
Browning's Mill	LExeler		55
Burdickville	Hopkinton		55
Burrillville P. O	Burrillville	Providence	
G	Johnston	Providence	39
Cæsarville	Hopkinton	Washington	68
Canonchet	Richmond200	i damington	
Carolina Mills P. O	Charlestown178	**	378
Cedar Grove P. O.	Charlestown178	Providence	168
Control Folls P ()	.'Lancoln		4,644
Controdalo D ()	North Providence		209
Centreville	. Honkinton	Washington	74
Controvillo P O	Warwick	. Kent	767
Charlestown P O	Charlestown.	. Washington	
Chenachet P. O	. Glocester	. Providence	519
Clark's Mill	{ Richmond 61 } { Charlestown 40 }	Washington	101
Clark 5 Intil:	Charlestown40	1	
Clavville	Scituate 181	Providence	227
Charles IV and a	Warwick	Kent	201
Clyde Works	Portsmouth	Xewport	
Commone' Village	Little Compton	. 44	. 75
Coventry Centre P. O	.'Coventry	. Kent	175
Covrecett	Warwick		113
Cranetin Print Works P (Cranston	. Providence	1.663
Crompton	. Warwick	. Kent	874
Cumberland Hill P. O	. Warwick	. Providence	118
			ļ
Davisville P. O	North Kingstown	. Washington	60
	. Cumberland		
Drownville	. Barrington	.Bristol	. 97
Dry Brook	Johnston	Providence	135
Dyerville	· Providence City		120
Eagle Peak	. Burrillville	Providence .	. 53
Fast Cumberland P O	. Cumberland	"i To idence """	
			0.005
East Greenwich P. O	E. Greenwich2,111. Warwick 190.	} Kent	2,301
East Providence P. O.	East Providence	Providence	. 171
Elmdale	. Scituate		
Elmville	. Cranston		
Escoheag P. O	West Greenwich	Kent	
	Exeter		
	/ Constant		
Fiskeville P. O	Cranston 173	Providence	244
	North Smithfield	,,	. 361
Forestalle	Foster		361
Foster Centre P. O			. 35
Fosici Centre I. Com		••••	1 30
	_		

VILLAGES, CITIES AND POST OFFICES IN RHODE ISLAND.

NAME.	TOWN.	COUNTY.	Population.
Gazza	Burrillville	Providence	140
	Providence City	1101 Kience 11111	250
	Smithfield		608
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	241
	Burrillville		349
Graniteville	7.1		
	Johnston		210
	North Providence	*****	82
	Coventry		115
Greenville P. O	Smithfield	Providence	120
Hamilton	North Kingstown	Washington	207
Harmony P. O	Glocester	Providence	50
Harris' Mills	Coventry		574
	Burrillville		605
	Richmond		37
	Warwick		49
mms Grove			
Hope Valley P. O	{ Hopkinton469 } Richmond98 }	Washington	567
Hope Village	Scituate	Providence	578
	Foster		69
Hopkinton City P. O	Hopkinton	Washington	118
Hughes	Johnston	Providence	
	Burrillville		14
Ingrahamville	Pawtucket	Providence	2
Jackson	Scituate	Providence	110
Jamestown P. O	Jamestown	Newport	
Kenyon's Mill	$\left\{ egin{array}{ll} ext{Richmond.} & \dots & \dots \\ ext{Charlestown.} & \dots & \dots \end{array} ight\}$	Weshington	98
•	(Charlestown)	Washington	
Kingston P. O	South Kingstown	. "	26'
Knight's Mills	Smithfield	Providence	9
Knightsville	Cranston	.] "	24
Lafavette P. O	North Kingstown	Washington	26
Lanrel Ridge	Burrillville	Providence	
	Pawtucket.		10
	East Providence]
			14
	Lincoln		
Lippitt	Warwick	Kent	'
Little Compton P. O	Little Compton	Newport	
Locustville	Hopkinton	. Washington	. 22
Lonsdale P. O	Lincoln	. Providence	
Lonsdale (new village).	.Cumberland		. 91
Lottery Village	. Westerly	Washington	. 10
Lyman's Mill	North Providence	. Providence	.] 9
Manton P. O	Providence City 310.	Providence	. 46
Manuilla B. O	f Lincoln1,584		1,67
Manville P. O	'[] Cumberland,92. j	} "	
Mapleville P. O	Burrillville	. "	. 39
Merino	Johnston	. "	. 34
			17
	. Burnillyille.		.1 + +
Mohegan P. O	Foster		·
Mohegan P. O Moosup Valley P. O	Foster Johnston	. "	5

VILLAGES, CITIES AND POST OFFICES IN RHODE ISLAND.

NAME.	TOWN.	COUNTY.	Population.
Moshassuck Valley	Lincoln	Providence	160
	Johnston		17
Mt. Vernon P. O	Foster,	**	
Narragansett P. O.	South Kingstown	Washington	45
Nowwagenestt Mills	North "		86
Narragansett Mills Narragansett Pier P. O	1301011		301
	Burrillville	Providence	115
Natick P. O	Warwick	Kent	1,651
Nansocket	"	"	70
Nayatt Point P. O	"Barrington	Bristol	
Newport P. O	Newport City	Newport,	14,028
New Shoreham P. O	New Shoreham	"	
	Portsmouth		250
Niautic P. O	{ Westerly246 } Hopkinton20 }	Washington	266
Nooseneck Hill P O	West Greenwich		
(Clouford)	dicenvien	icho	
	0-144-	D	*00
Scituate Old Pond P. O. Pastone	Scituate	Providence	598
Factory			
Oakland	Burrillville	Providence	152
Oak Lawu P. O	Cranston		76
Ocean View P. O	Westerly	Washington	
Old Warwick	Warwick	Kent	564
Olnevville P. O	{ Prov. City3,581 } { Johnston1,414 }	Providence	4,995
0	[Johnston 1,414 }	44	· ·
Omega	East Providence	••••••	172
Pascoag P. O	Burrillville	Providence	1,001
	Paw- East Side. 7,690	"	
Pawtucket P. O	tucket (West Side 8,930 (• • • • • •	16,620
Pawtuxet P. O	Cranston 368	Providence \dots)	620
	Warwick 252	Kent }	
Perryville P. O	South Kingstown	Washington	855
Phenix P. O		Kont	80
Pine Hill P. O	Exeter	Kent Washington	868
Pine Hill	Johnston	Providence	68
Plainville	Burrillville	6.6	143
"	Richmond	Washington	135
Pocasset	Johnston	Providence	44
Ponaganset	Scituate	44	134
Pontiac P. O	Warwick	Kent	687
	Portsmouth	Newport	
Potter Hill P. O	{ Westerly151 } { Hopkinton148 }	Washington	299
Pottowomut	I W ar wick	Kent	66
Providence P. O	Providence City	Providence	100,675
Onidaiale	Correntus	-	
Quidilick	Coventry	Kent	750
Qионоспонтанд Р. О	Westerly	washington	
Richmond Switch P. O.	Richmond	Washington	44
Distance d Willege	Scituate	Day and	70

VILLAGES, CITIES, AND POST OFFICES IN RHODE ISLAND.

NAME.	TOWN.	COUNTY.	Population.
River Point P. O			615
		Providence	140
Robin Hollow	Cumberland	"	100
Rockland P. O	Scituate	"	331
Rockville P. O	Hopkinton	Washington	168
Rocky Brook P. O	South Kingstown	"	210
Rumford	East Providence	Providence	523
Saundersville	Scituate	Providence	101
Saxonville			17
Sayles Bleachery	Lincoln	"	450
Shady Lea	North Kingstown	Washington	87
Shady Edu.	(Richmond 60)	"	٥.
Shannock Mills P. O	{ Richmond60 } { Charlestown25 }	•••••	85
Silver Lake	Johnston	Providence	278
Silver Spring	North Kingstown	Washington	148
Simmons Lower Village.	Johnston	Providence	82
Simmonsville	"	"	97
Slatersville P. O	North Smithfield	"	963
Sleeny Hollow	Lohnston		91
Slocumville P. O	North Kingstown	Washington	40
South Foster P O	Foster	Providence	
South Portsmouth P ()	Portsmouth	Newport	
South Scituate P O	Scituate	Providence	
Spragnoville	Smithfield		88
Spring Take	Coventry	Kent	68
Stillwater	Smithfield	Providence	
Stone Bridge	Tiverton	Newport	
Summit P. O	Coventry	Kent	68
Figure P 0	Tiverton	Newport	
Tiverton Four Corners)			l .
Tiverton Four Corners		"	125
P. O	Cumberland	Providence	40
Union Village	North Smithfield	Providence	75
Usquepang P. O	§ Richmond 52 }	Washington	122
Usquepang 1. O	South Kingstown.70.	,, ashing ton	
Valley Falls P. O	Cnmberland 1,680. } Lincoln 926. }	Providence	2,606
707-1-C-11T	Couth Kingstown	Washington	406
Wakefield P. O	South Kingstown	Providence	
Wanskuck		Priorial	
Warren P. O	Warren	E ant	
Warwick P. O	Warwick		
Warwick Neck P.O	"	"	
\(\) Washington Village. \(\)	Coventry	"	551
Coventry P. O		Descridence	1 147
Watchemoket P. O	East Providence		
Waterford	North Smithfield		
Watch Hill P. O	Westerly	Washington	
Waterman Plat	Johnston	Providence	
Westerly P. O	Westerly	Washington	2,567
West Glocester P O	Westerly Glocester	Providence	
West Greenwich Cen- }	West Greenwich	Kent	
tre P. O	Garath Timestawa		
West Kingston P. O	South Kingstown	wasning con	

NAME.	TOWN.	COUNTY.	Population
West Providence	Johnston	Providence	358
White Rock	Smithfield Westerly	Washington	139 192
Wickford P. O	Coventry North Kingstown	Washington,	801
Willettville	Smithfield	Providence	56 104
Woodville	North Providence	"	132
Woodville P. O	$\left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \text{Hopkinton} \dots 123 \dots \\ \text{Richmond} \dots 13 \dots \end{array} \right\}$	washington	136
○ (Bernon 1,482) □ □ Globe 3,140			
Globe3,140 Hamlet335 Woonsocket	Woonsocket	Providence	13,168
© [8,211] Wyoming P. O	Richmond 159	Washington	358
Yawker	Exeter	"	130

VILLAGES, CITIES AND POST OFFICES IN RHODE ISLAND.

The preceding list comprises two cities with 114,703 inhabitants; one hundred and eighty-six villages, with 101,819 inhabitants; and twenty-eight post offices which are not located in villages. There are in the whole State one hundred and four post-offices.

The population of the cities and villages amounts to 214,937, or 83.23 per cent. of the entire population of the State. It is distributed as follows: cities, 44.42 per cent.; villages, 38.81 per cent. This leaves outside of cities or villages, 43,302 inhabitants, or 16.77 per cent. of the whole population. By comparing these statistics with the corresponding numbers given in the census of 1865, it will be seen that, while the villages and rural districts have gained largely in actual numbers, yet there is a great increase in the percentage of inhabitants in the cities. Several of the villages named in this list, and in that of 1865, are now within the limits of Providence city, and their population is now included in that of the city.

T otal P	opulation.	In Cities.	In Villages.	Total in Cities and Villages.	Outside of Cities and Villages.
1865	. 184,965	67,283.	80,042	147,325	37,640
1875	258,239	114,703	100,234	214.937	43 309

PERCENTAGES.

In Cities.	In Villages.	In Cities and Villages.	Outside of Cities and Villages.
1865 36.37	43.28	79.65	20.35
1875 44.42			

II. POLITICAL DIVISIONS AND CHANGES IN BOUNDARY LINES.

Until very recently the changes in the boundary lines of cities, towns, and counties in Rhode Island have been very few as compared with our neighboring States. This is fortunate for statistical purposes. In the earlier history of the State, these changes were, from necessity, quite frequent, and new towns were incorporated from those previously existing, as the convenience of the population required. In 1781 Scituate was divided and the town of Foster was incorporated; but from that date to the year 1856, a period of 75 years, only one new town was incorporated, (Burrillville in 1806), and no changes of any importance were made in the town boundaries. In 1856 Tiverton was divided and the town of Fall River was created, and in 1862, Pawtucket and East Providence were received from Massachusetts, and Fall River was ceded to that State. In 1868, and again in 1873, portions of the town of Cranston were annexed to the city of Providence. In 1867 the town of Woonsocket was incorporated, being taken from the town of Cumberland. In 1871 the town of Smithfield was divided. A small portion was annexed to Woonsocket, and the remainder was divided and reincorporated into the three towns, Smithfield, Lincoln and North Smithfield. In 1873 a small portion of the town of Bristol was annexed to Warren, and in the same year a small portion of the town of North Providence was annexed to the city of Providence. In 1874 the town of North Providence was divided. A portion was annexed to the city of Providence, and another considerable portion to the town of Pawtucket, leaving much the smallest portion to represent the old town. The above includes all the changes in town boundaries to the present date, April, 1876. The history of the County divisions of the State, is taken from the report on the census of 1865, and is as follows, with several corrections and necessary changes:

[&]quot;During the first sixty-seven years after the settlement at Providence, in 1636, nine towns were formed; but no county organizations were created. These-towns were Providence, Portsmouth, Newport, Warwick, Westerly, New Shoreham, North Kingstown, East Greenwich and Jamestown.

On the twenty-second day of June, 1703, the Colony was divided into two counties, called Rhode Island county, and the county of Providence Plantations. Rhode Island county included the towns on the islands, namely, Portsmonth, Newport, Jamestown and New Shoreham, with Newport as the shiretown.

The county of Providence Plantations included all the towns on the main land of the Colony, and it was provided that the courts should be held at Providence and Warwick the first year, and at Kingston and Westerly the next year.

Agaiu, June 16, 1729, the Colony was divided into three counties. Rhode Island county remained as before, the name being changed to Newport county. The portion of the State which had been called King's Province was organized into a county, and called King's county. It included the towns of Westerly. North Kingstown and South Kingstown, or all the main land of the State south of East Greenwich.

The county of Providence Plantations, including the remainder of the State, namely, the towns of East Greenwich, Warwick, and Providence, was called Providence county, with Providence as the shiretown.

Again, January 27, 1746-47, five towns were admitted to the Colony from Massachusetts. Of these, Little Compton and Tiverton were added to Newport county; Cumberland was added to Providence county; and a new county, called Bristol, was created February 17, 1746-47, which included the towns of Warren and Bristol, with the latter as the shiretown.

Again, June 11, 1750, East Greenwich, West Greenwich, Warwick, and Coventry were taken from Providence county and incorporated as Kent county, with East Greenwich as the capital.

In the year 1765, an Λ ct was passed, dividing the State into five counties. This Λ ct was merely a reënactment and confirmation of the Λ cts already referred to, and made no changes in the organization of the counties.

Since June, 1750, a period of 126 years, no changes have been made in the territorial limits of the five counties in the State, except that Fall River in Newport county was ceded to Massachusetts, in 1862, and Pawtucket and East Providence were received into Providence county from Massachusetts, at the same date. The name of King's county was changed to Washington county, October 29, 1781, after the surrender of Cornwallis."

(a.) INCORPORATION OF COUNTIES, TOWNS AND CITIES.

The following table was prepared with much trouble and research, and was printed in the report on the State Census of 1865. It seems proper that it should be reprinted here, with corrections, to render the information in relation to the State more complete. It shows the date of incorporation, the changes in boundary lines, the origin of the names, and other information relating to each county and town in the State. Some important changes have been made in it. I am indebted to Hon J. M. Addeman, Secretary of State, for information from the original papers in his office, fixing the exact date of the Act of Incorporation of several towns.

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	From what taken, original names, changes of boundaries, &c.
BRISTOL COUNTY.	February 17, 1746-47	Incorporated with same county limits as at present. Originally the county consisted of two towns, Bristol and Warren. Afterwards, June, 1770, Warren was divided, and the town of Barrington was incorporated.
Barrington	June 16, 1770	Taken from Warren, which see.
Bristol	January 27, 1746-47	One of five towns received from Massachusetts this date. A small portion of Bristol was annexed to Warren, May 30, 1873.
Warren	January 27, 1746–47	See Bristol The territory of the town of Warren when admitted to the State, included the town of Barrington, and a portion of the towns of Swanzey and Rehoboth, in Massachusetts. In 1770, Warren was divided, and one of the original names, (Barrington,) was given to the new town.
KENT COUNTY	June 15, 1750	Taken from Providence county. Incorporated with same county limits as at present; and same towns.
Coventry	Angust 21, 1741	Taken from Warwick.
		Incorporated as the town of East Greenwich. Name changed to Dedford, June 23, 1686. The original name restored in 1689. Town divided in 1741.
West Greenwich	. April 6, 1741	Taken from East Greenwich, which see.
Warwick	.Original town	First settled January, 1642-48. Named from Earl of Warwick, who signed the Patent of Providence Plantations, March 14, 1643. The first action of the inhabitants as a town was August 8, 1647. Indian name, Shawomet.

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	From what taken, original names, changes of boundaries, &c.
NEWPORT CO:	June 22, 1703	Originally incorporated as Rhode Island county, and included the island towns only, Newport, Portsmouth, Jamestown, and New Shoreham. The name was changed to Newport county June 16, 1729.
Fall River	October 6, 1856	Taken from Tiverton. Ceded to Massachusetts in the settlement of the Boundary question, March 1st, 1862. See Pawtucket and East Providence.
Jamestown	November 4, 1678	Named in honor of King James. Indian name Quononoqutt. (Co- nanicut.)
Little Compton	January 27, 1746-47	One of the five towns received from Massachusetts. Annexed to Newport county, February 17, 1746-47. Indian name, Seacon- net. See Bristol, Warren, &c.
Middletown	June 16, 1743	Town in the "middle" of the island. Taken from Newport.
Newport	Original town	Settled, 1639. Line between Newport and Portsmouth established September 14, 1640. Incorporated as a City, June 1, 1784. City charter given up March 27, 1787. City incorporated the second time at the May session, 1853, and the charter accepted May 20, 1853. Town divided June 16, 1743. See Middletown.
New Shoreham	November 6, 1672	Admitted to Colony as Block Island, May 4, 1664. When incorporated in 1672, name changed to New Shoreham, "as sigues of our unity and likeness to many parts of our native country." Indian name, Manasses or Manisses.
Portsmouth	Original town	Settled, 1638. Indian name, Pocasset. "At a quarter meeting of the first of ye 5th month, 1639, it is agreed upon to call this town Portsmouth." At the "Generall Courte" at "Nieuport," 12th of first month, 1640, the name of Portsmouth was confirmed.

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	From what taken, original names, changes of boundaries, &c.
Tiverton	. January 27, 1746-47.	One of the five towns received this date from Massachusetts. See Bristol, Warren, &c. Indian name, Pocasset. Annexed to Newport county, February 17, 1746-47.
PROVIDENCE CO	June 22, 1703	Originally incorporated as the County of Providence Plantations, and included the present territory of Providence, Kent and Washington counties, excepting the present towns of Cumberlaud, Pawtucket and East Providence. The name was changed to Providence county, June 16, 1729. See Kent and Washington counties.
$Burrill ville \cdots \cdots$	October 29, 1806	Taken from Glocester. The town was first authorized to meet to elect town officers, November 17, 1806. Named from Hon. James Burrill.
Cranston	June 14, 1754	Taken from Provideuce. Probably named from Samuel Cranston, who was Governor of Rhode Island from March, 1698, to April 26, 1727, when he died. Portions of the town were reunited to Providence, June 10, 1868, and March 28, 1873.
Cumberland	January 27, 1746-47	One of the five towns received this date from Massachusetts. See Tiverton, Bristol, &c. Until incorporated in Rhode Island it was known as Attleboro' Gore. Named from Cumberland in England, and annexed to Providence county, February 17, 1746–47. A portion of Cumberland was incorporated as the town of Woonsocket, January 31, 1867.
East Providence	. March 1, 1862	The westerly part of Rehoboth, Massachusetts, was incorporated as Seekonk, February 26, 1812. The westerly part of Seekonk was annexed to Rhode Island, in- corporated as a town, and named East Providence, in the settle- ment of the Boundary question in 1862. See Pawtucket and Fall River.

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	From what taken, original names, changes of boundaries, &c.
Foster	August 24, 1781	Taken from Scituate. Named probably from Hon. Theodore Foster.
Glocester	February 20, 1730-31	Taken from Providence. At this date an Act was passed "for erecting and incorporating the out-lands of the town of Providence, into three towns." These towns were Scituate, Glocester, and Smithfield.
Johnston	. March 6, 1759	Taken from Providence, and named in honor of Augustus Johnston Esq., the Attorney General of the Colony at that time.
Lincoln	. March 8, 1871	Taken from Smithfield, and named in honor of Abraham Lincoln, late President of the United States.
North Providence	June 13, 1765	Taken from Providence. A small portion re-united to Providence, June 29, 1767, and March 28, 1873. The town was divided March 27, 1874: a portion was annexed to the city of Providence, making the tenth ward in that city, and a portion was united to the town of Pawtucket, leaving the smallest portion in the old town. The Act went into effect May 1, 1874.
North Smithfield	March 8, 1871	Taken from Smithfield, and incorporated as the town of Slater. Name changed to North Smithfield, March 24, 1871.
Pawtucket	. March 1, 1862	Name of Indian origin. Part of Seekonk, Mass., was incorporated as the town of Pawtucket, March 1, 1828. The whole town of Pawtucket, except a small portion lying easterly of Seven Mile River, was annexed to Rhode Island with East Providence, which see. A considerable portion of the town of North Providence was annexed to Pawtucket May 1, 1874.

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	From what taken, original names, changes of boundaries, &c.
Providence	Original town	Settled in 1636. Named Providence by Roger Williams, "an gratitude to his supreme deliverer." Originally comprised the whole county. City incorporated 1832. Portions of the town of Cranston were re-annexed to Providence, June 10, 1868, and March 28, 1873. Portions of North Providence were re-annexed, June 29, 1767; March 28, 1873; and May 1, 1874.
Scituate	February 20, 1730-31	Taken from Providence. See Glocester.
Smithfield	February 20, 1730-31	.Taken from Providence. See Glocester. The town was divided March 8, 1871, into four parts. One portion was annexed to Woonsocket, and two other portions were incorporated as the towns of Lincoln and Slater, the last name being changed a few days later to North Smithfield.
Woonsocket	January 31, 1867	Name of Indian origin. Taken from Cumberland. A portion of Smithfield was annexed to Woon- socket, March 8, 1871.
WASHINGTON CO	June 16, 1729	Originally called the Narragansett country. Named King's Province, March 20, 1654. Boundaries established May 21, 1669. Incorporated June, 1729, as King's county, with three towns, and same territory as at present. Name changed to Washington county, October 29, 1781.
Charlestown	. August 22, 1738	Taken from Westerly.
Exeter	March 8, 1742-43	Taken from North Kingstown.
Hopkinton	March 19, 1757	Taken from Westerly.

Showing the Date of Incorporation, Changes in Boundaries, the Origin of Names, &c.

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	DATE OF INCORPORATION.	From what taken, original names, changes of houndaries, &c.
North Kingstown	October 28, 1674	First settlement, 1641. Incorporated, 1674, under the name of King's Towne, as the seventh town in the Colony. Incorporation re-affirmed, 1679. Name changed to Rochester, June 23, 1686. Name restored, 1689; see East Greenwich. Kingstown divided into North and Sonth Kingstown in February, 1722. The Act provided that North Kingstown should be the eldest town.
South Kingstown	February 26, 1722-23.	See North Kingstown. Pettiquams- cut, settled January 20, 1657-58.
Richmond	. August 18, 1747	Taken from Charlestown.
Westerly	May 14, 1669	Original name Misquamicut. In corporated May, 1669, under the name of Westerly, as the fifth town in the Colony. Name of Westerly changed to Haversham, June 23, 1686, but soon restored See East Greenwich.

THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS originally consisted of four towns: Providence, settled in 1636; Portsmouth, in 1638; Newport, in 1639; and Warwick, in January, 1642–43. Each town was governed independently until 1647. In 1647 the four towns were united under a charter or patent granted by Parliament, in 1643. In 1651 a separation occurred, Providence and Warwick in one government, and Portsmouth and Newport in another. In 1654 the union of the four towns was reëstablished. A charter for the Government of the Colony was granted July 8, 1663, by King Charles II, which remained in force until the adoption of the Constitution, by the State, in November, 1842.

In two or three cases the exact date of the passage of the Act of Incorporation of towns could not be ascertained. In such cases, the date of the meeting of the General Assembly at which the Act was passed is given.

III. PREVIOUS CENSUSES OF RHODE ISLAND.

The following table is taken from the report of the State Census of 1865, with the addition of the towns incorporated since that date, and the statistics of the National Census of 1870, and of the State Census of 1875. The table shows the population of each city, town, and county in Rhode Island, at eighteen different dates, from 1708 to 1875, inclusive. I have also prefixed the date of the incorporation, or settlement, of each town.

The table gives the total population at each date named, including whites, blacks, and Indians, except that in the United States Censuses, from 1800 to 1860, inclusive, the Indians in Rhode Island were not included in the population. The National Census of 1870, as well as the State Censuses of 1865 and of 1875, includes the Indians with the other population.

A table will be given hereafter showing the number of blacks and of Indians, in each town, at different dates, and also remarks and explanations in regard to the several censuses given in this table.

Owing to the incorporation of new towns, and changes in the boundaries of other towns, some remarkable changes in the population of several of the towns will be noticed at different periods. This is especially noticeable during the last ten years. For a full understanding of these changes, reference must be had to the preceding table showing the date of incorporation and the changes in boundary lines of each town in the State.

TABLE, Showing the total population in each town and county in Rhode Island, at different dates, from 1708 to 1875, inclusive.

	On	ĺ		1	[Ī	
TOWNS AND	Dute of Incorporation or Settlement.									
DIVISIONS	ncor	1708.	1730.	1748.	1755.	1774.	1776.	1782.	1790.	1800.
OF THE STATE.	of I									
	Date	_								
Barrington	1770					601	538		683	650
Bristol	1747			1,069		1.209		1,032		1.678
Warren	1747	1		680	925	979	1,005	905	1,122	1,473
Bristol Co	1747		· •	1,749	2,005	2,789	2,610	2,471	3,211	3,801
Coventry	1741			792		2,023				2,423
EastGreenwich	1677	240	1,223	1,044		1,663		1,609		1,775
W. Greenwich.				766			1,653		2.054 $2,493$	1,757 $2,532$
Warwick	1040	480	1,178	1,782	1,911	2,438	2,876	2,112	-,400	2,002
KENT COUNTY	1750	720	2,401	4,384	5,502	7,888	7,993	7,526	8,848	8,487
Fall River			i •••••		\ 					
Jamestown						563	322			501
Little Compton				1,152						
Middletown				680			860		840	
New Shoreham Portsmouth							$\begin{vmatrix} 478 \\ 1,347 \end{vmatrix}$	$\frac{478}{1,350}$	$682 \\ 1.560$	$\frac{714}{1,684}$
Tiverton	1747	628	813	1,040				1,959		
	1							<u> </u>		
Towns, NewPirt Co	1703	1,042	1,424	4.584	5,531	6,719	6,400	6,147	7,584	8,106
NEWPORT CITY	1639	2,203		6,508	ì	9,209	5,299	5,530	6,716	6,739
Burrillville	1806		ì . 							
Cranston	1754				-1.460	1.861	1.701			1,644
Cumberland E. Providence.	1747			806	1.083	1,756	1,686		1,964	2,056
E. Providence.	1862		· · · · ·			••••		1.500	0.000	0.157
Foster	1781		• • • • • •	1 202	1.511	9.015	9 9 9 9	$[\begin{array}{c} 1,763 \\ 2,791 \end{array}]$	$\begin{bmatrix} 2,268 \\ 4.025 \end{bmatrix}$	$2,457 \\ 4,009$
Glocester Johnston	1759		• • • • • •	1,202	1,511	1.031	1 099	996	1,320	1,364
Lincoln	1871					1,001	1,0			
N. Providence.	1765					830	813	698	1,071	1,067
N. Smithfield	1871									
Pawtucket	1862									• • • • • •
Scituate	1731			1,232	1.813	3,601		1.628		2,523
Smithfield Woonsocket	11611 1867			450	1,921	2,888			3,171	
	1001									
Towns, Prov. Co.,	1703	· · · · · · ·	• • • • • • •	3,690	7,788	14,912	14,124	13,230	18,011	18,240
Prov. City	1636	1,446	3,916	3,452	3,159	4,321	4,855	4,310	6,380	7,614
Charlestown	1738			1,002	1,130	1,821	1,835	1,523	2,022	1,454
Exeter	1743			1,174				2,058		2,476
Hopkinton N. Kingstown	1757					1.808	1,845	1,735	2,462	2,276
N. Kingstown	1674	1,200	2,105	1,935	2,109			2,328		2.794
S Kingstown	1723		1,523	1,978	1,913		2.779		4.131	3,438
Richmond	11/1/	1		508	829	1,257	1.204	1,094		
Westerly	1009	570	1,926	1,809	2,291	1,812	1,824	$\frac{1,720}{-}$	2 298	2,329
Washing'n Co.	1729	1,770	5,554	8,406	9,676	13,869	14,230	13,133	18,075	16,135
WHOLE STATE.	1636	7,181	17,935	32,773	40,414	59,707	55,011	52,347	68,825	69,122

TABLE—Continued, Showing the total population, in each town and county in Rhode Island, at different dates, from 1708 to 1875, inclusive.

								,	
TOWNS AND									
DIVISIONS	1810.	1820.	1830	1840.	1850.	1860.	1865.	1870.	1875.
OF THE STATE.									
Barrington	604	634	612	549	795	1,000	1,028	1,111	1,185
Bristol	2,693	3,197	3,034	3,490	4,616	5,271	4,649	5,302	5,829
Warren	1,775	1,806	1,800	2,437	3,103	$\frac{2,636}{}$	$\frac{2,792}{}$	3,008	4,005
BRISTOL COUNTY	5,072	5,637	5,446	6,476	8,514	8,907	8,469	9,421	11,019
Coventry	2 928	3,139	3,851	3,433	3,620	4,247	3,995	4,349	4,580
East Greenwich.	1,530	1,519	1,591	1,509	2,358	2,882	2,400	2,660	3,120
West Greenwich	_,	1,927	1,817	1,415	1,350	1,258	1,228	1,133	1,034
Warwick	3,757	3,643	5,529	6,726	7,740	8,916	7,696	10,453	11,614
KENT COUNTY	9,834	10,228	12,788	13,083	15,068	17,303	15,319	18,595	20,348
Fall River	1 1••••••					3,377			
Jamestown Little Compton		448	415	365	358	400	349	378	488
Middletown	$\begin{vmatrix} 1,553 \\ 976 \end{vmatrix}$		$\begin{bmatrix} 1,378 \\ 915 \end{bmatrix}$		$1,462 \\ 830$		$1,197 \\ 1,019$	$1,166 \\ 971$	1,156 $1,074$
New Shoreham	722		1,185			1,320	1,308	1,113	1,147
Portsmouth	1,795		1,727			2,048	2,153	2,003	1,893
Tiverton	2,837	2,875	2,905			1,927	1,973	1,898	2,101
Towns, New-\ PORT Co.,	8,387	8,452	8,525	8,541	10,444	11,388	7,999	7,529	7,859
NEWPORT CITY	7,907	7,319	8,010	8,333	9,563	10,508	12,688	12,521	14,028
Burrillville	1,834	2,164	2,196	1,982	3,538	4,140	4,861	4,674	5,249
Cranston	2,161		2,652					*4,822	5,688
Comberland	2,210	2,653	3,675	5,225			8,216	*3,882	5,673
East Providence				• • • • • • • •	••••		2,172	2,668	4,336
Foster	2,613	2,900	2,672		1,932	1,935	1,873	1.630	1,543
Glocester Johnston	2,310 1,516	$\begin{array}{c} 2,504 \\ 1,542 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ c c } 2,521 \\ 2,115 \end{array}$	2.304 $2,477$		2,427	2,286	2,385	2,098
Lincoln	1,510	1,042	2,110	2,411	2,937	3,440	3,436	$\frac{4,192}{7,889}$	4,999 $11,565$
No. Providence	1,758		3,503		7,680	11,818	14,553	20,495	*1,303
North Smithfield						• • • • • • •		3,052	2,797
Pawtucket			• • • • • •				5,000	6,619	*18,464
Scituate	2,568				4,582	4,251			4,101
Smithfield Woonsocket	3,828	,	6,857	9,534	11,500	13,283	12,315	*2,605	2,857
Towns, Prov-)								*11,527	13,576
idence Co.	20,798	23,969	30,184	34,901	46,013	57,133	67,427	80,286	84,249
Prov. City	10,071	11,767	16,836	23,172	41,513	50,666	54,595	68,904	*100,675
Charlestown	1,174	1,160	1,284	923			1,134	1,119	1,054
Exeter		2,581					1,498	1,462	1,355
Hopkinton	1,774		1,777	1,726					
NorthKingstown SouthKingstown	2,957					3,104	3,166		
Richmond	$\begin{array}{c} 3,560 \\ 1,330 \end{array}$				3,807 1,784		4,513		$\frac{4,240}{1,739}$
Westerly	1,911	1,972	1,915				1,830 $3,815$		
Washington Co					<u> </u>	<u>_</u>		<u> </u>	
WHOLE STATE					1	· 1	'	· 1	,
* 777 0						- , •	7- 55	,000	

^{*} These figures show the effects of gain or loss of territory. See Notes on the Incorporation (E) of towns, &c., in the preceding table.

NOTES ON THE TABLE.

The preceding table shows the population of each town in Rhode Island by each and every census, from 1708 to 1875, inclusive. The first four censuses, namely: in 1708, 1730, 1748 and 1755, were ordered by the General Assembly, in answer to Queries from the Board of Trade in England. The censuses of 1774, 1776 and 1782, were taken by the sole authority of the General Assembly. The decennial censuses from 1790 to 1870, inclusive, were taken by the United States Government, and the censuses of 1865 and 1875 were taken by the State Government. A separate census of the city of Providence has also been taken every tenth year from 1825 to 1855, inclusive, a notice of which will be given hereafter.

The population of the State and of a few of the towns, by some of the national censuses, as given in the table, differs slightly from the figures given in some of the published reports of those censuses; but I have given the figures upon what seemed to be the best authority.

The table shows several new towns incorporated since the census of 1865. The incorporation of new towns and changes in the boundaries of other towns, have made great changes in the population of towns as given in the table, an account of which will be given hereafter.

In the notes upon a similar table, pages xxxiv and xxxv of the report upon the census of 1865, a full statement is made of the authority upon which the figures for each census are given.

(b.) INCREASE OR DECREASE OF POPULATION, BY TOWNS.

The preceding table shows the actual population of the several towns in Rhode Island, at different periods. But the increase or decrease of population, at different periods, will be shown more plainly by the percentages than by the actual numbers.

The following table shows the rate of increase or decrease, per cent., in the total population of each town and county, between the several dates as given. The minus sign (—) indicates a decrease:

The table on page xxxvii. shows particularly the loss or gain, and the loss or gain per cent., in each town, during ten years from 1865 to 1875.

TABLE, Showing the rate per cent. of increase or decrease in the total population of each town and county in Rhode Island, in several periods, from 1748 to 1875, inclusive.

F							
TOWNS AND	1748	1774	1782	1790	1800	1810	1820
DIVISIONS	то	то	то	то	то	то	TO
OF THE STATE.	1774.	1782.	1790.	1800.	1810.	1820.	1830.
Barrington		———— —11.1	${27.9}$	-4.8	<u></u>	5.0	-3.5
Bristol	13.1	-14.6	36.2	19.3	60.5	18.7	-5.1
Warren	44.0	— 7.5	24.0	31.2	20.5	1.7	<u>-0.3</u>
BRISTOL COUNTY.	59.4	—11.4	29.9	18.4	33.4	11.1	-3.4
Coventry	155.4	4.1	17.5	-2.2	20.8	7.2	22.7
East Greenwich	59.3	-3.2	13.4	-2.6	-13.8	-0.7	4.7
West Greenwich	130.3	-3.7	21.0	-1.4	-7.8	-3.0	-5.7
Warwick	36.8	-13.4	18.0	1.6	48.4	-3.0	51.8
KENT COUNTY	79.9	-4.6	17.5	-4.1	15.8	4.0	25.0
Jamestowu			47.0		0.6		-7.4
Little Compton			15.0		-1.5		-12 8
Middletown		-23.5	24.6		6.9	-2.8	-3 6
New Shoreham			42.7		1.1	32.3	24.1
Portsmouth			15.6		6.6	-8.3 1.3	5.0
Tiverton	88.1	0.1	25.2	10.7	4.4	1.0	1.0
Towns, Newp'rt County,	46.6	-8.5	23.4	6 9	3.5	0.8	0.9
NEWPORT CITY	41.5	-39.9	21 4	0.3	17.3	-7.4	9.4
Burrillville						18.0	1.5
Cranston			18.1	-12.4	31.4		16.6
Cumberland East Providence					7 5	20.4	38.5
Foster			28.6				
Glocester							
Johnston							
Lincolu							
North Providence.		15.9	53.4			37.6	~ ~ . ~
North Smithfield Pawtucket			• • • • • • •				
Scituate							40.9
Smithfield							
Woonsocket				1.0			10.0
Towns, Prov. Co	304.1	-11.3	36.1	1.3	14.0	15.2	25,9
PROVIDENCE CITY.	25.2	-0.3	48.0	19.3	32 3	16.8	43.1
Charlestown	81.7	— 16.3	32.7	-28.1	—19.3	-1.2	10.7
Exeter							-7.7
Hopkinton		—4.0			-22 1		
North Kingstown.		-5.8	24.9		5.8		1.0
South Kingstown.					3.5		-1.6
Richmond			60.9	-22.3	-2.8		
Westerly	0.2	5.1	33.6	1.3	-17.9	3.2	-2.9
Washington Co	65.0		37.6	-10.7		4.8	-1.7
WHOLE STATE	82.2	— 12.3	31.5	0.4	11.4	7.8	17.0

TABLE—Continued, Showing the rate per cent. of inrease or decrease in the total population of each town and county in Rhode Island, in several periods, from 1748 to 1875, inclusive.

TOWNS AND	1830	1840	1850	1860	1865	1870	1790
DIVISIONS	то	то	то	то	то	то	то
OF THE STATE.	1840.	1850.	1860.	1865.	1870.	1875.	1875.
Barrington	——————————————————————————————————————	44.8	25.8	2.8	8.1	6.7	73.5
Bristol	15.0	32.3	14.2	-11.8	14 0	9.9	314.6
Warren	35.4	27.3	-15.0	5.9	7.7	33.1	256.9
Bristol County.	18.9	31.5	4.6	-4.9	11.2	17.0	243.2
Coventry	-10.8	5.4	17.3	-59	8.9	5.3	84.9
East Greenwich	-5.1	56.3	22.2	-16.7	10.8	17.3	71.1
West Greenwich.	-22.1	-4.6	6.8	-2.4	7.7	-8.7	-49.7
Warwick	21.6	15.1	15.2	— 13.7	35.8	11.1	365.9
KENT COUNTY	2.3	15.2	14.8	11.5	21.4	9.4	130.0
Jamestown	-12.0	-1.9	11.7	-12.7	8.3	29 1	-3.7
Little Compton	-3.7	10.2	-10.8	-8.2	-2.6	-0.9	-25.0
Middletown	-2.6	-68	22.0	0.7	- 4.7	10.6	27.9
New Shoreham.	— 9 8	18.0	4.6	-09	-14.9	3.1	68.2
Portsmouth	-12	7.4	11.7	5.1	-7.0	-5.5	21.3
Tiverton	9.6	47.6	-59.0	2.4	-3.8	10.7	-14.3
Towns, New-	0.2	22.3	9.0	-29.8	-5 9	4.4	3.6
NEWPORT CITY	4 0	14.8	9.9	20.7	-1.3	12 0	108.9
Burrillville	-9.7	78.5	17.0	17.4	3.8	12.3	186.2
Cranston	9.4	48.6	74.0	22.4	-47.5	18.0	203 0
Cumberland	42.2	27.5	25.2	-1.5	-52.8	46 1	188.9
East Providence					22.8	62.5	
Foster	-18.4	-11.4	0.2	-3.2	-13.0	5.3	-31.1
Glocester	-8.6		-15.5	-5.8	4.3	-12.0	
Johnston Lincoln	17.1	18.6	17.1	-0.1	22.0	19 3	278.7
						46.6	
North Providence. North Smithfield	20,1	82.5	53.9	23.1	40 8	-93.6	21 7
Pawtucket		• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •		32.4	-8.4	
Scituate	2.4	12 0	— 7.2	-16.8	8.7	$179.0 \\ 6.6$	
Smithfield	39.0	20.6	15.5	-7.3	-78.8	9.7	77 1 9.9
Woonsocket					_10.0	17.8	
Towns, Prov. Co	15,6	31.8	24.2	18.0	19.1	4.9	367.8
PROVIDENCE CITY.	37.6	79.1	22.0	7.8	26.2	46.1	1,478.0
			22.0	1.0	20.2	±0.1	1,470.0
Charlestown	-28.1	7.7	-1.3	15.6	-1.3	-5.8	-47 ² .9
Exeter	-25.5	-8.0	6.5	-14.0	-2.4	— 7 3	-45.7
Hopkinton	-2.9	43.5	10.5	- 8.3	6.8	2.9°	12 1
North Kingstown. South Kingstown.	-4.2	2.1	4 5	2.0	12.7	-1.8	20,6
Richmond	-0.1	2.4	23 9	-4.3	-0.4	-5.6	2.6
Westerly	-0.1	$\frac{31.1}{44.5}$	10.1	-6.8	12.8	-15 7	-1.2
11 050011y ***		44 0	25.6	9.9	23.4	14.8	135.3
Washington Co.	-7.1	14.7	13.9	-1.3	8.8	-0.2	11.0
WHOLE STATE	12.0	35.6	18.3	5.9	17.5	18 8	275.2

TABLE, Showing the population of each town in 1865, 1870, and 1875; the gain or loss in each period of five years, and the gain or loss and also the gain or loss per cent. in the ten years from 1865 to 1875.

TOWNS AND	Popula-	Popula-	Gain or	Popula-	Gain or	0	Gain or
IOWAS AND	ropula-	r opma-	Gain or	ropura-	Gain or	Gain or	loss per
DIVISIONS	tion.	tion.	Loss, 1865	tion.	Loss, 1870	Loss, 1865	_
OE MITE OF A TOP	100=	1070	4. 1000	1077	4- 1055		ent , 1865
OF THE STATE.	1865.	1870.	to 1870.	1875.	to 1875.	to 1875.	to 1875.
Barrington	1,028	1,111		1,185	74	157	15.27
Bristol	4,649	5,302		5,829	527	1,180	$25 \ 38$
Warren	2,792	3,008	216	4,005	997	1,213	43.44
Bristol Co	8,469	9,421	952	11,019	1,598	2,550	30.11
Coventry	3,995	4,349	354	4,580	231	585	14.64
EastGreenwich	2,400	2,660		3,120			30.00
West Greenwich	1,228	1,133		1,034		-194	-15.79
Warwick	7,696	10,453	[2,757]	11,614		3,918	$50 \ 90$
KENT COUNTY	15,319	18,595	3,276	20,348	1,753	5,029	32.83
4	0.10	950	00	100	110	100	00.00
Jamestown				488 1,156			39.82 -3.42
Little Compton				1,074			$\frac{-3.42}{5.40}$
Middletown New Shoreham							-12.30
Portsmouth		2,003					-12.07
Tiverton	1,973	1,898		2,101			6.48
Towns, New-	7,999		-470	7,859	330	—140	- 1 75
NEWPORT CITY	12,688	12,52	—1 67	14,028	1,507	1,340	10.56
Dannillarillo	4,861	4,674	_187	5,249	577	388	7 98
Burrillville Cranston	1						
Cumberland							
East Providence.							
Foster	1,873						
Glocester							-8.22
Johnston	3,436			4,999	807	1,563	45.48
Lincoln	ļ	7,889			3,670		
North Providence	14,553						
North Smithfield		3,055					
Pawtucket							
Scituate							
Smithfield							
Woonsocket		11,52	[11,527]	13,570	3 2,049	13,576	
Towns, Prov-	67,427	80,28	12,859	84,249	3,96	16,822	24.94
PROVIDENCE CITY	54,595	68,90	14,309	100,678	31,77	46,080	84.41
Charlestown	1,134	1,119	—15	1,05	4 −63	80	
Exeter	1 - 100				-10°		
Hopkinton	2,512			2,760	78		9.87
North Kingstown				3,50	68	339	1 10.70
South Kingstown.			— 20	4,240	-25		
Richmond	1,830	2,06	1 234	11 - /			
Westerly	3,815	4,709	894			1,593	41.75
Washington Co.	18,468	20,097	1,629	20,06	-30	1,593	8.62
WHOLE STATE	184,965	217,358	32,388	258,239	40,880	3 73,274	39.61

In the report upon the State census of 1865, pages xxxviii to xli, inclusive, the loss and gain of the different portions of the State, at different censuses, from 1708 to 1865, were fully analyzed and explained. It will, therefore, be necessary at this time to consider only the period from 1865 to 1875. The last two tables show the actual loss and gain, and also the loss and gain per cent., in each town and county in the State, in the periods from 1865 to 1870, from 1870 to 1875, and also for the whole ten years, from 1865 to 1875.

During the period from 1865 to 1870, the whole State gained 32,388, or 17.5 per cent., being nearly three times the per cent. of gain from 1860 to 1865. But notwithstanding this gain in the State as a whole, from 1865 to 1870, fifteen towns lost in population. Of these fifteen towns, West Greenwich and Little Compton have lost at every period for fifty-five years past. Cranston lost from the annexation of 6,200 of her population to the city of Providence; Cumberland lost from the creation of the town of Woonsocket out of her territory; Smithfield lost from the creation of the towns of Lincoln and North Smithfield, out of her limits, and the annexation of part of her territory to Woonsocket. Though this was not accomplished until March 8, 1871, the population was counted as if it had been accomplished when the census was taken in 1870. Thus Cranston lost 47.5 per cent. of her population; Cumberland lost 52.8 per cent.; and Smithfield lost 78.8 per cent. The same cause that made a loss in these towns, also increased largely the gain in other towns. Some towns showed a remarkable gain in population in the five years, from 1865 to 1870, without any change in territory. Thus North Providence gained 40.8 per cent. in this time; Pawtucket 32.4 per cent.; and Warwick 35.8 per cent. The loss in other towns than those named, during this period, was in most cases owing to the general cause that is constantly decreasing the population of the farming portions of New England. See the Report of the Census of 1865.

During the second period of five years, from 1870 to 1875, the State gained 40,886 in population, or 18.8 per cent. upon the population of 1870. During this time twelve towns lost in population, the loss in each town being generally quite small. These towns were West Greenwich, loss 99; Little Compton, loss 10; Portsmouth, 110; Foster, 87; Glocester, 287; North Providence,

19,192; North Smithfield, 255; Charlestown, 65; Exeter, 107; North Kingstown, 63; South Kingstown, 253; Richmond, 325; total loss, 20,853. The loss in North Providence was owing wholly to the division of the town and the annexation of large portions to Pawtucket and Providence, thus reducing the population of that town from 20,495 in 1870 to 1,303 in 1875. There was a considerable gain, during this period, in every county, except Washington, where there was a slight loss of 36, or 0.2 per cent. Many of the towns made a large gain from 1870 to 1875, without any gain of territory. Thus Jamestown gained 29.1 per cent.; Cumberland gained 46.1 per cent.; East Providence 62.5 per cent.; and Westerly 14.8 per cent.

The gain of the city of Providence, from 1870 to 1875, was 31,771, or 46.1 per cent., and the gain of the towns of Providence county was 3,963, or 4.9 per cent. But during this period, the tenth ward, with 15,120 inhabitants, was taken from North Providence and annexed to the city, thus adding to the gain of the city, and lessening the gain of the towns of the county. Without this annexation, the gain of the city and of the county towns, would have been nearly equal, or about 24 per cent.

During the whole period of ten years, from 1865 to 1875, the State gained 73,274 in population, or 39.61 per cent. The actual gain as well as the percentage of gain was greater, during this period, than during any other period of ten years in the history of the State. During this time, 1865 to 1875, every county in the State gained in population; but the towns in Newport county, outside of the city, lost 140, or 1.75 per cent.

Some towns gained largely, though partly on account of annexation of territory. Thus, partly from annexation, Warrengained 1,213, or 43.44 per cent.; Pawtucket gained 13,464, or 72.92 per cent.; and Providence gained 46,080, or 84.41 per cent., in ten years. Other towns gained largely on account of business prosperity alone. Thus, Warwick gained 3,918, or 50.90 per cent., in the ten years; Jamestown gained 139, or 39.82 per cent.; East Providence gained 2,164, or 99.63 per cent.; Johnston gained 1,563, or 45.48 per cent.; and Westerly gained 1,593, or 41.75 per cent.

The annexation to the city of Providence, by which it gained 21,320 inhabitants, was from the towns of Providence county. The whole county, including the city, gained 62,902 inhabitants in the ten years, or 51.55 per cent.

A few towns lost so much territory and population, by annexation to other towns, during the ten years, that it made an actual loss in population for the whole period. Thus, for this cause, Cranston lost 3,489 in population, or 38.01 per cent.; Cumberland lost 2,543, or 30.95 per cent.; North Providence lost 13,250, or 91.04 per cent.; and Smithfield lost 9,458, or 76.80 per cent.

Ten towns lost in population, during the last ten years, without any special cause, except the general decline of the farming portions of the State. These towns are West Greenwich, Little Compton, New Shoreham, Portsmouth, Foster, Glocester, Charlestown, Exeter, South Kingstown, and Richmond.

The results of this examination all tend to confirm the conclusions as given in the Report on the Census of 1865, thus stated: "It will be evident to all, that the growth and prosperity of the State, so far at least as relates to population, have for many years depended chiefly upon its manufacturing interests."

CENSUSES OF PROVIDENCE.

Reference has been made to censuses of the city of Providence, the statistics of which are not included in the tables already given. These censuses were taken by the authority of the city alone, every tenth year, from 1825 to 1855, inclusive. Full particulars of all these censuses were given in a report upon the "census of the city of Providence, taken in July, 1855." These censuses, in connection with the national censuses, and the last two State censuses, enable us to give the statistics of the city every five years, from 1825 to 1875, inclusive. The following table shows the population of Providence, at all periods, when censuses have been taken:

Date.	Population.	Date.	Population.	Date.	Population.
1708	1,446	1800	7,614	1845	31,747
1730	3,916	1810	10,071	1850	41,513
1748	3,452	1820	11,767	1855	47,785
1755	3,159	1825	15,941	1860	50,666
1774	4,321	1830,	16,836	1865,	54,595
1776	4,355	1835	19,277		68,904
1782	4,310	1840	23,172		100,675
1790	6,380				•

(c.) COLORED POPULATION AND INDIANS IN RHODE ISLAND.

The social position and standing of the blacks in Rhode Island, and consequently their facilities for progress and elevation, have always been better than in the other New England States, and perhaps better than in any other of the United States. They have always had the right of voting upon the same conditions as the white American citizens, and their children now have the same rights as white children in all the public schools of the State. This subject was fully discussed in the report upon the census of 1865, pages xlii., et seq. It remains at this time only to show the changes in the colored population of the State, during the last ten years.

The colored population of Rhode Island in 1865 was 4,087; in 1870 it was 5,134; and in 1875 it was 6,271. This shows a gain in ten years of 2,184, or 53.43 per cent. This is a large percentage of gain, and without explanation, might indicate a highly prosperous condition of the colored population of the State. But this prosperity is more apparent than real. The increase in numbers of this population is almost wholly owing to immigration from other States, and mostly from the southern States, and not to natural increase. At the close of the war of the Rebellion in 1865, and indeed before the close of the war, an increased immigration of blacks from the south began, and has continued since, though diminishing of late. The tollowing table shows the number of the colored population, including blacks and mulattoes in each town in the State, at different dates. The number of Indians is also given separately, by four different censuses.

It will be noticed that the figures for 1840 are incomplete. I have only been able to find the colored population, for that eensus, by counties, and for a few towns. The county and State totals are complete and correct, and the figures for towns are correct so far as given.

F

TABLE, Showing the number of colored persons and Indians, in each town in Rhode Island, at different dates.

TOWNS				в	LACKS	3.			
AND DIVISIONS OF THE									
STATE.	1730.	1748.	1774.	1782.	1790.	1800.	1810.	1820.	1830.
Barrington			41	46	44	26	22	25	26
Bristol		128	114	76	108	113	177	213	171
Warren	• • • • • •	50	44	35	38	52	59	66	67
Bristol County		178	199	157	190	191	258	304	264
Coventry		16	20	12	40	51	33	23	13
East Greenwich	40	61	69	70	85	90	67	58	55
West Greenwich		8	19	21	38	15	27	3	12
Warwick	77	176	189	136	259	271	231	255	221
KENT COUNTY	117	261	297	239	422	427	358	339	301
Fall River									
Jamestown	80	110	131	65	84	80	80	51	21
Little Compton		$62_{ }$	47	34	45	32	17	11	9
Middletown		76	64	33	41	37	29	15	8
New Shoreham	20	20	55	55	104	93	32	108	128
Portsmouth	100	134	122	78	64	37	43	18	14
Tiverton	• • • • •	99	95	137	202	193	$117_{ }$	121	85
Towns, Newport County	200	501	514	402	540	472	318	324	265
NEWPORT CITY	649	1,105	1,246	600	640	615	630	556	449
Bnrrillville				 			33	36	46
Cranston			60	67	83	47	110	85.	78
Cumberland		4	17	11	8	7	8	6	5
East Providence									
Foster				7	19	26	12	3	2
Glocester		8	19	22	23	78	13	7	6
Johnston			65	65	74	62	69	69	47
Lincoln									
North Providence			31	117	55	17	43	69	69
North Smithfield				,					
Pawtucket									
Scituate	,	16	55	22	35	36	46	34	35
Smithfield		30	51	47	88	47	71	83	61
Woonsocket									
Towns, Providence Co		58	298	258	385	320	405	392	349
PROVIDENCE CITY	128	225	303	285	475	656	871	979	1,213
Charlestown		58	52	39	418	135	63	58	100
Exeter		63							
Hopkinton			48						
North Kingstown		184							
South Kingstown									
Richmond									
Westerly		(
WASHINGTON COUNTY	554	749	911	920	1,711	1,013	877	708	738
WHOLE STATE	1 616	3 077	3 768	2 861	1 269	3 69.1	9 717	2 609	2 570

TABLE—Continued, Showing the number of colored persons and Indians, in each town in Rhode Island, at different dates.

										
TOWNS AND DIVISIONS OF THE			BLA	CKS.				INDI.	ANS.	
STATE.	1840.	1850.	1860.	1865.	1870.	1875.	1730.	1748.	1774.	1782
Barrington	171 55	25 200 86	22 234 52	23 145 42	16 135 37	22 190 37		13 30	18 16 7	2 3
BRISTOL COUNTY	245	311	308	210	188	249		43	• 41	5
Coventry East Greenwich West Greenwich		17 41 9 162	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 97 \\ 2 \\ 159 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 32 \\ 82 \\ 2 \\ 141 \end{array}$	$12 \\ 101 \\ 1 \\ 224$	33 126 206	34 73	7 27 1 93	11 31 88	$\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 10 \\ \cdots \\ 37 \end{array}$
KENT COUNTY	312	229	259	257	338	365	107	128	130	49
Fall River Jamestown. Little Compton. Midletown. New Shoreham. Portsmouth Tiverton.		14 8 3 44 5 80	39 13 6 11 28 9 25	18 4 10 30 6	8 39 6 34 29 26	10 40 19	19 20 70	26 86 18 20 51 99	32 25 13 51 21 71	13 51 7 21
Towns, Newport Co	156	154	131	100	142	117	109	300	213	92
NEWPORT CITY	425	628	691	705	793	904	148	68	46	17
Bnrrillville Cranston Cumberland. East Providence. Foster Glocester Johnston Lincoln North Providence. North Smithfield Pawtucket. Scituate Scituate Smithfield Woonsocket Towns, Providence Co.	64	14 41 319	246 24 24 26 67 9 34 	241 21 23 1 9 25 60 14 12 46 	81 15 175 144 24 15 360	39 7 32 26 14 12 88 18 24 19		6 20	69	3 5 12
	1,302					'		1		
Charlestown. Exeter. Hopkinton. North Kingstown. South Kingstown. Richmond. Westerly.		35 46 8 118 249 27 47	43	31 21 71 279 36	37 31 96 314	33 33 98 252 51	65 225	86 193 3 49	17 21 79 210 20	18 30 8 32
Washington County	511	530	586	632	729	726	540	642	912	378
WHOLE STATE	$ _{3,243}$	3,670	3,952	4,087	$_{5,134}$	6,271	985	1,257	$ _{1,479}$	576

Some notes and explanations of the censuses of colored persons and of slaves, at different periods, may be found on page xlvi. of the report on the State census of 1865.

The number of colored persons in Rhode Island (not including Indians) at different dates, and their percentage of the total population, are given in the following table:

Date.	No. of Blacks.	Percentage.	Date.	No. of Blacks.	Percentage.
1708	426	5.93	1820	3,602	4.33
1730	1,648	9.18	1830	3,579	3.68
1748	3,077	12.80	1840	3,243	2.98
1774	3,768	6.31	1850	3,670	2.48
1782	2,861	5.46	1860	3,952	2.26
1790	*3,863	5.61	1865	4,087	2.21
1800	3,694	5.34	1870	5,134	2,36
1810	3,717	4.82	1875	6,271	2.42

The percentage of blacks in the population steadily decreased from 1748 to 1865, since which time, owing to immigration, it has very slightly increased.

The State Registration reports of Rhode Island show that from the first day of June, 1853, to the last day of December, 1875, there were 2,531 births, and 2,534 deaths among the colored population of the State, an actual loss of three in twenty-one years and seven months. The same reports show that the proportion of deaths to the living is more than twice as great among the colored population as among the white population in Rhode Island. They also show that "the percentage of deaths among the colored population from consumption and other diseases of the respiratory organs, which depend to a great extent upon climate, is nearly double the percentage of deaths from the same diseases among the white population."

The conclusions that I arrived at from the investigation of this subject, in 1865, are fully confirmed by the additional investigation since that time, and are as follows:

"That the colored population of New England is not self-sustaining as to numbers; that the climate and other influences are such that it would steadily decrease, and, unless renewed by immigration, would, in a comparatively brief period, become extinct; and finally, that it is not philanthropy, but positive inhumanity to the race and to individuals, to encourage their emigration from the southern States to New England."

0

^{*} Deducting 500 for Indians.

IV. COMMENTS AND EXPLANATIONS UPON THE TABLES.

(a.) TABLES OF POPULATION.

Part II. of this report contains the most important tables prepared from the returns of the census of 1875. They are forty in number, and the first thirty, on pages 1 to 80, inclusive, are devoted to the statistics of the population of the State. These facts are given with great minuteness, and so far as possible, the full facts are given, separately, for each town and county, and for each ward in the citics of Providence and Newport.

Some of the tables given are entirely new, and were not contained in the report on the census of 1865; while to other tables many additions and improvements have been made. Some information is given that was never before obtained in any census in this or in any other country.

A multitude of facts is given in relation to the population of each town which will be found highly important and interesting to the inhabitants of the towns themselves; while the minute analysis of the population may be made especially useful in the annual State reports on registration of births, marriages and deaths, which have become an important teature in the statistics of the State.

It will, of course, be impossible even to refer to all the numerous subjects that are suggested by the tables themselves. It will be my aim only to give such explanations as may be necessary for a full understanding of the tables; to notice briefly such interesting facts as may be suggested by the examination of the tables; and to make some comparisons of the facts with those obtained by other censuses, and especially with those obtained by the census of 1865.

Dwelling Houses and Families.

The facts relating to the number of dwelling-houses in Rhode Island, and the materials of which they are built; the number of families; and the number of persons in each family and in each dwelling-house, are found in the first table, page 2, of the second part of this report.

There were in Rhode Island, on the first day of June, 1875, 38,875 dwelling-houses, of which 37,830, or 97.31 per cent., were

built of wood; 784, or 2.02 per cent., of brick, and only 261, or 0.67 per cent., of stone. Compared with 1865, the numbers and percentages of dwelling houses, were as follows:

Wood.	Brick.	Stone.	Whole No.	Per ct. of Wood.
187537,830	784	261	38,875	97.31
186527,959	432	275	28,666	97.53

This shows an increase of 10,209 dwelling-houses in ten years, or 35.61 per cent. The increase of population in the same time was 39.61 per cent.

In the city of Providence there were 13,275 dwelling-houses in 1875, and 6,773 in 1865, an increase of 96 per cent.; while during the same time the population increased 84.41 per cent. In Providence 96.36 per cent. of all the dwelling-houses, in 1865, were made of wood, and 97.35 per cent. in 1875.

In West Greenwich, New Shoreham, Burrillville, Foster, Glocester, Charlestown, Exeter, and Richmond, without change of territory, there were fewer dwelling houses reported in 1875 than in 1865.

There were 1,363 unoccupied dwelling-houses reported in 1875, and only 926 in 1865. In the city of Providence there were 321 unoccupied houses in 1875, against 27 in 1865.

The whole number of families in the State, in 1875, was 55,245, an increase of 16,037, or 40.90 per cent. over the number in 1865. We have just seen that the increase of population was 39.61 per cent. in the same time. The average number of persons in each family in the whole State was 4.67 in 1875, and 4.72 in 1865. The average number of persons to a family, in 1875, varies from 3.83 in Foster to 5.33 in Cranston: the largest averages after Cranston, being 5.16 in Cumberland; 5.20 in Lincoln; 5.18 in North Smithfield; 5.10 in Woonsocket. In two towns, West Greenwich and Foster, the average number of persons to a family is less than four; in five towns the average is more than five; and in the remaining twenty-nine towns, the average is between four and five.

The average number of families to each dwelling in the State, was 1.40 in 1865, and 1.42 in 1875; the average number of persons to each dwelling was 6.45 in 1865, and 6.64 in 1875. In Providence city, the families to each dwelling, were 1.68 in 1865, and 1.62 in 1875; the persons to each dwelling, 8.06 in 1865, and 7.58 in 1875; the persons to each family, 4.79 in 1865, and

4.65 in 1875. New York city, in 1870, had 5.07 persons to each family, and 14.42 persons to each dwelling house.

Sex and Color.

Table II. on page 3, shows the sex and color of the population in each town in the State. There were 125,560 males and 132,679 females in Rhode Island, in 1875, an increase of 37,297 males, and 35,977 females, during the ten years from 1865 to 1875.

There were 122,634 white males, and 129,334 white females in 1875; with 2,926 colored males, and 3,345 colored females. The proportions of the sexes, white and colored, were as follows:

1875Whites,	48.67 malesin each 100.
1865Whites,	47.80 malesand 52.20 femalesin each 100.
1875Colored,	46.66 malesin each 100.
1865Colored,	43.87 malesin each 100.

It will be noticed that the excess of females in the population of the State, both white and colored, is considerably less in 1875 than in 1865.

Though in Rhode Island, as in the other older States of the Union, there is an excess of females, in several of the towns of the State there are more males than females. These towns are, in 1875, Jamestown, Middletown, New Shoreham, Portsmouth, Tiverton, Burrillville, Cranston, East Providence, Foster, Glocester, Johnston, Charlestown, Exeter, and Westerly. In some of these towns there are industries employing a large number of men, which may account for the excess of males. In most cases, however, it would be difficult to show why, in this respect, these towns are different from the rest of the State, and different from New England generally.

Nativity.

The State of Rhode Island includes in its population natives of nearly every State in the Union, and of nearly every civilized nation in the world. The natives of other States and countries are not few in number, but comprise nearly one-half of the population, and exert a great influence upon the character and habits of the people. In this State, therefore, perhaps more than in most of the other States of this country, the nativity of the population is a

subject of exceedingly great interest and importance, and in collating the returns of the census of 1875, I have shown the subject of nativity with very great fullness and minuteness of detail.

Table IV. on page 5, shows a few general facts, as the number of persons in each town who were born in the town; the number born out of the town, but in the State; the number born in other of the United States; and the number born in foreign countries.

It seems that of the whole number, 258,239 persons in the State, when the census was taken, 85,398 were born in the towns where they reside; 49,605 had removed from the towns where they were born, and were living in other towns in the State; and 51,606 had come to Rhode Island from other States in this country where they were born, making 186,609 of the inhabitants of the State who were born in the United States, and leaving 71,630 who were born in other countries. Compared with the census of 1865, the figures are as follows:

	Born in the Town.	Out of the Town, and in the State.	Out of the State and in the United States.	Total born in the United States.	Born in Foreign Countries.	Total Popula-
1875	85,398	49,605	51,606	186,609	71,630	258,239
1865	75,055	37,152	33,055	145,262	39,703	184,965
Increase	10,343	12,453	18,551	41,347	31,927	73,274

This shows at a glance the nativity of the 73,274 increase in the population of the State, in the last ten years. In twenty of the thirty-six towns in the State, the number of persons born in the town where they reside, was less in 1875 than in 1865.

In East Greenwich, Cranston, Johnston, and North Providence, there were in 1875, more persons living who were born in other towns in the State, than there were who were born in the towns themselves.

In Warwick, Cranston, and Cumberland there were more inhabitants who were born in foreign countries than there were who were born in the towns themselves.

The annexation of East Providence and Pawtucket from Massachusetts; and the division of some towns and incorporation of others, have made confusion in the figures referring to persons born in the town, out of the town and in the State, and out of the

State and in the United States. By reference to Section 10 of the Instructions on page 145 of the Appendix, it will be seen that the instructions on this subject were very definite; but the figures show that they were not exactly followed.

The next table (V.), on pages 6 to 9, inclusive, shows how many of the inhabitants of each town and county were born in the State, and the towns in which they were born. An examination of this table shows the course of the migration of the population from one town to another in the State.

If we take a town at the top of the table and look down the column, we see how many of the natives of that town are living in each town in the State. Thus, take the town of New Shoreham, and look down the column, and we find that there are natives of New Shoreham living in every town in the State, except Burrillville, Cumberland, Foster, Glocester, Smithfield, and Woonsocket. There are 60 natives of New Shoreham in Providence, 28 in North Kingstown, 33 in Westerly, &c. There are natives of East Greenwich in every town in the State except Jamestown; natives of Providence and of Newport in every town; &c.

If we take the name of a town on the left hand of the table, and follow the line of that town through the four pages of the table, we see how many of the natives of every other town in the State are living in that town. Take Providence, and we find among its inhabitants, natives of every town in the State. Take Jamestown, and we find that natives of only fifteen other towns are found in its population.

We find also, from this table, that Providence has given 200 of its natives to Newport, and has received 822 natives of Newport; Jamestown has received 31 natives of Newport, but has given 68 of its natives to Newport. Providence city has received in its population 1,072 natives of Warwick; 341 natives of Foster; 755 natives of Scituate; 975 of Smithfield; 423 of North Kingstown; and 355 of South Kingstown.

The law of migration within the limits of the State, if any exists, is only in the movement from the rural portions of the State to the cities and manufacturing villages.

Table VI. occupies the three pages 9 to 12, inclusive, and shows how many of the inhabitants of each town in the State, by the census of 1875, were born in each of the United States.

There were natives of every State in the Union among the in habitants of Rhode Island, in 1875. There were natives of Connecticut, Massachusetts, and New York, living in every town in the State; natives of Maine in every town except Charlestown; natives of New Hampshire in every town except Jamestown and New Shorcham; natives of Pennsylvania in every town except Charlestown and Exeter; natives of Vermont in every town except South Kingstown.

The following shows the number of natives of several other States who were living in Rhode Island, at several dates specified; the figures for 1860 and 1870, being from the United States censuses:

LIVING IN RHODE ISLAND.

1875.	1870.	1865.	1860.
2,782	1,875	1,310	1,301
1,798	1,242	1,082	1,482
1,439	944	748	692
25,373	18,719	17,320	13,965
135,003	125,269	112,207	109,965
7,925	5,524	5,439	4,634
174,320	153,573	138,106	132,039
6,057	3,932	3,455	2,780
1,249	921	737	610
835	637	616	450
1,002	683	272	138
3,146	2,211	2,076	1,209
186,609	161,957	145,262	137,226
	2,782 1,798 1,439 25,873 135,003 7,925 174,320 6,057 1,249 835 1,002 3,146	2,782 1,875 1,798 1,242 1,439 944 25,373 18,719 135,003 125,269 7,925 5,524 174,320 153,573 6,057 3,932 1,249 921 835 637 1,002 683 3,146 2,211	2,782 1,875 1,310 1,798 1,242 1,082 1,439 944 748 25,373 18,719 17,320 135,003 125,269 112,207 7,925 5,524 5,439 174,320 153,573 138,106 6,057 3,932 3,455 1,249 921 737 835 637 616 1,002 683 272 3,146 2,211 2,076

It will be noticed, from the preceding, that there was a remarkable immigration of the natives of other States to Rhode Island, during the five years, 1870 to 1875, much greater than during the other periods. The natives of the other New England States, living in Rhode Island, increased 11,013, or 38.91 per cent. in five years, 1870 to 1875. The natives of Connecticut, living in Rhode Island, were 2,401 more in 1875 than in 1870, an increase of 43.4 per cent.; the natives of Massachusetts, living in Rhode Island, increased 6,654, or 35.5 per cent. in the same time.

From the United States censuses we find that the number of

natives of Rhode Island, living in the whole country, in 1860 and in 1870, was as follows:

NATIVES OF RHODE ISLAND.

LIVING IN	1860.	1870.	Increase or Decrease.
Maine	418	473	55
New Hampshire	637	509	-128
Vermont	521	374	-147
Massachusetts	13,326	14,356	1,030
Rhode Island	109,965	125,269	15,304
Connecticut	7,024	7,897	873
Total, New England	131,891	148,878	16,987
In other of the United States	23,373	21,762	-1,611
Total in the United States	155,264	170,640	15,376

It would seem from these figures of the United States censuses, that the natives of Rhode Island, in the whole country, increased only 15,376 in ten years, or an average of 1,537 annually. But during these same ten years, from 1860 to 1870, there were 46,328 children born in Rhode Island, an average of 4,632 annually.

The seventh table, pages 13 to 15, inclusive, shows how many of the inhabitants of each town and county in Rhode Island, were born in each foreign country.

In the whole State, the number of foreign born persons, at different dates, was as follows:

NATIVES OF	1875.	1870.	1865.	1860.		1850.
Ireland	37,286	31,534	27,030	25,285		15,944
England	12,739	9,291	6,478	6,356		4,490
Scotland and Wales	3,186	2,004	1,403	1,536		1,000
British America	13,687	10,242	3,384	2,830		1,024
Germany	2,013	1,201	897	815	•	230
France Portugal and	401	167	146	123		80
Western Islands	561	227	75	110		58
Sweden and Norway	903	128	57	71		42
Other countries	854	602	233	268	_	243
Total Foreign Born.	71,630	55,396	39,703	37,394		23,111

It will be seen that the population of foreign birth, living in Rhode Island, has increased remarkably, during the last ten years. The total increase was 15,693, in the five years, from 1865 to 1870, and 16,234 in the next five years, from 1870 to 1875, making a total increase of 31,927, or 80.41 per cent. in ten years.

In 1850, the population of foreign birth, in Rhode Island, comprised 15.66 per cent. of the whole population; in 1860, it had increased to 21.41 per cent.; in 1865, to 21.46 per cent.; in 1870, to 25.48 per cent.; and in 1875, it was 27.73 per cent.

Let us see what has been the rate of increase of the natives of different nations in the last ten years. The following shows the number of natives of different nations, living in Rhode Island, in 1865 and in 1875, the actual increase, and the percentage of increase of each, in the ten years:

NATIVES OF	Number in 1865.	Number in 1875.	Increase in ten years.	Increase per cent.
United States	145,262	186,609	41,347	28.46
Ireland	27.030	37,286	10,256	37.94
England	6.478	12,739	6,261	96.65
Scotland and Wales	1,403	3,186	1,783	127,08
British America	3,384	13,687	10,303	304.46
Germany	897	2,013	1,116	124.41
France	146	401	255	174.66
Portugal & Western Islands	75	561	486	648.00
Sweden and Norway	57	903	846	1,484.21
Other countries	233	854	621	266.52
Total Foreign Born	39,703	71,630	31,927	80 41
Total Population	184,965	258,239	78,274	39.61

This table shows that the foreign born population of the State has increased in a far greater ratio, during the last ten years, than the population of American birth. The natives of Ireland have increased considerably faster in percentage than the natives of the United States; but natives of all other foreign countries have far exceeded those of Ireland in the ratio of increase. The increase of natives of British America is actually, as well as proportionally, greater than that of the natives of Ireland. This increase has been almost wholly French Canadians. The Germans, by birth, have considerably more than doubled in numbers in Rhode

Island, during the last ten years, while the Portuguese and Swedes, by birth, have increased, the former to more than seven times, and the latter to more than fifteen times their number in 1865.

The preceding table shows the increase of the natives of foreign countries in Rhode Island, as compared with the natives of the United States. Let us now see the relative position of the natives of different foreign countries as compared with each other.

The following shows the number of natives of foreign nations in Rhode Island, and the percentage of each nation to the whole foreign population, by birth, at three different dates:

	1850.		186	35.	1875.		
NATIVES OF	Number.	Percent-	Number.	Percent-	Number.	Percent-	
Ireland	15,944	69.00	27,030	68.08	37,286	52.05	
England	4,490	19.42	6,478	16.32	12,739	17.78	
Scotland and Wales	1,000	4.32	1,403	3.53	3,186	4.45	
British America	1,024	4.43	3,384	8.52	13,687	19.11	
Germany	230	1.00	897	2.26	2,013	2.81	
Other Foreign Countries	423	1.83	511	1.29	2,719	3.80	
Total Foreign Born	23,111	100.00	39,703	100.00	71,630	100.00	

The natives of Ireland, living in Rhode Island, comprised 14.61 in each 100 of the total population of the State in 1865, and 14.44 in each 100 in 1875. They comprised 68.08 in each 100 of the total population of foreign birth, in 1865, and 52.05 in each 100 in 1875. This shows that while the natives of Ireland hold nearly the same relative rank, as in 1865, in the whole population of the State, they have lost largely in their ratio to the total population of foreign birth.

In the city of Providence the number and percentage of persons of foreign birth, and the number and percentage of natives of Ireland at different dates, have been as follows. I have been unable to find the number of natives of Ireland in the city in 1850:

CITY OF PROVIDENCE.	Total Population.	Foreign Born.	Percentage of Foreign Born.	Natives of Ireland.	Percent- age of Natives of Ireland.
1850	41,513	10,275	24.75	• • • • • •	
1855	47,785	13,232	27.69	10,508	21.99
1860	50,666	12,570	24.80	9,534	18.81
1865	54,595	13,402	24.54	10,130	18.55
1870	68,904	17,177	24.92	12,085	17.53
1875	100,675	29,237	29.04	18,458	18 33

The city of Providence shows a large increase of population, from 1870 to 1875, and a still greater proportional increase of foreign born population and of natives of Ireland. This is owing to the annexation of the tenth ward, from North Providence, in 1874. Leaving out the tenth ward, the population of the city, in 1875, was 84,438; the foreign born population, 22,-316, or 26.42 per cent. of the whole; and the natives of Ireland, 14,270, or 16.90 per cent. of the whole population.

Remarks on Nativity.

I have thus far shown the statistics of the population of Rhode Island by nativity, or birth-place. This subject is interesting and important; but if the birth-place alone is given, the statistics are defective and deceptive. Thus take the tables already given. There are in the State 186,609 persons born in the United States, and 71,630 born in foreign countries. We see at a glance that the 186,609 persons born in this country include the American population and their children, and also all the children born in this country of foreign parents.

We have nearly all the children in the State in one class, and another class composed almost wholly of adults with almost no children. It is obvious that any comparison of vital statistics, in regard to the two classes so unequally divided, must be useless or worse than useless. The same is true of criminal, educational, and all other statistics; the division of population by birth-place alone, would mislead and deceive.

Realizing the importance of this subject, in a census of the city of Providence, in 1855, I obtained the statistics of the population very particularly, according to parentage, as well as according to nativity; and in the annual reports upon the vital statistics of the city, since 1855, I have given all the facts re-

lating to births and deaths, according to parentage. The State reports upon Registration have also been prepared upon the same plan.

In the State Census of 1865 I gave the statistics of the population of the whole State, according to parentage, with still more minuteness, and in the present census, the same plan has been carried out fully, and all the particulars relating to the population, both according to nativity and parentage, will be found in the tables. Notwithstanding the universally acknowledged importance of this subject, no national or State census, except in Rhode Island, has ever given the facts relating to the population according to parentage, until the national census of 1870.

The reasons for, and importance of the classification of the population, according to parentage, are more fully shown on pages ly. to lyiii. inclusive, in the report on the State Census of the year 1865, to which the reader is referred.

Parentage.

The facts relating to the Parentage of the population, in each town in the State, and in each ward of the cities of Providence and Newport, are given in tables xv. to xviii. inclusive, on pages 23 to 27, inclusive, of the second part of the present volume.

Referring to these tables we find the difference between the nativity and the parentage of the population, of the whole State, by the two censuses of 1865 and 1875, in general terms, to be as follows:

ACCORDING TO BIRTH-PLACES.

1000

700=

1000.	1010.
Americans 145,262, or 78.54 per cent.	186,609or 72.27 per cent.
Foreigners 39,703, or21.46 per cent.	71,630or 27.73 per cent.
Total184,965, or100.00 per cent.	258,239, or100,00 per cent.

ACCORDING TO PARENTAGE.

1865.	1875.
American117,316, or63.43 per cent.	134,722, or52.17 per cent.
Foreign 67,649, or36.57 per cent.	123,517, or47.83 per cent.
Total184,965, or100.00 per cent.	258,239, or100.00 per cent.

In the above figures, those of mixed parentage, as shown in table xv., are given according to the birth-places of their fathers.

This shows an enormous increase, in ten years, in the percentage of the foreign population of the State, both by birth-place and by parentage.

We have already seen on page lii., that the population of Rhode Island who were born in the United States, increased 41,347, or 28.46 per cent., in the ten years from 1865 to 1875, while the population of foreign birth, in the same time, increased 31,927, or 80.41 per cent. Let us now show the same comparison of the population according to parentage. We find the figures in table xv., page 23, in the reports for both 1865 and 1875. But we find on page 24, that 9,177 persons are given of mixed parentage, of whom 4,265 had American fathers and foreign mothers, and 4,912 had foreign fathers and American mothers. In order to show more satisfactorily the subject of parentage, and to know more exactly the intermingling of different nations in the population of the State, the following table has been prepared, showing first, the birth places of the mothers of the 4,265 persons who had American fathers and foreign mothers; second, the birth-places of the fathers of the 4,912 persons who had foreign fathers and American mothers; and third, the same facts for the cities of Providence and Newport, by wards:

TABLE.—MIXED PARENTAGE. Explaining those given in Table XV., Page 24, under American Father and Foreign Mother, by showing the Birth-places of the Mothers.

AMERICAN FATHERS.

							-								
			В	IR'	гн	-PLA	CES		MC	THE	RS	3.			
TOWNS AND			~ I	1	Ī			- <u>e</u>		_			_	Ę.	
DIVISIONS	1	.	30			Œ	5.5	lan Isl		and y.			E G	reig ies	
OF THE STATE.	널	nu	and les.	Ē.	ان. ا	를 등	sh eri	rga arn		en wa	nd.		erl	Fo	
	Ireland.	England.	Scotland and Wales.	Germany.	France.	Canada. (French.)	British America.	Portugal and Western Isl'ds.	Italy	Sweden and Norway.	Holland	Spain.	Switzerland.	Other Foreign Countries,	Total.
	Í	A	ď.	Ğ,	Ē	ت ت	E .	P	It	Š	Ξ	ī	ć	Ę,	Tc
Barrington	2		4				6								14
Bristol	20	30	8	7	$\cdot \cdot $	2	1)	2			٠.		• •	3	83
Warren	14	12	3	• •	• •	• • • •	6	• • • •	• •	• • • •	٠.		٠.	2	37
BRISTOL COUNTY.	36	44	15	7		2	23							5	134
							_								
Coventry	$\frac{17}{22}$	$\frac{12}{23}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 3\\21 \end{vmatrix}$		2	₃	$\begin{array}{c c} 2 \\ 1 \end{array}$	• • • • •	٠.	• • • •	• •		• •	₈	34 80
East Greenwich	ا د د د د د	20	1		اثا								• •		00
Warwick	94	27	20	5	4	13	16			1				9	189
					-				-			-	_		
KENT COUNTY	133	62	44	5	6	16	19		• •	1	• •	• •		17	303
Jamestown	8	7					1		٠.			٠.			16
Little Compton	3	11	1	3	• •		• • • •	• • • •	• •	1	٠.	٠.	1		20
Middletown	6	3		i	• •	•••	4	• • • •			٠.	٠-	• •	• • • •	$\frac{13}{2}$
New Shoreham Portsmouth	11	1 19			••!				•						30
Tiverton	2	7	2		1		10								22
Towns, Newp'rt }	30	48	3	4	_ 1		15		_	<u></u>			1		103
COUNTY,													1		
NEWPORT CITY	173	89	19	5	1	• • • •	19	1	5	1	¦···	• •	• •	5	318
Burrillville	13	15		3		ļ						٠.		1	32
Cranston	60	29			1	3				1	1				119
Cumberland East Providence	19 50	5 20			3	$\begin{vmatrix} 1\\ 3 \end{vmatrix}$	3 13		• •	• • • •	• •		· ·		33 111
Foster			15				10								
Glocester	6						2				ļ.,		ļ		10
Johnston	54	22				13			ļ.,	• • • •	2				107
North Providence.	66	Į.			1		6 3			• • • •	١.,				126 13
North Smithfield.	29					2			· .				1::		40
Pawtucket	234	148				6					٠.				475
Scituate	28					5				• • • •	• •	• •	٠.	• • • •	41
Smithfield	14	4			2	••••	3			• • • •	• •	::	::	3	$\frac{24}{174}$
Woonsocket	81	45		<u> : :</u>		30	10						_		
Towns, Prov. Co	663	337	88	8	7	75	123	1		1	3	3		4	1,305
PROVIDENCE CITY.	925	462	127	20	17	9	275	2		3	4	17	3	14	1,878
Charlestown]]													1
Exeter		5												• • • •	5
Hopkinton	12	3		4				••••	2	• • • •				• • • •	21 58
North Kingstown, South Kingstown.	34 35	18	-		• •	12	7						2		61
Richmond	19	6					3	1		::::	ļ		ļ°		35
Westerly	20	15					3	1							43
Washington Co	120	47	18	7	-	12	16		2				2		224
WHOLE STATE				}				6	7	7	7	17	6	45	4,265
THOLE STATE	,vou	1,000	1 909	00	20	1114	T 700	. 0			1 4	1 = 4	, 0		

TABLE.—MIXED PABENTAGE, Explaining those given in Table XV., Page 24, under Foreign Father and American Mother, by showing the Birth-places of the Fathers.

AMERICAN MOTHERS.

											_				=
MONTAG AND				BIRT	H-I	PLAC	ES C	OF F.	AT.	HER	s.				
TOWNS AND		1	ਯੂ				!	nd ld's,	-	~			÷	Other Foreign Countries.	
DIVISIONS		ایہ	Scotland and Wales.	ř	-	mada. (French.)	E	Portugal and WesternIshP	-	Sweden and Norway.			Switzerland	ther Foreig Countries.	
OF THE STATE.	nd.	E	wthand Wales.	ag	3	- E - E	ritish America.	2 E		xeden an Norway.	an	Ė	56	7 1	<u></u> :
	Ireland.	England	5€	Germany.	France.	Canada. (Frenc	British	E. 5	Italy.	No	Holland.	Spain.	ij,	င်ဦ	Total.
	<u> </u>		Ď.	5	<u></u>	<u> </u>	<u>=</u>	==	Ξ	<u> </u>	Ξ	T.	<u>.</u>	<u> </u>	
Barrington	3	11	2		1	11	4						٠-		32
Bristol	16	10	5	17	3	2	•••	15	$\cdot \cdot $	• • • •		2	1	6	75
Warren	13	14	10			5	2	• • • •		• • • •	•				46
BRISTOL COUNTY.	32	35	17	17	4	18	6	15				2	1	6	153
Coventry	12	36	4		1	14								1	68
East Greenwich	18	20	9	4		2		3					• •		56
West Greenwich.						2				• • •		٠.		••••	2
Warwick	63	47	15	• • •	• •	22	5			• • • •	• •	٠	• •	4	156
Kent County	93	103	28	4	1	40	5	3						5	282
Jamestown		2													2
Little Compton	1	6		1	1			5				٠.,			14
Middletown		• • • •		• • • •							٠.	• •			
New Shoreham	8	$\frac{4}{16}$				• • • •				• • • •		• •			4
Tiverton	1	3	1		1		1	8							$\frac{24}{15}$
Towns, New- }	10	31	1	1	2		1	13	-			-	-		59
NEWPORT CITY	144	104	24	15	14		21	9	1	2		6	1	7	348
Burrillville	35	24			İ		2					3	İ		64
Cranston	41	50	4											1	96
Cumberland	42	20	1		٠.	10	8	٠				١	٠.		81
East Providence	19	14	11	1			15	• • • •	• •	3			3	· · ·	73
Foster Glocester	7	2		1	• -	• • • •	1								10
Johnston	41	21		1		5	1						• •		10 71
Lincoln	53	65	11			24	14								168
North Providence.	5	17	6			5			• •	. .				,	33
North Smithfield Pawtucket	$\frac{7}{320}$	$\frac{3}{212}$	3 38	43	8	$\frac{9}{12}$	35	3	1.						23
Scituate	4	4	11			12	33		5	8		7			691 20
Smithfield	17	21	6	1		14	1				1				60
Woonsocket	94	40	11			38	7	••••		• • • •		1			191
Towns, Prov. Co	685	493	102	51	15	118	83	3	5	11		12	3	1	1,582
PROVIDENCE CITY.	879	630	184	148	51	18	242	18	13	11	1 7	5	2 2	21	2,226
Charlestown	1	3	,									}			-
Exeter					<u> : :</u>	6	6					1	. •		$\begin{array}{c c} 5 \\ 21 \end{array}$
Hopkinton	5	21	12	1	1]						1		41
North Kingstown.	10	8			1										19
South Kingstown.	7	7			3	2			• •			٠.		6	31
Richmond Westerly	33	18 45			.;						. • •	•	•		24
44 Carerry											-	<u> </u>		• • • • • •	121
Washington Co.	58	109	45	11	10	8	15	5					.¦	6	262
WHOLE STATE	1,901	1,505	401	247	97	202	378	8 61	1 19) 2	4 7	7 2	2 7	7 46	4,912

TABLE.—MIXED PARENTAGE. Being the preceding Table for the cities of Providence and Newport, by Wards.

CITY OF PROVIDENCE; BY WARDS. AMERICAN FATHERS.

	BIRTH-PLACES OF MOTHERS.														
WARDS.	Ireland.	England.	Scotland and Wales.	Germany.	France.	Canada. (Fr'h)	British America.	Portugal and Western Isld's.	Italy.	S reden and Norway.	Holland.	Spain.	Switzerland.	Other Foreign Countries.	Total.
First	112	83	15		9		38				1	2			260
Second	16	19	5	1	1		5						١		47
Third.	92	35	11		1		45			1			٠.	6	194
Fourth	29	24	9	2	1	1	6			1		6	١		79
Fifth	82	62	27	7	2	1	35	1							217
Sixth	20	21	4	1	1		39		٠.				2	1	89
Seventh	92	56	9	2		1	24								184
Eighth	72	40	14	3	1		24				1	4		3	162
Ninth	144	70	11	1		6	37	1		1	2	5	1	3	282
Tenth	266	52	22		1		22		٠.		٠.	٠.	ļ	1	364
Whole City	925	462	127		$\frac{-}{17}$	9	275		-	3	4	17	3	14	1,878

CITY OF NEWPORT; BY WARDS. AMERICAN FATHERS.

	BIRTH-PLACES OF MOTHERS.														
WARDS.	Ireland.	England.	Scotland and Wales.	Germany.	France.	Canada. (Fr'h.)	British America.	Portugal and Western Isl'ds.	Italy.	Sweden and Norway.	Holland.	Spain.	Switzerland.	Other Foreign Countries.	Total.
First.	42	16			1		2	1							69
Second	42	13	5	2			9	,	٠.	1]	72
Third	3	8	3	١					5				١.		19
Fourth	30	17	2	3			5			. .	١		١	1	58
Fifth	56	35	2			• •	3							4	100
Whole City	173	89	19	5	1	_	19	1	5	1				5	318

TABLE.—MIXED PARENTAGE. Being the preceding Table for the cities of Providence and Newport, by Wards.

CITY OF PROVIDENCE; BY WARDS. AMERICAN MOTHERS.

			I	BIRTE	-P1	LACE	s o	E)	FATI	ΙE	RS.			
WARDS.	Ireland.	England.	Scotland and Wales.	Germany. France.	Canada.(Fr'h.)	British America.	Portugal and Western Isld's.	Italy.	Sweden and Norway,	Holland.	Spain.	Switzerland.	Other Foreign Countries.	Total.
First	169	83°	43	9, 9	4	59	2		4	3	٠	2	1	388
Second	15	19	21_{1}	13 1		4	1	1				١		75
Third	118	53	12	11 8		30	12		3	4	1		6	258
Fourth	47.	38	9	19	1	4		1						119
Fifth	57	47_{1}	24.	22 2	2	2		2					2	-160
Sixth	39	42	6	-6 - 4	4	23							3	127
Seventh	81	$67_{\rm i}$	- 6,	14 5	1	33	1		2				2	216
Eighth	40,	79	18	17, 3		21		4	2					184
Ninth	100	98	19	24 (4	35.	2				1		3	292
Tenth	213 1	04	26	13 :	2	31	. 	5					4	407
Whole City	879 6	330	184	$\frac{-}{14851}$	18	242	18	13	11	7	2	2	21	2,226

CITY OF NEWPORT; BY WARDS.

AMERICAN MOTHERS.

	:		В	IR?	ги	PI	ACE	s or	F	ATH	ER	s.			
WARDS.	Ireland.	England.	Scotland and Wales.	Germany.	France.	Canada, (Frh.)	British America.	Portugal and Western Isld's.	Italy.	Sweden and Norway.	Holland.	Spain.	Switzerland.	Other Foreign Countries.	Total.
Firstseeond	30 29 3	29 19 9	$\frac{3}{2}$	8 2	3		4	2				 i		3	$-{67}$ ${73}$ ${20}$
FourthFifth	$-rac{25}{57} \\ -rac{144}{144}$	$-\frac{28}{19}$ $-\frac{104}{104}$			1 		$-\frac{8}{9}$	3 4 9	_			5	_	4	83 10 5

We will now show the increase and the increase per cent., of the different classes, according to parentage, of the population of Rhode Island, in the ten years from 1865 to 1875. As the preceding table was not prepared in the census of 1865, we are compelled to use the figures as given for those of mixed parentage. We therefore give the persons who had American fathers and foreign mothers, and those who had foreign fathers and American mothers, as separate classes of the population.

PARENTAGE.	POPULA	TION.	Ten years'	Increase
TARSATAGE.	1865.	1875.	increase.	per cent.
American	115,557	130,457	14,900	12.89
Irish English Scotch and Welsh German British American Portuguese Swedish and Norwegian Other foreign	48,136 9,781 2,344 1,626 3,259 140 70 494 	73,923 17,187 4,691 3,820 15,677 865 899 1,543	25,787 7,406 2,347 2,194 12,418 725 829 1,049 ————————————————————————————————————	53.57 75.72 100.12 134.93 381.03 517.85 1,184.28 212.34
American father and foreign mother	1,759	4,265	2,506	142.46
Foreign father and American mother	1,799	4,912	3,113	173.04
Total population	184,965	258,239	73,274	39.61

The preceding table may well excite our attention. It shows that the native American population of Rhode Island, by parentage, has increased only 12.89 per cent., in ten years past, while the foreign population, by parentage, has increased 80.11 per cent., in the same time. The Irish, by parentage, have increased 53.57 per cent., in ten years; the English, 75.72 per cent.; the German, 134.93 per cent., &c. It will be noticed that the total foreign population, by parentage, has increased at almost exactly the same rate as the foreign population, by birth-place; while the American population, which increased 28.46 per cent., by birth-place, increased only 12.89 per cent., by parentage.

These figures illustrate most forcibly the importance of the classification by parentage, for a correct understanding of the true characteristics of the population. It is true that the American population, by birth, is the legal American population to all

intents and purposes, under the constitution and laws of the State; but the classification of the population, by parentage, shows most forcibly that the legal American population of the future, in Rhode Island, will be quite different from that of the past.

If the increase of the American and foreign population, by parentage, should continue at the same rate in the future, as in the past ten years, the population of Rhode Island, by parentage, in 1885, will be American, 152,087; foreign, 222,466. Indeed, if the rate of increase has continued the same, since the census was taken, the population of the State, by parentage at the present time, 1876, is American, 136,458, foreign, 133,412; and in June, 1877, it will be American, 138,195, foreign, 143,307. In these calculations, those of mixed parentage are given according to the birth-places of their fathers.

Table XVII, on page 26, gives a comparison of the number of persons in the State, American and foreign, both by nativity and by parentage. Table XV. shows the number, by parentage, of different nations. The following shows these statistics, comparing the censuses of 1865 and 1875. The population of mixed parentage are necessarily omitted:

		1865.		1875.			
	By Birth-place.	By Parentage.	Difference: Children horn in the United States.	By Birth-place.	By Parentage.	Difference: Children born in the United States.	
Irish	27,030	48,136	21,106	37,286	73,92 3	2 36,637	
English	6,478	9,781	3,303	12,379	17,187	4,808	
Scotch and Welsh	1,403	2,344	941	3,186	4,691	1,505	
German	897	1,626	729	2,013	3,820	1,807	
French	146	247	101	401	585	184	
British American	3,384	3,259		13,687	15,677	1,990	
Portuguese	75	140	65	561	865	304	
Italian	37	61	24	231	282	5	

A considerable number of persons, born in British America, are of English, Irish, or Scotch parentage, so that in 1865 there

were more persons in Rhode Island who were born in British America than there were of British American parentage.

If we give those of mixed parentage according to the birthplaces of their fathers, there were in 1865, in Rhode Island, 27,946 children who were born in this country of foreign parents, and in 1875, the number of the same class was 51,887, an increase of 85.67 per cent. in ten years.

Mixed Parentage.

If we take Table XV., on pages 23 and 24, of the second part of this report, in connection with the table just given, on pages lvii. to lx., inclusive, we can ascertain the birth-places of the fathers and mothers of those given as of mixed parentage in Table XV. It is not necessary to recapitulate the figures here.

The intermingling of natives of different nations, by marriage, is a subject of much interest and importance, especially in Rhode Island, where the foreign comprises so large a percentage of the whole population.

In the city of Providence, during twenty years, from 1856 to 1875, inclusive, the proportion of children of mixed parentage was constantly increasing. For the whole period, of each 100 children born, 40.05 were of American parents, 49.04 of foreign parents, and 10.91 of mixed parentage, that is with one parent of American and one of foreign birth. In 1856 the proportion of mixed parentage was 6.74 in each 100; in 1875 it was 15.35 in each 100.

In the same city, during the twenty-one years ending with 1875, the marriages of persons of American birth were 55.97 per cent. of all; of persons of foreign birth, 30.69 per cent.; and where one person was of American, and one of foreign birth, 13.34 per cent. of all. See the City Registrar's Report, of Providence, for 1875.

Table XVII., on page 26, shows the number of persons, American and foreign, both by nativity and by parentage, in each town in the State; and also the percentage of those of American, and of foreign parentage; those of mixed parentage being given according to the birth-places of their fathers.

Very great differences will be seen in the proportion of the population of foreign parentage in the different towns of the

State; the greatest proportion of foreign being in the manufacturing districts. Very great changes in this respect have taken place since the census of 1865. We find now, the least percentage of foreign parentage in Foster, only 1.88 in each 100 of the total population; next in New Shoreham, 2.18 in each 100; after these, Exeter, West Greenwich, Jamestown, and Charlestown, all have less than 10 in each 100, of foreign parentage.

On the other hand, the town with the greatest percentage of foreign is Woonsocket, where 72.48 in each 100 of the total population are of foreign parentage. Next to Woonsocket is Lincoln, with 69.74 in each 100, of foreign parentage; Cumberland with 65.39 in each 100; and Burrillville, 59.63; Pawtucket, 58 82; North Smithfield, 58.24; Warwick, 52.37; and Providence, 53.00; making eight towns in the State where the persons of foreign parentage comprise more than half of the whole population. In 1865 there were only three towns.

If we refer to Table XV., we learn the kind of foreign population living in each town in the State. This table shows that there are 13,698 French Canadians and their children in the State, of whom nearly 10,000 are in the towns of Providence county, and 2,560 in Kent county. In 1865 there were only about 2,000 of this class in the State. Nearly one-third of the whole population of Woonsocket, by parentage, are French Canadians, and one-third are Irish.

In eight towns in the State, as already seen, more than half of the population, by parentage, is foreign. This foreign population, in these towns, is divided as follows; those of mixed parentage are omitted:

TOWNS.	American.	Irish.	English.	Scotch and Welsh.	French Canadian.	German.	Swedish and Norwegian.	Other Foreign	Total Foreign.
Woonsocket	3,562	4,481	592	115	4,248	77	1	135	9,649
Lincoln	3,373	3,780	1,219	274	2,464	55	5	101	7,898
Cumberland	1,930	2,328	930	139	149	11	32	40	3,629
Burrillville	2,087	1,828	450	17	706	27		38	3,066
Pawtucket	7,328	6,661	1,848	372	517	214	34.	324	9,970
North Smithfield	1,128	564	116	16	845	36	1	28	1,606
Warwick	5,343	2,585	768	344	1,908	38	223	60	5,926
Providence	45,438	36,561	6,659	2,163	449	2,368	242	2,691	51,133

Number of Percentage

In each 100 of the population in Woonsocket, by parentage, there are 26 American, 33 Irish, 31 French Canadian, 5 English, Scotch or Welsh, and 5 other foreign.

In Lincoln, in each 100, there are 29 American, 33 Irish, 21 French Canadian, 13 English, Scotch or Welsh, and 4 other foreign.

In each 100 in the city of Providence there are 45 American, 36 Irish, 9 English, Scotch or Welsh, 2 German, and 8 other foreign.

Tables XVI., on page 25, and XVIII., on page 27, show the facts relating to the parentage of the population in each ward of the cities of Providence and Newport. In Providence, the least percentage of foreign population, by parentage, is in the sixth ward; 29 foreign, and 71 American in each 100; the greatest percentage of foreign is in the tenth ward; 79 foreign, and 21 American in each 100.

In Newport, the least percentage of foreign, by parentage, is in the first ward, 20 foreign and 80 American in each 100; the greatest percentage of foreign is in the fifth ward, 69 foreign and 31 American in each 100.

A census of the city of Providence was taken in 1855, showing the parentage, as well as the nativity of the population, like the censuses of 1865 and 1875. We can, therefore, now compare the facts on these points, in the city for twenty years, as follows:

AMERICAN POPULATION.

Number born

Total

CITY OF PROVIDENCE.	Popu- lation.	in the United, States.	of total Population.	American	of total Population.
1855	47,785	33,682	70.48	27,897	58.94
1865	54,595	41,193	75.45	30,702	56.24
1875	.100,675	71,438	70.95	47,316	47.00
1855 to 1865, gain	n 6,810g	gain 7,511g	gain 4.97g	gain 2,805	loss 2.70
1865 to 1875, gair	ı 46,080g	gain 30,245	loss 4.50g	gain 16,614	loss 9.24
1855 to 1875, gain	. 52,890g	gain 37, 7 56g	gain 0.47g	ain 19,419	loss 11.94

FOREIGN POPULATION.

CITY OF PROVIDENCE.	Total Popu- lation.	Number born in Foreign Countries.	Percentage of total Population.	Number of Foreign Parentage.	Percentage of total Population.
1855	47,785	13,232	27.69	19.432	41.06
1865					
1875	100,675	29,237	29.04	53,359	53.00
1855 to 1865, gair	ı 6,810g	gain 170	loss 3.14g	ain 4,461	gain 2.70
1865 to 1875, gair	ı 46,080g	gain 15,835ş	gain 4.49g	ain 29,466	.gain 9.24
1855 to 1875, gair	ı 52,890g	gain 16,005	gain 1.35g	ain 33,927	.gain 11.94

A great change has been made in the proportions of the American and foreign population, in Providence, since 1865, by the annexation of the territory now comprising the ninth and tenth wards. The population of those two wards, in 1875, was as follows:

PROVIDENCE.	Born in the U. S.	Born in Foreign Countries.	Total.	American Parentage.	Foreigu Parentage.	Total.
Wards 9 and 10	19,439	10,368	29,807	10,083	19,724	29,807

Leaving out these two wards the population of the city would be: Born in the United States, 51,999; born in foreign countries, 18,869; total, 70,868. Of American parentage, 37,233; of foreign parentage, 33,635; or, by parentage, American, 52.54, foreign, 47.46, in each 100 of the population.

Age and Sex.

The subject of the ages of the population, in connection with the sex, in each town and county in Rhode Island, is shown in Table XIX., on pages 28 to 37, inclusive. The ages are given with more particularity than in the census of 1865, the table showing three divisions of age under one year, and also showing the number at each year from one to five, and from fifteen to twenty.

The ages of the living and the proportions at different periods of life, are subjects of very great importance for a correct understanding of the capabilities and future prospects of the population of any State or community. A population, like that of

many country towns in New England, where a large portion of the young people has emigrated, leaving the farm-houses occupied by middle-aged or elderly people, has lost much of its power and capability for the present, and of its promises of growth in the future. The difference between such a community and one in a manufacturing village, where a very large majority of the population is young, will be readily understood. This difference will influence the material productiveness of the community, the probable and comparative mortality, the character of the diseases that prevail, the average age of those who die, and indeed every interest, material, moral, and spiritual, of the people.

A subject of such importance might furnish occasion for unlimited study and comment; but I shall confine myself to a very few points, chiefly the same that were considered in the census report of 1865.

The following table shows the number and proportions of each sex, and of the total population, in each division of ages, in the whole State, by the census of 1875:

TABLE.—Proportions at different ages in Rhode Island, 1875.

	MAI	LES.	FEMA	ALES.	TOTAL POPULAT'N.		
AGES.	Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.	
Under 3 months	716	.58	739	.56	1,455	.56	
3 months and under 6	835	.67	816	.61	1,651	.64	
6 months and under 1 year	1,589	1.27	1,602	1.20	3,191	1.24	
Total under 1 year	3,140	2.51	3,157	2.38	6,297	2.44	
1 year and under 2	2,540	2.02	2,614	1.97	5,154	1.99	
2 and under 3	2,855	2.28	2,827	2.13	5,682	2.20	
3 and under 4	2,698	2.15	2,721	2.05	5,419		
4 and under 5	2,538	2.02	2.656		5,194		
Total under 5	13,771	10.98	13,975	10.53	27,746	10.74	
5 and under 10	12,725	10.14	12,667	9.55	25,392	9.83	
10 and under 15	11,470	9.14	11,519		22,989		
15 and under 16	2,401	1.91	2,534		4,935		
16 and under 17	2,565	2.04	2,774				
17 aud under 18	2,420	1.93	2,692		5,112	1.98	
18 aud under 19	2,812	2.23	3,172		5,984	2.31	
19 and under 20	2,643	2.10	2,699		5,342	2.07	
20 and under 25	13,200	10 51	14,070		27,270	10.56	
25 and under 30	11,740		12,458	9.39	24,198	9.37	
30 and under 40	18,422	14.67	19,320		37,742		
40 and under 50	13,646	10.87	14,438		28,084		
50 and under 60	9,443	7.52	9,705		19,148	7.42	
60 and under 70	5,433	4.33	6,392		11,825	4.58	
70 and under 80:	2,259		3,236		5,495		
80 and under 90	559	.44	916	.69	1,475		
90 and over	51	.04	112	.09	163		
Totals	125,560	100.00	132,679	100.00	258,239	100,00	

In the whole number living, under one year, under five years, and under 20 years, there is a considerable excess of females, and yet, at all these periods of life, the proportion of males to the whole number of males at all ages, is greater than the proportion of females to the whole number of females at all ages. At all ages above 20 there are more females than males in the State, and generally the percentages of females are greater than those of males. This is specially true at the more advanced ages. Thus of all the males in the State, 8,302, or 6.61 per cent., are over 60 years of age, while of all the females, 10,656, or 8.04 per cent., are over 60 years.

There are some slight changes in the percentages at different ages, as compared with the census of 1865. The proportion of the population under 5 years of age, both males and females, is slightly greater in 1875 than in 1865; from 5 to 10, and from 10 to 15, the proportion is less in 1875 than in 1865. From 20 to 40 the proportion of males is considerably larger in 1875 than in 1865, while that of females is nearly the same.

The following table, showing the percentages of the population, at different ages, in the State of Rhode Island and in the city of Providence, at different dates, will be useful and interesting:

		RHODE ISLAND.			CITY OF PROVIDENCE.			
PERIODS OF LIFE.	1875.	1870.	1865.	1860.	1875.	1870.	1865.	1855.
	Per ct.	Per ct.	Per ct.	Per ct.	Per et.	Per e'.	Per ct.	Per et
Under 5	10.74	10.71	10.20	11.81	10.86	10.22	9.73	12.98
5 and under 10	9.83	9.35	10.91	10.39	9.36	8.67	10.46	10.58
10 and under 15	8.90	10.38	10.07	9.94	7.94	9.64	9.60	9,11
15 and under 20	10.34	10.05	10.06	10.23	9.76	9.68	9.87	10.02
20 and under 30	19.93	19.04	18.10	19.34	22.01	20.84	19.70	23.55
30 and under 40	14.62	14.36	14.36	14.47	16.04	16.02	16.03	15.61
40 and under 50	10.88	11.10	11.20	10.37	11.14	11.49	11.57	9 00
50 and under 60	7.42	7.53	7.67	6.72	6.90	7.10	7.22	5.02
60 and under 70	4.58	4.65	4.68	4.12	3.86	4.18	3.86	2.65
70 and under 80	2.13	2.15	2.09	1.98	1.67	1.68	1.53	1.08
80 and nnder 90	.57	.63	.60	.55	.42	.44	.39	.35
90 and over	.06	.05	.06	.08	.04	.04	.04	.04
Totals	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100 00	100.00	100.00

The effects of the War of the Rebellion can be clearly seen in the figures for the city of Providence, by the greatly reduced proportion of the children living in 1865, as compared with the per centage in 1855. The same cause reduced the percentage in 1870, between 5 and 10 years of age, and in 1875, between 10 and 15 years of age. The same effects are noticed in the percentages for the whole State. Other interesting deductions might be made from the table did time permit. It is easy, by study and reflection, to clothe columns of dry figures with a living interest.

The relations and the value of these figures from the census, showing the proportions of the population living at different ages, will be more clearly seen by comparing them with those of other States and communities. The following table shows the proportions of the living population, in several States, as named:

PERIODS	Maine.	N. 11.	Vt.	Conn.	Mass.	Mass.	U. S.	U. S.
OF	1870.	1870.	1870.	1870.	1870	1860.	1870.	1860.
L)FE.	Per et.	Per ct.	Per ct.	Per et.	Per ct.	Per ct.	Per et.	Per c
Under 5	10.80	9.32	11.30	10.91	10.77	12.28	14.30	15.4
5 to 10	10.43	9.05	10.42	9.85	9.59	10.43	12.49	13.2
10 to 15	11.18	9.51	10.57	10,25	10.18	9.28	12.42	11.8
5 to 20	10.66	10 24	10.20	9.56	9.76	9.81	10.48	10,7
0 to 30	16.77	16.91	16.45	17.91	18.86	19 82	17.70	18.2
0 to 40	12.76	13.23	12.67	14.27	14.70	14.91	12.65	12.8
0 to 50	10.02	11.15	10.22	11.14	11.16	10.19	9.13	8.8
0 to 60	7.96	8.93	8 01	7.69	7.44	6.61	5.82	5.0
0 to 70	5.66	6.67	5.95	5.06	4.69	4.05	3.28	2,8
0 to 80	2.88	3.77	3.20	2.46	2.19	1.91	1.35	1.1
0 to 90	.80	1.11	.91	.83	.60	.55	.33	.8
0 and over	.08	.11	.10	.07	.06	.05	.05	.0
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100 00	100.0

There is much of interest in the figures of this table, and many differences, in the different States, which it would be a most interesting study to seek the explanation of. Notice the marked decrease in the percentages under 10 years, in Massachusetts, from 1860 to 1870. Notice how much greater the percentages in the

whole country are than those in the New England States at all ages under 20. Notice the marked difference, in the ages under 15, between the States of New Hampshire and Vermont. But we must leave the tables to those who have opportunity to pursue the subject farther.

It will be readily perceived that the percentages of the living at different ages, will vary greatly in different places, as between the city and the country, or between a farming town and a manufacturing village. Let us compare, for example, Woonsocket, Pawtucket, Foster, and New Shoreham. The following shows the percentages in each of these towns, of the living population in 1875, at different periods of life:

	Woonsocket. Percentages.	Foster. Percentages.	Pawtucket. N Percentages.	ew Shoreham. Percentages.
Under 5 years	. 11.46	7.91	11.94	8.89
5 and under 10	11.07	8.56	10.04	9.50
10 and under 15	10.44	8.36	8.99	11.25
15 and uuder 20	. 12.47	9.20	10.44	11.86
20 aud under 40	32.51	26.57	$35 \ 02$	28.95
40 and under 60	16.77	21.58	17.34	19.96
60 and over	5.28	17.82	6.23	9.59
Totals	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

The differences in the population, as shown by these figures, are obvious at a glance. Notice the percentages of children, under 15 years of age; 32.98 per cent. in Woonsocket; 24.83 in Foster; 30.97 in Pawtucket; and 29.64 in New Shoreham. See the percentages from 15 to 40 years of age; 44.98 and 45.46 in Woonsocket and Pawtucket; and only 35.77 and 40.81 in Foster and New Shoreham. See the very small percentage over 60 years of age, in Woonsocket and Pawtucket, and the very much larger percentage in Foster and New Shoreham.

One important classification of the people is so as to show their ability, so far as it depends upon age, to labor and assist in increasing the productions of a community. For this object, three classes are made; those under 15 called the *Dependent* class; those from 15 to 60, the *Productive* class; and those of 60 years and over, the *Aged* class. The first and last combined make the nnproductive, and the second the productive class. This subject is of so much interest and importance that I have prepared the following table showing the number and percentage of these three classes, in the population of each town and county in the State:

POPULATION IN THREE CLASSES, ACCORDING TO AGE. lxxi.

TABLE.—Showing the number and percentage of the population in each of three classes, according to age.

TOWNS			I5 YEAR	RS AND	60 YEA	RS AND
AND DIVISIONS OF THE	UNDER I	5 YEARS.	Unde	R 60.	Ovi	ER.
STATE.						
SIAIE.	Number.	Per_cent.	Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.
Barrington	332	28.02	714	60.25	139	11.73
Bristol	1,604	27.52	3,678	63.10	547	9.38
Warren	1,202	30.01	2,408	60.13	395	
Bristol County	3,138	28.48	6,800	61.71	1,081	9.81
Coventry	1,311	28.62	2,780	60.70	489	
East Greenwich	861		1,901	60.93	358	
West Greenwich	354	34.23	521	50.39	159	15.38
Warwick	3,629	31.25	7,146	61.53	839	7.22
KENT COUNTY	6,155	30.25	12,348	60.68	1,845	9.07
Jamestown	125	25.62	312	63.93	51	
Little Compton	285	24.65	695	60.12	176	15.23
Middletown	275	25 61	692	64.43	107	9.96
New Shoreham	340	29.64	697	60.77	110	9.59
Portsmouth	553		1,124		216	11.41
Tiverton	640		1,236		225	
Towns, Newport Co	2,218	28.22	4,756	60.52	885	11.26
NEWPORT CITY	3,965	28.26	8,881	63,31	1,182	8.43
Burrillville	1,669	31 80	3,225	61.44	355	6.76
Cranston	1,640		3,593		449	7.89
Cumberland					391	6.89
East Providence			2,687		283	6.58
Foster			885			
Glocester			1,215			15.30
Johnston		L .			367	
Lincoln			7,165			
North Providence						8.78
North Smithfield			1,646			8.3
Pawtucket		1 .	11,595		II	
Scituate	1,118		2,523			
Smithfield	868		1,769			
Woonsocket	4,476		8,384			
Towns, Providence Co	26,188	31.08	52,118	61.86	5,948	7.00
PROVIDENCE CITY	28,356	28.17	66,300	65.85	6,019	5.98
Charlestown	341	32,35	586	55.60	127	12 03
Exeter						
Hopkinton						
North Kingstown.						
	1					
Sonth Kingstown						
Richmond				1		
Westerly	1,618	20.92	<u> </u>			·
Washington County	6,107	30.44	11,950			
WHOLE STATE	76,127	29.48	163.154	63.18	18,958	3 7.3

The preceding table will repay much and careful study. I have been deeply interested in it for hours. It shows more plainly than words could do it, some important characteristics of the population in every town in the State, and the differences in the population of different towns. Generally, the characteristics shown are in accordance with what we should expect from our general knowledge of the several towns; but there are some strange anomalies that are difficult of explanation.

For example: knowing that Woonsocket, Lincoln, and similar towns have a large French Canadian population, and that the population, generally, is in active life, we should expect a large percentage of children, under 15 years of age, in those towns. This we find from the table to be true. Woonsocket and Lincoln have each nearly 33 per cent. of their population under 15 years of age; while Warwick, Burrillville, Cumberland, and other manufacturing towns have nearly as large a percentage of the same class of population.

On the other hand we should expect the more distinctly farming towns, where there are no manufacturing villages, to have a small percentage of children. And this we find to be true, generally. Foster and Little Compton have less than 25 per cent. of their population under 15 years of age, while Middletown and Glocester have only a slightly larger percentage.

But how shall we explain West Greenwich, with not a single village within its limits, and no manufacturing establishments, and yet 34.23 per cent. of its population are under 15 years of age; a larger percentage than in any other town or city in the State. South Kingstown, too, not specially a manufacturing town, and with a population decreasing during the last fifteen years, is next to West Greenwich and Woonsocket, and has a larger percentage of population under 15 years of age than Lincoln, Pawtucket, North Smithfield, and other manufacturing towns. These are anomalies that will puzzle most persons to explain.

We see by the preceding table that the three towns with the largest percentages of population, under 15 years of age, are West Greenwich, Woonsoeket, and South Kingstown; the three towns with the smallest percentages under 15, are Little Compton, Foster, and Middletown.

The three towns having the largest percentages of the Productive class of population, between 15 and 60 years of age, are

Providence, Middletown, and Jamestown; the three towns with the smallest percentages of the Productive class, are West Greenwich, Exeter, and Charlestown.

The three towns with the largest percentages of the Aged class, of 60 years and over, are Foster, West Greenwich, and Little Compton; the three towns with the smallest percentages of this class are Woonsocket, Lincoln, and Providence.

But, interesting as is this subject, we cannot pursue it farther at this time. There are other topics connected with it, as the connection of age and sex, which we have not noticed. Those who wish to pursue the subject will find much material for study in the tables given.

Aged Persons in Rhode Island.

In connection with the subject of age the following list may be interesting and useful for preservation. It contains the names and ages of all the persons in Rhode Island, who were reported in the census, as living on the first day of June, 1875, and as being 90 years of age, or over:

Persons in Rhode Island of 90 years of age and over.

RESIDENCE.	NAME.	$\Lambda_{ ext{GE}}.$	BIRTH-PLACE.
BarringtonM	lary Noble	90	Euglaud.
BristolJ	ohanna Greene	91	Warren.
"Jo	ohn Bullock	106	Massachusetts.
"Н	annah Batt	90	Bristol.
"L	emuel Richmond	94	Massachusetts.
"R	ebecca Smith	93	"
Varren	argaret Burns	91	Ireland.
"	ary A. Haile	95	Warren.
"Sl	hubael P. Child	96	Massachusetts.
"D	inalı Sawtell	92	
·· ··············//	illiam Dever	90	Ireland.
CoventrySa	arah Hopkins	91	Warwick.
	axime Chamboilen	92	Canada.
R	hoda C. Stone	91	Coventry.
"H	ope Howard	100	Foster.
	lizabeth Andrews	91	Coventry.
	eremiah McGregor	93	"
	ydia Greene	90	6.6
	etsey Matteson	90	West Greenwic

Persons in Rhode Island of 90 years of age and over.—Continued.

RESIDENCE.	NAME.	AGE.	BIRTH-PLACE.
East Greenwich	Nathaniel H. Cole	91	East Greenwich.
	Mary Hunt	90	
West Greenwich	Mary Whitford	90	West Greenwich
	Eunice Tillinghast	90	46 46
44 44	Elizabeth Barber	90	Connecticut.
"	Freelove Palmer	90	Foster.
Warwick	Freelove Atwood	91	Scituate.
"	Mary McCannon	90	Ireland.
	Sarah Lee	90	Newport.
	Mary McCabe	95	Ireland.
	James Warner	96	Warwick.
	William Bardan	90	Ireland.
	Sarah A. Burleson	91	Connecticut.
	Rosanna Cutter	96	Coventry.
	Susan Tennant	91	East Greenwich.
"	John R. Waterman	92	Warwick.
"	Daniel Brown	93	44
	Cato Holden (colored)	92	46
	Mary Arnold	91	East Greenwich
	Martha Congdon	91	Warwick.
	Ann Clapp	91	t t
Jamestown	George Armstrong	90	Jamestown.
Middletown	Anna M. Greene	91	Newport.
Portsmouth	Elizabeth Braman	91	Portsmouth.
"	Hannah Ingraham	90	44
"	William Manchester	93	Tiverton.
	Phebe Manchester	94	Tiverton.
"	······ Hannah Manchester · · · · · ·	91	East Greenwich.
"	Nancy Durfee	92	Tiverton.
"	David Durfee	94	6.6
	Anna Dunn	90	Ireland.
	Hannah Rose	92	Wickford.
	Margaret Carr	96	Newport.
	Patience Peckham	92	Middletown.
	Sarah H. Hazard	94	Newport.
	William C. Thurston	91	"
	Hannalı Tolman	95	East Greenwich.
	Mary Wilbur	94	Tiverton.
	Abby Barker	93	Connecticut.
	William Card	90	Newport.
"	Mary Hull	94	6.6
	Elizabeth Sherman	93	66
	Sarah L. Dickens	98	New Shoreham.
"	Polly Neil	96	Newport.

Persons in Rhode Island of 90 years of age and over.—Continued.

RESIDENCE.	NAME.	ΛGE.	BIRTH-PLACE.
Newport]	Kate Sullivan	100	Ireland.
"	Martha Peckham	93	Newport.
"	Senah Burkinshaw	90	England.
"	Catharine Flannagan	102	Ireland.
	Annie M. Randolph	92	Newport.
Burrillville	Eli Eddy	96	Glocester.
"	Marcy Eddy	92	Smithfield.
"	Dorcas Jenne	90	Glocester.
"	Phila Aldrich	90	Smithfield.
"	John Mathewson	90	Glocester.
	Ilannah Inman	95	Burrillville.
Cranston	Antonio Marts	90	St. Domingo.
"	Delana Roberts	90	Cranston.
"	Bridget McAniff	96	Ireland.
	Charlotte Hill	95	Warwick.
"	Anthony Burns	92	Ireland.
"	Patience Dyer	90	Scituate.
Cumberland	David Aldrich	94	Cumberland.
"	Jemima Aldrich	91	Massachusetts.
	Hannah Sweetland	93	Cumberland.
East Providence	David Cole	94	Massachusetts.
	Emory Hopkins	91	Scituate.
"	Hannah Tillinghast	91	Foster.
"	Patience Albro	98	Massachusetts.
Glocester	Duty Place	91	Glocester.
	John Lafarge	95	Canada.
Johnston	Ann Garrity	100	Ireland.
"	Benjamin Thornton	91	Johnston.
	Mary Cory	94	North Kingstown
Lincolu	Josette Verignette	97	Canada.
	Margaret Burke	95	Ireland.
"	Margaret McKee	90	66
	Mary R. Dougherty	91	"
	Rebecca Mowry	94	Burrillville.
	Thomas McMannor	94	Ireland.
	William P. Holly	91	Richmond.
North Providence	James Angell	91	Providence.
North Smithfield	Patience Remington	93	Smithfield.
Pawtucket	Bridget McGowan	93	Ireland.
	Rosanna Owens	107	"

Persons in Rhode Island of 90 years of age and over .- Continued.

RESI	DENCE.	NAME.	AGE.	BIRTH-PLACE.
Scituate		Pardon Barnes	92	Scituate.
**	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Thomas Tongs	92	
Woonsock	et	Mary Hulbert	98	Canada.
**		Ariel Cook	94	Cumberland.
Providence		Amy Benchley	91	Smithfield.
**		Bridget Mitchell	95	Ireland.
4.6		William Devine	93	64
46		Isabella Mason	96	Massachusetts.
**		Peter Talbot	92	Maine.
"		Ellen Hennessey	90	Ireland.
66		Elizabeth Cozzens	90	Providence.
66		Catharine McGann	90	Ireland.
4.6		Sibyl Dyer	90	Massachusetts.
		Truman Beckwith	91	Connecticut.
66		Lydia Pearce	90	Providence.
4.4		Mary Greene	96	Warwick.
44		Hannah Lyon	91	Connecticut.
4.6		Margaret Sheehan	90	Ireland.
44		Ellen McVey	97	44
"		Bridget Henry	90	44
"		Amy Tourtellot	93	Glocester.
44		Joseph Sweet	92	Providence.
44		Mary Dunn	101	Ireland.
"		Avis Bryant	91	Massachusetts.
"		Hercules Whitney	97	Cranston.
44		Anne Wilmarth	93	Massachusetts.
"		Tryphena Lyman	96	New Hampshire.
"		Rose Flynn	90	Ireland.
44		Eunice Arnold	92	Smithfield.
44		Betsey Snow	90	Providence.
44		Catharine James	93	"
"		Lydia Congdon	93	North Kingstown
4.6		Philip Tally	90	Ireland.
"		Dorcas Pearce	96	Warren.
"		Zilpha James	98	Portsmouth.
"		Henrietta Brown (colored)	104	Maryland.
4.6		Thomas Williams	95	Connecticut.
"		Hannah Cory	90	Newport.
"		Bridget Mitchel	96	Ircland.
44		Catharine Dorsey (colored)	93	Maryland.
44		Maria Little (colored)	120	many rand.
"		Thomas Martin	91	Ireland.
"		Betty Martin	90	reinid.
		Daniel Hull	90	
"		Owen McGrath	95	Newport. Ireland.
		Martin Brennan	98	ready.

Persons in Rhode Island of 90 years of age and over.—Concluded.

R	ESIDENCE.	NAME.	AGE.	BIRTH-PLACE.
Charles	town	Elizabeth Allen	103	Connecticut.
Exeter		Simon Lillibridge	92	Exeter.
" .	• • • • • • • •	Ellery Barber	92	"
Hopkin	ton	Welthan Godfrey	94	Warwick.
		Ruth Palmer	93	Hopkinton.
"		Burdick Kenyon	95	
South 1	Kingstown	Benjamin S. Knowles	91	South Kingstown
"	"	Jeremiah Whaley	92	"
66	"	Elizabeth Gould	94	"
"	"	Martha Edwards	90	Cranston.
"	"	Moses Barber	93	Exeter.
Wester	·ly	Sylvester Coon	91	Hopkinton.
4.6	•	Mary A. Rhoda	96	Westerly.

The ages are given as reported in the census. The greater portion of those that are given as over one hundred years of age should be taken with considerable deduction, especially in the case of colored persons and of natives of Ireland. Very few of these persons know their exact ages, and are apt to grow old very fast after they reach the age of seventy-five or eighty. There are 163 names in the list; in 1865 the number was 115.

There are only two of those in this list, over one hundred years of age, who were in the list as over 90 years, in the census of 1865. One of them gained sixteen years from 1865 to 1875; the age of the other is given as ten years more than in 1865, and is probably correct.

Civil Condition.

Tables XX. and XXI., on pages 38 to 57, inclusive, show the number of persons married, single, widowed and divorced, of each sex, in several divisions of ages, in each town and county in Rhode Island, and in each ward of the cities of Providence and Newport.

This subject was not presented in the State Census of 1865, and I think, has never been presented so fully in any census in this country. The census of New York in 1865, gave the number of single, married and widowed in the State, omitting the

divorced, and without reference to ages. The census of Massa-chusetts, in 1875, gives the number of single, married, widowed and divorced, but with no divisions of ages.

By reference to the table it will be seen that the number of each class is given, by sex, under 15 years of age, then by quinquennial periods to 50 years, and then those of 50 years and over. The whole population of the State is 258,239; of whom there are 125,560 males, and 132,679 females. Of this number, the Married include 50,182 males, and 49,261 females; the Single, 71,824 males, and 71,341 females; the Widowed, 3,240 males, and 11,434 females; and the Divorced, 314 males, and 643 females.

Of the Male Population, 57.20 in each 100 are Single; 39.97 in each 100 are Married; 2.58 in each 100 are Widowed; and 0.25 are Divorced.

Of the Female Population, 53.77 in each 100 are Single; 37.13 in each 100 are Married; 8.61 in each 100 are Widows; and 0.49 are Divorced.

The following table shows the total population of the State, by sex, in each specified division of ages; and the number and percentage, by sex, of the Single, Married, Widowed and Divorced, in each division of ages:

		D	ivisions	OF AGES	3.	
CIVIL CONDITION.	UNDE	R 15.	15 AND U	INDER 20.	20 AND U	NDER 25.
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females
Total Population	37,966	38,161	12,848	13,853	13,173	14,087
Single $\left\{ egin{array}{ll} \mbox{Number} & . & . & . \\ \mbox{Per cent} & . & . & . \\ \end{array} \right.$	37,966 100.00	38,161 100.00	12,687 98.75	12,850 92.76		8,427 59.82
Married $\left\{ egin{array}{ll} ext{Number} \dots & \\ ext{Per cent} \dots & \\ \end{array} \right.$			151 1.17	984 7.10		
Widowed. $\left\{ egin{array}{ll} ext{Number.} & \dots & \\ ext{Per cent.} & \dots & \end{array} \right.$.07	.09		110 .78
Divorced $\left\{ egin{array}{ll} ext{Number.} & \dots & \\ ext{Per cent.} & \dots & \end{array} \right.$.008	7 .05	16 .12	.58

		Divisio	NS OF A	GES.—Cor	TINUED.	
CIVIL CONDITION.	25 AND U	INDER 30.	30 AND U	NDER 35.	35 AND U	NDER 40.
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females
Total Population	11,744	12,437	9,874	10,117	8,564	9,221
Single $\left\{ egin{array}{ll} { m Number.} & \dots \\ { m Per \ cent.} & \dots \end{array} \right.$	$5,041 \\ 42.92$		$2,296 \\ 23,25$			1,437 15.58
Married $\left\{ egin{array}{ll} ext{Number.} & \dots & \\ ext{Per cent.} & \dots & \end{array} \right.$	6,518 55 50		$7,370 \\ 74.64$		$7,063 \\ 82.47$	6,981 75.71
Widowed. $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text{Number.} \dots \\ \text{Per cent.} \dots \end{array}\right.$	138 1.18		$\frac{173}{1.75}$			$702 \\ 7.61$
Divorced $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Number.} & \dots \\ \text{Per ceut.} & \dots \end{array} \right.$	47 .40	106 .85			42 .49	$\frac{101}{1.10}$

		DIVISIO	NS OF A	GES.—Con	TINUED.	
CIVIL CONDITION.	40 AND U	NDER 45.	45 AND L	NDER 50.	50 AND	OVER.
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
Total Population	7,318	7,882	6,317	6,518	17,756	20,403
Single $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Number.} \\ \text{Per cent.} \end{array} \right.$	801 10.95	1,065 13.51	467 7.39	$726 \\ 11.14$	$1{,}102$ 6.20	
Married $\left\{egin{array}{l} ext{Number.} & \dots & \\ ext{Per cent.} & \dots & \end{array} ight.$	$6,234 \\ 85.19$	5,841 74.11	5,513 87.27		$14,456 \\ 81.42$	10.046 49.24
Widowed. $\left\{ egin{array}{ll} ext{Number.} & \dots & \\ ext{Per cent.} & \dots & \end{array} \right.$	$\substack{244\\3.33}$				$\frac{2,112}{11.90}$	7,928 38.86
$\operatorname{Divorced} \left\{ egin{array}{l} \operatorname{Number} \\ \operatorname{Per cent} \end{array} ight.$	39 .53	$\begin{array}{c} 83 \\ 1.05 \end{array}$		55 .84	86 .48	

Comparing this table with Table XIX., of Age and Sex, we find slight discrepancies in the whole numbers of each sex in the different divisions of ages. This is owing to corrections made incopying the returns, after that table was prepared.

It seems from the preceding table that there are only 3,413 persons in the State, 1,102 males and 2,311 females, of the age of 50 years or over, who were never married.

There are 151 males and 984 females married, who are under-20 years of age. The number of females who are married is much greater than the number of males, under the age of 30 years; after that age there are more males than females who are married. in all the divisions of ages. Of the age of 50 years and over, there are 14,456 males and 10,046 females who are married.

There are 9 widowers and 12 widows in the State, less than 20 years of age; and 42 widowers and 110 widows between 20 and 25 years. The number of widows is much greater than that of widowers, at all ages.

There are one male and seven females in the State, reported as divorced, under the age of 20 years; and 16 divorced males and 78 divorced females between 20 and 25 years of age. There are 957 divorced persons, 314 males and 643 females, in the State, of whom there are some in every town. There are 428 in the city of Providence.

During the six years from 1869 to 1874, inclusive, there were 1,138 Divorces granted in Rhode Island. The number of divorces and proportion of all the marriages in each year, were as follows:

In 1869 162 D	Divorces, or 14.1	Marriages to one Divorce.
In 1870200 D	Divorces, or 11.8	Marriages to one Divorce.
In 1871161 D	Divorces, or 14.5	Marriages to one Divorce.
In 1872200 D	Divorces, or 12.7	Marriages to one Divorce.
In 1873173 D	Divorces, or 15.2	Marriages to one Divorce.
In 1874242 D	Divorces, or 10.5	Marriages to one Divorce.

It is probable that some of the divorces granted are of citizens of other States who come here for that purpose. A considerable number of divorces are also obtained by persons for the purpose of marrying again. And yet the number of divorced persons reported in the census seems small in view of the number of divorces granted in the State, and it is probable that the number of divorced persons reported is less than the truth.

This table of the Civil Condition is new in the census, and we have no similar tables of previous censuses to compare it with. If continued in future censuses, it cannot fail to reveal facts of great importance.

Nativity of Married Women.

The table showing the number of married persons in the population of the State, shows how many of the married females are between the ages of 15 and 50 years, or within the ordinary limits of the child bearing period of life. It will be seen at once that in connection with the returns of births, we have a most in-

teresting subject before us;—the number of children borne by married women, of the proper age for bearing children. Is the number less now than formerly? If so, what are the causes of the decrease? If we had had this table in the censuses of the last hundred years the facts revealed and the truths established would have been of overwhelming interest and importance to the welfare of the State.

But beyond this, we wish to know the difference in the number of children borne by different classes of women, and this fact is of immediate and most urgent interest. What, if any, are the differences in regard to the number of children borne by women, natives of this country, and by those natives of foreign countries; and of each foreign country?

In previous censuses the only information we have had on this subject has been the number of females in the State, between 15 and 50 years of age; but with no information of the number of them who were married, or single, or widowed, or divorced; nor any information in regard to their birth-places. We see by Tables XIX. and XX. that there are 74,115 females in the State, between the ages of 15 and 50; but of this number 30,869 are single, 3,506 are widows, and 525 are divorced, leaving only 39,215 married females, between these ages, or in the usual child-bearing period of life.

In view of the interest and importance of this subject, I have had the following table prepared. It is for the city of Providence alone. It shows first, the number and the birth-places of all the married women living in the city, in each quinquennial period of life, from 15 to 50 years of age. Second, it shows the birth-places of all the married women, between 15 and 50 years of age, living in each ward in the city. Third, it shows the number of married women, distinguished as American and foreign (by birth-places), in each division of ages from 15 to 50 years, in each ward of the city. When too late, I much regret that the table had not been prepared for the whole State.

TABLE.—CITY OF PROVIDENCE; MARRIED WOMEN.

				AGES.				
BIRTH-PLACES.	15 and under 20.	20 and under 25,	25 and under 30.	36 and under 35.	35 and under 40.	40 and under 45.	45 and under 50,	Total.
United States	212	1,564	2,048	1,730	1,468	1,199	938	9,159
Ireland. England. Scotland and Wales. Germany. British America. Portugal & Western Isld's. Sweden and Norway. France. Switzerland. Italy. Other foreign countries.	10	273 128 23 35 89 22 6 6 3 3	859 203 49 73 137 25 10 3 6 8 14	893 235 69 46 106 13 4 6 5	964 209 45 54 88 125 6 6	766 165 36 49 62 10 4 2	566 124 28 38 38 1 1 2	4,335 1,076 254 298 524 93 31 27 17 16 49
Total foreign	52	599	1.887	1,390	1,393	1,098	801	6,720
Total American and foreign	264	2,163	3,435	3,120	2,861	2,297	1,739	15,879

TABLE.—MARRIED WOMEN OF THE CITY OF PROVIDENCE.

DIDMII DY LODO					WΔ	RDS.				· ·	City.
BIRTH-PLACES.	I.	11.	III.	ıv.	v.	V1.	VII.	VIII.	ıx.	X.	Whole
United States	1,170	491	766	595	730	861	992	1,385	1,362	807	9,159
Ireland	604			202	357	111	336			1,156	4,335
England		27	41	29	94	23	48	109	171	365	1,076
Scotland and Wales	26		13		22		19	29	26	87	254
Germany	35	_	38	17		13			- 1	51	298
British America	92	22	63	22	64	29.	40	49	58	85	524
Portugal and										1	
Western Islands			79		1		1		- 8	8	93
Sweden & Norway.	3		3		10	2			10	3	31
France	4	1		4	8	1		1	5	3	27
Switzerland	• • • • •		1	1	3	2		3	3	4	17
Italy	1			11			1	2		1	16
Other for. countries	23	2	5	2	1	1	ő	3	6	1.	49
Total foreign	955	120	811	303	617	188	476	518	973	1,759	6,720
Total Am. and for.	2,125	611	1,577	898	1,347	1,049	$ _{1,468}$	1,903	2,335	2,566	15,879

The following is a list of the "other foreign countries," and the number born in each:—Russia, 11; Poland, 9; West Indies, 8; Holland, 3; South America, 3; Australia, 2; Austria, 2; Spain, 2; Denmark, 1; Belgium, 1; East Indies, 1; Mexico, 1; St. Helena, 1; New Zealand, 1; Sandwich Islands, 1; Siam, 1; At Sea, 1; Total, 49.

TABLE.—MARRIED WOMEN; CITY OF PROVIDENCE.

						ΔGE		AND NATIVITY	TY.								For-
	15 TO	20.	20 TO	0 25.	25 TO	0 30.	30 TO	0 35.	35 TO	0 40.	40 TO	45.	45 TO	50.	n.		n and
WARDS.	American.	Foreign.	American.	Foreign.	American.	Foreign.	American.	Foreign.	American.	Foreign.	American,	Foreign.	American.	Foreign.	Total American	Total Foreign.	Total American
First.	3+	10	227	105	299	205	202	191	169	196	118	149	121	99	1,170	955	2,125
Second	ψτ	<u> </u>	75	13	77	16	88	30	100	22.	80	17	66	18	491	120	611
Third	15	14	143	84	174	166	140	156	117	161	106	143	71	œ ^1	766	811	1,577
Fourth	12	29	86	29	133	69	108	70	110	52	83	43	63	23	. 595	303	898
Fith	21	Ha	110	58	149	158	145	125	115	125	108	88_	82	59	730	617	1,347
Sixth	18	:	132	16	177	38	166	36	150	41	129	31	89	26	861	188	1,049
Seventh	18	7.	182	36	234	88	180	85	151	111	128	See	99	66	992	476	1,468
Eighth	26	to	219	లు	282	109	273	105	1995	105	197	92	163	67	1,385	518	1,903
Ninth	ಲ ಲ	4	227	81	306	200	279	208	214	215	173	164	128	101	1,362	973	2,335
Tenth	28		163	139	217	338	149	384	117	362	77	288	56	240	807	1,759	2,566
Whole City	212	52	1,564	599	2,048	1,387	1,730	1,390	1,468	1,393	1,199	1,098	938	801	9,159	6,720	15,879

The importance of the preceding tables will be evident at a glance; but the more appropriate use of them will be in the reports of the City Registrar of Providence, in connection with the statistics of births and of deaths. We will only note a few points in connection with them.

The first table shows that there are 15,879 married women in Providence, of whom 9,159, or 57.68 per cent. were born in the United States, and 6,720, or 42.32 per cent. were born in foreign countries. Of all the married women in the city, between 15 and 50 years of age, 27.3 in each 100 were born in Ireland, and of the whole number of married women of this age who were born in foreign countries, 64.51 in each 100 were born in Ireland.

The second table shows the number in each ward of the city, who were born in each foreign country. The number of married women, from 15 to 50 years of age, who were born in the United States, is greater than the number born in foreign countries, in every ward in the city, except the Third and Tenth. In the third ward there are 45 more foreign than American, and in the tenth ward, there are 1,759 foreign married women to 807 American. This table shows how those born in different foreign countries are distributed in the several wards of the city.

The following table from the Twenty-first Annual Report of the City Registrar of Providence, for the year 1875, gives an interesting illustration of the importance of the facts given in the census tables on this subject, and will afford food for reflection. The table shows the birth-places of all the married women in Providence, in 1875, between the ages of 15 and 50; the number of children they bore during the year 1875; and the ratio of the number of children borne by the women natives of each country, to the number of the married women of each country, within the ages specified:

TABLE.—Ages and Nativity, of Married Women in Providence, and number of children in 1875.

BIRTH-PLACES OF THE MOTHERS.	Married Women, 15 to 50.	Children born in 1875.	Ratio, Women to 1 Child.	Children to each 100 Women.
United States	9,159	1,227	7.46	13.39
Ireland	4,335	948	4.57	21.86
England, Scotland and Wales	1,330	243	5.47	18,27
Germany	298	63	4.73	21.14
British America	524	116	4.51	22.13
Portugal and Western Islands	93	24	3.87	25.80
Sweden and Norway	31	11	2.82	35,50
France	27	4	6.75	14.81
Switzerland	17	1	17.00	5.88
Italy	16	12	1.33	75.00
Other foreign countries	49	15	3,26	30.61
Total foreign	6,720	1,437	4.67	21.38
Total American and foreign	15,879	2,664	5,96	16.77

This table shows that, during the year 1875, the American married women in Providence in the usual child-bearing period of life, bore a very greatly less percentage of children than the foreign married women in the same period of life. Each 100 of the women born in Ireland had 8.47 more children, on an average, in 1875, than the same number of women born in the United States. The 6,720 women, in the table, who were born in foreign countries, had in that year, 210 more children, than the 9,159 women who were born in the United States. If the women of American birth had borne the same proportion of children in 1875, as the women of foreign birth, there would have been, in that year, 1,958 children of American parentage, instead of 1,227, the actual number, or an increase of 731 over the number reported. But the discussion of this subject belongs to the reports of the City Registrar of Providence. It is introduced here as one illustration of the interest in, and the utility of, the tables in the census report.

School Statistics.

Table XXII., on page 58, shows for each town and county in Rhode Island the population between the school ages of 5 and 16, and the number of all ages who were reported as attending either the Public, Select, or Catholic Schools, during the year ending June 1, 1875. Table XXIII., page 59, shows the same facts for the cities of Providence and Newport, by Wards.

The population of the whole State, between 5 and 16 years, is 53,316; the whole number reported as attending school, during the year, is 39,164, showing that 14,152 children of the legal school age did not attend any school during the year. This is 26.54 per cent. of the whole number.

Of the whole number (39,164) who were reported as attending school during the year, 31,999 attended the Public Schools; 3,053 attended Select Schools; and 4,112 attended the Catholic Schools. The report of Hon. Thomas B. Stockwell, the State Commissioner of Public Schools, for the year 1875, gives the number of different pupils whose names were enrolled on the school registers of the public day schools as 38,554, for the year ending April 30, 1875. This is 6,555 more than were reported in the census.

None were reported in the census as "Attending School," unless they had attended at least one month. It is probable that some who are included in the School Commissioner's Report are not in the Census Report because they did not attend one month. But, it is also probable that the figures obtained by the School Commissioner from the school records, would be more correct on this point, than those obtained by the census, and that the number who attended school was larger than was reported in the census.

It should be remembered in examining this subject that some of those reported as attending school were under 5 years of age, and some were over 16, and therefore were not included in the population between 5 and 16.

Let us now compare the facts obtained by the census of 1875, with similar facts from the census of 1865. In the census of 1865 the school population given was 5 and under 15 years of age. For a correct comparison it will, therefore, be necessary to omit in the figures for 1875, those who were 15 and under 16 years of age. Making this change we find the following:

	POPULATI	on, 5 and	UNDER 15.	ATTENDE	р 8сноог	DURING T	HE YEAR.
WHOLE STATE.	5 and under 10.	10 and under 15.	Total, 5 and und'r 15.	Public Schools.	Select Schools.	Catholic Schools.	Total Attend'g School.
1865	20,172	18,616	38,788	27,438	3,515	2,821	33,774
1875	25,392	22,989	48,381	31,999	3,053	4,112	39,164
Gain or loss	5,220	4,373	9,593	4,561	-462	1,291	5,390
Per cent	$\stackrel{ }{.}$ 25.77	23.49	24.73	16.62	-13.14	45.76	15.95

The above table shows that the school population of the State increased 9,593, or 24.73 per cent., in the ten years, from 1865 to 1875. But the whole number "Attending School" increased 5,390, or only 15.95 per cent., in the same ten years. Those attending the Public Schools increased 4,561, or 16.62 per cent., in ten years; those attending Select Schools decreased 462, or 13.14 per cent.; and those attending the Catholic Schools increased 1,291, or 45.76 per cent.

Calling the school population from 5 to 15 years of age, as in the census of 1865, we find the number of absentees in 1875 to be 9,217, or 19.05 per cent. of all. In 1865 the absentees were 5,014, or 12.9 per cent. of all.

There are such very great differences in the proportion of absentees in the different towns that I have thought it best to give the proportion for each town in the State, in the following table. I have included in the table various statistics of interest from the State School Commissioner's Report.

The school population given in the table, and the number who attended school during the year, are from the census of June 1, 1875, the school population including those of "5 years and under 16" years, thus differing from the school population as given in the census of 1865. The other statistics in the table, from the School Commissioner's Report, are for the year ending April 30, 1875:

TABLE.—School Statistics.—State of Rhode Island, by towns.

MOTENA TANA	Population, 5 and under 16 years.	ttended School during the year.	ABSEN	TEES.	Receipts for Sup- port of Schools, from all sources.	Current Expenses, all Schools, during the year.		SCHOOL ROPERTY.	AVER'G. PER M	E WAGES
TOWNS AND	20 5	45			Z 2 2	\$E	68.		H.	
DIVISIONS	epulation, 5 and under 16 years.	ž ‡			\$ 7. <u>a</u>	Est.	7 8	ಕ್ಷ್ ಕ್ಷ) ag	<u>2</u>
OF THE STATE.	47	2 50	달	j.	port of s	1 2 2 2	-=	stimated Value of Building Sites, &e	315	, je
OF THE STATE.	12 2	<u>E</u> E	22	§	- E # E	55.5	3	# A A S	Ę	들
	_ g-∃	Attended School during the year	Number.	Per cent.	5 24	urrent E all Schoo the year.	Number of SchoolHouses.	Estimated Value of Buildings, Sites, &c.	MaleTeachers	Female Teachers.
		<u> </u>	Z	<u></u>	<u> </u>	5	Z 3.	<u> </u>		
Barrington	245	158	87	35.51	\$3,737	\$1,572	4	\$11,200		\$37.77
Bristol	1,134			28.13	-12.513		7	68,500	8102.18	28 02
Warren	892	446	446	50.00	10,190	7.543	- 5		103 91	34 35
BRISTOL Co	2,271	1,419	852	37.50	26,440	19,729	16	104,900	102 88	31 51
Coventry	1.004	-0.0	10	10.00	- 5 000	0.410	١	20.000		00.53
E. Greenwich.	1,004 599			40.63			17			28 72
W. Greenwich							5	12,900		$\frac{36}{32} \frac{32}{68}$
Warwick	2,682			$ 13.82 \\ 46.99$			10 16	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{34.08}{70.53}$	33 56
TT 0		·								
KENT CO	4,481	2,751	1,730	38.60	28,540	23,660	48	68,300	56 35	32 50
Jamestown	79		15	18.98			2	1,400		32.44
Little Compton			4				10	11.300	34 53	30.76
Middletown	205			7.31		2,408	5	5,800	51.70	46 22
N. Shoreham .	266						5	1,700		$30\ 35$
Portsmouth	402		_	21.39		4.145	8	11,100	63 19	42.99
Tivertou	460	395	65	14.13	3,834	3,583	12	10,300	48 59	35 80
$\left\{egin{array}{l} { m Towns}, \\ { m NewportCo} \end{array} ight\}$	1,627	1,475	152	9.34	17,247	14,349	42	41,600	48 93	37 44
NEWPORTCITY	2,807	2,314	493	17.56	40,501	34,572	9	185,007	196 67	48 84
Burrillville	1,250	716	534	42.72	11,468	7,447	18	26.800		37 95
Cranston	1,123			30.89		7,123	10	28,100	60-64	37 55
Cumberland	1,262	887		29.71			14	50,400	81 14	40 24
E. Providence.	908	768	140	15.41	9,016		9	35,100	99.87	39 67
Foster	282		9	3.19	4,907	3,645	18	13,700	34 38	26.17
Glocester	424		76	17.92		3,913	12	14,500	45 85	40 96
Johnston	1,073	798		25.62			14	24,650	59 44	$40 \ 12$
Lincoln	2,722			48.93	16,805		10	54,650	90.48	43.75
N. Providence	244			26.22		2,307	2	6,000	80 00	52 00
N. Smithfield	703			51.06	4,842	4,682	11	14,900	46 90	36.52
Pawtucket	3,853			32.15	46,958	24.079	14	144,560		$45\ 56$
Scituate Smithfield	841	661		21.40			19	24,300	37 90	35 66
Woonsocket	$\begin{array}{c} 647 \\ 3,236 \end{array}$	$\frac{447}{1,768}$		$\frac{30.91}{45.36}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 4,918 \\ 32,727 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 5,071 \\ 18,665 \end{bmatrix}$	10	21,300	44 29	36 48
			1,100			10,000	_=	69,000	125 26	42 97
$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} \text{Towns,} \\ \text{Prov. Co.} \end{array} \right\}$	18,568	11,970	6,598	35.53	175,817	123,727	170	527,960	77 73	40 16
Prov. City	19,177	15,447	3,730	19.45	418,867	228,261	45	1,245,000	$182 \ 00$	57 37
Charlestown	247		36	14.57	3,575	3,044	8	10,100	42 19	36 56
Exeter	290	212		26.89	4,570	2,772	$1\overline{2}$	7,250	34 02	30 65
Hopkinton	602		95	15.78	7,809	6,117	10	11,250	53 13	36 43
N. Kingstown	667	591		11.39	6,505	5,680	14	14,700	53 48	35 67
S. Kingstown.	1,030			13.30	8,144	7,205	22	11,300	48 16	34 40
Richmond	395	354		10.37	4,730		15	22,600	37 17	29 14
Westerly	1,154	1,020	134	11 61	19,052	15,668	15	110,050	91 54	47 09
Washing'n Co	4,385	3,788	597	13.61	54,385	44,510	96	187,250	52 54	38 28
WHOLE STATE	53,316	39,164	14,152	26.54	761,797	488,808	426	2,360,017	85 18	46 17

The school population, as given in the preceding table, is of "5 years and under 16," and is the same as is used in the reports of the School Commissioner. As it includes those of 15 and under 16, who were not included in the census report of 1865, it increases largely the number of absentees, as only a small proportion of the population, over 15 years of age, attends school. As there is no restriction upon the employment of children of the age of 15 years and over, in manufacturing establishments, or in other work, it would seem that the age of "5 years and under 15," would more correctly represent the actual "school population" in the State.

The statistics in the preceding table, in relation to the absentees from school, are not a pleasant subject for contemplation, neither in regard to the present nor in comparison with the census of 1865. All the startling and unpleasant truths that were revealed by that census in relation to the neglect of schools by the children in Rhode Island, are repeated and even surpassed in the census of 1875. This census shows that more than one-fourth (26.54 per cent.) of all the children in the State of the age of 5 years and under 16, did not attend any school whatever, during the year ending June 1, 1875. In Warren just one-half, and in one town, North Smithfield, more than one-half (51.06 per cent.) of the children of school age did not attend any school. In five other towns, Coventry, Warwick, Burrillville, Lincoln, and Woonsocket, more than forty per cent. of all the children of the proper age received no school instruction during the year. Besides the towns named, in nine other towns more than one-quarter of the children are growing up in ignorance. These towns are Barrington, Bristol, Cranston, Cumberland, Johnston, North Providence, Pawtucket, Smithfield and Exeter.

In New Shoreham, the children who attended school during the year were more than the whole number of the legal school age. This fact makes an apparent discrepancy in the totals of absentees in the towns of Newport county. In a few other towns, as Foster, Middletown, and East Greenwich, the absentees were less than ten per cent. of all the school children.

If we take the school population, as in the census of 1865, to include only those of "5 years and under 15," the percentages will be slightly less; but still showing a great increase of absentees from school since 1865. Thus, from 5 to 15, we have in North Smithfield 344 in school and 293 not attending school during the

year, or 46 per cent. of absentees; in Lincoln, we find 1,390 in school and 1,085 or 43.83 per cent. of absentees; in Woonsocket, 1,768 in school and 1,152, or 39.45 per cent. of absentees; in Barrington, 158 in school and 65 absent from school, or 29.14 per cent.; in Pawtucket, 2,614 in school and 899, or 25.59 per cent. of absentees; in Providence, 15,447 in school and 1,979, or 11.35 per cent. of absentees.

This condition of things in Rhode Island is truly alarming, and should receive the immediate attention of our legislators. The causes are well-known; they are first the avarice of parents, particularly of some classes of our foreign population, who keep their children at work all they possibly can from the earliest age possible; and second, the neglect of manufacturers to obey the law against the employment of children in factories. We shall consider this point further under the subject of "Occupations of the population."

In the city of Providence, which contains so large a proportion of the population of the State, the percentage of school children who did not attend school during the year, is 19.45, or less than the average for the whole State, though the percentage in that city has increased somewhat since 1865.

The city censuses of Providence enable us to show these facts in that city for the last forty years. They are as follows, the school population including only those of 5 years and under 15, to make the comparison correct with previous censuses:

DATE.	_	ATTENDIN	ABSENTEES.			
	Public Schools.	Sclect Schools.	Catholic Schools.	Total, all Schools.	Number.	Per cent.
1835	1,456	2,135		3,591	1,604	30 8
1845				3,435	2,909	45.8
1855	5,730	680	606	7,016	2,984	32.4
1865	7,401	1,215	1,273	9,889	1,057	. 9.6
1875	11,306	1,588	$^{ }$ 2,553	15,447	1,979	11.3

CITY OF PROVIDENCE.

In 1835 the school population was from 4 to 18 years of age. In 1845 the number attending school included only those who were attending at the time the census was taken.

On the whole, the figures for Providence are quite satisfactory, as compared with other towns in the State, and also as compared with past years.

Want of Education.

From what has been said we see, to some extent, what is doing in the State, and what is failing to be done, to furnish every child with an education. Let us now see some of the results of this want of, or neglect of, the means of education in past years. Let us see how many persons in the State of the age of 10 years and over have neglected the means of education so much that they are unable to read and write.

We may find the information in Tables XXIV. and XXV. on pages 60 to 69 inclusive, for each town and county in the State, and for each ward in the cities of Providence and Newport. The tables show, by parentage, the number of 10 years and under 15, and also of 15 years and over, who can neither read nor write, and the number who can read but cannot write. As a matter of course there are none who can write but cannot read.

We find that of the age of 10 years and under 15, there are 1,408 children (see page 64) in Rhode Island who can neither read nor write, and 969 more who can read but cannot write. This is certainly an alarming statement, that 1,408 children, in the midst of our free schools, are over 10 years of age and still less than 15, and can neither read nor write. We should naturally expect that there must be some special cause for this, something unusual, or out of the ordinary course. This we find to be the fact.

Of these 1,408 children, more than 1,000 are in six towns, and on turning to page 62 we find that of the whole 1,408 there are 923 of French Canadian parentage, mostly in these six towns. We also find on page 61, that 318 of these neglected children are of Irish parentage. It is well known that the French Canadians, more than any other class of the population, keep every child possible at work in the mills, to the utter neglect of schools and education. As they will, to a considerable extent, become a part of our permanent population, it is an urgent duty to them and to the State, to compel them and their employers to obey the laws in relation to the employment of children. Of the whole number, 1,408, between 10 and 15 years of age, who can neither read nor write, there are:

Of American parentage, whites, 53; hlacks, 24; total, 79. Of Irish parentage, 318; English, Scotch and Welsh, 53; German, 6; French Canadian, 923; total foreign, 1,329.

These figures show that the chief neglect in requiring the children to learn to read and write is among the French Canadian population. Next to them there are 318 children, from 10 to 15, of Irish parentage, who can neither read nor write. The population of the State, born in Ireland, is 37,286, and besides these there are 36,637 who were born in this country of Irish parents. The number 318 of Irish parentage, who can neither read nor write, is very small in proportion to the whole number.

Of the age of 15 years and over, there are 14,819 persons in the State who can neither read nor write, of whom 1,762—whites, 886, and colored, 876—are of American parentage, and 13,057 are of foreign parentage.

The census of 1865 gave the facts on this point for those of the age of 15 years and over only. We can therefore compare these facts with those of the census of 1865. The following shows the number and percentage of different classes of the population, of the age of 15 years and over, who could neither read nor write, in the State of Rhode Island, by the censuses of 1865 and 1875:

CAN NEITHER READ NOR WRITE; 15 YEARS AND OVER.

	187	5.	1865.		
AMERICAN PARENTAGE.	Number.	Per cent.	Number.	Per cent.	
Whites	886	5.98	1,085	10.65	
Blacks	876	5.91	467	4.59	
Total American	1,762	11.89	1,552	15.24	
FOREIGN PARENTAGE.					
Irish	8,294	55.97	7,313	71.83	
English, Scotch and Welsh	602	4.06	391	3.84	
German	66	.45	44	.43	
French Canadian	3,604	24.32			
Other foreign	491	3.31	8.81	8.66	
Total foreign	13,057	88.11	8,629	84.76	
Whole number	14,819	100.00	10,181	100.00	

Those of American parentage have decreased 3.35 per cent., and those of foreign parentage have increased the same amount.

The preceding table shows that of each 100 persons in Rhode Island in 1875, of the age of 15 years and over, who can neither read nor write, 5.98 were whites, of American parentage, and 5.91 were blacks, of American parentage; 55.97 in each 100 were of Irish parentage; 4.06 of English, Scotch, or Welsh; 24.32 of French Canadian; and 3.76 of other foreign parentage.

Let us now compare the number of 15 years and over, who can neither read nor write, with the population, by parentage. The tables show the parentage of the population, and the ages of the population; but, unfortunately, they do not show the ages by parentage. We find on pages 23 and 24, Table XV., the parentage of the whole population. We will correct the figures of this table by those in the table on page lviii., so as to put those of mixed parentage according to the birth-places of the fathers. We then have the figures, by parentage, for the whole population. We find by the footings of the table of ages, on page 37, that 29.48 per cent. of the whole population of the State are under 15 years of age. We will then deduct 29.48 per cent. of the population as found, by parentage, and we have left the population of the whole State, of the age of 15 years and over, by parentage. These figures we use in the comparison below.

To illustrate the above; we find on page 23 that there are 73,-923 persons in the State of Irish parentage. We find by the table on page lviii., that of those of mixed parentage, with foreign fathers, 1,901 have Irish fathers. We add these to 73,923, and find the whole number in the State, of Irish parentage, by the fathers, to be 75,824. We deduct 29.48 per cent., or 22,352, from this number and find the whole population of Irish parentage, of the age of 15 years and over, to be 53,472. By the same process we find the other numbers, and the following table shows the number of each foreign parentage, of the age of 15 years and over, and the number and proportion of each who can neither read nor write:

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND.

	t 			CAN NEITHER READ NOR WRITE,			
PARENTAGE.	Por	ULATION,	1875.	15 AND OVER.			
	WholeNo.	Under 15.	15 & over.	Number.	In each 100.		
American	134,722	39,715	95,007	1,762	1.85 or 1 in 53.92		
Irish	75,824	22,352	53,472	8,294	15.51 or 1 in 6.44		
English, Scotch & Welsh	23,784	7,012	16,772	602	3.59 or 1 in 27.80		
German	4,067	1,199	2,866	66	2,30 or 1 in 43.42		
French	682	201	481	46	9.56 or 1 in 10.46		
French Canadian	13,900	4,097	9,803	3,604	36.76 or 1 in 2.75		
British American	2,352	698	1,659	71	4.28 or 1 in 23.30		
Portuguese	926	278	653	256	39 20 or 1 in 2.55		
Italian	301	89	212	32	15.10 or 1 in 6.62		
Swedish and Norwegian	928	273	 2 651	25	3.84 or 1 in 26.04		
Other foreign	758	22-	534	61	 11.42 or 1 in 8.78		
Total foreign	123,517	36.41	87,105	13,057	14.99 or 1 in 6.67		
Total population	258,239	76,127	7 = 182,112	14,819	8.13 or 1 in 12.28		

In the whole population of the State the proportion under 15 years of age is 29.48 in each 100, almost exactly; but, of course, this may not be exactly the true proportion for all the classes of the population named in the preceding table. It is the best rule we have, however, for ascertaining the numbers under and over 15 years of age, by parentage, and probably the result is not essentially different from the truth.

It seems that the American; the English, Scotch and Welsh; the German; the British American, exclusive of the French Canadian; and the Swedish and Norwegian population of the State, all have less than 5 per cent. who can neither read nor write, of those over 15 years of age. The greatest proportion of ignorance is in the Portuguese population, 39.20 in each 100, who can neither read nor write, of all over 15 years of age; next the French Canadians, 36.76 in each 100; then the Irish, 15.51 in

each 100; and the Italian, 15.10 in each 100. In all the foreign population of the State, of 15 years of age and over, by parentage, there are 14.99 in each 100 who can neither read nor write, or one in 6.67.

In all classes of the population in the whole State there are 14,819 persons of the age of 15 years and over who can neither read nor write. This is 8.13 in each 100, or one in 12.28 of the population.

We have thus far only considered those who can neither read nor write. Besides these, there are of American parentage, 122 children, between 10 and 15 years of age, and 1,049 persons, of the age of 15 and over, who can read but cannot write.

There are also, of foreign parentage, 847 children, between 10 and 15 years of age, and 5,923 of the age of 15 and over, who can read but cannot write. Of those of foreign parentage, who can read but cannot write, the Irish furnish 489, or more than half of those between 10 and 15, and 4,465, or nearly four-fifths of those of the age of 15 years and over. The French Canadians furnish 235 from 10 to 15, and 752 of the age of 15 and over.

Adding all together, those of all ages, who can neither read nor write, and those who can read but cannot write, we find a total of 24,168 persons in the State, of the age of 10 years and over, who cannot write their names. The total population in the State, of the age of 10 years and over, is 205,101, of whom it seems that one in 8.48 cannot write their names.

Of these 24,168 persons, 3,012 are of American, and 21,156 of foreign parentage. The total population of American parentage, of the age of 10 years and over, by calculation, is 107,000, of whom it seems that one in 35.52 cannot write. The total population of foreign parentage, of the age of 10 years and over, by calculation, is 98,100, of whom it seems that one in 4.63 cannot write.

The reflections suggested by these statistics are obvious, and need not be stated here. The facts themselves should attract the attention of our people, and especially of our legislators, and should lead to immediate action. If, as has been said, every child has an *inalienable right* to an education from the community, it certainly must be the inalienable right of the community to require that every child shall receive an education. The interest of

the State as well as of the child, and indeed, the existence itself of the State in our country, require that an education should be furnished to, and received by, every child who expects to become a citizen. It is most clearly, then, the duty of the State to see to it that neither the avarice nor the neglect of parents, nor the indifference nor the greed of mannfacturing corporations shall be permitted to endanger the best good of her children or her own welfare.

The returns of marriages in Rhode Island furnish some interesting information in connection with this subject of the education, or the want of education, of the people. By the marriage laws of the State the parties in each marriage are required to sign their names to the certificate giving the necessary information. Those who cannot write must sign with their mark.

In the city of Providence the facts upon this point have been collated for many years past and published in the annual reports of the City Registrar. The following from the Twenty-first Annual Report of the City Registrar shows the aggregate results for seventeen years, from 1859 to 1875, inclusive:

MARRIAGES IN PROVIDENCE: 1859-1875.

BORN IN UNITED STATES.	Whole No. Married.	Signed with a mark.	ln each 100.
Males	8,921	458	5.13, or one in 19.48
Females	9,080	640	7.04, or one in 14.19
Total	18,001	1,098	6.10, or one in 16.39
BORN IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES.			
Males	5,322	1,869	35.12, or one in 2.84
Females	5,163	2,695	52.19, or one in 191
Total	10,485	4,564	43.53, or one in 2.29

A considerable portion of those born in the United States, who sign the marriage certificate with a mark, are colored persons, or persons of foreign parentage. Compared with a similar table for seven years in the census of 1865 the above table shows a slight increase in the proportion of those who sign with a mark, who were born in the United States, and a slight decrease in the proportion of those who were born in foreign countries.

Deaf and Dumb, Blind, Insane, Idiotic, and Paupers.

On page 70, Table XXVI., the numbers are given of each of these classes of persons in each town and county in the State. The first column of the table shows the number who were reported as "Deaf," meaning those who are "Hard of Hearing," or partially deaf. It was not intended that these should be reported, or included in the table.

It will be noticed that 183 insane, and 108 paupers are reported in the town of Cranston. The greater portion of these are in the State Asylum for the Incurable Insane, and in the State Pauper Asylum, on the State Farm in that town. There are also 149 insane reported in the city of Providence, nearly all of whom are in the Butler Hospital for the Insane, located in the city.

The following shows the numbers reported of those classes of persons, in the whole State, by the censuses of the State, from 1850 to 1875, inclusive:

IN RHODE ISLAND.	1850.	1860.	1865.	1870.	1875.
Deaf and Dumb	65	56	89	64	83
Blind	67	85	120	121	176
Insane	217	288	287	312	424
Idiotic	114	101	140	123	139
Paupers	not given.	613	543	634	506

In addition to the above, on the first of November, 1875, there were 13 Blind from Rhode Island, at the Perkins Institution for the Blind at South Boston; and 9 Deaf and Dumb at the American Asylum at Hartford; and 2 Idiotic at the Institution for them, in South Boston.

The table shows an increase of 137 insane, in the State, from 1865 to 1875. The number of Paupers, given in the census, is supposed to be the number that were supported by the public, on the first day of June, 1875.

The statistics of Convicts were omitted from the census, because all the facts relating to them can better be obtained from the annual reports of the State Prison, and the State Farm.

The following facts in relation to the Insane, the Paupers, and the Convicts of the State, are compiled from the annual reports published by the State.

Insane.

In the census table, on page 70, we find that there are in the several towns of the State, exclusive of Providence and Cranston, 92 insane persons. These are, generally, mild and inoffensive, and are mostly supported at home by their friends. In the Butler Hospital for the Insane in Providence there were 143 Insane, 68 males, 75 females, November 1, 1875, and at the State Asylum for the Incurable Insane at the State Farm in Cranston, there were at the same date, 169 Insane, of whom there were 86 males and 83 females. The whole number of Insane in the State, 424, as given in the census, is undoubtedly correct.

Pauperism.

A mere statement of the number of Paupers in the State, as obtained by the census, gives no valuable information, nor any correct idea of the amount of, or the expense of pauperism. We wish to know the permanent investments for the support of paupers, the number of those who are wholly supported by the public, and the expense of their support, the number of those who are partially supported outside of asylums, the amount paid for outside assistance, &c. These facts and many others have been obtained by the Superintendent of State Charities and Corrections, and have been published in the annual reports of the Board of State Charities and Corrections. I regret that the full facts have not been published since the year ending June 1, 1873; but the facts for that year will give a better idea of the subject of pauperism in Rhode Island than can be obtained in any other way. I therefore give the following abstract of them.

Twenty-seven towns in the State have Poor Farms, containing, in the aggregate, 2,248½ acres of land. One town, Woonsocket, hires a farm for its poor. The aggregate value of the land in the twenty-seven farms is, \$514,400, and the value of the improvements upon them is \$230,800, making a total value of \$745,200. The average number of inmates of these Asylums for the poor, for the year ending June 1, 1873, was 444, and the cost of their support, above the income derived from the farms, was \$26,762.45.

Eight towns in the State have no Asylums for the poor, though they have 46 paupers supported wholly, and 9 partially, at the public expense. If we include these with those in other towns, to whom assistance is rendered outside of the Asylums for the poor, we have a total of 2,501 persons to whom assistance, in whole or in part, was rendered during the year named, outside of the Asylums. Of these 2,501 persons, 664 were Americans, and 1,837 were foreigners. The amount paid for the outside poor, during the year, was \$41,928.89. This makes the whole amount paid by the towns, during the year ending June 1, 1873, for the support of the poor, \$68,691.34. This includes the whole amount of expense for town and State paupers, except the aid given by the towns and the State for the support of the insane poor in the State Asylum, or in private Asylums. In 1870, the total amount of expense for the support of the poor was \$87,976.55; in 1872 it was \$77,935.25; and in 1873 it was \$68,691.34; showing a decrease of \$19,285.21 in three years.

In 1874, August 3d, the State Alms House at the State Farm was opened, to which 189 State Paupers were removed from that date to January 1, 1875, and to which all paupers are now removed from the several towns and cities in the State, who have not gained a legal residence in any town. On the first of January, 1875, there were 149 paupers in the State Alms House, and during the year 277 were admitted and 14 were born there; 235 were discharged and 33 died, leaving 164 in the Alms House at the end of the year 1875. The opening of the State Alms House reduces the expenses of pauperism paid by the towns, and increases the amount paid by the State.

Convicts.

On the first of January, 1875, there were 67 convicts in the State Prison, and from that date to November 1, 1875, there were 20 committed, 27 discharged, and 3 died, leaving 57 in the State Prison on the first of November.

In the Providence County Jail there were 140 inmates on the first of January, 1875. From that date to the first of November 1,864 persons were committed to the Jail and 1,871 were discharged, leaving 133 in the Jail on the first of November.

In the Work House and House of Correction at the State Farm there were 199 inmates, January 1, 1875. From that date to November 1, 1875, there were 466 committed and 63 escaped inmates returned. During the same period 370 were discharged, 2 died, and 79 escaped, leaving 277 inmates in the Work House and House of Correction on the first of November, 1875.

In the Providence Reform School there were 217 inmates, November 1, 1875.

The above comprise nearly all the persons convicted of crime of every grade, and also of vagrants, drunkards, truants, &c., who were inmates of the correctional institutions of the State, on the first of November, 1875. The total is, State Prison, 57; Providence County Jail, 133; State Work House and House of Correction, 277; Providence Reform School, 217; Total, 684.

Voters.

Tables XXVII. and XXVIII., on pages 71 and 72, show the number of voters in each town and county in the State, and in each Ward of the cities of Providence and Newport, the statistics according to nativity.

The intention in taking the census, as shown in the Instructions in the Appendix, page 145, was to mark as *Voters* "every male person in the State, of 21 years of age and over, who had the constitutional qualifications of time of residence, property, &c., to make them voters, whether their names had ever been placed on the voting lists or not."

Under these instructions the number of voters obtained is probably greater than the number ever registered, or on the voting lists; and, as we shall see hereafter, the number is very much greater than the highest number of votes ever cast at any election in the State.

The result is 42.741 voters in the State, of whom 37,377 were born in the United States, and 5,364 in foreign countries. Of the 37,377 voters born in the United States 13,199 were born in the towns where they now reside, 12,235 were born in other towns in the State, and 11,943 were born in other States. Of the 5,364 born in foreign countries, 1,121 were born in England; 268 in Scotland and Wales; 3,300 in Ireland; 232 in Germany; 267 in British America; and 176 in all other foreign countries.

The whole number of voters, 42,741, in the State, is 16.55 per cent. of the total population, 258,239. In Massachusetts the whole number of voters is 351,113, or 21.25 per cent. of the total population. Of the total population of Rhode Island, who were born in the United States, 20.03 per cent. are voters; of the total population who were born in foreign countries, 7.48 per cent. are voters.

Of the whole male population in Rhode Island 34.04 per cent. are voters; in Massachusetts 44+ per cent. are voters. The male population of Rhode Island, of the age of 20 years and over, is 74,753, of whom 42,741, or 57.17 per cent. are voters. In Massachusetts, 76.34 per cent. of the male population, over 20 years of age, are voters.

Of the whole number of voters in Rhode Island, 87.45 per cent. are native born, and 12.55 per cent. are foreign born. In Massachusetts, of all the voters, 80.3 per cent. are native born, and 19.7 per cent. are foreign born.

It will be noticed, by the table, that in two towns, Jamestown and Middletown, there are no voters of foreign birth, and in seven other towns the number of voters of foreign birth in cach is ten or less.

The greatest percentage of voters of foreign birth in any town is in Pawtucket, 19 per cent. of all. In Providence, 16.07 per cent. of the voters are of foreign birth, and in Woonsocket 17 per cent. In the Tenth Ward in Providence 34.7 per cent. of the voters are of foreign birth.

In Bristol, East and West Greenwich, in all the towns in Newport county, and in Foster, Glocester, Charlestown, Exeter and South Kingstown, more than half the voters were born in the towns where they now reside. Of 315 voters in New Shoreham 300 were born in the town.

The proportion of voters to total population will be found to vary greatly in the different towns. Thus take two towns that are together in the list of towns, Johnston and Lincoln. In Johnston the total population is 4,999; the number of voters is 1,045, or 20.90 in each 100 of the total population. In Lincoln the total population is 11,565, and the number of voters is 1,124, or only 9.71 in each 100 of the total population. In Jamestown 30.53 in each 100 of the total population are voters; in Foster 28.38 in each 100 are voters; in New Shoreham 27.46 in each 100; in Woonsocket only 8.28 in each 100 of the whole population are voters.

In 1865 the census only included the naturalized voters. The whole number of this class, in the census of that year, was 1,260, of whom 896 were born in Ireland; 239 in England; 44 in Scotland and Wales; 36 in Germany; 16 in British America;

and 29 in other foreign countries. The voters of foreign birth have increased 4,104, or 325.7 per cent. in ten years. It is probable, however, that the voters were not as fully taken in 1865 as in 1875.

The whole number of voters in Rhode Island, by the census of 1875 was 42,741. Of course it is not probable that this number is greater than the true number. It may be interesting to enquire how generally the right of voting is exercised by those who are legal voters. The following shows the total number of votes cast in the State, for several officers, at the annual State elections, and at the elections for President of the United States, from 1859 to 1876, inclusive:

YEAR.	Governor.	Licutenant Governor.	Secretary of State.	State Treasurer.
1859	12,498	12,248	12,463	12,391
1860	23,157	23,305	23,341	23,346
1861	22,349	22,426	22,367	22,342
1862	11,264	11,156	11,250	11,242
1863	18,725	18,335	18,792	18,864
1864	17,540	17,638	10,841	17,279
1865	10,985	10,815	10,684	10,826
1866	10,681	10,659	10,674	10,753
1867	10,914	10,881	10,924	10,905
1868	15,769	15,640	15,562	15,725
1869	10,760	10,781	10,548	10,806
1870	16,880	16,886	17,037	17,871
1871	14,194	14,360	14,327	14,345
1872	17,851	17,661	17,778	16,705
1873	13,471	13,318	13,364	13,359
1874	14,101	14,181	14,125	14,160
1875	22,264	22,235	22,061	22,049
1876	19,037	18,986	19,081	18,879

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTIONS.

1860	Whole	number	of	votes	cast	for	President	in	Rhode	Island,	19,951
1864	46	6.6	"	"	"	"		"	44	4.6	22,075
1868	4.6	"	"	"	"	"	"	٤٤		46	19,541
1872	44	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	18,996
1876	"	66	"	66	"	"	44	٤٤	"	66	26,615

The number of votes for President in the several years, is taken from the newspapers, as I have found no official statement of the votes at the Presidential elections in any printed State documents.

It seems that the highest number of votes ever cast for any State officer was 23,346 for General Treasurer in 1860. The smallest number of votes cast for any State officer, between 1859 and 1876 inclusive, was 10,548 for Secretary of State in 1869.

The highest vote for President was 26,615 in 1876; the lowest vote for President was 18,996 in 1872.

As the whole number of voters in the State is 42,741 it seems that the highest number of votes ever cast, 26,615 for President, in 1876, is only 62.27 per cent. of the whole number of voters, and that, at that election, 16,126 voters, or 37.73 in each 100 of the whole number neglected to vote. At the ordinary State elections, considerably less than one-half of the voters in the State are accustomed to vote.

In the city of Providence 16.52 per cent. of the total population are voters; in Newport 15.91 per cent. are voters.

In Providence 16.07 per cent. of all the voters are of foreign birth; in Newport 17.20 per cent. of the voters are of foreign birth.

Occupations of the Population.

The subject of the occupations of the people is one of very great interest and importance, and at the same time its consideration is always in the highest degree unsatisfactory, because it is apparently impossible to obtain any uniformity in the returns of occupations in the census. Besides this, when the returns are received the classification of them is exceedingly difficult, and perhaps no classification has ever been made that was not open to prominent and serious objections. For these and other

reasons, in the State Census Report of 1865, I merely gave an alphabetical list of the occupations as received from the enumerators of the population, and made no attempt to explain the inconsistencies and absurdities of the returns, nor to give any classification of the occupations returned.

In the census of 1875 an effort was made, by written and verbal instructions, to get more full returns of the occupations, and to avoid the most prominent defects of the returns in the previous census. This effort was, to a considerable extent, successful. The number of Operatives (not specified) was reduced from 2,950 in 1865 to 47 in 1875. The number of Merchants (not specified) was reduced from 1,155 to 1,000, and generally, the occupations were much more minutely specified, and more correctly given, in the census of 1875, than in that of 1865.

In publishing the returns, in the present census, I have divided the occupations into four classes, in accordance with the classification proposed and adopted by Gen. Francis A. Walker, the Superintendent of the United States Census of 1870. I have also given the returns by counties, and separating the city of Providence from the rest of the State.

The facts relating to the occupations of the people, as obtained by the census of 1875, will be found in Tables XXIX. and XXX., on pages 73 to 80, inclusive. Table XXIX. gives the number of persons, including both males and females, engaged in each special occupation, and in each of the four classes of occupations, in each county in the State, and in the city of Providence. Table XXX. gives separately the number of females engaged in each special occupation in the State, and divided into classes.

The four classes of occupations given, in accordance with the classification of the United States Census of 1870, are *First*, of persons engaged in Agriculture; *Second*, of persons engaged in Professional and Personal Services; *Third*, of persons engaged in Trade and Transportation; *Fourth*, of persons engaged in Manufactures and Mechanical and Mining Industries.

It would not be difficult to find objections both to this classification, and in some cases, to the arrangement of the occupations under the different classes. It is not proposed, by the Superintendent of the United States Census, as perfect or free from objections; but it is offered as a useful classification, and under the special circumstances of occupations and industries in this country, perhaps as useful and better than any other classification proposed. The reasons given by Gen. Walker for its adoption may be found under the head of Occupations in the report upon the United States Census of 1870.

The whole number of persons in Rhode Island whose occupations are given in the census of 1875, is 116,602, or 51,543 more than in the census of 1865, an increase of 79.22 per cent. As the increase in the total population from 1865 to 1875 was only 39.61 per cent., it is evident that the returns of the occupations of the people were much more full in the census of 1875 than in that of 1865.

In the census of 1865 the occupations given included 35.17 per cent. of the total population of the State; in 1875, the occupations given included 45.15 per cent.

In the census of 1865, the column for occupations in the population blank, was headed: "Occupation of every person (Male and Female) of 15 years of age and over," thus excluding children. In the census blank of 1875, the similar column was headed: "Occupation of every person, Male and Female, including children." The result was, as we shall see hereafter, that, in the census of 1875, the occupations were given of 6,133 children, under 15 years of age.

We may class the population of the State, in regard to occupation in 1875, as follows:

Number whose occupations are given	116,602
Housekeepers, one to each family	55,245
Children under 15 years of age; occupation not given	69,994
Persons of 70 years of age and over	7,133
Not accounted for	9,265
-	

Total population of the State......258,239

We may safely conclude that females living at home without special occupation, and persons incapacitated for labor by bodily or mental disease, would equal 9,265 persons in the State, the number in the above table "not accounted for."

The following shows the number of persons reported as engaged in several prominent occupations in Rhode Island, according to the national census of 1870, and the State census of 1875:

FIRST CLASS.	1875.	1870.	FOURTH CLASS.	1875.	1870.
Farmers and Farm La-			Bakers	317	215
horers	11,115	11,429	Blacksmiths	1,263	931
Gardeners and Nursery-	21,110	11,120	Bleachers, Dyers and	-,	
men	563	332		741	580
McErroria III	500	002	Boot and Shoe Makers	690	587
SECOND CLASS.			Carpenters and Joiners	4,771	3,682
Clergymen	316	950	Carriage Makers	348	141
Clarks (not aposified)				299	264
Clerks, (not specified)	3,005		Cigar Makers	835	363
Hostlers	489		Engineers and Firemen.	000	500
Laborers (not specified)	7,928	8,136	File-makers, Cutters,	005	1.50
Launderers and Laun-			Grinders	305	158
_ dresses	724		Gold and Silver Workers	3,191	1,374
Lawyers	186	163	Iron Workers, Ma-		
Nnrses	341	148			
Physicians and Surg'ns.	367	260			
Restaurant and Saloon			Makers, Nail Makers,		
Keepers	360	209	and others	3,788	2,546
Servants, Domestic	6,580	6.201	Manufacturers (not spe-	.	
Teachers (not specified)	1,385	861		677	826
	-,		Marble and Stone Work-		
THIRD CLASS.			ers	733	238
Book-keepers and Ac-			Masons, Brick and Stone	1,839	1,309
countants	886	668	Milliners, Dress and	-,	-,
Butchers	586	313		2,886	1,673
Draymen, Hackmen and	300	010	Operatives in Cotton	2,000	2,0.0
Teamsters	2,237	809		16,600	13,562
Fishermen and Oyster-	2,201	303	Operatives in Iron	10,000	10,00-
	790	C0.7		980	654
men	789			200	009
Mariners	700		Operatives in Rubber	1 (.57	0.04
Peddlers	401	202		1,057	334
Railroad Employés	660	449	Operatives in Screw	-00	
Traders and Dealers,			Factories	730	513
(not specified)	1,000	637	Operatives in Print		
Traders and Dealers,			Works	2,373	1,545
Boots and Shoes	106	104	Operatives in Woolen		
Traders and Dealers.			Mills	8,712	5,993
Clothiug	135	55	Painters, Varnishers		
Traders and Dealers,			and Glaziers	1,658	1,205
Cotton	92	66	Plumbers and Gas Fit-		•
Traders and Dealers,			ters	385	154
Drugs and Medicines.	199	71	Printers	392	250
Traders and Dealers,			Tailors, Tailoresses and		
Dry Goods	150	233		1,856	797
Traders and Dealers,	100	1 200	Scaling of Coldes	1,000	101
Groceries	1,018	878			
Traders and Dealers,	1,010	010			
Provisious	378	402			
1 10 / 15 10 u5 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	010	402	li .	·	

The recapitulation of the number of persons in Rhode Island, in each of the four classes of occupations, shows the following:

	Classes.	1875.	1870.
1.	Engaged in Agriculture	11,745	11,780
2.	Eugaged in Professional and Personal Services	26,276	19,679
3.	Engaged in Trade and Transportation	13,253	10,108
4.	Engaged in Manufacturing and Mechanical and Miniug		
	Industries	65,328	47,007
	Engaged in all classes of occupations	116,602	88,574

The slightest examination of the list of occupations and the classification of them shows inconsistencies, absurdities and impossibilities sufficient to make any one despair of finding any useful truth in them. The numbers of persons engaged in many occupations evidently cannot be correct if they were so in 1870, and other facts show that they were manifestly incorrect, both in 1870 and in 1875. The attempt to classify the occupations does not increase our satisfaction with them. It would require many pages to give satisfactory reasons for placing various occupations in the classes to which they are assigned in the table.

Without attempting to explain the inconsistencies in the figures themselves, or the use that is made of them, we leave the tables for others to use as they may think best.

In the tables of manufactures, to be considered hereafter, we find the number of hands employed as reported by the manufacturers themselves, and probably the figures there given show more correctly the number of persons engaged in occupations connected with the manufacturing interests than the figures in the table of occupations.

Table XXX., on page 80 of the tabular portion of this volume, gives the number of females reported in the census as engaged in each special occupation and class of occupations in Rhode Island.

The whole number of females, whose occupation is given, is 28,090, of whom 8,523 are in the second class, engaged in Professional and Personal Services; 218 are in the third class, engaged in Trade and Transportation; and 19,349 are in the fourth class, engaged in Manufactures and Mechanical Industries. In the table of General Manufactures, on page 105, the number of females employed in manufacturing and mechanical occupations is given as 18,687.

In the national census of 1870, the reported occupations of females were: first class, engaged in Agriculture, 13; second class, in Professional and Personal Services, 7,330; third class, Trade and Transportation, 230; fourth class, Manufactures and Mechanical Industries, 14,142; total, all classes, 21,715.

Condensing and combining some of the occupations named, the number of females employed in some of the most important, is as

follows: Clerks, all kinds, 311; Laundresses, 677; Domestic Servants, 5,906; Teachers, all kinds, 1,299; Traders and Dealers, all kinds, 68; Cigar makers, 102; Gold and silver workers, 287; Milliners, Dress-makers and Mantua-makers, 2,879; Tailoresses and Seamstresses, 1,198; Total for nine occupations, 12,727.

The Cotton Mill operatives number 8,812; Woolen Mill operatives, 3,675; and other operatives as follows: Bleachers, Dyers and Scourers, Box-makers, Braid factory, Card-board factory, Chemical works, Hair-cloth factory, Not specified, Paper mill, Print works, Rubber factory, Screw factory, Tape and Lacing factory, and Thread factory,—total, 2,087; Total of all female operatives, 14,574.

The whole number of different occupations of females as given in the census of 1875, is 98; but of the whole number of females, 28,090, whose occupations are given, 14,574 are reported as operatives of different kinds, and 12,727 are reported in the first nine occupations given above. This makes 27,301 and leaves only 789 in all the other occupations named in the table.

The facts given in the table afford abundant material for thought and comment by those interested in the important subject of the occupations of females.

Employment of Children.

In the census of the population of the State the enumerators were directed to find the "occupation of every person, Male and Female, including Children." In accordance with these instructions the returns show the occupation of 6,133 children in Rhode Island under the age of 15 years. As the laws of the State place restrictions upon the employment of children, under the age of 15, these returns seem to be interesting and important. They are particularly important in connection with the subject of school statistics and want of education, which we have already considered. The laws of Rhode Island relating to the employment of children under the age of 15, are as follows:

[&]quot;Section 21. No minor under the age of twelve years shall be employed in or about any manufacturing establishment, in any manufacturing process, or in any labor incident to a manufacturing process."

[&]quot;Section 22. No minor under the age of fifteen years shall be employed in any manufacturing establishment in this State, unless such minor shall have

attended school for a term of at least three months in the year next preceding the time when such minor shall be so employed; and no such minor shall be so employed for more than nine months in any one calendar year."*

The meaning, object and intent of these Statutes are perfectly plain, and cannot be misunderstood. The law is an expression of the principle universally recognized among the American population of New England that every child in the community has a right to a common school education, that the best interests of the community as well as of the child require that he should receive such an education, and that no private interests of parents or employers should be permitted to deprive the child of his rights, or his privileges in obtaining an education. The objects of the law are good and commend themselves to the best judgment of every good citizen of the State.

But it has long been well known that the law is a dead letter in this State, and that no attention whatever is given to its provisious, either by parents or by manufacturers. The following returns of the census confirm this fact, and should awaken the attention of the people to the subject.

The first table, on pages ex. and exi., shows the number of children, under the age of 15 years, who are engaged in each occupation, and each class of occupations, in each town and county in the State.

The second table, on page exii., shows the number, the Sex, and the Parentage of the children in the whole State, in each year of age, from 5 to 14 years, inclusive, who are employed in the various occupations named in the preceding table:

^{*} General Statutes, Chapter 155, Page 343.

TABLE.—Showing the number of children, under 15 years of age, engaged in each occupation and class of occupations, in each town and county in the State.

								=		
TOFFIC	I. AGRI-	2. P FES	ERSO SION	NAL A	AND I	PRO-	3. TRA	TRA NSPO		ON.
TOWNS AND	<u>.</u>	= #		١	+-			x.	**	3rd
DIVISIONS	und Gar- deners.	Terks, and Office-boys	TR.	18	thers, no specified	ofal of 2d class.	٠.	Ē	<u>.</u> =	. o
OF THE STATE.	1 2 2 3	£ 5	5.5	Val	5 5	===	. <u>E</u> E	ź	ĝ¥,	3.5
OF THE STATE.	Farmers and G	_55 __	Laborers .	Servants.	Others, not specified	Total of	Errand- boys.	Teamsters.	Others, not specified.	ਭੂਰ <u>=</u>
Barrington	2							••••		
Bristol	2		••••			3	• • • •		2	2
Warren	2	• • • •	••••	1	• • • • '	1	••••	• • • •	••••	••••
BRISTOL COUNTY	6			4	••••	4		••••	2	2
Coventry	. 1]	1		1
East Greenwich	1			1	1	2			3	3
West Greenwich							• • • •		• • • •	• • • •
Warwick	8	3	1	15	• • • •	19	1	• • • •	3	4
KENT COUNTY	10	3	1	16	1	21	1	1	6	8
Jamestown										
Little Compton		'		4		4				
Middletown				1.		1.				
New Shoreham				5		5				
Portsmouth	3									.
Tiverton	5	1	••••	5		6	• • • •	••••	1	1
Towns, Newport County.	12	1		15		16	• • • •		1	1
NEWPORT CITY	4	16	5	25	3	49	2	2	4	8
Burrillville	. 3	1		2		3	2			2
Cranston	. 4		22	5	1	28		1		1
Cumberland	. 2		1	3		4				
East Providence		3		3		6	2	1	4	7
Foster										
Glocester	. 5		2			2		1		1
Johnston	. 9		3			7	1	ļ ¹	1	2
Lincoln	4	3	9	8	1	21		1	1	2
No. Providence				• • • • '				• • • •	••••	• • • •
North Smithfield						2			• • • • •	• • • •
Pawtucket	. 4	9	4	8	1	22	5	• • • •	4	9
Scituate	3		1		• • • •	1		• • • •	• • • •	• • • •
Smithfield	. 2		• • • •		• • • •	• • • •		1	1	3
Woonsocket		9	7	6	3	25.	3		3	6
Towns, Providence County	37	28	49	38	6	121	14	5	14	33
PROVIDENCE CITY	9	64	69	97	16	246	46	15	64	125
Charlestown	. 11			3		3				
Exeter	4	1								
Hopkinton			1		1	9	9			2
North Kingstown			î	8		9				
South Kingstown	. 8		3			9			1	1
Richmond	. 8									
Westerly			4	11		15			1	1
Washington County	42		9	28	1	38				4
Whole State	. 120	112	133	223	27	495	∄ ∴ 65	23	93	181
THE PARTY OF THE P							, ,			

TABLE.—Continued. Showing the number of children, under 15 years of age, engaged in each occupation and class of occupations, in each town and county in the State.

		4. M	ANUFA	CTURES	AND I	IECHA				١.	8.3
TOWNS AND	m in	Ø	m c	8 - 3		[to	m	en u	ن ب	4th	le Number all Classes
DIVISIONS	iver	iver aid ry.	peratives in Cotton Mill.	the Vor	r d	lver l, n	int	ive	fed		N S
OF THE STATE.	rat	rat Br	EÇE.	20 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	l an	Mil	P P P	rat W	eci	otal of	all
OF THE STATE.	Operatives in Bleach'ry.	Operatives in Braid Factory.	Ope.	File-makers and other IronWork- ers.	Gold and Silver Workers.	Operatives in Mill, not specified.	Operatives in Print Works.	Operatives in Woolen Mill.	Others, not specified.	Fotal of class.	Whole of all
Barrington		-	3							3	<u> </u>
Bristol			60						38	_	Ji .
Warren		1	198						1	200	
Bristol Co		1	261						39	301	313
Coventry			.			194		. .	2	196	198
EastGreenwich							7		2	68	74
West Greenwich			10						• • • •	10	
Warwick	5		168	1		390	67	11	1	643	674
KENT COUNTY	5		237	1		584	74	11	5	917	956
Jamestown											
Little Compton									• • • •	• • • • •	4
Middletown New Shoreham									••••	• • • • •	5
Portsmouth											3
Tiverton			. 		ļ	28				28	40
Towns, New-						28				28	57
NEWPORT CITY			43	2	1				9	55	116
Burrillville	ĺ	l	26	1		106		108		241	249
Cranston			4			70			1	86	119
Cumberland	_		265						• • • •	282	288
East Providence						1 3			1	5	18
Foster									2	5 19	5 27
Johnston			31		1	55	3	2	7	100	118
Lincoln			26	12	1			1	15	710	737
North Providence				• • • • • •			•••	• • • • •	1	36	36
North Smithfield Pawtucket		6	57 50	11	 1	112 279	18	5 16	70	$\begin{array}{c} 174 \\ 453 \end{array}$	177 488
Scituate		2	96			213	10		1	99	103
Smithfield		,	51			75		12		138	143
Woonsocket		39	231		• • • •	280		63	37	650	681
Towns, Prov-	53	47	841	39	4	1,651	21	207	135	2,998	3,189
PROVIDENCE CITY	26	15	59	65	64	335	21	122	145	852	1,232
Charlestown			1			1			1	3	17
Exeter			1			G				7	11
Hopkinton	• • • •		• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	25	• • • • •	• • • • •	2	27	40
North Kingstown.			· • • • ·	•••••	• • • • •	$\frac{22}{19}$	• • • • •		1	$\frac{23}{21}$	32 39
South Kingstown. Richmond						30			1	30	38
Westerly			,	1		61		5	8	75	93
Washington Co	1			1		164		6	12	186	270
Whole State	85	63	1,443	108	69	2,762	116	346	345	5,337	6,133

TABLE.—Showing the number, the Sex, and the Parentage of the children of each age, from 5 to 14 years, inclusive, who are employed in the whole State, in various occupations.

	MALES.—AGES.										
PARENTAGE.	14.	13.	12,	11.	10.	9.	8.	7.	6.	5.	Total
American	264	131	95		${22}$						554
English	118	83	64	34	23	7	3		lî	::::	33:
Irish	572	396	295	149	79	28	6	1			1,526
Scotch	27	19	21	9	7	2					88
French Canadian	198	165	175	99	112	42	28	1	1	2	828
British American	13	5	10	6	4]				38
German	21	8	10								39
Portugnese	2		2								4
Swedish	6	3	5	4	2					1	20
Other foreign	6	4	4	2		• • • •			· · · ·		16
Total	1,227	814	681	336	249	87	37	2			3,437

	FEMALES.—AGES.										
PARENTAGE.	14.	13.	12.	IJ.	10.	9.	8:	7.	6.	5.	Total.
American	156	100	$-{29}$		 11			 1	- -		335
English	90	66		16	13						232
Irish	449	286	218	99	61	10	1	2			1,126
Scotch	25	11	13	4	5	2	1				61
French Canadian	245	167	170	108	89	35	21	3	2	1	841
British American	18	6	2		2						28
German	14_{1}	6	11	3	1	1					36
Portuguese	3	1		1							5
Swedish	6	2	5	1	1	1	1				17
Other foreign	5	6	1	2	1	• • • •			. .		15
Total	1,011	651	491	263	184	59		6	3	1	2,696

	MALES AND FEMALES.—AGES.										
PARENTAGE.	14.	13,	12.	п.	10.	9.	8.	7.	6.	5.	Total.
American	420	231	124	62		—— 13	3				889
English	208	149	106	50			3				564
Irish	1,021	682	513	248	140	38	7	3			2,65
Scotch	52	30	34	13	12	4	1]			140
French Canadian	443	332	345	207	201	77	49	4	3	3	1,66
British American	31	11	12	6	6						60
German	35	14	21	3	1	1					74
Portuguese	5	1	2	1							
Swedish	12	5]	10	5	3	1	1				3
Other foreign	11	10	5	4	1				••••		3
Total	2,238	1,465	1,172	5 99	433	146	64	8	5		6,13

These tables show that there are 6,133 children in the State, under the age of 15 years, who are employed in various occupations, as reported in the census of population, in most cases, probably, by the parents themselves. Of this number, 3,437 are boys, and 2,696 are girls.

Of the whole number, 120 are employed in the first class, Agricultural occupations; 495 in the second class, Personal and Professional Services; and 181 in the third class, Trade and Transportation. This leaves 5,337 engaged in the fourth class, Manufactures and Mechanical Industries.

If we turn to Table XXXV., on pages 104 and 105, of General Manufacturing Statistics, we find that the number of children, in the State, employed in manufactures, under the age of 15, as reported by the manufacturers themselves, was boys, 3,879; girls, 2,631; total, 6,510; or 377 more than were reported by the parents, in the census of population. It is probable that the number reported in the returns of manufactures is the nearest correct.

In one town, Jamestown, no child under the age of 15 was reported as having an occupation. In seven other towns the number reported was ten, or less, and generally there were very few in the farming towns, and large numbers in the manufacturing villages.

The second table on page exi., shows the sex rage and parentage of the children, under 15 years, whose occupation is given in the census. It seems that there are 1,258 children-715 boys, and 543 girls, under the age of 12 years, employed mostly in manufacturing establishments; the employment of whom in any manufacture is expressly forbidden by the laws of the State. Besides these there are 1,172 employed who are 12 years old and under 13; also 1,465 who are 13 and under 14; and 2,238 who are 14 and under 15, making a total of 4,875 children, with regular employment, who are 12 years old but less than 15. These are nearly all in manufacturing towns, and in the same towns that show the very large percentage of absentees from school. There can be very little doubt that nearly all these 4,875 children are illegally deprived of the opportunity to obtain an education which the laws of the State provide for them. It cannot be said that no one has sinned, when these children grow up in ignorance, and with the tendency to wrong that ignorance so often produces.

It is certain that both the parents and the employers of the children have grievously sinned both against the children and against the State.

Looking at the ages of the children employed we find 599 who are 11 years and less than 12; also, 433 between 10 and 11; 146 between 9 and 10; 64 between 8 and 9; 8 between 7 and 8; 5 between 6 and 7; and 3 children between 5 and 6 years old who are reported as having a regular occupation in manufacturing establishments.

The objections to the employment of young children in manufacturing or mechanical occupations do not relate alone to the question of education; but pertain to every interest, physical, intellectual, spiritual and moral, of the child. The children are unfitted physically for such employment. Their growth is stunted by it, and their health is injured. Besides, the children have not the judgment necessary to work among the machinery of the mills, and they must be specially liable to accidents. We take much interest in the prevention of cruelty to animals; but, by the employment of children in manufactories, we permit cruelty to children far more revolting in its nature, and infinitely worse in its consequences, than any cruelty that can be inflicted on dumb animals. We do not permit parents to abuse their dumb animals; but we do allow them to abuse the physical and the intellectual natures of their children so as to keep them as near as possible in the condition of brutes

If a parent neglects his child until he becomes a truant, or a vagrant, or commits some petty crime, the law takes away the child and puts it under the guardianship of the Reform School during minority. It is a hard saying, but it is literally and emphatically true, that the condition of the child committed to the Reform School is far better than that of the child, under the age of twelve years, who remains with its parents to be employed in a cotton mill, or other manufactory. The children in the cotton mills may well envy the lot of those who are committed to the Reform School.

Let us see what class of children is most suffering from this cruelty of parents. The table on page exii. shows the parentage as well as the sex and age of the children under 15 years of age, who are reported as having an occupation in Rhode Island. A table already given on page xeiv. shows, as obtained by calcula-

tion, the population of the State under 15 years of age, by parentage.

The following table shows the population of the State, under the age of 15 years, by parentage; the number of children, by parentage, under the age of 15 years, who are reported by the census as having a regular occupation; and the percentage and ratio of the children employed to the population of the same ages:

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND.

	Population under the age of	CHILDREN WITH OCCUPATIONS UNDER 15 YEARS OF AGE.								
PARENTAGE.	15 years.	Number.	Percentage of Population.	Ratio to Population.						
American	39,715	889	2.23	One in 44.67						
Irish	22,352	2,652	11.86	One in 8.42						
English and Scotch	7,012	710	10.12	One in 9.87						
German	1,199	75	6.25	Onc in 15.98						
French Canadian	4,097	1,664	40.61	One in 2.46						
British American	693	66	9.52	One in 10.50						
Swedish and Norwegian .	272	37	13 60	One in 7.35						
Other foreign	. 787	40	5.08	One in 19.67						
Total foreign	36,412	5,244	14.40	One in 6.94						
Total American & foreign.	76,127	6,133	8.05	One in 12.41						

This table shows very plainly the class of children who suffer most from the avarice of their parents, and the violation of the law against the employment of children. The table shows that in a French Canadian population, under 15 years of age, of 4,097 there are 1,664 children at work in factories, or 40.61 per cent. of the whole number. This is one child in 2.46, and is a very much greater proportion than in the children of any other parentage. There are far too many of other races; the Irish have 11.86 per cent., or one in 8.42 of their whole population by parentage, under 15 years of age, at work; the English and Scotch, 10.12 per cent.; the British American, not including the French Canadian, have 9.52 per cent., &c. Of the whole foreign population, by parentage, under the age of 15 years, 14.40 per cent.,

or one in 6.94, have regular employment, the greater portion of them in manufactories. Of the whole American population, by parentage, under the age of 15 years, only 2.23 per cent., or one in 44.67, are reported as having any regular occupation except attending school.

This table compares the children at work with the whole population under 15 years of age. The comparison of different nationalities is correct in this way, but the statement would have been more exact in regard to each if the comparison had been with the population from 5 to 15 years of age. But we have no table of the ages of the population, fully by parentage. proportion of the whole population under the age of 5 years is 10.74 per cent. If we call this the proportion of that age of the French Canadian population, we find that population, between the ages of 5 and 15, to be 2,604, of whom 1,664 or 63.9 per cent. are reported as having a regular occupation, mostly in cotton and These facts confirm the common opinion that the woolen mills. French Canadian population, as compared with other classes in the State, need most, and neglect most the benefits of education, and that they, more than any other class, neglect the physical and intellectual wants of their children, and abuse them by compelling them to work at the earliest possible age.

Further comment upon this subject is unnecessary. We trust it will receive the attention its importance demands.

IV. COMMENTS AND EXPLANATIONS UPON THE TABLES.—Continued.

(b.) AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.

The Agricultural Statistics of Rhode Island, as obtained by the census of 1875, will be found in Tables XXXI., XXXII. and XXXIII., on pages 81 to 96, inclusive, in the second part of this report.

The statistics of land, buildings, tools, live stock, &c., are tor the first day of June, 1875; the statistics of some of the minor products are for the year ending on that date; while the statistics of the principal farm productions are, necessarily, for the year 1874.

The blank schedule for agricultural statistics in the census of 1875 was considerably changed and improved from that of 1865.

Some unimportant items were omitted, some items were added; in some subjects, as in the acres of land, kinds of hay, &c., more divisions were made, and an attempt was made to obtain much more fully the number of horses and cows "not on farms." I think the statistics of agriculture, in the census of 1875, are much more fully and much more correctly reported than in any previous census of Rhode Island, State or National.

Of course a State of only a little more than 1,000 square miles of territory, with a hard, rocky, or sandy soil, and with a more unfavorable climate, cannot be expected to compare in the quantity, the variety, and the value of its agricultural productions, with the many times larger territory, the richer soil, and the more favorable climate of the States of the West and South West.

But even in Rhode Island the agricultural interest is no unimportant portion of the industry of the State. By the census of 1875 the agricultural industry in Rhode Island employed 11,115 farmers and farm laborers, besides 628 gardeners and nurserymen. It occupied 6,363 farms, valued, including buildings, at \$28,892,-336, with live stock valued at \$2,728,812, and farming implements valued at \$886,326. These figures show a considerable increase over those of the census of 1865, and indicate that the agricultural industry of the State is increasing in importance. It is true that the increase of manufacturing villages and of the manufacturing population has created a greater home demand for certain agricultural products to the exclusion of others, and thus the kind of crops, and the modes of farming have been greatly changed. But it is probable that the variety, the amount, and the value of the total agricultural products of the State were never greater than at the present time, if as great.

The Statistics of Agriculture, in Table XXXI., are given by towns. An examination of the figures for each town would reveal many interesting facts, and many peculiarities in the products of the several towns. But time and space do not permit this examination and comparison. They must be left to those who have a special interest in the subject and better qualifications for its consideration. We will here only consider the aggregate statistics of the whole State.

The following shows the aggregates of several of the prominent items in the agricultural industry of the State, as reported by the national censuses of 1860 and 1870, and by the State censuses of 1865 and 1875:

	1875.	1870.	1865.	1860.
Farmers and farm laborers, No.	11,115	11,429	10,754	10,385
Farms of 3 acres and over, No.	6,292	5,342	6,280	
Acres of improved land, No	300,193	289,030		
Acres of unimproved land, No.	180,735	213,278		186,096
Total land in farms, acres	480,928	502,308	492,576	521,224
Farms and buildings, value	\$28,892,336			
Live stock, value Farming tools and imple-	\$2,728,812	\$3,135,132	\$2,666,488	\$2,042,044
meuts, value	\$886,326	\$786,246	\$717,127	\$586,791
Hay produced, tons	80,968	89,045	75.894	82.722
Wheat, bushels	190	784		
Rye, bushels	16,418	20,214		28,259
Indian Corn, bushels	242,526	311,957		461,497
Oats, bushels	86,193	157,010		244,453
Irish potatoes, bushels	694,642	669,408		542,909
Barley, bushels	8,456	33,559		40,993
Horses on farms, number	9,449	7,770	11,133	7,121 $4,938$
Horses not on farms, number	11,711	3,343		19,700
Milch cows, number	$19,108 \\ 3,974$	$18,806 \\ 5,821$		
Other cattle, number	6,737	9,748		11,548
Animals killed or sold, value	8649,780	\$755,552	\$758,463	8711,728
Butter made during year, lbs	864,722	941.199		1,021,767
Cheese made during year, lbs	48,519	81,976		181.511
Milk sold during year, gallons	2,818,949	1,944,044		1,297,758
*Sheep, number	27,185	23,938		32,624
Swiue, number	11,976	14,607	16,269	17,478
Wool produced, lbs	52,546	77,328	114,781	90,699
Orchard products, value	\$295,424			
Market garden products, value.	\$213,609			
Onious, bushels	. ,		152,603	
Carrots, bushels		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	90,020	
Beets, bushels.				
Turnips, all kinds, bushels			202,480	
Green Peas, bushels			14,077	
String beaus, bushels				
Garden seeds, value				¦
Strawberries, quarts				£179 (1/
Eggs and poultry, value	0101,208		\$311,794	
Poultry on hand, value Honey, lbs	18.277		\$129,187	
Peat dug, cords		6,290	14.830 9,522	
rear aug, coras		• • • • • • • • • • • • •		2,250

^{*} In 1875, includes Lambs, raised for food and not for wool.

The preceding comparison of the results from different censuses would afford topics for extended comment. It is, perhaps, as well to leave it with very few remarks, to the study of those interested in the subject and familiar with it.

It will be noticed that the number of farms in the State, by the two State censuses of 1865 and 1875, is very nearly the same, and that the number by the two national censuses is very nearly alike, and that the number by the State censuses exceeds the

number obtained in the national censuses by nearly one thousand, thus:

```
State Census of 1865....Farms, 6,280; Census of 1875....Farms, 6,292.

National Census of 1860...Farms, 5,364; Census of 1870....Farms, 5,342.
```

Somewhat similar facts will be noticed in the reported number of acres of land in farms, and in the total value of farms, for the whole State. The State censuses agree somewhat with each other, and so do the National censuses; but, the State censuses differ widely from the National.

There seems to be a considerable decrease in many of the most important agricultural productions, by the census of 1875, as compared with previous censuses. This is specially noticeable in the amount of wheat, rye, Indian corn, oats, and barley; in the number of working oxen and swine; and in the amount of onions, carrots, turnips, and peat.

In the census of 1875, a systematic effort was made to obtain the number of horses and cows in the State "not on farms." This was quite successful, the whole number of horses in the State, being 21,160, or over 9,000 more than were ever found in any previous census. The 11,711 horses not on farms, in 1875, were valued at \$2,421,635, or an average of \$206.75 each.

It would be expected that the horses not on farms would have a higher average value than those on farms, and that horses in cities would average more than those in the country. We find as follows, for horses not on farms:

Providence5,123 l	orse	es	Average	value,	\$229.22
Newport2,156	44	•••••	66	**	244.50
Pawtucket1,158	6.6		"	44	194.63
Hopkinton 165	44		"	4.6	155.45
Westerly 257	4.6	•••••	**		169.16
Bristol County 209	"	***************************************	6.6	"	181.14
Kent County 323	* *	•••••	"	"	141.92
Newport County2,203	"	••••		"	243.33
Providence County8,286	"		"	4.6	204.10
Washington County 690	"	•••••	"	"	160.37

In connection with the horses, 1,545 cows, "not on farms," were found in the State, valued at \$83,653, an average of \$54.14 each.

The total, 19,108 cows, in the State, as given in the preceding comparative table, includes those not on farms.

It will be noticed that the whole number of milch cows has increased since 1865. There is also a slight increase in the pounds of butter made; but there is a large decrease in the number of pounds of cheese made in the State, and a large increase in the amount of milk sold. During the year ending June 1, 1875, there were 2,818,949 gallons of milk, which, at 20 cents per gallon, produced the sum of \$563,790.

The average amount of wool to each sheep is very much less in 1875 than at previous dates. The reason is, that, in 1875, the number of sheep includes spring lambs that were raised for slaughter.

In the blank schedule for the statistics of Agriculture, in the census of 1875, sub-divisions were made in some of the items, and various new items were introduced. Six divisions were made in the land composing farms, and the quantity of some of them, compared with the census of 1865, was as follows:

Plowed land, 28,573 acres in 1875, and 37,786 acres in 1865.

Mowing land, including bog-meadow, 115,055 acres in 1875, and 101,243 acres in 1865.

Pasture land, 156,565 acres in 1875, and 152,467 acres in 1865.

Wood land, is 156,454 acres in 1875, and 169,399 acres by the United States census of 1870.

The table of Agricultural Statistics of 1875, (Table XXXI.), gives the number of acres, sown or planted, as well as the amount of the crop, in regard to several of the most important products of farms in Rhode Island. The following shows the number of acres devoted to certain crops, the amount raised, and the average to the acre, compared, so far as possible, with the census of 1865:

	Acres of each crop.	Amounts raised.		Average po acre, 1875		Averagacre, 1	
Hay1	15,055	80,968 to	ons.	0.70 c	of a ton.	0.75	of a ton.
$\mathrm{Rye} \dots \dots$	1,505	16,418 b	ushels.	10.09 1	oushels.	11.1	bushels.
Corn	7,785	242,526	+6	31.1	"	28.2	"
Oats	3,192	86,193	4.6	27.0	"	27.9	**
Barley	459	8,456		18.4	**		
Potatoes	7,640	694,642	"	90.9	"	93.4	**
Onions	222	73,970	4.6	333.2	**		
$\operatorname{Carrots} \dots$	151	67,125	"	444.5	66		
Beets	93	43,605	* *	468.8	"	• • • • • •	
${\bf Turnips} \dots$	396	143,291	44	364.3	"		

These figures do not include the quantities reported on page 91, under the head of "Additional Agricultural Statistics," as those amounts were raised "not on farms," but by persons planting from one-fourth of an acre to one acre of ground.

Besides the 3,192 acres of Oats sown for grain, 1,366 acres were sown with Oats for fodder.

The average amounts to the acre, in 1875, so far as the comparison can be made, are quite similar to those given in 1865. A comparison of the average yield to the acre of several products that constitute the staple products of the Western States, shows that the average even of those crops is greater in New England and in Rhode Island, than in the West. But though the average crop per acre in New England may be greater than in the West, the cost of production is so much greater that the crop may be less profitable.

The general statement of the agricultural interests of the State of Rhode Island, for the year ending June 1, 1875, may be given as follows, compared with the year ending June 1, 1865:

AGRICULTURAL INVESTMENTS.	1875.	1865.
Farms and buildings, value	\$28,892,336	\$24,389,242
Farming implements and tools, value	886,326	717,127
Live stock, value	2,728,812	4,213,613
Live Poultry on hand, value	177,956	129,187
Total investments	\$32,685,430	\$29,449,169
TOTAL PRODUCTS FOR THE YEAR.	1875.	1865.
Crops not specified below, value	\$3,144,570	\$5,657,489
Animals sold or slaughtered, value	649,780	758,463
Orchard products, value	295,424	143,585
Market-garden products, value	213,609	341,83 1
Garden seeds, value	16,612	12,917
Eggs and poultry produced, value	461,268	311,794
Miscellaneous, value	• • • • • • • • •	364,000
Forest products, value	247,066	Included above.
Total products for the year	\$5,028,329	\$7,590,079

In the cities of Providence and Newport the value of farms, as given above, was \$2,248,500 for 2,914 acres of land, in 1865, and \$3,569,400 for 4,069 acres in 1875, an increase of \$1,320,900 in ten years. Of course, these values do not represent the

value of the land for farming purposes, and a large deduction should be made in the amounts for a correct representation of the subject. There was a considerable increase of land in farms, by annexation, in the city of Providence during the ten years.

It will be seen that there was a decrease in the value of live stock on hand of \$1,484,801 between 1865 and 1875; and also a decrease of \$2,512,919 in the value of crops produced. There was also a considerable decrease in the value of animals sold or slaughtered, and in the value of the products of market-gardens; and an increase in the value of orchard products, and in the value of eggs and poultry produced. There was also a large increase, (\$4,503,094,) in the value of farms in the State. It would be, perhaps, difficult to explain exactly these differences in value; but we may state in general terms some of the causes that have produced them.

In regard to the increased value of farms it is due, to a great extent, to the speculation that has been so rife in the last ten years, increasing largely the nominal value of farms in the vicinity of the cities and large villages. Thus there has been, in ten years, an increase in the value of farms, in Johnston of \$576,278; in East Providence of \$530,100; and in Cranston, notwithstanding a large loss of territory, of \$399,275, making an increase in these three towns of more than one and a half millions of dollars in the nominal value of farms. Of course this increase has nothing whatever to do with the true agricultural interests of the State.

In regard to the decrease in the value of crops and of live stock, we have already seen that there was a large decrease in the quantities raised of many of the most important agricultural products, and in the number on hand of several kinds of live stock. It is, also, to be remembered, that the census of 1865 was taken just at the close of the war when the values of all kinds of agricultural products were very much greater than in 1875. Besides, during the ten years from 1865 to 1875, large quantities of land in the vicinity of the cities and manufacturing villages have been platted into house lots for speculation and given up as farms, thus decreasing, to some extent, the farm productions of the State. It is probable that these reasons are sufficient to explain the very great decrease in the value of farm productions in 1875, as compared with 1865.

The "Additional Agricultural Statistics," on pages 90 to 96,

inclusive, furnish some interesting facts, to some degree important, which though not required in the agricultural blanks were given in the form of notes. Among the most important productions given in these notes we find 408,114 heads of cabbage reported in twenty-three towns, the greatest number in any one town being 80,000 in East Providence. There are, also, 14,996 bushels of tomatoes: 133,250 pounds of squashes; and 502 bushels of buckwheat. We also find on the same page (90) \$1,640 worth of asparagus; \$1,800 worth of celery; \$8,090 worth of lettuce; and \$1,575 worth of spinach.

On page 91 we find reported various vegetables and some farm crops that were raised in different towns in the State, "not on farms," but by persons planting from one fourth of an acre to one acre of land.

On page 92 are given the statistics of nineteen green-houses, all in Providence city. Among the curious and interesting facts connected with them we find that one house during the year raised 400 orange trees and shipped them to Florida, where they find a ready market because they are more hardy than the southern trees. Another house reports various plants shipped to Texas, Iowa, Minnesota, and Prince Edwards Island.

A table on page 93 shows the number and value of horses and cows "not on farms," so far as reported in each town in the State. The total for the State is 11,711 horses, valued at \$2,421,635; and 1,545 cows, valued at \$83,653.

The following table has been prepared for the purpose of showing some important facts relating to the agricultural interests of Rhode Island, and is interesting and valuable for the comparisons it gives between the different towns in the State. The table shows, for each town and county: First, the population in 1875; Second, the number of acres in farms, including the improved and unimproved land; Third, the total value of the farms, including buildings; Fourth, the average value, including buildings, per acre, of the land in farms; Fifth, the total value of all farm and forest products in each town in the State, for the year ending June 1, 1875; Sixth, the average value to each inhabitant, in each town, of the farm and forest products of the town; Seventh, the average value of the farm and forest products of each town, to each acre of land, improved and unimproved, in each town:

TABLE.—Comparing the value of farms and farm products with acres of land, and inhabitants, in 1875, in each town and county in Rhode Island.

 .	_ 1	Acres in Farms, improved and unimproved.	ž.	8		AVE	ERAGE
	Total Population, 1875.	-2-E	Total Value, includ- ing Buildings, of Farms.	Average Value per Acre, including Buildings, of	Laud in Farms. Total Value Farm and Forest Pro- ducts, Yan end- ing June 1, 1875.	VALUEAR	UE OF
TOWNS AND	ţį	m n	in se	25.5	티 출범되었다	FORES	T PRO-
DIVIONALG	rla	ng.	£i.	[25 8	9 2 5 5	DU	CTS.
DIVISIONS	Ĕ	는 를 <u>-</u> :	. Ed.	7 2 2	a 4578		
OF THE STATE.	ŭ.	.∄ 5 5 E	≥ ≅ ä	F 5 E	를 기 위원 설립	Toeach	Toeach
01 1112 011112	53.5	565	문부분	25.5	E EEE	inhab-	Acre of
	13,5	2 2 2	Ę.HA	1545	기 돌 z z z z	itant.	Land.
		٩					
Barrington	1,185	3,823	\$681,000	\$178	13 882,090	869.27	821 47
Bristol	5,829	4,769	854,500		149,676		
Warren	4,005	2,688	294,950		60,283		
.,					05,200		
BRISTOL COUNTY.	11,019	11,280	1,830,450	162 2	27 292,049	26 50	25 89
Coventur	4 500	WE 005	070 100	90 (161 479	25 05	6 36
Coventry	4,580	25,387	676.400	26 6			
East Greenwich	3,120	9,171	375,000	40 8			
West Greenwich.	1,034	24,767	282,725		11 121,140		
Warwick	11,614	20,023	2,223,250	111 (292,794	25 21	14 62
					007 000		0.00
KENT COUNTY	20,348	79,348	3,557,375	44 8	665,628	32 71	8 39
Jamestown	488	5,450	362,900	66 8	61,209	125 43	11 23
Little Compton	1,156	11,850	813,550		55 151,731		
Middletown	1,074	6,904	1,332,700	193 (
New Shoreham			357,100		3 102,615		
	1,147	4,817					
Portsmouth	1,893	11,704	1,752.500				
Tiverton	2,101	12,510	820,950	65 6	165,292	78 67	13 21
Towns, Newp'rt }	7,859	53,235	5,439,700	102 1	896,394	114 06	16 84
County,	.,	,	-, - ,		1		
NEWPORT CITY	14,028	1,686	1,676,300	994 2	25 34,275	2 44	20 33
Dunnillyillo	~ 040	10.057	1== 710	26 1	138,867	26 45	7 61
Burrillville	5,249	18,257	477,710				
Cranston	5,688	12,390	1,854,460		233,704	41 08	
Cumberland	5,673	15,187	1,016,200		260,748	45 96	
East Providence	4,336	3,773	1 092,300	289 - 5	105,727	24 38	28 02
Foster	1,543	25,764	449,690	17 4	5 = 145,994	94 62	5 67
Glocester	2,098	24,210	529,723	21 8	160,163	76 34	6 61
Johnston	4,999	12,132	1,521,400	125 - 4	10 300,878	60 19	24 80
Lincoln	11,565	9,636	736,500		165,205		17 14
North Providence.	1,303	2,273	296,100		64,489		
North Smithfield		11,892	463,440		130,136		
Pawtucket	2,797				20,681		
	18,464	914	579,700				
Scituate	4,101	28,440			197,420		
Smithfield	2,857	11,179	575,600		164,054		
Woonsocket	13,576	1,825	177,700	97 3	41,052	3 02	22 49
Towns, Prov. Co	84,249	177,872	10,572,973	59 4	2,129,118	25 27	11 97
PROVIDENCE CITY.	100,675	2,383	1,893,100	794	92,464	0 92	38 80
Charlectown	1.054	15.710	907 900	10 4	80 50 00=	10 90	9 00
Charlestown	1,054	15,740			50,905		
Exeter	1,355	32,293			143,627		
Hopkinton	2,760	17,374	407,050		96,481		
North Kingstown.	3,505	23,338	982,250		[229,492]		
South Kingstown.	4,240	31,468	1,080,240		250.874		
Richmond	1,739	22,169	305,750		79 72,670		
Westerly	5,408	12,742	447,500	35	74,352	13 75	5 83
WASHINGTON CO	90.001	155 104	9 000 400		010 (01	45 50	7 00
Washington Co	20,061	155,124	, ,			1	
WHOLE STATE	258,239	480,928	\$28,892,336	\$60	08 \$5,028,329	\$19 47	7 ¹ \$10 43

The preceding table contains many facts and will afford material for much study and investigation. Some of the facts are very surprising and may be difficult of explanation. Satisfactory reasons can generally be given for the differences in values that will be noticed in the different towns; but some of them can hardly be explained upon the theory that they are correct. We can only refer, briefly, to the table, leaving it for the more careful study of those who are familiar with the subject.

The average value per acre of land in farms shows very remarkable differences in different parts of the State. The lowest value per acre given is \$11.41 in the town of West Greenwich; the highest is \$994.25 in the city of Newport. In Exeter, the average value per acre is \$12.46; in Richmond, \$13.79; in Foster, \$17.45; in Charlestown, \$18.89. On the other hand the average value per acre of land in farms in Providence is \$794.42; in Pawtucket, \$634.24; in East Providence, \$289.50. In thirteen towns the average value given is over \$100 per acre; in seven towns it is less than \$25 per acre.

We may remark in regard to this column of average value per acre; first, It would appear that a different standard of value was probably adopted by the enumerators, in the different towns, some of them giving the value for farm purposes, others giving the actual speculative value without reference to its value for agricultural purposes. Second, The effect of the vicinity of cities and large towns in increasing the value of the land in farms, is plainly seen in the very large average value in the two cities and in the towns containing large manufacturing villages. A glance at the column of figures shows this. Third, It is possible that in some towns the value of laud in farms was intentionally given very low for fear that, if the full value was given, the town's portion of the State tax might be increased. This fear was expressed at the time the census was taken, and an examination of the figures seems to show that it had a certain influence. The average value, per acre, including, as it does, the buildings, in several towns certainly appears to be less than the truth. It would be a profitable investment to buy some whole towns at the values given for the land, and let them grow up into forests.

The average value of the farm and forest products for the year, to each inhabitant, is the smallest, 92 cents, in the city of Providence, and the largest, \$173.90, in the town of Middletown.

The average value of farm products to each inhabitant is \$114.06, for the whole of the towns of Newport county, which is considerably more than double the value in any other county. Indeed, there are only two towns outside of Newport county, West Greenwich and Exeter, in which the average value of farm products to each inhabitant is more than one hundred dollars. The reasons that suggest themselves for this large amount of farm productions compared with the population in Newport county are, that outside of the city of Newport, the population in the county is almost entirely devoted to farming, and is not large, there are no manufacturing villages, the land is generally fertile, with less waste or unimproved land, than the average in the State, and the cities of Newport and Fall River furnish convenient and favorable markets for the most profitable varieties of farm productions.

The towns of Newport county have 1,031 farms, with 43,415 acres of *improved* land to 7,859 inhabitants. Kent county has 953 farms, with 43,604 acres of improved land to 20,348 inhabitants. This explains why the average value of the farm productions, to each inhabitant, should be \$114.06 in the towns of Newport county, and only \$32.71 in Kent county. The average value of the farm and forest productions to each inhabitant of the whole State is \$19.47. The average value is greater than this in every town in the State except Warren, Newport city, Lincoln, Pawtucket, Woonsocket, Providence, and Westerly.

The last column of the table shows the average value of the farm and forest productions to each acre of land in farms, in each town in the State. This column is a more correct test than any other of the actual value of the farming interest, in different portions of the State, and we find here no such great extremes of values, as in the other comparisons. Of course the value of the productions per acre, will differ considerably, according to the kinds of crops raised, the fertility of the soil, the skill shown in the cultivation, the nearness to market, and other reasons. find, therefore, that the greatest average value of the farm products to the acre of land, in farms, is \$38.80 in the city of Providence. After Providence, we find Bristol with an average value per acre of \$31.38; next, North Providence, average \$28.37; next, East Providence, average \$28.02; next, Middletown, \$27.05; next, Johnston, \$24.80; next, Pawtucket, Woonsocket, Warren and Barrington, averaging from \$21.47 to \$22.63.

The least value of the farm products to the acre is in Charlestown, \$3.23; and no town in Washington county averages ten dollars per acre of products. The average product for the whole county is only \$5.92 per acre.

By counties, Bristol is much the highest, the average product for the whole county being \$25.89 to each acre of land in farms. The average product for the whole State is \$10.43 per acre.

But this must suffice for this subject. We commend the table to the careful study of the farmers of the State.

Farm Walls and Fences.

There are many points in relation to the farm walls and fences, in every agricultural community, that render the subject important to the agricultural interests. They are expensive, much more so than is generally supposed by those who do not reflect upon the subject; the interest on their cost is a large tax upon the community; it costs a large sum annually to keep them in repair; the walls cost much more at first, but do not require to be rebuilt as often as fences; the best walls occupy much land, the use of which is lost; the best walls, also, furnish the best of hiding places for mice and other vermin, that prey upon the crops; the long established customs of the State have required an immense amount of walls and fences on farms, which other and different customs would render entirely unnecessary; thus, the use of walls and fences is solely to keep cattle and other animals from the crops. If the cattle and other animals were kept in their own proper places by walls and fences, all walls and fences upon lines of roads, and a large part of those on the farms might be abolished. It is said that the land is cleared up and made more valuable by taking the stone to build walls. But it would be much less expensive, when practicable, to deposit the stone in places unfit for cultivation and thus save the land the walls would occupy; and, in many eases, the land would be largely increased in value, by depositing the stones in deep, blind drains.

Such are some of the points that readily suggest themselves, and which make the subject of great importance to the farming interests of the State. Perhaps the further consideration of it will show the subject to be more important than is generally supposed. The entire lack of accurate knowledge in regard to the amount and cost of the walls and fences on farms in the State, is,

perhaps, the reason that the subject has not attracted more interest and excited more discussion.

In view of these facts I have obtained an accurate measurement of the walls and fences on farms, in one town, which will, perhaps, afford a standard for correct estimates in regard to other towns. The town is North Providence, with its present limits. It is generally a farming town, with no large villages. Its farms have been cultivated for a long time, and are divided by walls and fences in accordance with the ancient customs of this portion of the State. The town contains at present 5.5 square niles of territory, with a population of 1,303, or 236.9 inhabitants to each square mile. In extent of territory it is the smallest town in the State. It has 47 farms, containing 165 acres of plowed land, 52 acres of bog meadow, 695 acres of "other mowing land," 640 acres of pasture land, 711 acres of wood land, and 10 acres of "other unimproved land," making a total of 2,273 acres of land in farms.

The following are the facts obtained, by measurement, in regard to the walls and fences on farms, in the town of North Providence:—

	CROSS WALLS. Rods.	FENCES.
1st District:—Bounded northerly by Smithfield Line; casterly by Douglas Road; southerly by Mineral		401
Spring Road; and westerly by Johnston Line 2D DISTRICT:—Bounded northerly by Mineral Spring	4,371	481
Road; easterly by Douglas Road; southerly by Providence Line; and westerly by Johnston Line	13,123	2,312
3D DISTRICT:—Bounded northerly by Smithfield Line; easterly by Pawtneket Line; southerly by Mineral Spring Road; and westerly by Douglas Road	8,165	1,325
4TH DISTRICT:—Bounded northerly by Mineral Spring Road; easterly by Pawtucket and Providence Line; southerly by Providence Line; and westerly by		
Douglas Road	4,364	986
Whole town, Walls and Fences on Road Lines	10,220	1,460
Total, all Farm Walls and Fences in town	40,243	6,564

Besides the above, the Door-yard fences, mostly picket fence,

in the whole town, amount to 1,256 rods; and the House-lot fences to 1,563 rods.

This comprises the facts in relation to Walls and Fences in a single town. Shall we assume that this town is a fair representative town, upon this subject, of the whole State, and proceed to draw conclusions from the facts obtained? I have been inclined to give the facts alone, and leave them to the consideration of others to draw such conclusions as they may think proper. But it is the opinion of some who are well acquainted with the subject, that the town of North Providence fairly represents the average of the whole farming portion of the State, in the amount and expense of its walls and fences; that the rods of walls and fences to each acre of land in North Providence are about the average for the State. It is said that in the northern towns of the State the lots of land are generally smaller and the amount of walls and fences greater than in the southern portions.

Assuming North Providence to be an average for the State, whether right or wrong, it may, perhaps, excite some attention to the subject and lead to further investigation, if we make some calculations, applying the facts in that town to other towns and to the whole State. All persons are at liberty to accept or to reject the basis adopted and to make others to snit themselves.

Before we proceed further it is necessary to fix upon some sum as the average cost of the walls and fences in North Providence, and in the State. Here it is, of course, mere opinion or judgment. I have received the following statement from one familiar with the subject:

"There are walls on the Town Farm, and on other estates, in North Providence, that actually cost twenty dollars, or more, for each running rod; but these are not to be considered. On an average, fifty years since, I should estimate the cost of the average walls upon farms in North Providence, say 10,000 rods, at \$5 per rod, equal to \$50,000; and the balance, 30,243 rods at \$3 per rod, equal to \$90,729; total, \$140,729, for 40,243 rods of farm walls in the town. A fair average cost, fifty years since, was \$3.50 per rod for farm walls in that town. At the present time the cost of building the same walls would be at least double, or \$7 dollars per running rod. The fences cost, on an average, one dollar per rod, fifty years since, and there would not be much difference now; but the fences require to be renewed as often as once in sixteen or eighteen years."

Such is the carefully considered estimate of an intelligent resident of North Providence; but this is the highest estimate I have received. Others differ widely from this and from each other.

The lowest estimate I have received is three dollars per running rod as the average cost of the farm walls, and one dollar per rod for the fences. Wishing to keep within the limits of truth, and give a proper consideration to the different estimates, it may be fair to call the average cost of farm walls and fences, in North Providence, three dollars per rod.

The census reports 47 farms with 2,273 acres of land, in North Providence, and the cash value of the farms, including buildings, as \$296,100. There are 40,243 rods of stone walls, and 6,564 rods of fences upon farms in the town, making a total of walls and fences of 46,807 rods, not including door-yard nor house-lot fences. At three dollars per rod these farm walls and fences amount to \$140,421. This is nearly one-half the whole value of all the farms, including buildings. The average amount of walls and fences in North Providence is 20.6 rods to each acre of land.

As so much of this is wholly a matter of estimate or opinion it does not seem proper to occupy the space necessary to give a table of estimates for every town in the State. Others can readily do this if they choose. It will be sufficient here to give the results by counties.

Taking the measurements and estimates for the town of North Providence as a correct standard for the whole State, the following table shows the number of acres of land in farms, the reported value of farms including buildings, the number of rods of walls and fences, and the cost of walls and fences, in each county; in the cities of Providence and Newport; and in the whole State:

WALLS	AND	FENCES	1N	RHODE	ISLAND.

COUNTIES AND CITIES.	Acres of Land	Value of Farms, includ- ing Buildings.	Estimated Length of Walls and Fences, in Rods.	Estimated Cost of Walls and Fences, at \$3 per rod.
Bristol County	11,280	\$1,830,450	232,368	\$697,104
Kent County	79,348	3,557,375	1,634,569	4,903,707
Newport County, Towns	53,235	5,439,700	1,096,641	3,289,923
Newport City	1,686	1,676,300	34,731	104,193
Providence County, Towns.	177,872	10,572,973	3,664,163	10,992,489
Providence City	2,383	1,893,100	49,090	147,270
Washington County	155,124	3,922,438	3,195,554	9,586,662
Whole State	480,928	\$28,892,336	9,907,116	\$29,721,348

In Providence and Newport the value of farms is enormously disproportionate to the quantity of land and the length and cost of walls and fences. If we omit these cities from the above table the true agricultural statistics will be more correct, and will be as follows: The State of Rhode Island, omitting the cities of Providence and Newport, has 476,859 acres of land in farms, of an estimated value, including buildings, of \$25,322,936. It also has 9,823,295 rods, equal to 30,960 miles, of farm walls and fences, at an estimated cost of \$29,469,885. The walls and fences cost \$4,146,949 more than the whole estimated value of the farms upon which they stand, including farm buildings.

The very great differences will be noticed, in the preceding table, in the cost of walls and fences as compared with the value of the farms, in different counties. Other points of interest and importance in the table, will be noticed, and deserve the investigation of those familiar with the subject.

IV. COMMENTS AND EXPLANATIONS UPON THE TABLES.—Continued.

(c) FISHERIES AND SHORE STATISTICS.

The statistics of the fisheries and of shore farms in the State, as reported by the census of 1875, are given in Table XXXIV., pages 97 to 102, inclusive.

The first attempt to collect these statistics in Rhode Island, was made by the "Rhode Island Society for the Encouragement of Domestic Industry," with the consent of the Census Bureau, in connection with the United States Census of 1860. The results were very imperfect and incomplete, as will be seen by a comparison given hereafter, with the products ascertained by subsequent censuses. The Society, however, while fully recognizing the incompleteness of the returns obtained, is entitled to great credit for the attempt. They remark very justly and pertinently:

"The Committee, however, are satisfied that they have commenced the inquiry. They did not expect full and accurate returns, but they have obtained enough to show the great importance of the inquiry, and thereby to secure future attention to it."

In the State census of 1865 the work begun by the Society was continued. Blanks were prepared for these statistics, and returns

of some description were received from every portion of the shore line of the State. The results far exceeded those obtained in 1860; but were still evidently much less than the truth. They did, however, as in 1860, "show the great importance of the inquiry, and thereby secure future attention to it."

In the census of 1875 the blanks were somewhat changed and improved, and use was made of previous experience to secure, so far as possible, full and accurate statistics of this important industry of the State. The statistics obtained are given in the table, and show a very large increase of products over the previous censuses. Perhaps the importance of the subject will be best seen by comparison of the results at different dates.

I do not include the United States Census of 1870, as the statistics of fisheries in Rhode Island, obtained by that census, are too few to be of any value for comparison. The only products given in 1870, for Rhode Island, are 12,082 bushels of oysters; 600 gallons of fish oil, valued at \$300; also, 97,568 barrels of miscellaneous fish; and total value of all products of fisheries in the State, \$124,505.

The following shows the general statistics of the fisheries and shore farms in Rhode Island, as obtained by the State census of 1875, and compared with those obtained by the State census of 1865, and by the Rhode Island Society in 1860:

	1875.	1865,	1860.
Salt Marsh, acres	2,506	3,531	1,279
Salt Hay, tons	1,717	2,116	1,540
Salt Hay, value	\$16,236	\$18,545	\$12,320
Sea Drift, cords	39,765	34,146	34,927
Sea Drift, value	\$58,958	\$38,083	\$37,604
Fish seined for manure, barrels	21.740	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Fish seined for manure, value	\$37,234		
Fish seined for oil and guano, barrels	244,000	*154,468	*118,611
Fish seined for oil and guano, value	\$100,550	\$126,035	\$27,817
Fish eaught for food, pounds	,740,860	2,462,360	Not stated.
Fish caught for food, value	\$298,434	\$121,094	\$24,187
Clams dug, bushels	67,480	31,697	Not stated.
Quahogs, bushels	15,294	9,241	"
Scallops, bushels	72,556	9,653	"

^{*} In 1860 and 1865 the statistics included the fish seined for both manure, and oil and guano.

	1875.	1865.	1860.
Oysters planted, bushels	399,865	Not stated.	Not stated.
Oysters raised, bushels	496 787	72,895	"
Lobsters caught, pounds	377,075	42,900	"
Total value, all shell fish	\$825,675	\$118,655	\$11,692
Total value, products of fisheries and			
shore farms\$1	1,337,087	\$422,412	\$113,620

There is a very great range in the prices reported for fish, by different individuals, and in different towns, as will be seen in the table on page 101. Thus, for the whole State, the prices of salt hay range from one to fifteen dollars per ton; of sea drift from fifty cents to six dollars per cord; of fish for manure from twenty cents to three dollars per barrel; of fish for oil and guano from twenty-five to eighty cents per barrel; and of fish for food from two mills to ten cents per pound.

The average for the whole State of all the prices reported in 1875 and in 1865, was as follows:

AVERAGE PRICES.

	1875.	1865⊾
Salt Hay, per ton	\$9.46	\$8.76
Sea Drift, per cord	1.48	1.11
Fish for manure, per barrel	1.71	0.816
Fish for Oil and Guano, per barrel	0.41	Not stated.
Fish for Food, per pound	0.039	0.049

The comparisons given show an enormous increase in the products of the fisheries in the State, during the last ten years. This is, to a considerable extent, owing to the more complete returns in the census of 1875. The increase, in 1875, in the amount of fish caught for food was 5,278,500 pounds, or 214 per cent. over the amount reported in 1865. The increase in the bushels of oysters produced was 581 per cent., and in the scallops, 651 per cent.

The production of oysters and of scallops is in the hands of comparatively few persons, so that it is not so difficult to obtain returns, as in the case of other shell fish. The collection of the statistics of clams dug in the State is attended with peculiar difficulties, and the returns given are only estimates, without any certain foundation for them. As is well known in Rhode Island,

every inhabitant of the State has free access to the shores of tide water, and is at liberty to dig and carry away as many clams as he pleases. This is done daily in the summer season by persons from a considerable distance inland. Large quantities are also dug by parties to sell to the shore resorts, and other markets, though it is said that a large portion of the clams eaten at our shore resorts in the summer season, are brought from Massachusetts. Under these circumstances, it is of course impossible to obtain any exact information in regard to the quantity of clams produced in the State. The quantity given in the census tables is undoubtedly less than the truth.

The quantities and the value of the productions of the fisheries and shore farms in the State, as shown by the tables of the census of 1875, must attract attention. They are certainly important, not only for what they are at present, but also because they are capable of an almost indefinite increase. The great extent of tide water shores, in proportion to the size of the State, make the subject one of peculiar importance to us. Besides this there are very extensive salt water ponds in the southern portion of the State, and numerous small streams and fresh water ponds everywhere abound. It is probable that, with the aid of scientific culture, and with a slight expense, within a few years the products of the fisheries will equal in importance those of agriculture. The subject is already receiving the attention and the aid of our General Assembly, and there can be no doubt of the result.

IV. COMMENTS AND EXPLANATIONS UPON THE TABLES.-Continued.

(d.) MANUFACTURES.

In all past censuses in this country, State and National, the collection of the statistics of manufactures has been made by the enumerators of the population. These enumerators have generally obtained their positions through political or other influence, and in nineteen cases in every twenty, have had no good qualifications for the work. Their highest aim in the performance of their duties has generally been to obtain the pay for their time. Of course even in the enumeration of the population their work has been only imperfectly done, and has been full of errors.

In the collection of the statistics of manufactures, the case has been still worse. These enumerators in ninety-nine cases in every hundred have not had the slightest knowledge of the manufactures in regard to which they are required to seek information. They have, therefore, been at the mercy of the manufacturers, without any possible means of correcting, or of judging of the correctness of the answers they receive. Any manufacturer who wishes to conceal the results of his business or who wishes to exaggerate its importance, can do so with perfect impunity, and past experience shows that very many of those from whom the statistics of manufactures are obtained, will do one or the other. The enumerator has no means of correcting the information received, and no ability even to perceive that a correction is necessary.

Besides this, the pay for the collection of the statistics of manufactures, in most censuses, has been ridiculously inadequate, and the enumerator has not even had the hope of gain as an inducement for him to do the work.

The result has been, what might have been expected, that the statistics of manufactures, in all our censuses, have been comparatively valueless. The only correct information in them has been, perhaps, an approach to the number of establishments engaged in manufactures.

Whenever any correct and valuable information in relation to manufactures has been obtained in past censuses, it has been obtained, as in the National census of 1870, by ignoring the clumsy and inadequate methods provided in the census itself, and by obtaining suggestions and information from experts thoroughly familiar with the subjects. In this way, in 1870, General Walker, superintendent of the census, was enabled to supply the deficiencies in the returns, so as to make the statistics of certain important branches of manufactures apparently full and complete.

In the collection of the statistics of manufactures in the Rhode Island State census of 1875, the work was entirely distinct from the census of population. Under the liberal provisions of the census Act, a copy of which is given on page 140, in the Appendix, special agents were employed in collecting the statistics of manufactures. In each of some of the most important branches of manufactures in the State, a single person was employed who had special knowledge of them and was an expert in them, to collect the statistics in the whole State. It is evident that such per-

sons would have great advantages in collecting these statistics over persons taken at random, with no special knowledge of the kind. Such experts could at once detect errors and misrepresentations, and often having a few general facts, they could assist the owners of the establishments in giving the information. In not a few cases, in the cotton and woolen manufactures, the agents from their minute knowledge of the work, could make as correct a return of the business as the owners themselves.

Special agents were appointed for each town, or district, to collect the statistics of all other manufactures than those already referred to. These agents were selected with particular reference to their capabilities and their knowledge of the manufactures in their districts.

The circulars and blanks used in the collection of the statistics of manufactures, are given in the Appendix, on pages 151 to 159 inclusive. It will be noticed that the blanks are very much more full, and call for many more particulars than have ever been found in censuses. The special blanks for cotton, woolen, iron, and jewelry manufactures could not be filled out, except by persons acquainted with the various kinds of business; but with an expert in each manufacture the blanks would call for and obtain very extensive and very minute information. These special blanks, with the circular, on page 155 in the Appendix, were sent beforehand to all the manufacturers in each branch named, urging their cooperation in making the census as complete as possible. The blanks for general manufactures with the instructions were also extensively distributed in advance of the visits of the agents.

Such were the preparations made in the State census of 1875, for collecting the manufacturing statistics. What was the result?

To say that the result equalled, in every respect, what the preparations would seem to promise, would not be true. The agents were not all equal to their duties. Some were wanting in the necessary natural qualifications, and others had too many natural disqualifications.

While a considerable number of the manufacturers gave their cordial assistance in carrying out the objects of the census, there were not a few who hindered and obstructed the work, by delays in furnishing information, or by false or deficient returns. Through the knowledge of the special agents, however, these

falsehoods were generally corrected and the deficiencies supplied, so that I have the utmost confidence in the final results in regard to some of the most prominent manufacturing interests of the State.

But the greatest loss to the census, and especially to the statistics of manufactures, was in the death of Mr. Isaac Peck, the chief assistant in the census office. Mr. Peck had a thoroughly practical knowledge of all the details of the manufacture of cotton goods, and understood the relations of such exact knowledge to the interests of the manufacturers and of the State. He prepared all the blanks for the manufacturing statistics of the census, and was himself engaged in the collection of the statistics of the cotton manufactures for the whole State. He died before that work was completed. His death has seriously interfered with all the work on the census from that date to the present time, and is especially felt now, in the consideration of the subject of manufactures. It has delayed for some months the completion of this report, as it was found impossible to fill his place satisfactorily.

Such were the preparations for the collection of the statistics of manufactures in the census of Rhode Island in 1875, and such were the hindrances experienced in the work. The results so far as expressed in tables, are found on pages 103 to 136, inclusive, of the second part of this volume. An examination of the tables will show, that in all particulars the facts are as fully and as correctly given as in any previous census, while in regard to several manufactures, including the most important in the State, the statistics are very much more full, more complete, and more correct than in any previous census, State or National.

The first table of manufacturing statistics, Table XXXV., on pages 104 and 105, shows some general facts in relation to the manufactures of every description in each town and city in the State. We find from this table that the statistics of 2,019 manufacturing establishments in the State are reported with a capital, including real estate and machinery, of \$49,942,871; paying out \$23,707,513 in wages during the year; using materials to the value of \$76,715,970; and giving products of the value of \$126,-659,875.

The capital invested was equal to \$193, and the value of the

products for the year equal to \$490 for each inhabitant of the State.

The following shows some general facts from this table, compared with similar facts from the State census of 1865, and the National census of 1870. The figures, in each case, are for a single year:

ALL MANUFACTURES.	1875.	1870.	1865.
Number of establishments	2,019	1,850	1,459
Capital invested	\$49,942,871	\$66,557,322	\$32,646,603
Hands employed	56,450	49,417	36,993
Wages paid (year)	\$23,707,513	\$19,354,256	
Value of raw material used	\$76,715,970	\$73,154,109	\$63,861,552
Value of products (year)	\$126,659,875	\$111,418,354	\$103,106,395
Number steam engines	523	402	263
Horse power of engines	34,241	23,546	16,092
Number steam boilers	1,308		726

This comparison shows a large increase, during the last ten years, in the number of establishments engaged in manufactures, in the State, and in the results of their business. It will be noticed that there was an increase, from 1870 to 1875, in everything except the capital invested. In that, a decrease was reported of nearly seventeen millions of dollars. The reason of this great difference is probably this: The capital invested has been generally understood, in censuses, to mean some indefinite sum of money, and of other property, used in some way in carrying on the business, and has therefore been an item of information which it was impossible to obtain correctly, and which there was a special reluctance to attempt to give, on the part of manufacturers of all kinds. There has been, therefore, very little it any value, in the returns of censuses, on this point.

In the census of 1875, the "capital invested" means only the value of the real estate, and of the machinery and tools employed in the manufactures. The attempt was made, in all the large manufacturing establishments to obtain this information correctly, and I think the values given are more correct than usual in censuses. It is true that the fluctuations in the value of manufacturing property, from time to time, are often very great; but this alone could not explain the large decrease in value reported, between 1870 and 1875.

It may be remarked that, in 1865, the value of the raw materials and the value of the products were much larger than at the other dates, in proportion to the amounts and quantities of the articles manufactured.

The amount of wages paid during the year, as reported by the census of 1875, if divided by the whole number of persons employed shows that all the persons of every description, in every kind of manufacturing labor in Rhode Island, received an average of almost \$420 each, for the year.

The following table shows some general statistics of all the manufactures reported in each county in the State, by the four censuses of 1860, 1865, 1870 and 1875:

COUNTIES AND DATES.	Number of establishments.	Capital Invested.	Cost of Raw Materials.	Annual Value of Products.	Number of Hands Em- ployed.
BRISTOL	62 69 74 94	\$824,650 1,058,980 2,006,400 1,884,280	2,379,091 $3,232,231$	3,132,683 4,950,363	975 1,300 2,337 2,877
KENT. {	73 111 168 137	\$2,766,760 3,303,675 5,951,025 5,887,185		$10,250,052 \\ 12,896,407$	3,779 4,731 4,934 5,242
Newport { 1860 1865 1870 1875	85 129 184 133	\$799,100 890,500 993,350 811,833	777,430	1,675,519 $2,346,232$	1,224 987 1,314 1,118
PROVIDENCE \ \begin{cases} 1860 \\ 1865 \\ 1870 \\ 1875 \\ \end{cases} \]			48,156,274 55,147,483	78,538,135 85,142,032	23,769 $27,143$ $37,100$ $43,512$
Washington 1860 1865 1870 1875	77 112 121 185	$\begin{array}{c} \$1,925,300 \\ 2,370,350 \\ 3,120,580 \\ 3,020,353 \end{array}$	5,648,339	9,510,006 6,083,320	$egin{array}{c} 2,743 \ 2,832 \ 3,733 \ 3,706 \end{array}$
WHOLE STATE $\begin{cases} 1860\\ 1865\\ 1870\\ 1875\end{cases}$	1,459 1,850	\$24,278,295 32,646,603 66,557,322 49,942,871	\$19,858,515 63,861,552 73,154,109 76,715,970	103,106,395 111,418 354	32,490 36,998 49,417 56,450

The preceding table shows, generally, an increase in the manufacturing interests in each county and in the whole State. The changes are generally what would be expected, and are capable of explanation, with one exception. It is the large decrease in cap-

ital invested in mannfactures, between 1870 and 1875. We have already noticed this, on page exxxviii. The present table shows that, between 1865 and 1870, there was an increase of \$29,462,-869 in the manufacturing capital of Providence county, including the city. It also shows that in the same county there was a decrease of \$16,146,747 in this capital, between 1870 and 1875. It is hardly possible to explain these large fluctuations, except on the theory that there must have been a serious error in the returns in 1870.

Table XXXVI., on pages 106 to 112, inclusive, shows the statistics of the General Manufactures in Rhode Island, by industries, for the year ending June 1, 1875.

It will not be difficult for the experienced statistician to detect errors and inconsistencies in this table, and judged by a standard of absolute correctness, it might very properly be condemned. But this might be said of all census tables. Absolute correctness is unknown in them.

I can only say that in the preparation of this table great exertion was used to make it as correct as possible. The agents employed to collect the statistics were selected with care, and could hardly fail to be better qualified than the average of those usually employed in censuses to collect the statistics of manufactures. It is my opinion that the facts given will compare favorably, in regard to correctness, with those usually given in censuses.

In some cases there are apparent errors that are not so in fact. For example, the item of Woolen Manufactures gives 81 establishments, while the special table of Woolen Manufactures, Table XXXVIII., gives only 67. The special table is correct. In making Table XXXVI., the different mills in the same establishment, or belonging to the same manufacturing company, were reckoned as separate establishments, thus making a greater number than the truth. Some other slight changes were also made in the special tables.

It will be noticed that more items of information are given in the table than are usually contained in similar tables. Some of these items are important. Instead of "capital stock" as usually given, the table gives the estimated value of the real estate, and of the tools and machinery employed in the different industries. This distinction makes some apparent errors in comparison with previous censuses; because some quite important manufactures are carried on, almost entirely, in hired rooms, and of course the individual returns would give no value of real estate in the business.

The number of hands employed in each industry, by age and by sex, and the average daily wages of each class, are items of much interest and importance.

The table gives much information in relation to 102 different industries in the State, and cannot fail to be of value to all who are interested in the subject.

STATISTICS OF SPECIAL MANUFACTURES.

Cotton Goods.

Under the head of "Statistics of Special Manufactures," Table XXXVII., of cotton goods, on pages 113 to 121, inclusive, shows the statistics of the cotton manufactures in each town and county in the State, for the year ending June 1, 1875. An examination of this table, and of the blank on page 156, in the Appendix, will show that the attempt was made to obtain statistics of this, the most important industry in the State, which would be of great value and interest not only to the public, but also to manufacturers themselves.

For various reasons the attempt was only partially successful. The blank itself, prepared by an expert in the cotton manufacture, was of a character that none but experts could correctly fill out. It was found that, in many establishments, the books were not kept with sufficient minuteness and accuracy to make it possible to fill the blank correctly without much trouble. Not a few of the manufacturers took much interest in the searching minuteness of the blank, and acknowledged themselves greatly indebted to its suggestions.

Mr. Peck, who prepared the blank, collected with it the statistics of about one-half the establishments for cotton manufacture, in the State. His intimate knowledge of the subject enabled him to give great assistance to the manufacturers in filling the blanks, and also enabled him to detect and correct the intentional or accidental errors that were made in the returns.

After the death of Mr. Peck we were, to a considerable extent, at the mercy of the manufacturers, and obliged to accept such returns as they furnished. These returns were like those usually obtained in censuses; some of them fully, honestly and accurately

made; some of them honestly but inaccurately made; and some of them intentionally and deliberately falsified.

The result is, that of the 128 cotton manufacturing establishments in the State, from which returns were received, the statistics of about 70 are fully and faithfully made, and are quite correct. The remainder cannot be so fully depended upon; but, undoubtedly, they are as full and as correct as the average returns in censuses, and in some respects more complete.

The following shows a few general facts relating to the cotton manufactures of the State, as obtained by the census of 1875, and compared with similar facts by the three preceding censuses of the State. The figures for 1865, 1870 and 1875, include among the cotton manufactures cotton cloth, cotton yarn, twine, thread, etc.; cotton wicking, calico printing, shoe and corset lacings, and wadding and batting. In 1860 bleaching and dying were also included:

COTTON MANUFACTURES.

	1875.	1870.	1865.	1860.
Number of establishments	135	151	136	170
Capital invested	\$24,034,299	\$25,655,300	\$15,284,500	\$11,367,500
Cost of raw materials	\$25,453,432	\$27,930,900	\$39,318,682	\$6,590,025
Annual value of products	\$38,927,960	\$39,981,683	\$54,996,123	\$15,168,681
Hands employed	22,574	19,906	15,772	15,900
Cotton used, pounds	65,631,368	44,630,787	28,959,626	41,614,797
Spindles employed	1,471,021	1,043,242	839,695	814,554
Looms employed	26,164	18,075	16,548	17,315
Cotton cloth made, yards	207,088,380	160,713,971	104,865,978	147,652,300
Yarn and twine, pounds			2,725,950	
Cotton thread, spools, doz	7,112,424	3,341,200	1,565,000	
Yarn and thread, pounds				5,072,114
Yarn, pounds	6,744,940	6,155,692		
Cordage, lines and twines, pounds	1,796,500	1,165,024		

A comparison of these figures shows remarkable fluctuations in the value of products, as compared with the cost of the raw mate-

rial and the pounds of cotton used. Thus, less than twenty-nine millions of pounds of cotton in 1865, made sixteen millions of dollars worth of products more than sixty-five millions of pounds of cotton in 1875. The reason for this is evident in the remarkably high prices of cotton and cotton goods at the close of the war in 1865.

The number of establishments engaged in the cotton manufactures in 1875 differed only one from the number in 1865; but there was in 1875, as compared with 1865, a very large increase in the business of cotton manufacturing, as shown by the *increase* of nearly nine millions of dollars in the capital invested; of 6,802 in the hands employed; of 36,671,742 in the pounds of cotton used; of 631,326 in the number of spindles; of 9,616 in the number of looms; of 46,374,409 in the number of yards of cloth made. There was, however, a *decrease* of nearly fourteen millions of dollars in the cost of the raw materials, and of over sixteen millions of dollars in the value of the products.

In July, 1865, the average value of print cloths in the Providence market was about 20 cents per yard; in July, 1875, the average was about 5 cents per yard.

The amount of cotton used in Rhode Island during the year ending June 1, 1875, was 65,631,368 pounds, equal to 218,771 pounds, or over 109 tons for each of the 300 working days in the year.

The amount of cotton cloth of all kinds made during the year was 207,088,380 yards, or 117,663 miles of cloth. The daily product of cotton cloth was 690,294 yards, or 392 miles, which is equal to 1,150 yards for each minute of the ten working hours of each day. The product of cotton cloth, during the year, was equal to 802 yards for each man, woman and child in the State. If the cotton cloth made during the year would average seven-eighths of a yard in width, it would be sufficient to cover 37,438 acres of land, or fifty-eight and one-half square miles.

Waste.

In the blank for cotton manufactures, in the census, very minute enquiries were made in relation to the waste in the process of manufacture. In each establishment the weight of cotton used was returned and also the weight of all the products. This enabled us to obtain the gross waste, by calculation. Besides this,

questions were asked of each establishment to obtain the amount of waste in pounds, in the several processes of manufacture. We therefore obtained, in pounds weight, the amount of waste, in each establishment, in two ways; by calculation, and by the returns of the owners.

From the 128 cotton manufacturing establishments in the State, I have selected 74, the returns of which seem to be carefully prepared, and from these the statistics in regard to waste are as follows:

Cotton used in 74 establishments, pounds	.38,517,894
Weight of all products, pounds	.30,817,600
Amount of waste, by calculation, pounds	7,700,294
Amount of waste, by returns, pounds	. 6,222,200
Percentage of waste, by calculation	. 19.99
Percentage of waste, by returns	16.15

The largest percentage of waste returned by any single establishment was 27.2 By calculation the waste of the same establishment was 18.5 per cent. The smallest percentage of waste returned by any single establishment was 7.6. By calculation, the waste of the same establishment was 15.4 per cent.

In all these calculations reference is had only to the gross waste, or the actual weight of the waste. The net waste, or the actual money loss from waste, is not considered. Of course, in the gross waste, there must be very great differences in different establishments, depending upon various circumstances, and especially upon the kind of product made. Thus, in the manufacture of very fine thread, the gross waste would be very large, while in the manufacture of cheap cotton twine the gross waste might be very small. With this explanation, the largest and smallest percentages of waste given in the returns may reasonably be supposed to be correct.

The returns show the amounts of the various kinds of waste, as cop waste, spinners' waste, drawing waste, flyings, strippings, picker waste, sweepings, bags, and bands; but I have not thought it necessary to compile the facts at this time. They may be considered hereafter.

Occupations in Cotton Mills.

In the statistics of special manufactures, on page 116, we find that there are 19,979 persons employed in the manufacture of cotton goods in the State of Rhode Island. Of this number 1,928 males, and 1,656 females; total, 3,584, are under 15 years of age; and 6,941 males, and 9,454 females, total, 16,395, are of the age of 15 years and over. Having obtained lists from several prominent cotton manufacturing establishments, it is found that these 19,979 hands employed are divided among 33 different occupations, or occupations with different names. It was intended to divide the whole number in the State, among each of the different occupations named; but it was found to be impossible, as different names seem to be given to the same occupation in different establishments; or, at any rate, the names given to the different occupations are not so exactly defined as to be uniformly used with the same meaning in all the establishments. Names of occupations are given in some establishments that are not found in others.

On account of these difficulties, I have only divided the 19,979 hands employed, among the different rooms in the cotton mills, and find the result as follows:

Whole number of	' hands in	cotton mi	ills	 .19,979

These are found as follows:

In carding rooms	
Spinning and mule rooms, including warping, spooling and	
web-drawing	
Cloth rooms	
Weaving rooms8,026	
Engine rooms	
Mechanical department	
Total	19,979

An alphabetical list of all the different occupations reported in cotton mills is as follows:

Back boys,	Drawing webs,	Grinders,
Bobbin sorters,	Dresser tenders,	Laborers,
Card tenders,	Elevator boys,	Lapper tenders,
Doffers,	Engineers,	Oilers,
Doubler tenders,	Filling and steaming boys,	Overseers,
Drawing tenders,	Firemen,	Packers,

exlvi.

CENSUS OF RHODE ISLAND; 1875.

Repair hands, Speeders, Sweepers,

Second hands, Spinners, Trimmers and Folders,

Section hands, Spool sorters, Warper tenders,
Slasher tenders, Spooler tenders, Watchmen,
Spare hands, Strippers, Weavers.

The table of statistics of the Cotton Manufactures in the State, contains many facts that might be made the basis of extended comments. There is no doubt that such comments, founded upon a careful and thorough study of the table, might be of very great value to the public as well as to manufacturers; but to show their greatest value they should be made by an expert entirely familiar with all the details of the subject. Not possessing the requisite special knowledge and not having been able to obtain the desired assistance, it seems to me better to leave the study of the table to those specially interested in it. Besides, the publication of this report has been already too long delayed. I shall therefore finish the subject of cotton manufactures with brief notices to call attention to two or three points in the table.

It will be noticed that the town of Lincoln is the first town in the State in the extent of its cotton manufactures. Though each of several other towns has a greater number of cotton manufacturing establishments those in Lincoln seem to be much more extensive. The value of real estate, the value of machinery, and the amount of horse power, including steam and water, engaged in the cotton manufacture, are very much greater in Lincoln than in any other town. Of all the Frame and Mule Spindles in the State, 17.3 per cent., or more than one-sixth, are in the town of Lincoln. During the census year that single town paid \$1,207,-753 in wages to operatives in cotton mills, and consumed 9,879,-571 pounds of cotton. The products of the year were more than twenty-six millions of yards of cotton cloth, which, with other products of cotton manufacture, were valued at \$3,285,907. Other comparisons and items of interest in the cotton manufactures of different towns, may be found in the table.

The table gives the amount of flooring in cotton mills, in each town in the State. When too late, it was ascertained that a few very large mills were omitted in this column, which destroys the value of this item of information. The column, though incom-

plete, shows 6,844,072 square feet of floors in cotton mills in the whole State. This is equal to more than one hundred and fifty-seven (157) acres.

The average daily wages of all the persons employed in cotton mills in each town in Rhode Island, is given in Table XXXVII., on page 116. The classification of the operatives given, is according to age and sex, no reference being made to the kind of labor in which they were engaged in the mills.

In the average daily wages paid, the towns of West Greenwich, and a portion of the establishments in Richmond and Westerly, seem to be exceptions to the rest of the State, and not fair representatives of the wages paid in the cotton manufacturing establishments of the State.

Omitting these towns, we find the highest and lowest average daily wages paid to each class of persons in the several towns of the State to be as follows:

Males under 15 years of age. The highest average of the daily wages is $62\frac{1}{4}$ cents, in the town of Cumberland; the lowest average is $37\frac{1}{2}$ cents in Warren and in Newport. The average for the whole State is 52 cents per day.

Males of 15 years and over. The highest average is \$1.83 per day in Pawtucket; the lowest is $$1.29\frac{2}{3}$ per day, in North Kingstown. The average for the State is $$1.51\frac{7}{8}$ per day.

Females under 15 years of age. The highest average is $56\frac{2}{3}$ cents per day, in Smithfield; the lowest average is $33\frac{1}{3}$ cents per day, in Warren. The average for the whole State is $50\frac{1}{4}$ cents per day.

Females of 15 years and over. The highest average per day is \$1.21 in Smithfield and North Smithfield; the lowest average is 80 cents per day, in Warren. The average for the whole State is $$1.00\frac{7}{8}$ per day.

Much other information was called for in the blanks for cotton manufactures, and was obtained in the returns, which has not been tabulated. We may name the weight of the cloth of different kinds, the "number of the yarn" used, the "reed and pick," the "price paid per cut for weaving," the "length of cut," &c. Besides this, other information was obtained which was common to other manufactures, as for example, the mode of heating,

the mode of lighting, the "head of water in feet," and the "cubic feet of water available per minute." Some of these facts are of importance and may be made use of hereafter. For the present we leave the subject of the statistics of the cotton manufactures in Rhode Island.

STATISTICS OF SPECIAL MANUFACTURES.-Continued.

Woolen Goods.

Table XXXVIII., on pages 122 to 127, inclusive, shows the statistics of the Woolen Manufactures in each town and county in Rhode Island, for the year ending June 1, 1875.

The statistics of the Woolen Manufactures in the whole State were collected by Mr. Henry Pollock, of Woonsocket, who was recommended as intimately acquainted with every process in this branch of industry, and abundantly qualified to judge of the accuracy of the returns, and to correct any error, accidental or intentional, that might be found in them. The returns were all obtained by him, and, in very many cases, were prepared with his assistance. After being received they were all carefully and critically examined by him, and duplicate copies were made with such corrections as his knowledge of the business authorized.

Having been prepared in this way I have entire confidence in the statistics given in the table and believe that they represent the Woolen and Worsted Manufactures of the State very much more correctly than they have ever been represented in any previous census. I am sure that they represent the facts far more correctly than did the original returns of the establishments. If there are any important errors in the figures they must have been made in the preparation of the tables, and did not exist in the returns.

In the census of 1875, under the head of woolen goods, there were included, as in the previous State census, all kinds of woolen and worsted cloths, including Kentucky Jeans, woolen shirtings, linseys, lastings and serges, etc., together with shoddy, woolen yarn, worsted braid, cardigan jackets, nubias, shawls, cut flocks, etc.

A comparative statement of some of the prominent items in the woolen manufactures of the State, is as follows:

19,343,600

112,800

100,000

	1875.	1870.	1865.	1860.
Number of establishments	67	· 76	83	59
Capital invested	\$6,704,700	\$10,467,500	\$5,233,100	\$3,176,000
Cost of raw materials	\$11,803,014	\$9,826,158	\$10,788,567	\$4,077,914
Annual value of products	\$17,463,240	\$15,394,067	\$21,172,151	\$6,929,205
Hands employed	8,557	7,894	6,595	4,239
Wool used, pounds	17,258,549	14,421,967	13,343,228	6,832,600
Cotton used, pounds	4,523,280	1,697,139	1,461,813	3,056,200
Shoddy used, pounds	2,383,822	919,000		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Silk used, pounds	1,668			• • • • • • • • • • •

WOOLEN MANUFACTURES.

In 1865 there were reported 159,143 blankets made; in 1875, the worsted braid and lacings were reported as 810,500 dozens, in 1870 as 651,090 pounds, and in 1865 as 9,747,000 yards. In 1875 there were reported 260,000 pounds of shoddy made in Lincoln and Smithfield; and in 1865, 134,000 pounds.

18,155,379

1,042,875

43,648

Cloth made, yards.....

Woolen yarn made, pounds.

Shawls, number.....

21,903,819

316,000

14,625,477

1,047,600

43,359

In 1875 there were reported in the woolen and worsted manufactures of the State, 2,850 looms, and 211,912 spindles; in 1870 there were reported 3,383 looms, and 215,973 spindles.

The amount of "capital invested," as given above, in 1875, included only the value of the real estate, amounting to the sum of \$3,890,200; and the value of machinery, amounting to \$2,814,-500.

It will be seen from the table that, in 1875, the woolen and worsted manufactures in the whole State used 50 steam engines, of a total of 4,377 horse power; and 97 water wheels, of 4,266 horse power.

In 1870, there were employed in the same manufactures, 43 steam engines with 3,383 horse power, and 72 water wheels with 3,428 horse power.

Whole number in the State

The whole number of hands employed in the woolen and worsted manufactures in the State, as reported by the several establishments in 1875, was 8,557. Of this number, 641 males and 668 females, total, 1,309, were under 15 years of age; and 4,153 males and 3,095 females, total, 7,248, were 15 years and over.

The returns gave the names of 71 different occupations into which these 8,557 hands employed in woolen and worsted mills, were divided. All of these different occupations were not found in every mill, so that the same difficulty as in the cotton manufactures, was found in dividing the whole number of hands correctly among all the different occupations named. I have, therefore, as in the report on cotton manufactures, divided the whole number of hands employed in the State, in the proper proportions among the different rooms, as given in the full returns of a large woolen mill, which is taken as the standard for all in the State. The result is as follows:

Woolen and Worsted Mill Operatives.

8 557

whole number in the State
These are divided as follows:
In Burling rooms
Carding rooms
Dye houses
Finishing rooms
Fulling rooms
Mechanical departments432
Picker rooms
Spinning rooms
Spooling rooms353
Waste houses
Weaving rooms2,744
Wool rooms
Worsted departments
Total in the whole State

The alphabetical list of the seventy-one different occupations in the woolen mills is at follows:

Alley hands,	Back lookers,	Blacksmiths,
Alley tenders, (girls,)	Back washers,	Bobbin pickers,
Assorters,	Ballers,	Brush boys,

Burlers, Firemen. Roving machine tenders, Card feeders. Fulling hands, Scourers, Carpenters, Giggers, Second hands, Chain builders, Grinders, Shearers, Slubbing carriers, Cleaners, Handers in, Coal wheelers, Harness makers, Spare hands, Combers, Helpers, Spinners, Counters, measurers Hostlers, Spoolers, and packers, Sweepers, Laborers, Doffers, Loom fixers, Teamsters, Doublers, Teazle setters, Machinists, Drawing tenders, Menders of cloth, Tenders of stop motion, Drawers in, Overseers, Third hands, Dresser tenders, Painters, Twisters, Dryers, Passers, Washers. Dyers, Pattern loom hands, Waste hands, Engineers, (chief,) Watchmen, Pickers, Engineers, (second,) Pipers, Weavers, Extractors, Whipper tenders, Preparers, Filling carriers, Press hands, Winders, Finishers, Roping carriers, Wool carriers.

Average Daily Wages.

The average daily wages paid to hands employed in Woolen Mills in Rhode Island are given in the table on page 123.

Males under 15 years of age. The highest average is 97 cents per day in Hopkinton; the lowest average is 61 cents per day in Glocester. In the whole State the average is 68 cents per day.

Males of 15 years and over. The highest average of the daily wages is \$1.60 in Hopkinton; the lowest is $$1.32\frac{1}{2}$ per day in Cranston and North Providence. The average for the whole State is $$1.46\frac{1}{3}$ per day.

Females under 15 years of age. The highest average is 83 cents per day in North Kingstown; the lowest average is 55 cents per day in Pawticket. In the whole State the average is $62\frac{1}{8}$ cents per day.

Females of 15 years and over. The highest average is \$1.18 $\frac{2}{3}$ per day in Burrillville; the lowest average is 90 cents per day in Pawtucket. The average for the whole State is \$1.17 $\frac{7}{8}$ per day.

Comparing the average by towns of the daily wages paid in the woolen and worsted manufacture, with the average of the daily wages paid in the cotton manufacture, we find the following:

Woolen 2	WOOLEN AND WORSTED MILLS.					COTTON MILLS.			
From	n T o			F	rom	7	Го		
Males under 15 years 80 6	81 80 9	97 per	day.	\$0	37	50	62	per	day.
Males 15 years and over 1 3	2 1 6	0 "	"	1	29	1	83	"	6 6
Females under 15 years 0 53	5 08	3	4 4	0	33	0	56	4.6	46
Females 15 years and over 0 90	11	8 "	66	0	80	1	21	**	"

The whole amount of wages paid in the manufacture of woolen and worsted goods, during the year, is reported as \$3,001,014. The number of hands, of all ages and sexes, employed is 8,557. If we call 300 the number of working days in the year, the result for the year is 2,567,100 days' work in the woolen and worsted mills. Dividing the whole amount of wages paid by the number of days' work, it gives \$1.17 as the average daily wages of all classes of hands employed. The total amount of wages paid in the woolen manufacture in the whole State is a little more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per day.

Woolen Goods, Materials Used.

The statistics of the quantities and the value of the materials used in the manufacture of woolen goods in Rhode Island are given on pages 124 to 126 of the tables. The principal materials are 17,258,549 pounds of wool, 1,668 pounds of silk, 2,383,822 pounds of shoddy, 4,523,280 pounds of cotton, 4,140,275 yards of cotton warp, 365,131 pounds of worsted yarn, 259,114 pounds of flocks, and \$128,102 worth of cotton yarn. Besides these there are \$1,141,020 worth of drugs and dyes, nearly a million and a half pounds of soap, with oil of various kinds, coal, wood, etc., etc.; the whole value of all materials being \$11,803,014. The amounts of the different materials and the proportions to each other in the several towns in the State, will be seen in the table, and might afford an interesting subject for study and comparison.

It will be noticed from the figures on page exlix., that there is a very large increase in the materials used in 1875, as compared with 1870; while at the same time there is a large decrease in the

amount of cloth made. Thus, in 1875, of the chief substances used in the manufacture of woolen cloths, there were 17,258,549 pounds of wool, 4,523,280 pounds of cotton, and 2,383,822 pounds of shoddy. This gives a total of 24,165,651 pounds of textile materials, besides cotton warp, yarn, etc. From this amount of materials, 18,155,379 yards of cloth were made.

But in 1870, according to the National census, 17,038,106 pounds of similar materials produced 21,903,819 yards of cloth. In other words, 17,038,106 pounds of material in 1870, produced 3,748,440 yards of cloth more than 24,165,651 pounds of material in 1875; as follows:

WOOLEN GOODS MANUFACTURE.	1875.	1870.
Domestic Wool used, pounds	13,322,742	13,649,720
Foreign Wool used, pounds	3,935,807	772,247
Cotton used, pounds	4,523,280	1,697,139
Shoddy used, pounds	2,383,822	919,000
Total materials used, pounds	24,165,651	17,038,106
Cloth made, yards	18,155,379	21,903,819

We omit other materials and other products in both years.

It needs no argument to show that the figures for one or the other of these dates must be wrong, and no amount of reasoning or explanations can possibly make them consistent with each other. Let us examine them.

The average weight of woolen cloths for winter wear is from eleven to thirteen ounces per yard, and for light weights for summer wear, the average is about eight ounces per yard. If we examine the figures, as given in the census of 1870, we find the average of all the textile materials used, to be less than 12.5 ounces for each yard of cloth, of which the wool comprises only 10.5 ounces. This is the weight of the wool in its original state before the process of manufacture is begun. But in the first process, in the scouring of the wool before carding, it shrinks from 30 to 50 per cent., the finer grades shrinking the most.

In the process of manufacture there is a further shrinkage in weight of from 10 to 15 per cent., so that, according to the census of 1870, there could not have been more than an average of six or seven ounces of material left in each yard of cloth weighing 11 to 13 ounces. Of course it is impossible that the returns

could have been correct. It is probably certain that the amount of foreign wool, shoddy and cotton, reported in the census of 1870, was considerably less than the truth, and that the amount of cloth reported was greater than the truth.

According to the census of 1875, there was an average of 21.2 ounces of the raw material of all kinds, for each yard of cloth, of which wool comprised 15.2 ounces. Of course it will not be understood that all the materials named are used in all the cloth made in the State. In some of the largest manufactories of woolen goods, no cotton or shoddy is used, while in some towns, the amount of cotton and shoddy used in woolen manufactures, is greater than that of wool.

STATISTICS OF SPECIAL MANUFACTURES.—Continued.

Print Works and Bleacheries.

The statistics of print works and bleacheries in Rhode Island, for the year ending June 1, 1875, are given on pages 128 and 129 of the tables. The general facts relating to the print works have been included with those relating to cotton manufactures; but there are many points of interest in them, peculiar to themselves and not connected with other cotton products. The following shows some facts relating to the print works in the State in 1875, compared with similar facts from the National Census of 1870:

CALICO PRINTING.	1875.	1870.
Number of establishments	7	9
Steam Engines, number	46	20
Steam Engines, horse power	2,070	2,225
Water Wheels, number	3	1
Water Wheels, horse power	128	100
Printing Machines, number	80	90
Hands employed, number	2,595	2,996
Capital employed, value	\$2,568,000	\$6,770,000
Wages paid during the year	\$1,034,789	\$1,028,000
Print Cloth used, yards	178,234,405	167,509,000
Prints made, yards	186,474,863	167,509,000
All materials used, value	\$13,327,629	\$14,604,962
All products, value	816,497,100	\$17,842,480

In the table on page 128, from which the above statistics are taken, for the capital employed, the value of the real estate and of the machinery alone, is given as follows: Real Estate, \$1,200,000; Machinery, \$1,368,000; Total, \$2,568,000. These values were the estimates of the agents employed, no values being given in the returns from the establishments. Whether these values are less than the truth or not, the figures given for this item in the census of 1870 are evidently too large.

In the same table, on page 128, near the bottom, the value of Acids used in Bleacheries, should be \$26,899, instead of \$88,905.

In the comparison with the census of 1870, on the preceding page, it will be noticed that in 1870 the yards of Prints made were precisely the same as the yards of print cloth used.

If the census marshals had been familiar with calico printing it would have occurred to them that the cloth might stretch in printing, and as improbable that the yards of calico would be exactly the same as the yards of cloth used. According to the census of 1875, we find that 178,234,405 yards of print cloth made 186,474,863 yards of calico, an increase of 8,240,458 yards, or 4.6 per cent. The increase in the length of the cloth alone amounts to 4,682 miles, and the whole amount of calico made in the State, in the year, is equal to 105,951 miles.

STATISTICS OF SPECIAL MANUFACTURES.-Continued.

Iron Manufactures.

The statistics of the iron manufactures in Rhode Island, as returned by the census of 1875, are found in Table XL., on pages 130 to 136 of this volume. The statistics of blacksmithing, as ordinarily carried on, are omitted from the table; because it is impossible to obtain them with any approach to correctness, and when obtained they are not of any special importance, not being properly manufactures. The table includes the statistics of the manufacture of files and rasps; hardware; horse shoes; iron castings, light and heavy, of every description; machinery of all kinds, large and small; muskets; nails, cables, etc.; screws; steam engines, boilers and locomotives; tools of all kinds; wire; and other miscellaneous articles.

If we take the same manufactures, so far as possible, in the

censuses of 1865 and 1870, we have the following comparative statistics:

IRON MANUFACTURES.	1875.	1870.	1865.
Number of establishments	79	111	77
Capital invested, value	\$8,225,199	\$13,431,400	\$5,128,150
Cost of raw materials	\$3,191,980	\$3,971 114	84,396,297
Annual products, value	810,666,491	\$9,928,486	89,433,342
Hands employed, number	6,976	6,035	6,045

The table of statistics of the Iron Manufactures contains many facts relating to machines used, materials used and products, not given in previous eensuses, and which therefore cannot be compared with previous statistics. They will be found important to those interested in the subject.

It was my intention to present the statistics upon several other important interests of the State, and to illustrate the statistics of the manufactures by a map and diagrams. But the difficulty in obtaining suitable assistance, and the unavoidable delay, which has already been explained, seem to render it necessary to close the report here. I will only add one or two recapitulatory and additional tables.

RECAPITULATORY AND ADDITIONAL.

The following table shows the population, with the value of the products of agriculture; of fisheries and shore farms; and of manufactures, in each town and county in Rhode Island, as returned by the census of 1875:

TABLE. Showing the Population and the total Value of the Products of Agriculture, of Fisheries and Shore Farms, and of Manufactures, in each town in the State, for the year ending June 1, 1875.

TOWNS	Total		VALUE O	F PRODUCTS.	
AND DIVISIONS OF THE	Popula-	Of Farm	Of Fishcries	Of Manufac-	Total Value
STATE.	tion.	and Forest	and Shore	tures of	of
SIAIL.	tion.	Products.	Farms.	All Kinds.	All Products.
Barrington	1,185	\$82,090	\$267,560	\$91,364	\$441,014
Bristol	5,829	149,676	33,794	2,976,600	3,160,070
Warren	4,005	60,283	3,363	1,452,485	1,516,131
BRISTOL COUNTY	11,019	292,049	304,717	4,520,449	5,117,215
Coventry	4,580	161,472		1,587,850	1,749,322
East Greenwich	3,120	90,222	9,992	1,401,651	1,501,865
West Greenwich	1,034	121,140		158,020	-279,160
Warwick	11,614	292,794	53,422	10,161,196	10,507,412
KENT COUNTY	20,348	665,628	63,414	13,308,717	14,037,759
Jamestown	488	61,209	4,389	24,660	90,258
Little Compton	1,156	151,731	177,496	7,295	336,522
Middletown	1,074	186,775	80		186,855
New Shoreham	1,147	102,615	54,864	30,416	187,895
Portsmouth	1,893	228,772	55,663	319,500	603,935
Tiverton	2,101	165,292	77,559		364,469
Towns, Newport Co.	7,859	896,394	370,051	503,489	1,769,934
NEWPORT CITY	14,028	34,275	43,246	1,614,245	1,691,766
Burrillville	5,249			2,467,433	2,606,300
Cranston	5,688				5,460,493
Cumberland	5,673			1,579,561	1,840,309
East Providence	4,336	105,727	146,022	1,213,802	1,465,551
Foster	1,543	145,994		39,478	185,472
Glocester	2,098	160,168		501,587	661,750
Johnston	4,999	300,878		723,750	1,024,628
Lincoln····	11,565	165,205		5,168,284	5,333,489
North Providence	1,303			846,419	910,908
North Smithfield	2,797	130,130		676,509	806,645
Pawtucket	18,464	20,681		17,504,029	17,524,710
Scituate	4,101			926,510	1,123,930
Smithfield	2,857	164,054		2,178,549	2,342,603
Woonsocket	13,576	41,052		8,920,667	8,961,719
Towns, Prov. Co	84,249	2,129,118	252,787	47,866,602	50,248,507
PROVIDENCE CITY	100,675	92,464	191,123	52,782,875	53,066,462
Charlestown	1,054				
Exeter	1,355	143,627		21,752	165,379
Hopkinton	2,760			885,142	981,628
North Kingstown	3,505	229,492		1,081,750	1,345,387
South Kingstown	4,240				
Richmond	1,739) <mark> </mark>	953,411	1,026,081
Westerly	5,408				
Washington County.	20,061	918,401	111,749	6,063,498	7,093,648
WHOLE STATE	258,239	\$5,028,329	\$1,337,087	\$126,659,875	\$133,025,291

An examination of the preceding table shows very great differences in the value of the total products, in proportion to the population in the different towns in the State. Thus in Charlestown, the total value of all the products of farms, of fisheries, and of manufactures, only amounts to $\$72\frac{73}{100}$ for each inhabitant in the town. But in Warwick the total products amount to $\$904\frac{71}{100}$ for each inhabitant; and in Pawtucket the value of the total products is equal to $\$949\frac{1}{100}$ for each inhabitant.

In the whole State the value of the total products is \$133,025,-291, which divided among 258,239 persons, the total population, is equal to $$515\frac{12}{100}$ for each person. In 1865, the total products amounted to \$111,118,886, which was equal to \$601 for each of the 184,965 inhabitants at that time.

The following shows the values of the products of all kinds in Rhode Island in 1865 and in 1875:

			VALUE OF	PRODUCTS.	
DATE.	Population.	Of Farms and Forests.	Of Fisheries and Shore Farms.	Of Manufactures.	Total Value of All Products.
1875	258,239	\$5,028,329	\$1,337,087	\$126,659,875	\$133,025,291
1865	184,965	7,590,079	422,412	103,106,395	111,118,886
Gain or Loss	73,274	\$2,56 1 ,750	\$914,675	\$23,553,480	\$21,906,405

There is a large gain in the value of all products, in 1875, except in the products of Farms and Forests. In those, there was a falling off of \$2,561,750, between 1865 and 1875. The reasons for this decrease have been referred to on page exxii. of this report.

State Valuation and Taxation.

The following table is taken from the "Rhode Island Manual," prepared by Hon. Joshua M. Addeman, Secretary of State, and published annually by order of the General Assembly. The table is compiled from the "Manual" of two years, and shows the "Valuation of the several towns and cities in the State, as returned by the town and city clerks to the Secretary of State."

TABLE.—Showing the valuation of Real estate, Personal estate, and the total of the two, with the Rate of Tuxation, for the year 1875; also the total estate and rate of taxation for the year 1876, in each town and county in Rhode Island.

		1875.			1876.	
TOWNS AND DIVISIONS OF THE STATE.	Real Estate.	Personal Estate.	Total.	Rate of Tax on each \$100.*	Total,	Rate of Tax on each \$100.*
Barrington Bristol Warren	\$985,505 $3,210,700$ $2,052,950$	\$509,300 1,900,400 2,115,150	\$1,494,805 5,111,100 4,168,100	\$0 55 78 64	\$1,468,655 5,069,800 4,004,236	94
BRISTOL COUNTY.	6,249,155	4,524,850	10,774,005		10,542,691	
Coventry East Greenwich West Greenwich Warwick	2,616,300 1,465,402 362,030 7,577,500	1,437,100 372,550 143,140 2,840,900	4,053,400 1,837,952 505,170 10,418,400	40 50 90 50	4,018,550 1,842,300 500,670 10,526,800	50 1 00 50
Jamestown Little Compton Middletown New Shoreham Portsmouth Tiverton	12,021,232 $785,300$ $830,950$ $1,596,000$ $287,384$ $1,556,400$ $1,262,913$	4,793,690 273,400 435,600 398,200 45,304 674,500 484,285	16,814,922 1,058,700 1,266,550 1,994,200 332,688 2,230,900 1,747,198	58	16,888,320 $1,048,800$ $1,303,300$ $1,950,150$ $327,210$ $2,324,200$ $1,725,109$	50 40 60 1 25 58
Towns, Newp'rt } County, Newport City	6,318,947 20,831,000	2,311,289 8,040,200	8,630,236 28,871,200		8,678,769 28,979,900	
Burrillville Cranston Cumberland East Providence Foster Glocester Johnston Lincoln North Providence North Providence North Smithfield Pawtucket Scitnate Smithfield Woonsocket Towns, Prov. Co	$1,853,600\\5,864,550\\3,671,250\\4,565,700\\535,300\\824,555\\3,086,600\\5,474,350\\803,705\\1,270,550\\12,648,774\\1,571,300\\1,366,600\\6,979,900\\$	896,800° 934,200° 2,084,050° 817,800° 148,900° 450,550° 784,900° 1,732,800° 199,500° 966,400° 3,603,656° 776,600° 728,900° 2,533,370° ————————————————————————————————————	2,750,400 6,798,750 5,755,300 5,383,500 684,200 1,275,105 3,871,500 7,207,150 1,003,205 2,236,950 16,252,430 2,347,900 2,095,500	74 50 65 70 94 80 80 80 70 1 25 85 1 20	2,661,450 6,955,400 5,781,700 5,013,630 689,150 1,283,440 4,013,500 7,638,600 991,135 2,274,600 16,635,770 2,283,400 9,172,520 67,542,695	74 40 60 88 88 80 50 70 75 56 1 25 50 1 00
PROVIDENCE CITY.	82,862,900	39,091,800	121,954,700	1 45	121,065,200	I 45
Charlestown Exeter Hopkinton North Kingstown South Kingstown Richmond Westerly	612,800 546,860 1,326,850 1,869,905 3,002,490 1,006,800 3,113,800	88,450 123,580 438,450 969,630 1,458,610 257,400 1,379,175	701,250 670,440 1,765,800 2,839,535 4,461,100 1,264,200 4,492,975	50 65 52 60 65	709,980 667,690 1,713,050 2,822,325 4,571,180 1,278,950 4,422,310	80 663 524 50 65
Washington Co	11,479,505	4,715,295	16,194,800		16,185,485	5
WHOLE STATE	190,279,473	80,135,550	270,415,023		269,883,060)

^{*}Including highway tax.

CENSUS OF RHODE ISLAND, JUNE 1, 1875.

TABLES.

PART I.
POPULATION.

Table I.—Showing the population, number of dwelling houses, and of families, number of families to each dwelling, and number of persons to each dwelling and each family in each town of the State.

TOWNS AND DIVISIONS	Popula-	Dwe	LLIN	з Но		Empty Dwell- ing Houses.	Whole No. of Families.	Families to each Dwelling	Persons to each Dwelling.	Persons to each Family.
TOWNS AND DIVISIONS					- 5	≟ ٍ ا	[E	, <u>i</u>	E E	x -
OF THE STATE.	tion.	널	4	je.	31	Ξω	1 1 1 1	12	: ŽΞ	2 =
	Fotell tion.	Wood.	Brick.	Stone.	Whole Number.	- E.E.	[E	Families each Dwe	Persons each Dwo	25
				J.						
Barrington	1.185	237	6		243	12	268	1.10	4.87	4 42
Bristol	5.829	930	16	11	957	19		1,36	6 09	4.46
Warren	4.005	596	11	1	608	21	881	1.44	6.58	1 51
BRISTOL COUNTY	11.019	1,763	33	12	1.808	52	2,454	1.35	6 09	4.49
0 1	4 500			ا	0.2.2	'				
Coventry	4,580			2	883	27	1,040		5.18	
East Greenwich	3,120	549	2	1	552	15		L.25		
West Greenwich	1,034	263		•••	263	29		., 99	-3.98 _î	
Warwick	11,614	1,897	4	6	-1.907	80	2.430	1 - 27,	-6.09	± . 77
V C	20 1110	2 700			0.00=					1 20
KENT COUNTY	20.348	3,590	6	9	3,605	151	4.424	1 22	5.64	4.59
Jamestown	488	101	1	1	103	+	106	1 09	4.73	1 60
Little Compton	1.156	264		3	267	17		1.03	4.32	
	1.074	214		9	$\frac{207}{214}$	12	229			
Middletown				2					5.01	
New Shoreham	1,147	221	1		224	3	237		5 12	
Portsmouth	1,893	350	1	1	352	5		1.19	5 87	
Tiverton	2,101	409	• • • •	5	414	23	471	1.13	5.07	4.46
Towns, New- PORT COUNTY	7,859	1.559	3	12	1,574	64	1,740	1.10	4.99	4.51
NEWPORT CITY	14,028	2,519	22	12	2,553	231	3.070	1 20	5.49	4.56
Burrillville	5.249	783		2	785	20^{1}	1,057	1 85	6.68	1 96
Cranston	5,688	783	2	1	786	-8	1,067		7.23	
Cumberland	5,678	692	198	2	892	25	1,099		6 35	
East Providence	4,336	856	4	3	863	151:	9514		5.02	
	1,543			- 1			$\frac{3310}{402}$			
Foster	$\frac{1,545}{2,098}$				349	5			4.42	
Glocester				1	443	14	511		4.73	
Johnston	4,999		7.7.0	15	835	11	1.063'1		5 98	
Lincoln	11,565	1,322	118	47	1.487	32	2.222	1 49	7.77	
North Providence.	1,303	209	1	5	215	6	2771		6.06	
North Smithfield	2,797	354	8	14	376	8	539]		7.43	
Pawtucket	18,464	2.479	31	11	2.521	63	4,048[1		7 32	4.56
Scituate	4,101	798		13,	811	21	959]		5.05	
Smithfield	2,857			29	529.	35			5.40 -	
Woonsocket	13,576	1,285	42	IJ	1.342	21	-2.658[]	L.98	10.113	5.10
Towns, Prov. Co	84,249	11,669	404	161	12,234	420	17,436	1 42	6.88	4.83
PROVIDENCE CITY	100,675	12,924	305	46	13.275	321	21.621	1.62	7.58	4.65
Charlestown	1,054	224			224	5	289]	1.06^{\dagger}	4.70	4 41
Exeter	1,355				311	20	338.1		4.35	
Hopkinton	2,760	585	1	3	589	22	618 1		4.68	
North Kingstown	3,505	651	6	1	658	19	800 1		5.32	
South Kingstown	4,240	871		5	876	32	9291			1.56
Richmond	1,739				334	12	410,1		5 20	
Westerly	5,408	830			834	14				
" catcity	0,100	0.00	*		004	1 +	1,1361		6.48	x. (0
Washington Co	20,061	3,806	11	9	3,826	124	4,500 1	.17	5.24	4.45
WHOLE STATE	258.239	37,830	784	261	38,875	1.363	55,2451	. 42	6.64	4.67

TABLE II—Sex and Color.—Showing the Sex and Color of the population in each town and division of the State.

TOWNS AND DIVIS-	 	WHITE	s.	C	OLORI	ED.	No. of	No. of les.	Popula
IONS OF THE STATE.	Males.	Females	Total.	Male	Fem.	Total.	Whole No. o	Whole No. 6	Total J
Barrington	559	604			3	22			
Bristol	2,664	2,975							
Warren	1,810	$^{2,158}_{}$	3,968	18	24	37	1,823	2,182	4,005
Bristol Co	5,033	5,737	10,770	109	140	249	5,142	5,877	$^{\perp}_{\parallel}$ 11,019
Coventry	2,153	2,394	4,547	20	13	33	2,173	2,407	4,580
East Greenwich.	1,450	1,544	2,994	58	68	126	1,508		
West Greenwich	516	518	1,034		,		516	518	1,034
Warwick	5,574	5,834	11,408	109	97	206	5,683	5,931	11,614
KENT COUNTY	9,693	10,290	19,983	187	178	365	9,880	10,468	20,348
Jamestown	249	221	470	11	7	18	260	228	488
Little Compton	551	596		5		9	556	600	
Middletown	536	528	1,064	6	4	10	542	532	1,074
New Shoreham	585.	522		27	13	40	612	535	
Portsmouth	973	901		15	4	19	988	905	
Tiverton	1,068	1,012		10	11	21	1.078	1,023	
Towns. New- PORT Co }	3,962	3,780	7,742	74	43	117	4,0.16	3,823	7,859
NEWPORT CITY	6,194	6,930	13,124	376	528	100	6,570	7,458	14,028
Burrillville	2,615	2,607	5,222	13	14	27	2,628	2,621	5,249
Cranston	2,990	2.588	5,578	56	54	110	3,046	2,642	5,688
Cumberland	2.791	2.875	5,666	2	5	7	2.793	2,880	5,673
East Provideuce.	2,239	2.058	4,297	18	21	39	2,257	2,079	4,336
Foster	788	755,	1.543	,	,		788	755	
Glocester	1.084	1,007	2,091	2	5	7	1,056	1,012	2,098
Johnston	2,502	2,465	4,967	20	12	32,	2,522	2,477	4,999
Lincoln	5,550	5,989	11,539	13	13	26	5,563	6.002	
No. Providence.	611	678	1,289	9	5	14	620	683	1,303
No. Smithfield	1.344	1,441	2.785	6	6	12	1.350°	1.447	2,797
Pawtucket	8,816	9,560	18,376	50	38	88	8,866	9,598	18,464
Scituate	1,993	2,090	4,083	13	5	18	2.006	2,095	4,101
Smithfield	1.342	1,491	2,833	16	8	24	1.358'	1,499	2,857
Woonsocket	6,359	7,198	13,557	3	16	19	6.362	7,214	13,576
COUNTY	41,024	42,802	83,826	221	202	423	41,245	43,001	84,249
Prov. City	47,090	50,098	97,188	1,611	1,876	3,487	48,701	51,974	100,675
Charlestown	470	454	924	61	66	130	534	520	1,054
Exeter	683	639	1,322	19	14	33	702	653	1,355
lopkinton.	1,330	1,397	2,727	14	19	33	1,344	1,416	2,760
No. Kingstown	1,656	1,751	3,407	$\frac{1}{49}$	49	98	1,705	1.800	3,505
o. Kingstown.	1,986	2,002	3,988	125	127	252	2,111,	2,129	4,240
Richmond	821	867	1,688	24	27	51	845	894	1,739
Vesterly	2,692	2,587	5,279	53	76	129	2,745	2,663	5,408
VASHINGTON }	9,638	9,697	19,835	348	378	726	9,986	10,075	20,061
					1				

^{*} Charlestown,-Narragansett Indians, Males, 41; Females, 38; Total, 79.

TABLE III.—Showing the particulars of Tables I. and II., in the cities of Providence and Newport—by Wards.

CITY OF PROVIDENCE. TABLE I. BY WARDS.

	Pop.	Dv	VELLING	Hors	ES.	Empty	Whole	Fami-	Per-	Per-
Wards.	Total Pc ulation.	Wood.	Brick.	Stone.	Whole No.	Dwell-	No. of Fami-	lies to each Dwell- ing.	sons to each Dwell- ing.	sons to each Fami- ly.
First	13,762	1,683	28	5	1,716	29	2.974	1.73	8.01	4.62
Second	5,432	718	98	6	822	22	958	1.16	6.60	5.67
Third	10.155	1,125	57	3	1,185	30	-2.162	-1.82	8.56	4.69
Fourth	6.405	823		9	880	25	1.347		7.27	
Fifth	8,953	1,036	25	9	1,070	18.	1.896	1.77	8.36	4.72
Sixth	6.191	854	17		871	12	1,460	1.67		4.24
Seventh	8,752	1,145	10	I	1.156	18	1,994	1.72	7.57	4.38
Eighth	11.218	-1.449	3	1	-1.453	28	2,532			4.43
Ninth	13.570	-2.024	2	2	2.028	72	-2.989	1.47	6.69	4.53
Tenth	16,237	2,067	17	10	-2,094	67	3,309	1.10	7.75	4.90
1										
WHOLE CITY	100,675	12.924	305	46	13,275	321	21,621	1.62	7.58	4.65

CITY OF NEWPORT. TABLE I. BY	Ϋ́	\mathbf{OF}	NEWPORT.	TABLE	I.	BY WARDS.
------------------------------	----	---------------	----------	-------	----	-----------

1	Êá	DWELLING HOUSES.				Empty	Whole	Fami-		Per-
WARDS.	Total P	Wood.	Brick.	Stone.	Whole No.	Dwell-	No. of Fami-	each	sons to each Dwell- ing.	each
First	2,194	356			 356	19	502	1.41	6.16	4.37
Second	3,545	634		.2	636	37	822	1.29	5.57	4.31
Third	1,971	348	9	2	359	16	411	1.14	5.49	4.79
Fourth	2,170	359			359		463	1.28	6.04	_
Fifth	4.148	822	13	8	843	159	872	1.03	4.92	4.75
WHOLECITY	14.028	2,519	22	12	2,55	231	3,070	1,20	5.49	4.56

CITY OF PROVIDENCE. TABLE II. BY WARDS.

	1	VHITES		C	OLORED	·		Whole	
WARDS.	Males.	Fem'ls.	Fem'ls. Total.		Fem'ls.	Total.		No. of Femils.	
First	6.478	6,718	13.196	279	287	566			13,762
Second	-2.109	2,694	4.803	275	354				5,432
Third	4,925	4,954	9.879	142	134				10,155
Fourth	3,034	3,265	6.299	48	58	-106	3.082	3,323	6,405
Fifth	4,374	4,509	8.883	29	41	70	4,403	4.550	8.953
Sixth	2,677	3,044	5.721	215	255	470	2.892	-3,299	6.191
Seventh	4.082	4.514	8.596	68	88	156	4,150	4,602	8,752
Eighth	5.124	5,741	10.865	156	197	353	5,280	5,938	11.218
Ninth	6,196	6,563	12,759	377	434	811	6,573	6,997	13.570
Tenth	8,091	8,096	16,187	22	28	50	8,113	8,124	16,237
WHOLE CITY	$ _{47,090}$	50,098	97.188	1.611	1,876	3,487	48.701	51,974	100675

CITY OF NEWPORT. TABLE II. By WARDS.

	WHITES.			0	OLOREI),	Whole	Whole	Total
WARDS.	Males.	Fem'ls	Total.	Males.	Fem'ls.	Total.		No of Fem'ls.	
First	970	1,113	2,083	43	68	111	1.013	1,181	2,194
Second	1,484	1,729	3,213	142	190	332	1,626	1,919	3,545
Third	796	1,085	1,881	29	61	90	825	1,146	1,971
Fourth		991			157			1,148	
Fifth	2,055	2.012	4.067	29	52	81	2,084	2.064	4.148
WHOLE CITY	6,194	6,930	13.124	376	528	904	6,570	7,458	14,028

CENSUS OF RHODE ISLAND, JUNE 1, 1875.

TABLES.

PART I.
POPULATION.

Table I.—Showing the population, number of dwelling houses, and of families, number of families to each dwelling, and number of persons to each dwelling and each family in each town of the State.

	Popula-	DWE	LLIN	з Ног	ses.	Empty Dwell- ing Houses.	, j	Emilies to each Dwelling	Persons to each Dwelling.	Persons to each Family.
TOWNS AND DIVISIONS			ı	ı i		ĤĒ.	Whole No. Families,	Emilies to each Dwellin	18 t	2 E
OF THE STATE.	Fotal tion.	<u>-</u>		<u>:</u>		Ę.,		ΙΞΞ	3 -	2 E
	Tot	Wood.	Briek.	Stone.	Whole Number.	E.i.	N.	불	를 등 등	<u>4,</u>
Barrington	1.185	237	G		243	12		1.10		4 42
Bristol	5,829	930	16		957	19	1.205	1 36	6 09	$\begin{array}{c} 4.46 \\ 4.54 \end{array}$
Warren	4,005	596	11	1	608	21	221	1.44	65	+ 54
BRISTOL COUNTY	11,019	1.763	33	12	1,808	52	2,454	1.85	6 00	4.49
Coventry	4,580			2	883	27	1,040			
East Greenwich	3,120	549	2	1	552	15		1.25	5 65	
West Greenwich Warwick	1,034 $11,614$	$\frac{263}{1,897}$	4	6	$\frac{263}{1,907}$	29 80	261 2.430	.99 1.97	3.93 6-09	
	20,348			9	3,605	151	4.424		5.64	
KENT COUNTY		3,590			1		,			
Jamestown	488	101	1	1	103	4		1 02	$\frac{4.73}{4.32}$	
Little Compton Middletown	[-1.156]	$\frac{264}{214}$		3	$\frac{267}{214}$	$\frac{17}{12}$		$\begin{bmatrix} 1.03 \\ 1.07 \end{bmatrix}$	$\frac{4.52}{5.01}$	
New Shoreham	1.147	221	1	2	224	3		1 05	5 12	
Portsmouth	1,893	350	1	1	352	5		1 19	5.37	4.49
Tiverton	2,101	409		5	414	23	471	1.13	5 07	4.46
Towns, New- PORT COUNTY	7,859	1,559	3	12	1.574	64	1.740	1.10	4.99	4.51
NEWPORT CITY	14,028	2,510	22	12	2,553	231	3.070	1.20	[5.49]	4.56
Burrillville	5.249	783		2	785	20,	1.057		6.68	
Cranston	5,688	783	2	1	786	8	1.067		7.23	
Cumberland	5,673 4,336	692	198 4	$\frac{2}{3}$	892 863	$\frac{25}{151}$	1,099	1.23 1.10	$\frac{6}{5.02}$	
East Providence Foster	1,543	$\frac{856}{349}$			349	5		1.15	$\frac{3.02}{4.42}$	
Glocester	2,098	439		4	443	14		1.15	4.78	
Johnston	4,999	820		15	835	11	1.063		5.98	
Lincoln	11,565	1,322	118	47	1,487	32	2.000		7.77	
North Providence.	1,303	209	1	.5 14	215	6 8		$\frac{1.28}{1.43}$		
North Smithfield Pawtucket	2,797 $18,464$	$\frac{354}{2,479}$	8 31	11	$\begin{array}{c} 876 \\ 2,521 \end{array}$	63 63	4,048		$\frac{7.43}{7.32}$	
Scituate	4,101	798		13	811	21		1.18	5.05	
Smithfield	2,857	500		29	529	35		1.10		
Woonsocket	13,576	1,285	42	15	1,342	21	2,658	1.98	10.11	5.10
Towns, Prov. Co	84,249	11,669	404	161	12,234	420	17,436	1 42	6.88	4.83
PROVIDENCE CITY	100,675	12,924	305	46	13,275	321	21,621	1.62	7.58	4.65
Charlestown	1,054	224			224	5	239	1.06	4.70	4 41
Exeter	1,355	311			311	20		1.08	4.35	
Hopkinton	$\frac{2,760}{3,505}$	$\frac{585}{651}$	1 6	3	$\frac{589}{658}$	22 19		1.10.		
North Kingstown Sonth Kingstown	4,240	871		5	876	32		$\frac{1.21}{1.06}$	4.84	
Richmond	1,739	334			334	12		1.22	5 20	
Westerly	5,408	830	4		834	14	1,136		6.48	
Washington Co	20,061	3,806	11	9	3,826	124	4,500	1.17	5.24	4.45
WHOLE STATE	258,239	27,830	784	261	38,875	1,363	55,245	1.42	6.64	4.67

TABLE II—Sex and Color.—Showing the Sex and Color of the population in each town and division of the State.

TOWNS AND DIVIS		WHITE	8.	C	OLORI	ĔD.	No. of	Whole No. of Females.	Total Popula- tion.
IONS OF THE			Ī		1	T	e]	SE	μ.,
STATE.	Males.	Females	Total.	Males	Fem.	Total	Whole No.	Whol Fen	Total
Barrington	559	604	1,163	18	9	22	57:	613	1,185
Bristol									
Warren	1,810								
Bristol Co	5,033	5,737	10,770	109	140	249	5,145	5,877	11,019
Coventry	2,153	[2,394]	4.547	20	13	38	2,178	2,407	4,580
East Greenwich.					68	1			
West Greenwich							516		
Warwick	5,574	5,834			97	200			
KENT COUNTY	9,693	10,290	19,983	187	178	365	9,880	10,468	20,348
Jamestown	249	221	470	11	7	18	260	228	488
Little Compton		596			1 .	9			
Middletown	536	528		6		10			
New Shoreliam	585	522		27	13	40			
Portsmouth	973	901		15	4	19			
Tiverton	1.068	1,012			11	21			
Towns, New-	3,962	3,780	7,742	74	43	117	4,0.16	8,828	7,859
NEWPORT CITY	6,194	6,930	13,124	376	528	904	6,570	7,458	14,028
Burrillville	2.615	2,607	5,222	13	14	27	2,628	2,621	5,249
Cranston	2,990	2,588		56	54	110			
Cumberland	2,791	2,875		2	5	7	2,793		
East Providence.	2,239	2,058	4,297	18	21	39		2,079	
Foster	788	755	1,543		1		788		
Glocester	1,084	1,007	2,091	2	5	7	1,086		
Johnston	2,502	2,465	4,967	20	12	7 82			,
		5,989	11.539	13	13	26			
Lincoln	5,550	678		9	10 5	14	620		
No. Providence.	611		$1,289 \\ 2,785$	6	6		1,350		2,797
No. Smithfield	1,344	1,441				12	8,866		
Pawtucket	8.816	$\frac{9,560}{2,090}$	18,376 $4,083$	50 13	38 5	88	2,006		4,101
Scituate	1,993		2,833		8	18			
Smithfield Woonsocket	$\frac{1,842}{6,359}$	$\frac{1,491}{7,198}$	13,557	$\frac{16}{3}$	16	$\frac{24}{19}$	$\frac{1,358}{6,362}$	1,499 7,214	13,576
Towns, Prov.)	41,024	42,802	83,826	221	202	423	41,245	43,004	84,249
Prov. City	47,090	50,098	97,188	1,611	1,876	3,487	48,701	51,974	100,675
"Charlestowu	470,	454	924	64	66	130	531	: 520	1,054
Exeter	683	639	1,322	19	14	33	702	653	
Hopkinton	1,330	1,397	2,727	14	19	33	1.341	1,416	
No. Kingstown	1,656	1,751	3,407	49	49	98	1,705	1,800	3,505
So. Kingstown.	1,986	2,002	3,988	125	127	252	2,111	2,129	4,240
Riehmond	821	867	1,688	24	27	51	845	894	1,739
Westerly.	2,692	2,587	5,279	53	76	129	2,745	2,663	5,408
WASHINGTON COUNTY }	9,638	9,697	19,335	348	378	726	9,986	10,075	20,061
WHOLE STATE	122,634	129,334	251,968	$2.926^{ }$	3,345	6,271	125 560	132,679	258,239
		-,							

^{*} Charlestown,-Narragansett Indians, Males, 41; Females, 38; Total, 79.

TABLE III.—Showing the particulars of Tables I. and II., in the cities of Providence and Newport—by Wards.

CITY	\mathbf{OF}	PROVIDENCE.	TABLE	T.	BY WARDS.

	, ор-	Dy	VELLING	Hots	υs.	Empty	Whole	Fami-	Per-	Per-
WARDS.	Total F ulation	Wood.	Brick.	Stone.	Whole No.	Dwell	No. of Fami-	lies to each Dwell- ing.	sons to each Dwell- ing.	sons to each Fami- ly.
First	13,762	1,683	28	5	1,716	29	2,974	1.73	8.01	4.62
Second	5,432	718		6				1.16	6.60	5.67
Third	10,155	1,125	57	3	1.185			1.82	8.56	4.69
Fourth	6,405	823	48	9	880	25	1.347	1.53	7.27	4.75
Fifth	8,953	1,036	25	9	1,070	18	1.896	1.77	8.36	4.72
Sixth	6.191	854	17		871	12	1,460	1.67	7.10	4.24
Seventh	8.752	1,145	10,	1	1.156	18	1,994	1.72		4.38
Eighth	11.218	-1.449	3	1	1,453		2,532	1.74	7 - 72	4.43
Ninth	13.570	2,024	2	2	2,028	72	2,989	1.47	6.69	4.53
$\operatorname{Tenth}\dots$	16.237	2,067	17	10	2,094	67	3,309	1.10	7.75	4.90
WHOLE CITY	100.675	$\frac{12.924}{}$	305	46	$\overline{13.275}$	321	21,621	1.62	7.58	4.65

CITY OF NEWPORT. TABLE I. BY WARDS.

	à di	DWELLING HOUSES.				Empty	Whole	Fami- lies to	Per-	Per-
WARDS.	Total P ukatio	Wood.	Brick.	Stone.	Whole No.	Dwell-	No. of Families.	lies to each Dwell- ing.	each Dwell-	each
Tit	0.101				0.5.		502	1.41	6.16	4.87
First	2,194	.).)()			356	19	502	1 - 41		
Second	3,545	4334		2	636	37	822	1.29	5.57	4.31
Third	1.971	348	9	9	359	16	411	1.14	5.49.	4.79
Fourth	2,170	359			359		463	1.28	6.04	4.68
Fifth	4.148	822	13	8	843	159	872	1.03	4.92	4.75
										
WHOLECITY	14.028°	2.519	22	12	2.55	-281	3,070	1.20	5.49	$\frac{4.56}{}$

CITY OF PROVIDENCE. TABLE II. BY WARDS.

	1	VHITES		C	OLOREI),		Whole	
WARDS.	Males.	Fem'ls.	Total.	Males.	Fem'ls.	Total.		No. of Fem'ls.	
First	6,478	6,718	13.196	279	287	566	6,757		13,762
Second	-2.109	-2.694	4.803	275	354	629	2,384	3.048	5,432
Third	4,925	4.954	9,879	142	134	276	-5.067		10.155
Fourth	3.034	3,265	6.299	48	58	-106	-3.082	3,323	6.407
Fifth	4,374	4,509	8,883	29	41	70	4.403	4.550	-8.958
Sixth	2,677	3.044	5,721	215	255	470	2.892	3,299	6.191
Seventh	4,082	4,514	8,596	68	88	156	4,150	4.602	8.75:
Eighth	5.124	5,741	10,865	156	197	353	5,280	5,938	11,218
Ninth	6,196	6,568	12.759	377	434	811	6.573	6,997	13,570
Tenth	8,091	8,096	16.187	22	28	50	8.113	8,124	16,237
WHOLE CITY	47,090	50,098	97.188	1.611	1.876	3.487	48.701	51.974	100675

CITY OF NEWPORT. TABLE II. BY WARDS.

WARDS.		WHITES		(OLOREI			Whole No of	
WARDS.	Males.	Fem'ls	Total.	Males.	Fem'ls.	Total.			
First		1,113							2,194
Second	-,	1,729							3,545
Third		1.085							[-1.971]
Fourth		991			157				2,170
Fifth	2.055	2,012	4.067	29	52	81	2.084	2,064	4,148
WHOLE CITY	6,194	6,930	13,124	376	528	904	6,570	7,458	14,028

TABLE IV.—Nativity. Showing in general terms the birth-places of the population.

			BIRTH	- PLACE.		
TOWNS AND DIVISIONS OF THE STATE.	In the Town.	Out of the Town and in theState.	Out of the State and in the U. S.	Total born in the Uni- ted States.	Born in Foreign Conntries.	Total Popula- tion.
Barrington	424	329	276	1,029	156	1,18
Bristol	2.803				1,386	5,829
Warren	1,391	693				4,00
Bristol County	4,618	1,640	1,987	8,245	2,774	11,019
Coventry	1,695	1,547	541	3,783	797	4,580
East Greenwich	904	1,120	538	2,562	558	3,12
West Greenwich	534	350	103	987	47	1,03
Warwick	3,471	2,844	1,473	7,788	3,826	11,61
KENT COUNTY	6,604	5,861	2,655	15,120	5,228	20,348
Jamestown	209	182	70	461	27	488
Little Compton	665	156	246	1,067	89	1,15
Middletown	526	342	111	979	95	1,07
New Shoreham	1,032	59	47	1,138	9	1,14
Portsmouth	1,064	316		1,640	253	1,893
Tiverton	1,381	116	365	1,862	239	2,10
Towns, Newport Co	4,877	1,171	1,099	7,147	712	7,85
NEWPORT CITY	7,153	1,016	2,639	10,808	3,220	14,02
Burrillville	1,802	701	986	3,489	1,760	5,249
Crauston	1,548		873	4,038	1,650	5,68
Cumberland	1,385	991	931	3,307	2,366	5,67
East Providence	-2524	1,411	1,455	3,390	946	4,33
Foster	979	350	204	1,533	10	1,54
Glocester	1.022	503	334	1,859	239	2,09
Johnston	1,493		734	3,873	1,126	4,99
Lincolu	810			6,028	5,537	11,56
North Providence	339			992	311	1,30
North Smithfield	181	930		1,656	1,141	2,79
Pawtucket	2,111	5,228			5,832	18,46
Seituate	1,683		477	3,617	484	4.10
Smithfield	909			2,013		2,85
Woonsocket	1,836	i .				13,57
Towns, Prov. County	16,622	21,927	17,191	55,740	28,509	84,24
PROVIDENCE CITY	35,073	13,093	23,272	71,438	29,237	100,67
Charlestown	564	343	103	1,010	44	1.05
Exeter	718					1,35
Hopkinton	1.274					2.76
North Kingstown	1,803	1			333	3,50
South Kingstown	3,239					4,24
Richmond	699					1,73
Westerly	2,154	1	l .	1 '		5,40
Washington County	10,451	4,897	2,763	18,111	1,950	20,06
Whole State	85,398	$\frac{1}{49,605}$	51,606	186,609	71,630	258,23

TABLE V.—Nativity. Showing how many of the inhabitants of each town and county were born in each town and county in Rhode Island.

			PLAC	E OF	BIRT	H IX	RHOD	E ISL	AND.		
PRESENT RESIDENCE.	Barrington.	Bristol.	Warren.	Bustol Co.	Covenity.	East Greenwich.	West Greenwich.	Warwick.	KENT COHNTY.	<u> </u>	Little Compton.
Barrington Bristol Warren	424 7 56	19 2,803 271	45 68 1,391	$\frac{488}{2.878}$ $\frac{1.718}{1.718}$	1 7 6	29		27 18	7 63 28	6	 5
BRISTOL COUNTY	487	3,093	1,504	5.084	14	34	1	49	98	6	5
Coventry East Greenwich West Greenwich Warwick	1 2 1 6	7 10 	3 14	8 15 1 30	108	87 904 15 268	534	321 248 27 3.471	2.359 1.309 684 4.289		 2 1 4
KENT COUNTY	10	27	17	54	2,340	1.274	260	4.067	8,641	2	7
Jamestown Little Compton Middletown. New Shoreham Portsmouth Tiverton	·····	2 3 3 1 32 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2 3 3 1 34	1 2	2 3 4 1 2	1 1 2 1	2 1 2 8 2	$\begin{vmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ 6 \\ 6 \\ 1^2 \\ 4 \end{vmatrix}$	209	16 665 4 16 38
Towns, New- port County.	2	42	2	46	3	12	5	15	35	222	724
NEWPORT CITY	2	67	21	90	11	15	1	16	46	31	13
Bnrrillville	8 3 25 2 3 8	1 12 15 18 18 1 5 12 4 1 38 12 18	1 8 9 600 1 1 5 144 6 6 6 1 411 3 3 3 4 4	2 28 27 103 1 34 106 2 86 15 4 4 22	9 65 29 13 34 10 49 48 12 5 51 163 13	$\frac{14}{21}$ $\frac{4}{3}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 42 \\ \hline 6 \\ 12 \\ \hline 14 \\ 2 \\ 4 \end{array} $	14 230 410 40 10 11 71 76 29 10 157 113 32 23	29 370 83 69 61 27 148 147 49 18 295 332 60 64	5 1 1 ,	2 2 3 1 2 3 15 1 2
Towns. Prov. Co	57	137	156	350	 560		135	857	1,752	13	31
PROVIDENCE CITY			}		442			1.072	1.960	38	
Charlestown Exeter Hopkinton North Kingstown. South Kingstown. Richmond Westerly	1	1 6 2 1 1		1 1 6 2 3	3 17 31 41 13 33 15	17 8 94	9 64 35 31 5 42	ñ	$\frac{105}{258}$	20 10 1	 2
Washington Co	3	11		14	153	149	193	218	713	31	3
WHOLE STATE	676	3,821	2,070	6,567	3.523	[2.001]	1.427	6,294	13,245	343	878

TABLE V.— Nativity. — Continued. Showing how many of the inhabitants of each town and county were born in each town and county in Rhode Island.

			PLAC	E OF	BIRT	H IN	RHOD	E ISL	AND		
PRESENT RESIDENCE.	Middletown.	New Shoreham.	Portsmouth.	Tiverton.	NEWPORT CO.: TOWNS.	NEWPORT CIFY.	Burrillville.	Cranston.	Cumberland.	East Providence.	Foster.
Barrington Bristol Warren	2 9 1	2 21 8	3 46 11	3 9 10	16 90 30	11 52 25	1 2 11	5 7 20	9 2 15	3 2 4	
Bristol County	12	31	60	22	136	88	14	32	26	9	6
CoventryEast Greenwich West Greenwich Warwick	1 1 1	3 21 3 17	2 13	6 1 2 9	10. 29 6 44	$ \begin{array}{c c} 11 \\ 20 \\ 4 \\ 39 \end{array} $	8 1 1 17	$ \begin{array}{r} 82 \\ 27 \\ 12 \\ 239 \end{array} $	13 5 22	3 1 5	84 6 8 70
KENT COUNTY	3	44	15	18	89	74	27	360	40	9	168
JamestownLittle ComptonMiddletownNew ShorehamPortsmouthTiverton	14 10 526 69	$\begin{array}{c} & 19 \\ & 2 \\ 48 \\ 1,032 \\ & 4 \\ & 7 \end{array}$		53	$\begin{array}{c} 248 \\ 789 \\ 672 \\ 1,034 \\ 1,213 \\ 1,450 \end{array}$		1	1 3 3 2	1 3 2	1 1	1
Towns, New- PORT COUNTY. }	620	1,112	1,179	1,549	5,406	289	1	9	G		1
NEWPORT CITY	150	72	134	21	421	7,153		6	3		••••
Burrillville Cranston. Cumberland. East Providence. Foster Glocester. Johnston Lincoln North Providence North Smithfield Pawtucket. Scituate. Smithfield Woonsocket.	3 1 1 1 2 4	3 2 3 1	19 6	7 3 12 12 13 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	4 36 13 43 2 15 27 6 5 72 12 3 3	4 41 6 27 2 3 15 32 4 2 76 15 10 9	13 4 3 90 39 43 2 59 53 38 51 89	40 23 9 131 57 22 6 83 83 12	1,385 28 28 28 28 248 10 27 332 25 11 1,330	524 2 4 2 13 1 2	7 45 17 3 979 56 96 12 11 5 28 360 19 24
Towns, Prov. Co	15	30		75		246	'	,	3,494		1,662
PROVIDENCE CITY.	29	60	136	109		822	,	1,061	611	65	341
Charlestown Exeter Hopkinton North Kingstown South Kingstown Richmond Westerly	1 6 2 1	9 2 3 28 8 6 33	3 3 6 9 1	4 1	9 5 7 66 30 9 36	2 6 14 32 55 3 27	3 5 4 3 15 5	2 6 5 29 13 13 7	2 2 8 2 5		2 4 2 3 2 2 4
Washington Co	10	89	23	G	162	139	35	75			19
WHOLE STATE	839	1,438	1,624	1,800	6,922	8,811	2,628	3,592	4,199	635	2,197

TABLE V.—Nativity.—Continued.—Showing how many of the inhabitants of each town and county were born in each town and county in Rhode Island.

	PLACE OF BIRTH IN RHODE ISLAND.												
PRESENT RESIDENCE	Glocester.	Johnston.	Lincoln,	No. Proyadence.	No. Smithfleld.	Pawtacket.	Scituate.	Smithfield.	Woomsoeket.	PROVIDENCE CO. TOWNS.	PROVIDENCE CITY.		
Barrington Bristol Warren	1 4 2			3	1 1 1	_	3	9 29 8	8 10 13		159 191 149		
BRISTOL COUNTY.	7	15	11	-8	3	50	11	46	31	269	499		
Coventry East Greenwich West Greenwich Warwick	13 7 16	38 19 3 98	$\frac{5}{1}$	1 4 5		9 12 3 38	206 20 12 233	$24 \\ 31 \\ 2 \\ 65$		498 151 48 872	85 100 4 441		
KENT COUNTY	36	153	14	80		62	471	122	27	1,569	630		
Jamestown Little Compton Middletown New Shoreham Portsmouth Tiverton	1	3	1	1		1 	1 4	1 2	1 1 2	$\begin{array}{c} 3 \\ 6 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 19 \\ 12 \end{array}$	$7 \\ 10 \\ 21 \\ 18 \\ 24 \\ 15$		
Towns, New- PORT CO	1	3	1	1		7	5	3		14	95		
NEWPORT CITY	2	2	· · · ·			14	11	6	4	48	200		
Burrillville	22 15 31 56 107 91 30	27 118 22 15 18 27 1,493 40 65 12 54 125 77 17 2,110	 2 15 3 7	85 41 4 21 145 87 339 5	2 181 1 5	$ \begin{array}{c} 8 \\ 2,111 \\ 13 \\ 12 \\ 23 \\ \hline 2,509 \end{array} $	19 124 81 160 78 14 15 79 1,683 45 50		8 30 112 7 69 46 1 31 1,836	2.400 3,382 578 1,050 5,762 2,546 1,324 4,147 31,031	73 528 215 849 17 411 476 405 84 24 912 145 131 207 4,102		
Charlestown	1					3	5	1		17	10		
Hopkinton North Kingstown South Kingstown Richmond Westerly	6 2 3 4	2 2 2 5 3		 3 3 3 2 1		3 4 6 1 5	8 5 22 4 8 1	3 7 7 5 8 6	4 6 1 2 5	25 44 90 45 60			
Washington Co.	16	17		12	••••	22	53	37	18	323	249		
WHOLE STATE	2,189	3,009	981	5,042	200	3,181	3,870	6,788	$^{ }_{2,366}$	40,877	40,848		

TABLE IV.—Nativity. Showing in general terms the birth-places of the population.

			BIRTH	I - PLACE.		
TOWNS AND DIVISIONS OF THE STATE.	In the Town.	Out of the Town and in the State.	Out of the State and in the U.S.	Total born in the Uni- ted States.	Born in Foreign Countries.	Total Popula- tion.
Barrington	424	329	276	1,029	156	1,18
Bristol	2,803	618	1,022	4,443	1,386	5,82
Warren	1,391	693	689		1,232	4,00
Bristol County	4,618	1,640	1,987	8,245	2,774	11,01
Coventry	1,695		541	3,783		4,58
East Greenwich	904	1,120	538	2,562	558	3,12
West Greenwich	534	350	103	987	47	1,08
Warwick	3,471	2,844	1,473	7,788	3,826	11,61
KENT COUNTY	6,604	5,861	2,655	15,120	5,228	20,34
Jamestown	209	182	70	461	27	48
Little Compton	665				89	1,15
Middletown	526		111	1 ,	95	1,07
New Shoreham	1,032		47		9	1,14
Portsmouth	1,064		260		253	1,89
Tiverton	1,381				239	2,10
Towns, Newport Co	4,877	1,171	1,099	7,147	712	7,85
NEWPORT CITY	7,153	1,016	2,639	10,808	3,220	14,02
Burrillville	1,802	701	986	3,489	1,760	5,24
Cranston	1,548	1				5,68
Cumberland	1,385		931	L '-	2,366	5,6
	524		1,455	- /		4,3
East Providence	979					1,5
Foster					239	2.0
Glocester	1,022					4,99
Johnston	1,493					
Lincoln	810					11,5
North Providence	339				311	1,3
North Smithfield	181					2,79
Pawtucket	2,111	5,228				18,4
Scituate	1,683				484	4,10
Smithfield	909	646	458			2.83
Woonsocket	1,830	2,682	2,795	7,313	6,263	13,5
Towns, Prov. County	16,622	21,927	17,191	55,740	28,509	84,2
PROVIDENCE CITY	35,078	13,093	23,272	71,438	29,237	100,6
Charlestown	564	343	103			1,0
Exeter	718	487	117			1,3
Hopkinton	1,274		479	2,621	139	2,7
North Kingstown	1,803				333	3,5
South Kingstown	3,239					4.2
	699	1				1,7
Richmond	2,154					5,4
Washington County	10,451	4,897	2,763	18,111	1,950	20,0
Whole State	1			186,609	71,630	258,2

TABLE V.—Nativity. Showing how many of the inhabitants of each town and county were born in each town and county in Rhode Island.

	_	_									
			PLAC	E OF	BIRT	H IN	RHOD	E ISL	ASD.		
PRESENT RESIDENCE.	Barrington.	Bristol.	Warren.	Burstol Co.	Covenity.	East Greenwich.	West Greenwich,	Warwick.	KENT COUNTY.	Jamestown.	Little Compton.
Barrington Bristol Warren	424 7 56	19 2,808 271		$\frac{488}{2.878}$ $\frac{1.718}{1.718}$	1 7 6	1 29 4		47 27 18	7 63 28	6	 5
Bristol County	487	3,093	1,504	5,084	14	34	1	49	98	6	5
Coventry East Greenwich West Greenwich Warwick	1 2 1 6	10 10	14	$ \begin{array}{c} 8 \\ 15 \\ 1 \\ 30 \end{array} $	1,695 89 108 448		256 68 534 102	$321 \\ 248 \\ 27 \\ 3,471$	2,359 $1,309$ 684 4.289	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 2 1 4
KENT COUNTY	10	27	17	54	2,340	1.274	960,	4,067	8.641	2	7
JamestownLittle ComptonMiddletown. New ShorehamPortsmouthTiverton		$\frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{3}{3}$ $\frac{1}{32}$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2 3 1 34 34	1 2	2 3 4 1 2	1 1 2 1	2 1 2 8 2	3 4 6 6 12 4	6	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 665 \\ 4 \\ \cdots \\ 16 \\ 38 \end{array}$
Towns, New- } PORT COUNTY. }	2	42	2	46	3	12	5	15	35	220	724
Newport City	2	67	21	90	11	15	4	16	46	31	13
Burrillville. Cranston. Cumberland. East Providence. Foster. Glocester. Johnston. Lincoln. North Providence. North Smithfield. Pawtucket.	25 25 8 	12 4 1 38	1 41	28 28 27 103 11 31 34 10 2 86	10 49 48 12 5 81		2 6 12 14 2 4	14 230 41 40 16 11 71 76 29 10 157	$\frac{49}{18}$, $\frac{49}{295}$,	1 1 3	2 2 3 1 2 3 3
Scituate	1	12	3 3	$\frac{15}{4!}$	163 13	24 10	32 5	$\frac{113}{32}$	832 60	1	1
Woonsocket		18	4	22	29	7	5	23	64		2
Towns, Prov. Co	57	137	156	350	560	200	135,	857	1,752	13	31
PROVIDENCE CITY	115	444	370	929	415	317	129	1.072	1,960	88	95
Charlestown- Exeter Hopkinton North Kingstown South Kingstown Richmond Westerly Westerly Hopkins Richmond Richmond Hopkins Richmond Richmo	1	1 6 2 1		1 1 6 2 3 1	31 17 31 41 13 33 15	94	9 64 35 31 5 42	5 30 31 92 10 19	20; 128; 105; 258; 33; 100; 69;	20 10 1	2
Washington Co	3	11		14	 153		193	218	713	31	3
WHOLE STATE	676	3 821	2,070	6,567							

TABLE V.—Nativity.—Continued. Showing how many of the inhabitants of each town and county were born in each town and county in Rhode Island.

										====	
			PLAC	E OF	BIRT	II 1N	RHOD	E ISL	AND		
PRESENT RESIDENCE.	Middletown.	New Shoreham.	Portsmouth.	Tiverton.	NEWPORT CO TOWNS.	NEWPORT CITY.	Burrillville.	Cranston.	Cumberland.	East Providence.	Foster.
Barrington Bristol	9	21 21	3 46	3 9	16 90 30	11 52 25	1 2 11	5 7 20	9 2 15	3 2 4	2 4
Warren	10	8		$\frac{10}{22}$			14			9	
BRISTOL COUNTY	12	31	60		136	88		32	26	θ	
Coventry East Greenwich West Greenwich Warwick	1 1 1	3 21 3 17	2 13	6 1 2 9	$10 \\ 29 \\ 6 \\ 44$	11 20 4' 39	8 1 1 1 17	$ \begin{array}{r} 82 \\ 27 \\ 12 \\ 239 \end{array} $	13 5 22	 3 1 3	84 6 8 70
KENT COUNTY	3	44	15	18	89	74	27	360	40	9	168
Jamestown Little Compton Middletown New Shorcham Portsmouth Tiverton	14 10 526 69	$ \begin{array}{c} 19\\ 2\\ 48\\ 1,032\\ 4\\ 7 \end{array} $	$75 \\ 1,064$	53	$672 \\ 1,034$	68 7 139 7 58 10	1	1 3 3 2			1
Towns. New- PORT COUNTY. }.	620	1,112	1,179	1,549	5,406	289	, 1	9	6	2	1
NEWPORT CITY	150	72	134	, 21	421	7,153		6	3		
Bnrrillville	3 1 1 1 2 4	3 1 3 2 3 1	19 6	28 3 2	4 36 13 43 27 6 5 72 12 3	41 66 27 23 31 15 32 4 4 2 76 15 10 9	13 4 3 90 39 43 2 59 53 38 51 89	40 23 9 131 57 22 6 83 83 12	22 1,385 28 2 8 248 10 27 332 25 11 1,330	1 1 524 2 4 2 13 1 2	7 45 17 3 979 56 96 12 11 5 28 360 19 24
Towns, Prov. Co	15	30	77	75	241	246	2,296	2,049	3,494	550	1,662
PROVIDENCE CITY.	29	60	136	109	467	822	255	1,061	611	65	341
Charlestown Exeter Hopkinton North Kingstown Sonth Kingstown Richmond Westerly	1 6 2 1	9 2 3 28 8 6 33	3 3 6 9 1 1	4 1	9 5 7 66 30 9 36	2 6 14 32 55 3 27	3 5 4 3 15	2 6 5 29 13 13	2 2 8 		2 4 2 3 2 2 4
Washington Co	10	89	23	6	162	139	35	75	19		19
WHOLE STATE	839	1,438	1,624	1,800	6,922	8,811	$ _{2,628}$	3,592	4,199	635	2,197

TABLE V.—Nativity.—Continued.—Showing how many of the inhabitants of each town and county were born in each town and county in Rhode Island.

DY AGE OF PUREY DY PUREY VOLUME													
	PLACE OF BIRTH IN RHODE ISLAND.												
PRESENT RESIDENCE.	Glorester.	Johnston.	Lincolu.	No. Providence.	No. Smithfield.	Pawtucket.	Scituate.	Smithfield.	Woonsocket.	PROVIDENCE CO, TOWNS.	PROVIDENCE CITY.		
Barrington Bristol Warren	1	. 11	4	3	1	26	3	29	10	104	159 191 149		
BRISTOL COUNTY.	7	15	11	8	3	50	11	46	31	269	499		
Coventry East Greenwich West Greenwich Warwick	7	19 3	5 1	14 5		9 12 3 38	20 12		1		85 100 4 441		
Kent County	30	153	14	80		62	471	122	27	1,569	630		
Jamestown Little Compton Middletown New Shoreham Portsmouth Tiverton		3	1	1		1 4 2	4	1	1 1 2	3 6 2 2 19 12	7 10 21 18 24 15		
$\left. \begin{array}{c} \text{Towns, New-} \\ \text{port Co} \end{array} \right\}$	1	3	1	1		7	5	3	4	44	95		
NEWPORT CITY	2	2		• • • • • •		14	1 .	6	4	48	200		
Burrillville Cranston Cumberland East Providence Foster Glocester Johnston Lincoln North Providence North Smithfield Pawtucket Scituate Smithfield Woonsocket Towns, Provi	22 15 31 56 107 91 30	118 22 15 18 27 1,493 40 65 12 54 125 77	1 23 810 25 15	41 4 21 145 87 339 5	6 1 181 5 196	2,111 13 12 23	120 38 19 124 81 160 78 14 15 79 1,683 45 50	173 55 317 56 17 110 132 1,648 84 630 671 86 909 711	15 14 3 8 30 112 7 69 46 1 31 1,836	2,366 2,025 2,005 787 1,219 1,440 2,400 3,382 5,762 2,546 1,324 4,147 31,031	78 523 215 849 17 41 476 405 84 24 912 145 131 207		
PROVIDENCE CITY	356	709		1,840	1	517	755	975	′	7,593	35,073		
Charlestown Exeter	1 6 2 3 4	51 51 51 53 33	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3 3 1		3 3 4 6 1 5	8 5 22	1 3 7 7 5 8 6	4 6 1 2 5	17 25 44 90 45 60 42	10 26 20 74 54 12 53		
Washington Co.	16	17	••••	12	••••	22	53	37	18	323	249		
WHOLE STATE	2,189	3,009	981	5,042	200	3,181	3,870	6,788	$^{ }_{2,366}$	40,877	40,848		

TABLE V.— Nativity. — Continued. Showing how many of the inhabitants of each town and county were born in each town and county in Rhode Island.

	PLACE OF BIRTH IN RHODE ISLAND.												
PRESENT RESIDENCE.	Charlestown.	Exeter.	Hopkinton.	No. Kingstown.	So. Kingstown.	Richmond.	Westerly.	WASHINGTON COUNTY.	R. I., no town given.	Whole State.			
Barrington Bristol Warren	1 6 1	3 2 4	4	6 12 7	7 13 3		2 3 3	19 43 20	₂	$753 \\ 3,421 \\ 2,084$			
Bristol County	8	9	4	25	23	5	8	82	2	6,258			
Coventry East Greenwich West Greenwich Warwick	7 10 5 24	77 70 82 138	11 10 22 22	69 197 5 214	67 75 10 124		11 7 2 10	269 397 137 599	2 3 1	3,242 $2,024$ 884 $6,315$			
KENT COUNTY	46	367	65	485	276	133	30	1,402	6	12,465			
Jamestown Little Compton Middletown New Shoreham Portsmouth Tiverton	3 1	7 3 5	1 1	13 2 5 2	8 18 11 1	₃	1 2 1	60 2 24 23 20 3	1 	391 821 868 1,091 1,380 1,497			
Towns, New- port County.	4	15	2	22	78	7	4	132	1	6,048			
NEWPORT CITY	19	11	5	31	113	4	27	210	1	8,169			
Bnrrillville Cranston Cumberland East Providence Foster Glocester Johnston Lincoln North Providence North Smithfield Pawtneket Scitnate Smithfield Woonsocket	1 5 1 1 2 3 2 2	27	9 2	3 51 5 25 3 1 14 33 4 5 40 20 7	20 7 16 9 1 13 29 9 3	6 2 3 7 2 9 13 3 1 9 9	77 55 11 22 122 56 66	20 122 26 56 28 9 72 116 36 10 124 74 23 38		2,503 3,165 2,376 1,935 1,329 1,525 3,139 4,147 767 1,111 7,339 3,140 1,555 4,518			
Towns, Prov. Co	18	160	51	223	176	72	54	754	73	38,549			
PROVIDENCE CITY	57	149	65	423	355	96	126	1,271	51	48,166			
Charlestown Exeter Hopkinton North Kingstown South Kingstown Richmond Westerly	564 11 70 24 68 82 166	15 718 134 175 66 135	$ \begin{array}{r} 37\\ 41\\ 1,274\\ 12\\ 17\\ 117\\ 216 \end{array} $	589 44 1,803 69 18 22	87 75 96 284 3,239 128 187	41 42 699	54 2 120 13, 20 30 2,154	849 1,014 1,950 2,352 3,521 1,209 2,849		907 1,205 2,142 2,879 3,740 1,396 3,079			
Washington Co	985	1,274	1,714	2,050	4,096	1,232	2,393	13,744	4	15,348			
Whole State	1,137	1,985	1,906	3,259	5,117	1,549	2,642	17,595	138	135,003			

TABLE VI.—Nativity. Showing how many of the inhabitants of each town and county of the State were born in each State and Territory of the United States.

	-	_	T) r	LOD	00.7					_	0.000			
	-		PL	ACE	OF I	31R	тн	-UNI	TE	ש	ST	ΛT	ES	
TOWNS AND DIVISIONS														
		ي ا	نی	ut.									ي ا	
OF THE STATE.	E	2	T.	Seti	vare	ᆵ	. <u>ë</u>	. <u>z</u> i	<u> </u>		9	icky		
	Alabama	Arkansas.	California.	Connecticut	Delaware.	Florida.	icorgia	Illinois.	Indiana	Wa.	Капяав.	Kentucky	Louisium	Maine.
	<	-	2	_ <u>ప</u>		Ξ.	<u> </u>	=	=	<u>=</u>	Ξ,	_	_	
Barrington	- :	٠.					3	2	1		• •	\cdot		8
Bristol			1 4			1	4 1	4	3			3	1	62 47
D C.	-	-	_						-	-!		_	-	
Bristol County	1		5	178	••••	1	8	6	4	1	• •	3	1	117
Coventry						1	4	12				- 1		13
East Greenwich			• •					1	1	1	••	- 1	1	14
Warwick			2					5		3	1			59
KENT COUNTY	-	-	-	900		1	4	10	_	- '		آ		
KENI COUNTI			2	802	• • • • •	1	4	18	1	4	-	1	12	87
JamestownLittle Compton			• •	10 4	i		••••	• • • •	• •	1	٠-	• •	1	4
Middletown		-• ••		7		::			• •	1	•	1		10 4
New Shoreham	ļ.,										•	٠.	٠.	5
Portsmouth		• •	••	10 12		2				1	• •	•	1 1	$\frac{12}{14}$
	<u> </u>	_	-			-			_	<u></u>	_	-	-	
Towns, Newport County	• •	,		54	2	2	5	••••	• •	3	• •	1	3	49
NEWPORT CITY	2		4	147	37	3	7	7	6	8	3	٠.	9	131
Burrillville				179	2	2	, 1	6		2		1	1	24
Cranston		• •	• •	152		• •	2	-		1	• •	2	1	48
Cumberland East Providence		• •	1	$\frac{90}{103}$			i	4 6	1	::	::	• •	2	33 73
Foster				129			i			• •		• •		4
GlocesterJohnston		• •	1.5	153 156	1		1		• •		• •	• •	1	9 31
Lincoln			1	205		l -	6					3	1	95
North Providence		2		53				• • • •			٠.	٠.	٠.	7
North Smithfield			2	$\frac{78}{349}$::	3	1 17		6	1	4	4	37 317
Scituate			• •	179	1	1					١	1		29
Smithfield Woonsocket			• •	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		1	3	7 18				1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	17 175
	-	<u>ا</u> -		i—		-			-	<u> </u>	_	_	-	
Towns, Providence Co	8	2	6	2,167	15	11	18	79	11	18	4	12	11	899
PROVIDENCE CITY	9	3	57	2,994	64	32	67	158	25	21	7	41	43	1,437
Charlestown	ļ.,		١	67						.				
Exeter			ļ	77									i	1
Hopkinton North Kingstown			1	299 80			1 1			1	1	2	1	5 18
South Kingstown	١.,		2	80			_			2		<u>`</u> ـُ		10
Richmond			.:	98				1		٠.		٠.		2
Westerly			7	822	2	5		4	• •	1	<u> · · ·</u>	2	-:	31
Washington Co			10	1,523	2	5	6	14	3	3	1	4	2	62
WHOLE STATE	23	5	84	7,925	120	55	115	282	50	58	17	62	81	2,782
	(,

TABLE VI.—Nativity.—Continued. Showing how many of the inhabitants of each town and county of the State were born in each State and Territory of the United States.

		PI	ACE	C	F	ВІ	RT	H.	-UNI	TED	STAT	ES.		=
TOWNS AND DIVISIONS	_			<u> </u>					1 4			Ι		
OF THE STATE.	Maryland.	Massachusetts.	Michigan.	Minnesota.	Mississippi.	Missouri.	Nebraska.	Nevada.	New Hampshire	New Jersey.	New York.	North Carolina.	io.	Oregon.
	Ma	M.	Mi	Ħ	Mi	M	Ne	Ne	Ne	Ne	Ne	No	Ohio.	O.F.
BarringtonBristolWarren	1 5 9		9	3	1		• •		7 15 15	13 13	175	4	5	
Bristol County	15	1,122	9	4	1		$ \cdot\cdot $		37	32	280	8	11	
Coventry	12 4 21		1	6	2	1 			4 16 4 50	12 6 24	78 3		2 2 8	
KENT COUNTY	37	923	6	7	2	1			74	42	294	1	12	
Jamestown Little Compton Middletown New Shoreham Portsmouth Tiverton	8 1 2	22 200 60 16 145 285			2	 1	•••		1 4 11 2	6 2 1		₂	1 1 3	•••
Towns, Newport Co	11	728	10	1	2	1	••	•••	18	9	114	3	5	
NEWPORT CITY	216	773	12	3	2	5	1	ا	65	59	633	11	29	
Bnrrillville Cranston Cnmberland East Providence Foster Glocester Johnston Lincoln North Providence North Smithfield	1 3 4 18 3 3	605 379 607 1,020 51 126 329 1,061 96 318	4 2 6	1 1	1 2	1 1 	1	•••	20 35 40 44 4 23 106 8 33	3 9 15 16 1 13 26 3 3	- 1	6 4 1 3	3 2 3 3 18	•••
Pawtucket	14	3,709 165	9 1	2		2		• •	13 4 9	$\frac{54}{1}$	$\frac{317}{34}$	3 5	39 3	• •
Smithfield	4	0 - 0	6	2	• -	- 1			$\frac{12}{146}$	$\frac{9}{16}$	$\begin{array}{c} 71 \\ 235 \end{array}$		$\frac{4}{12}$	
Towns, Providence Co	50	10,381	30	6	6	8	1		618	169	1,390	34	90	-
PROVIDENCE CITY	488	10,974	37	10	13	19	6	1	951	416	2,949	90	133	1
Charlestown			1	3	1	1			$\begin{array}{c} 2\\ 4\\ 2\\ 9\\ 4\\ 2\\ 12 \end{array}$	 1 5 4 4 3 24	9 10 63 32 43 32 208	₁	1 2 4 1 8	5
Washington Co	18	472	5	6	2	1		••	35	41	397	5	16	5
WHOLE STATE	835	25,373	109	37	28	35	8	1	1,798	768	6,057	152	296	-6

TABLE VI.—Nativity.—Continued. Showing how many of the inhabitants of each town and county of the State were born in each State and Territory of the United States.

	PLACE OF BIRTH.—UNITED STATES.												
TOWNS AND DIVIS	ania	Rhode Island.	South Carolina.	Tennessee.	Texas.	Vermont.	Virginia.	West Virginia.	Wisconsin.	Territories.	District of Col-	United States, no State given.	Total born in United States.
Barrington Bristol Warren		753 3,421	$\frac{2}{12}$		2	3 20 11	3	•	3 2	-	2		1,029 4,443 2,773
BRISTOL COUNTY	58	6,258	14		2	34	17	2	9	1		1	8,245
Coventry East Greenwich West Greenwich Warwick	14	$\frac{2,024}{884}$	1 3			21 8 3 82	1 15 26	• •	1 5 	 2 1	1 4	2 3 1	3,783 2,562 987 7,788
KENT COUNTY	69	12,465	4	3		114	42		16	3	5	6	15,120
Jamestown Little Compton Middletown New Shoreham Portsmouth Tiverton	2			2	1	2 2 1 1 1 8	$\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{2}{17}$	•	2	1		1	461 1,067 979 1,138 1,640 1,862
Towns, New- PORT Co., \ \cdot\ \cdot\	22	6,048	5	2	1	15	27		4	1		1	7,147
NEWPORT CITY	175	8,169	31	7	4	47	146	• •	5	5	38	8	10,808
Burrillville Cranston Cumberland East Providence Foster Glocester Johnston Lincoln North Providence North Smithfield Pawtucket Scituate Smithfield Woonsocket Towns, Prov. Co.	12 20 15 14 2 1 11 37 9 7 109 7 21	2,503 3,165 2,376 1,935 1,525 3,139 4,147 767 1,111 7,339 3,140 1,555 4,518	····· 1	1 2	1	29 22 28 43 1 9 26 80 13 36 136 31 31 147 632	19 8 11 1 3 3 1 1 24	1	7	··· ·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 2 3 3 1 8	2 1 1 	3,307 3,390 1,533 1,859 3,873
PROVIDENCE CITY.	617	48,166	69	12	8	562	672		50	8	176	52	71,438
Charlestown. Exeter. Hopkinton. North Kingstown. South Kingstown. Richmond. Westerly.	2 13 11	907 1,205 2,142 2,879 3,740 1,396 3,079			4	1 2 6 8 2 16			3 1 1 1 3	1	3	2 2 2 1	1,010 1,322 2,621 3,172 3,958 1,588 4,440
Washington Co	36	15,348	1	- -	6	35	20	-	8	2	10	7	18,111
WHOLE STATE	1,249	135,003	136	28 []] 2	23	1,439	1,002	3	143	23	239	159	186,609

TABLE VII.—Nativity. Showing how many of the inhabitants of each town and county in the State were born in each foreign country.

								_					
	ΡI	A	Œ	0	F 1	BIE	RTH.—F	OI	ŧΕΙ	GN	C	OUNTR	IES.
TOWNS AND DIVISIONS OF THE STATE.	а.		Australasia.	ria.	um.	BermudaIslands.	sh America	ma Islands.	CapeVerdIsPnds.	نے	Denmark.	and.	
	Africa	Asia.	Aust	Austria.	Belgium.	Веги	British	Bahama	Cape	China.	Denn	England	France.
Barrington	4	1			• •		40 125 461	٠.		i	3 1	$\begin{array}{c} 16 \\ 212 \\ 246 \end{array}$	4 1
Bristqu Co	4	1				1	626	- ··		1	4	474	5
Coventry. East Greenwich. West Greenwich Warwick.		i 	2		··· i		474 22 30 1,509					83 114 2 511	2 2 5
KENT COUNTY	3	1	2	• •	1		2,035	٠.		٠.	$ \cdot\cdot $	710	9
Jamestown. Little Compton Middletown New Shoreham Portsmouth. Tiverton.					1 1		11 13 1 10		 		1 	6 9 10 6 35 93	 1
Towns, Newport Co						-	76		<u></u>		2	159	2
NEWPORT CITY	1	2		1	5	ļ 	106		ļ		13	600	79
Burrillville					2		565 94 147 104						6 4 3
Glocester Johnston Lincoln North Providence North Smithfield Pawtucket.		 	1	4	• · · · ·		$ \begin{array}{c c} 109 \\ 57 \\ 2,152 \\ 39 \\ 714 \\ 700 \end{array} $					$ \begin{array}{r} 45 \\ 272 \\ 1,065 \\ 140 \\ 80 \\ 1,420 \end{array} $	9 1 1 5
Scituate					12		136 382 3,376			1 	 1	141 147 450	64
Towns, Providence County			1		19		8,576				11	5,362	95
PROVIDENCE CITY		7	12	12	3	1	2,132	1	$ ^{10}$	7	13	4,822	170
Charlestown. Exeter. Hopkinton. North Kingstown. South Kingstown. Richmond Westerly.	1		1	1			9 7 71 3 36 10				1	13 16 77 85 77 47 297	2 1 2 2 18 16
Washington County	1		1				136	1			3	612	41
WHOLE STATE	21	11	16	22	28	2	13,687	1	10	9	46	12,739	401

Table VII.—Nativity.—Continued. Showing how many of the inhabitants of each town and county in the State were born in each foreign country.

]	PLA(E O	F BII	RTH.—1	ORE	IGN	COU	NTRI	ES.	=
TOWNS AND DIVISIONS											
OF THE STATE.	Germany.	Greece.	Holland.	India.	Ireland.	Italy.	Mexico.	Norway.	Poland.	Portugal.	Russia.
Barrington				1 7	791		••••	1		60	
BRISTOL COUNTY	101			8	1,351			1		. 60	
Coventry East Greenwich West Greenwich Warwick	8 3 35	1	7	2	170 316 7 1,242		••••	1	2	1 6	
KENT COUNTY	46		7	2	1,735			1	2	7	• • • •
Jamestown Little Compton Middletown New Shoreham Portsmonth Tiverton	17				10 28 48 1 170 70			1		 3	
Towns, NewPort Co	28				327			1		4	
NEWPORT CITY	153	ļ	5	1	1,995	15	1	7		17	2
Burrillville Cranston. Cnmberland East Providence Foster Glocester. Johnston Lincoln. North Providence North Smithfield. Pawtucket Seituate Smithfield Woonsocket	20 35 35 15 9 54 20 2 14 132 18 4 37		1 1 	1	4 69 627 2,065 94 308 3,232 165 275 2,218	10 12	••••	1	2	4 26 4 2 6 1 	
Towns, Prov. Co	363	••••	9	2	12,607	24		3	2	47	••••
PROVIDENCE CITY	1,246	3	14	6	18,458	180	4	79	32	274	54
Charlestown Exeter Hopkinton North Kingstown South Kingstown Richmond Westerly	16 7 2 18 6 27		1	1	13 5 35 143 159	1		1		1	
Washington Co	76		1	1	813	12		2		1	
WHOLE STATE	2,013	3	36	20	37,286	231	5	94	36	410	56

TABLE VII.—Nativity.—Continued. Showing how many of the inhabitants of each town and county in the State were born in each foreign country.

		PL	ACE	OF :	BIRT	H.—F	ORE	IG	N CO	UNT	RIES.	
TOWNS AND DIVISIONS OF THE STATE.	Sandwich Isl'nds.	Scotland and Wales.	South America.	Spain.	St. Helena.	Sweden.	Switzerland.	Turkey.	Western Islands.	West Indies.	On the Ocean.	Total, Foreign Born.
Barrington Bristol Warren		8 63 · 31	1 1		••••	1 		• •	 3 6	1 17 3	1	156 1,386 1,232
BRISTOL COUNTY	٠.	102	2	1		1		٠.	9	21	1	2,774
Coventry. East Greenwich West Greenwich Warwick.		56 26 2 268	8	••••	 1	61 5 218	1		3 1 	1 2 1	2	797 558 47 3,826
KENT COUNTY		352	19	•••	1	284	1		4	4	2	5,228
Jamestown Little Compton Middletown New Shoreham Portsmouth Tiverton	•••	12 15 8	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		••••	$egin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 4 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	1 5		24 14 18	••••		27 89 95 9 253 239
Towns, Newport Co		40	2	••••	· · · ·	9	6		56	••••	••••	712
NEWPORT CITY		122	1	1	• • • ·	63	10	1	2	15	2	3,220
Bnrrillville Cranston. Cnmberland. East Providence. Foster. Glocester. Johnston. Lincoln. North Providence. North Smithfield. Pawtneket. Scituate. Smithfield. Woonsocket.	1	16 92 125 26 96 213 32 10 291 21 35 97	1			56 30 144 6 1 1 25	1 5	2	1 1 4 1	3 4 1	1 3 1 3	1,760 1,650 2,366 946 10 239 1,126 5,537 311 1,141 5,832 484 6,263
Towns, Prov. County.	1	1,054	2	4		263	19	2	14	9	11	28,509
PROVIDENCE CITY	5	1,288	15	4	10	178	64	4	66	37	14	29,237
Charlestown. Exeter. Hopkinton North Kingstown. South Kingstown. Richmond. Westerly.	1	1 10 21 16 43 137	1	2		6 3	1			1		44 33 139 333 282 151 968
Washington County	1	228	1	2	••••	11	4		••••	2		1,950
WHOLE STATE	7	3,186	42	12	11	809	104	7	151	88	30	71,630

TABLE VIII.—Nativity. Showing the particulars of Table IV. in the cities of Providence and Newport, by Wards.

CITY OF PROVIDENCE. TABLE IV. BY WARDS.

		BIE	TH PLAC	CE.		
WARDS.	In the City.	Out of the City and in the State.	Out of the State and in the United States.	Total born in the United States.	Born in Foreign Countries.	Total Population.
FirstSecond.	5,026 $1,894$	1,310 541	3,180 1,676	9,516 4,111	$4,246 \\ 1,321$	13,762 $5,432$
Third	4,172	661	2,122	6,955	3,200	10,155
Fourth	2,222	732	1,704	4,658	1,747	6,405
Fifth.	3,081	871	2,074	6,026	2,927	8,953
Sixth	$\frac{2,400}{3,207}$	$974 \\ 1,287$	$\frac{1,851}{2,177}$	$\frac{5,225}{6,671}$	$\frac{966}{2,081}$	$6,191 \\ 8,752$
Eighth	3,749	2.184	2,904	8,837	2,381	11,218
Ninth	5,072	1,984	3,067	10,123	3,447	13,570
Tenth	4,250	2,549	2,517	9,316	6,921	16,237
WHOLE CITY	35,073	13,093	23,272	71,438	29,237	100,675

CITY OF NEWPORT. TABLE IV. BY WARDS.

		BII	RTH PLA	CE.		
WARDS.	In the City.	Out of the City and in the State.	Out of the State and in the United States.	Totol born in the United States.	Born in Foreign Countries.	Total Population.
First Second Third Fourth	1,426 1,793 1,073 981 1,880	136 349 175 180 176	405 722 422 527 563	1,967 2,864 1,670 1,688 2,619	227 681 301 482 1,529	2,194 3,545 1,971 2,170 4,148
WHOLE CITY	7,153	1,016	2,639	10,808	3,220	14,028

TABLE IX.—Nativity. Being Table V. for the city of Providence, by Wards, showing how many of the inhabitants of each ward in the city of Providence were born in each town and county in Rhode Island.

BIRTH PLACE IN			WAR	DS: C	ITY O	F PRO	VIDE	NCE.			City.
RHODE ISLAND.	I.	II.	III.	IV.	v.	VI.	VII.	VIII.	IX.	X.	Whole City.
Barrington	9	12	29	9	8	9	5	15	15	4	115
Bristol Warren	28 43	33 15	57 50	$\frac{20}{22}$	57 40	44 47	42 24	53 52	77 58	33 1 9	$\frac{444}{370}$
Bristol County	80	60	136	51	105	100	71	120	150	56	929
Coventry	54	9	10	22			64	90	81	38	442
East Greenwich West Greenwich	34	26	14	11	23		44 8	54 37	49 14	$\frac{23}{12}$	$\frac{317}{129}$
Warwick	11 68	$\frac{2}{45}$	$\frac{4}{42}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 5\\81 \end{vmatrix}$	10 88		115	236	176	107	1,072
KENT COUNTY.	167	82	70	119				417	320	180	1,960
Jamestown	3	1	5	2	3	1	1	12	6	4	38
Little Compton	$\frac{3}{20}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	13	9			$\frac{1}{4}$	6	. 10	3	95
Middletown	4	3	3	l š	4		3	5	4	1	29
New Shoreham.	$\hat{2}$	5	12	7	ı î	4	4	7	17	1	60
Portsmouth	18	16	13	14	5	12	17	24	16	1	136
Tiverton	10	7	11	10	5	13	20	12	19	2	109
Towns, New-	57	34	57	42	32	46	49	66	72	12	467
NEWPORT CITY.	61	65	118	63	78	86	97	93	95	66	822
Burrillville	42	6	1	11	14	20	25	55	39	42	255
Cranston	54	31	24	45	67	61	97	176	411	95	1,061
Cumberland	121	33	38	50	51	34	49	75	61	99	611
East Providence	15	2	5		2	2	2	3	25	9	65
Foster	17	3	3	15	6	34	55	133	57	18	341
Glocester	37	18	12	22	13	32	50		37	41	356
Johnston	51	17	10	32	44	39	76		104	110	$709 \\ 28$
No. Providence.	$\begin{array}{c} 2\\134\end{array}$	25	1 17	$\frac{3}{22}$	$\frac{2}{34}$	19	5 53	3 79	7 75	- 1	1,840
North Smithfield	104		11						1	1,002	1,010
Pawtucket	104	46	35	39	57	27	48	40	68	53	517
Scituate	37	10	18	31	39	70	141	250	113	46	755
Smithfield	150	58	36	80	67	58	109	136	114	167	975
Woonsocket	31	1			3	1	5	4	10	24	79
Towns, Prov-	795	250	200	350	399	397	715	1,274	1,122	2,091	7,593
Prov. City	5,026	1,894	4,172	2,222	3,081	2,400	3,207	3,749	5,072	4,250	35,073
Charlestown	11		3	1	7	12	4	9	3	7	57
Exeter	11	2	5	8	13		12		43	19	149
Hopkinton	7	2	2	9	4	6	4	7	16	8	65
NorthKingstown	51	14	32	34	27	55	44	74	54	38	423
SouthKingstown	42	14	29	27	23		27	52 22	$\frac{69}{12}$	37 20	$\frac{355}{96}$
Richmond	10 17	$\frac{4}{10}$	$\frac{4}{4}$	6 15	$\begin{vmatrix} & 6 \\ & 10 \end{vmatrix}$	8	$\frac{8}{23}$		12 22	9	126
Washington Co	149	46	79	100	90	122	122	206	219	138	1,271
R. I., town on given,	1	4	1	7	13	3	2	8	6	6	51
WHOLE STATE			4 000	ا ممیر	0.050	0.074	4 404	- 000	7 050	C 700	10 100

TABLE X.—Nativity. Being Table V. for the city of Newport, by Wards, showing how many of the inhabitants of each Ward in the city of Newport were born in each town and county in Rhode Island.

BIRTH PLACE IN RHODE ISLAND. I. II. III. IV. V.							
Barrington.		WAR	DS: CI	TY OF	NEWP	ORT.	city.
Bristol 6 25 10 15 11 67 Warren 1 11 3 1 5 21 BRISTOL COUNTY 7 37 13 16 17 90 Coventry 1 1 1 6 2 11 4 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 4 16 16 4 11 10 15 6 46 6 3 6 31 16 46 4 11 10 15 6 46 4 11 10 15 6 46 4 11 10 15 6 46 4 11 10 15 6 46 4 11 16 8 4 11 16 8 4 11 16 8 4 11 16 8 12 18 13 16 18 13 11 12	BIRTH PLACE IN RHODE ISLAND.	I.	II.	111.	ıv.	v.	Whole
Coventry	Bristol	- 1	25			11	67
East Greenwich 2 3 3 7 15 West Greenwich 1 2 1 - 4 Warwick 5 5 2 4 16 KENT COUNTY 4 11 10 15 6 46 Jamestown 10 6 6 3 6 31 Little Compton 1 4 2 4 2 13 Middletown 19 74 29 3 19 150 New Shoreham 10 28 15 11 8 72 Portsmouth 13 60 27 16 18 134 Tiverton 1 1,426 1,793 1,073 981 1,880 7,153 Towns, Newport County 54 175 90 47 55 421 Newport City 1,426 1,793 1,073 981 1,880 7,153 Burillyille <td< td=""><td>Bristol County</td><td>7</td><td>37</td><td>13</td><td>16</td><td>17</td><td>90</td></td<>	Bristol County	7	37	13	16	17	90
Jamestown	East Greenwich	2	$\frac{3}{2}$	3 1	7		15 4
Little Compton	KENT COUNTY	4	11	10	15	6	46
NewPort City	Little Compton	1 19 10 13	4 74 28 60	2 29 15 27	4 9 11 16	$\frac{2}{19}$ $\frac{8}{18}$	13 150 72 134
Burrillville	Towns, Newport County	54	175	90	47	55	421
Cranston 2 2 2 6 6 Cumberland 1 1 1 3 East Providence Foster <	NEWPORT CITY	1,426	1,793	1,073	981	1,880	7,153
Glocester	Cranston	ī		_	••••		-
North Smithfield 4 5 4 1 14 Scituate 3 4 3 1 11 Smithfield 2 1 3 6 Woonsocket 1 2 1 4 Towns, Providence County 14 11 6 10 7 48 Providence City 29 54 29 45 43 200 Charlestown 2 2 4 9 4 19 Exeter 2 5 1 3 11 Hopkinton 1 2 2 5 North Kingstown 8 6 2 6 9 31 South Kingstown 11 38 17 23 24 113 Richmond 2 2 6 7 27 Washington County 28 61 27 47 47 210 R. I., town not given 1 <	Glocester	1	1	1		1	
Scituate 3 4 3 1 11 Smithfield 2 1 3 6 Woonsocket 1 2 1 4 Towns, Providence County 14 11 6 10 7 48 Providence City 29 54 29 45 43 200 Charlestown 2 2 4 9 4 19 Exeter 2 5 1 3 11 Hopkinton 1 2 2 5 North Kingstown 8 6 2 6 9 31 South Kingstown 11 38 17 23 24 113 Richmond 2 2 4 4 4 7 21 Washington County 28 61 27 47 47 210 R. I., town not given 1 1 1 1 1 1	North Smithfield		5		4	1	14
PROVIDENCE CITY 29 54 29 45 43 200 Charlestown 2 4 9 4 19 Exeter 2 5 1 3 11 Hopkinton 1 2 2 5 North Kingstown 8 6 2 6 9 31 South Kingstown 11 38 17 23 24 113 Richmond 2 2 4 Westerly 6 6 2 6 7 27 Washington County 28 61 27 47 47 210 R. I., town not given 1 1 1 1	Scituate	2	1		3	1	6
Charlestown 2 4 9 4 19 Exeter 2 5 1 3 11 Hopkinton 1 2 2 5 North Kingstown 8 6 2 6 9 31 South Kingstown 11 38 17 23 24 113 Richmond 2 2 4 Westerly 6 6 2 6 7 27 Washington County 28 61 27 47 47 210 R. I., town not given 1 1 1 1	Towns, Providence County	14	11	6	10	7	48
Exeter. 2 5 1 3 11 Hopkinton 1 2 2 5 North Kingstown 8 6 2 6 9 31 South Kingstown 11 38 17 23 24 113 Richmond 2 2 2 4 Westerly 6 6 2 6 7 27 Washington County 28 61 27 47 47 210 R. I., town not given 1 1 1 1 1	PROVIDENCE CITY	29	54	29	45	43	200
R. I., town not given 1 1	Exeter. Hopkinton North Kingstown South Kingstown Richmond	1 8 11	- 5 2 6 38	2 17 2	1 2 6 23	3 9 24	11 5 31 113 4
	Washington County	28	61	27	47	47	210
WHOLE STATE 1,562 2,142 1,248 1,161 2,056 8,169	R. I., town not given					1	1
	WHOLE STATE	1,562	2,142	1,248	1,161	2,056	8,169

TABLE XI.—Nativity. Being Table VI. for the city of Providence, by Wards, showing how many of the inhabitants of each Ward in the city of Providence, were born in each State and Territory of the United States.

BIRTH PLACE IN			WAR	DS: C	TY O	F PRO	OVIDE	NCE.			City.
STATES.	I.	II.	III.	IV.	v.	VI.	VII.	VIII.	IX.	X.	Whole
Alabama	1	1				1	1	•••	3	$\overline{}_2$	9
Arkansas	• • • • .	2					· • • ·		1		3
California	2	2	4		,10	4	9	9	8	9	57
Connecticut	355	214	212	241	256	247	335	479	404	251	2,994
Delaware	15	11	4	1	1	2	12	4	14		64
Florida	3	3		1		3	3	12	7		32
Georgia	13	10	7	2	3		7	4	8	5	67
Illinois	14	9	32	11	18		15	25	18	14	158
Indiana	5	4	2	2		1	3	2		6	25
Iowa	5		$\bar{2}$	3	3	î	-2	2	1	$\tilde{2}$	21
Kansas			l ⁻		1		$\bar{2}$	ī	2	1	7
Kentucky	4	13	5	4	l . •	1	5	5	3	ī	41
Louisiana	$\hat{6}$		ı i	5	2	5	6	7	5	3	43
Maine	194		120	120	128	90	125		186	173	1,437
Maryland	53		35	17	10	44	18	70	130	23	488
Massachusetts	1,470		1,088	815	1,044	899				1,300	
Michigan	7,7,7	4	2,000	4	4	3	2,400	1,010	6	4	37
Minnesota	i		1	2	2		آ آ	$\hat{2}$	2	1	10
Mississippi	i	2	2		1	i			6		13
Missouri	4	2	1	1	1	1	2	5	1	2	19
Nebraska	*	ı 1		-		1 2	_	· 1	1	ī	6
Nevada		1	••••		1		1	1	••••	1	ı
New Hampshire.	165	47	65	88	131	47	105	103	113	87	951
New Jersey	74	27	40	$\frac{32}{32}$	29	30	35	48	53	48	
New York	420	188	291	$\begin{array}{c} 32 \\ 222 \end{array}$	267	196	255		415		
North Carolina.	19	17	6	9	3	3		13	14		
Ohio		20		6		12	5	9	22	18	90
	10	20	14	ю	17	12	9	9	22	10	133
Oregon					••••	_		70		~~	017
Pennsylvania	79	69	51	37	55	45	46	73	83	79	617
Rhode Island							4,494	5,933	7,000	6,799	
South Carolina	9	9	13	4	9	10	1	8	4	$\frac{2}{9}$	69
Tennessee	2		1	2	1		3	•••	1	$\frac{2}{5}$	12
Texas	1	1		1		••••	•••			5	8
Vermont	89	39	39	39	45		59	63	94	53	
Virginia	127	122	64	24	21	116	27	46	97	28	672
West Virginia	••••			• • • • •				• • • • •	••••	••••	
Wisconsin	4	•••••	2	3	2	1	6	15	11	6	50
Dis. of Columbia	23	42	12	5	7	29	12	11	33	2	176
U.S., State not											
given	5	8	6	†3	3	4	‡3	4	‡5	‡11	52
Territories			*1		••••		§4	1	**2		8
Tt'l born in U.S.	 -[-					

^{*}Colorado. †2 at sea. ‡1 at sea. § Utah. || Dakota. **Utah; 1 New Mexico.

TABLE XII.—NATIVITY. Being Table VI. for the city of Newport, by Wards, showing how many of the inhabitants of each Ward in the city of Newport, were born in each State and Territory of the United States.

	WAR	RDS: CI	TY OF	NEWP	ORT.	City.
BIRTH PLACE IN THE UNITED STATES.	ı.	II.	III.	IV.	v.	Whole
Alabama					1	
California		1			3	
Connecticut	26	38	36	12	35	14
Delaware	4	16	5	7,	5	3
Florida		2		1		
Georgia		1	3	1	2	
[llinois	3	3	1			
Indiana		1	2	3		
[owa	2	2	-1_{\parallel}		3	
Kansas		3	••••			
Louisiana		2	4	1	2	
Maine	23	34	18		32	13
Maryland	25	62	18	92	19	21
Massachusetts	134	244	129	115	151	77
Michigan	1	4	4	2	1	1
Minnesota		2	*****	• • • • -	1	
Mississippi	• • • • • •		•••••	1	1	
Missouri	1		2	• • • • •	2	
Nebraska	• • • • •	1		• • • • • •		_
New Hampshire	9	27	5	5		6
New Jersey	6	4	6	25		5
New York	83	151	117	123		63
North Carolina	2	3	1	1	4	1
Ohio	9	7	2	3	8	2
Pennsylvania	37	29	25	40		17
Rhode Island	1,562	2,142	1,248		2,056	8,16
South Carolina		6	9,	11	5	3
Tennessee	3		1	3		
Texas	1	2			1	
Vermont	11	7	6 16	8	15	4
Virginia	21	55	16	30	24	14
Wisconsin		,1		1		
	4	11	3	14	6	3
U. S., State not given		****	7		1	
Territories	• • • • •	*3	• • • • •	†1	†1	
Total born in U. S	1.067	9 96 1	1.070	1 000	0.010	10.00
Total norm in O. g	1,907	2,001	1,070	1,688	2,619	10,80

None born in Arkansas, Kentucky, Nevada, Oregon, or West Virginia.

^{*} Utah, 2; Colorado, 1. † New Mexico.

TABLE XIII.—Nativity. Giving the particulars of Table VII. in the city of Providence, by Wards, showing how many of the inhabitants of each Ward in the city of Providence were born in each foreign country.

CITY OF PROVIDENCE, TABLE VII. BY WARDS.

BIRTH PLACE IN			WAR	DS: C	TTY O	F PRO	VIDE	NCE.			City.
FOR. COUNTRIES.	I.	II.	m.	IV.	v.	VI.	VII.	VIII.	IX.	X.	Whole
Africa	2	5	1								12
Asia·····		4						2		1	7
Australasia	3			2			6	1			12
Austria	2	1	1	2	1	1			3	1	12
Belgium				2					1		3
Bermuda Islands				1							1
British America.	367	153	228	131	248	89	146	214	180	376	2,132
Cape Verd Is'lds			5		5						10
China		4		2						1	7
Denmark	1	1	2		1	4	1		2	1	13
England	629	158	229	188	413	107	249	496	691	1,662	4,822
France	25	15	3	21	34	14	3	9	23	23	170
Germany	125	58	128	80	257	46	96	93	145	218	1,246
Greece		1		1.					1		3
Holland	4	2	2	4				1		1	14
India	2		1	1		1		1			6
Ireland	2,786	830	2,202	1.102	1.713	643	1,462	1,375	2,157	4,188	18,458
Italy	6	9	1	104	1		4	29		25	
Mexico	2	1						1			4
Norway	23	3	18	2	18	3	1	1	7	3	79
Poland	23		6	1	1				1		32
Portugal	4	1	243	9					9	8	274
Russia	38		9		5					2	54
Sandwich Isl'nds		2	ĭ	1	ī						5
Scotland & Wales	172	53		63	159	39	88	132	136	370	1,288
South America	1	1			1		1			4	15
Spain	ĺ		'	2			1			}	4
St. Helena	î		1	·		3		1	4		10
Sweden	12	8	_	13	52	11	8	9	40	12	178
Switzerland	9						_		10	12	64
Turkey	, ,	2	l ĩ				l ⁻	l			4
Western Islands	3				4		8		29	9	66
West Indies	5	2					10				37
On the Ocean		1	l "	2		1	1	1			14
Bahama Islands.	1	l [*]	1	۱ آ	l [*]	١١	٠أ		l		1
Donaina Islands.										·	
Total, For. Born	4,246	1,321	3,200	1,747	$^{ }_{2,927}$	966	$^{ }_{2,081}$	2,381	$^{1}3,447$	$^{'}6,921$	29,237

TABLE XIV.—Nativity. Giving the particulars of Table VII. in the city of Newport, by Wards, showing how many of the inhabitants in each Ward of the city of Newport were born in each foreign country.

CITY OF NEWPORT. TABLE VII. BY WARDS.

	WAR	DS: CI	TY OF	NEWPO	DRT.	City
BIRTH PLACE IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES.	1.	II.	III.	IV.	v.	Whole
Africa						
Asia			2			:
Austria]			I	
Belgium				5		
British America	6	40	13	15	32	10
Denmark	2			8	3	13
England	56	78	55	108	303°	60
France	7	8	10	17	37	73
Germany	18	8	29	31	67	15
Holland		1		3	1	
India					1,	
Ireland	114	504	165	225	987	1,99
Italy		1	2	8	4	1.
Mexico			1			
Norway		4		1	2	
Portugal	4	5		4	4	1
Rnssia					2,	
Scotland and Wales	9	15	6	42	50	12:
South America		1				
Spain					1	
Sweden	10	10	14	6	23	6
Switzerland			3	2	5	10
Turkey				1		
West Indies	1	5	1	6	2	1.
On the Ocean · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1			1	
Western Islands		••••			2	
Total, Foreign Born	227	681	301	482	1,529	

TABLE XV.—Parentage. Showing the Parentage of the Population, in each town and county in the State.

	ė			Welsh.			an.	British American.
TOWNS AND DIVISIONS	[ca]			₩	1		adi	ric
TOWNS AND DIVISIONS	ıer			nd			lan l	ğ
OF THE STATE.	A.		rų;	- a	g	ď,	РС	Ρq
	ۊ	<u></u>	glis	tch tch	ĕ	nc]	nc.	tis]
	Total American.	Irish.	English.	Scotch and	German.	French.	French Canadian	Bri
Barrington	864	159	35	11	5		55	5
Bristol	3,387	1,419	299	118	194	10		18
Warren	2,054	923	379	61		1	461	25
BRISTOL COUNTY	6,305	2,501	713	190	199	13	645	48
Coventry	3,275	324	158	94	18	2	598	5
East Greenwich	2,036	634	153	32	10	6		12
West Greenwich	961	11	8	7			39	
Warwick	5,343	2,585	768	344	38	14	1,908	14
KENT COUNTY	11,615	3,554	1,087	477	66	22	2,560	31
Jamestown	435	15	5	10		1		
Little Compton	1,004	42	21	14	4	1		
Middletown	952	59	24		18			4
New Shoreham	1,120	11	$\begin{array}{c} 9 \\ 47 \end{array}$	21		;	1	
Portsmouth	1,391 1,732	$\frac{356}{140}$	86	13	$\frac{1}{22}$	1	$4\frac{1}{2}$	8
Towns, Newport Co	6,634	623	192	 58		3	43	12
	,							
NEWPORT CITY	7,864	3,805	900	191	275	85	15	42
Burrillville	2,087	1,828	450	17	27	4		
Cranston	2,747	1,929	433	84	68	4		19
Cumberland	1,930	2,328	930	139	11	11	149	13 20
East Providence	2,562	1,028	160	47	34	18		20
Foster	1,514 $1,740$	$\frac{12}{119}$	12 60	1	11	3		44
Glocester	2,823	1,338	363	125	102		39	1
Lincoln	3,373	3,780		274	55	1	1	83
North Providence	816	170	178	51	4	I	34	1
North Smithfield	1,128	564	116	16	36			7
Pawtncket	7,328	6,661	1,848	372	214	19	517	261
Scitnate	3,276	336	201	39	28			13
Smithfield	1,410	632	181	58	14			
Woonsocket	3,562	4,481	592	115	77	82	4,248	30
Towns, Providence Co	36,296	25,206	6,743	1,339	681	160	9,861	519
PROVIDENCE CITY	45,438	36,561	6,659	2,163	2,368	270	449	1,295
Charlestown	971	30	20	1	22	1		
Exeter	1,284	4	28	2		1	6	
Hopkinton	2,459	48	143	17	12		8	3
North Kingstown	2,932	241	100	29	9	3		17
South Kingstown	3,595	365	114	$\frac{27}{10}$	33 38		$\frac{2}{20}$	5
Richmond	$\frac{1,441}{3,623}$	82 903	$\begin{array}{c} 83 \\ 405 \end{array}$	187	58 72	21		3
Washington County	16,305	1,673	893	273	186	32	125	32
WHOLE STATE	130,457	73 993	17 187	4.691	3,820	585	$ _{13.698}$	1,979
WINDLE STATE	100,301	10,020	11,1011	T,001	0,020	500	10,000	1,010

TABLE XV.—Parentage.—Continued. Showing the Parentage of the population in each town and county in the State.

TOWNS AND DIVISIONS OF THE STATE.	Portuguese.	Italian.	Swedish and Norwegian.	Other Foreign.	Total Foreign.	American Father and Foreign Mother.	Foreign Father and American Mother.	Total Population.
	ŭ	T.	ã.	ō	ĕ	4	£ "	Ĕ
BarringtonBristolWarren	1 66 13		3	2 28 5	275 2,284 1,868	14 83 37	32 75 46	1,185 5,829 4,005
BRISTOL COUNTY	80		3	35	4,427	134	153	11,019
Coventry East Greenwich West Greenwich Warwick	4 2 1 6	i	79 5 223	5 25	1,203 948 71 $5,926$	34 80 189	68 56 2 156	4,580 $3,120$ $1,034$ $11,614$
KENT COUNTY	13	1	307	30	8,148	303	282	20,348
JamestownLittle ComptonMiddletownNew ShorehamPortsmouthTiverton	29 17		3 3 1 1 4	4 3 2	35 118 109 21 448 332	16 20 13 2 30 22	2 14 4 24 15	488 1,156 1,074 1,147 1,893 2,101
Towns, Newport Co	65	_ _	13	9	1,063	103	59	7,859
NEWPORT CITY	36	14	74	61	5,498	318	348	14,028
Burrillville. Cranston. Cumberland. East Providence. Foster. Glocester. Johnston. Lincoln. North Providence. North Smithfield. Pawtucket. Scituate. Smithfield Woonsocket. Towns, Providence Co- Providence City. Charlestown Exeter. Hopkinton. North Kiugstown	528	100 11 11 15 15 290 2260	1 34 1 248 242	3 19 9 1 27 23 138 372	3,066 2,726 3,629 1,590 28 338 1,998 441 1,606 9,970 764 1,363 9,649 45,066 51,133	1,878	64 96 81 73 1 10 71 168 33 691 20 60 191 1,582 2,226 5 21 41	5,249 5,688 5,673 4,336 1,543 2,098 4,999 11,565 1,303 2,797 18,464 4,101 2,857 13,576 84,249 100,675 2,760 3,505
South Kingstown Richmond Westerly		11	2	6 1 17	553 289 1,621	61 35 43	19 31 24 121	4,240 1,739 5,408
Washington County			-	31	3,270	224	262	20,06
WHOLE STATE	1 865	282	899	676	118,605	4,265	4,912	258,239

TABLE XVI.—Parentage. Being Table XV. for Providence and Newport, by Wards; showing the parentage of the population in each Ward.

CITY OF PROVIDENCE. TABLE XV. By WARDS.

I. II. III. IV. V. VI. VII. VIII. IX. X.	ele Fy			NCE.	OVIDE	F PRO	ITY O	DS: C	WAR			PARENTAGE.
English	Whole City.	X.	IX.	VIII.	VII.	VI.	v.	IV.	III.	II.	I.	PARENTAGE.
English	45,438	3,042	6,395	6,695	4,538	4,309	3,843	3,368	3,945	3,630	5,673	TOTALAMERICAN
Scotch & Welsh German									4,383			
German 263 88 225 126 457 106 213 163 338 389 Freuch 27 15 10 14 53 22 15 18 44 52 French Canadian 36 30 3 9 116 3 17 95 58 82 Portnguese 289 56 204 70 103 59 89 114 84 227 Portnguese 24 3 375 9 16 4 80 17 Italiau 6 7 123 2 1 11 31 2 43 Swed. & Norw'gn 21 4 28 11 70 20 7 5 67 9 Other Foreign 98 27 65 41 26 12 20 21 45 17 Total Foreign 7,441 1,680 5,758 2,8	6,659				405	210	494	265	320	240	925	
Freuch	-2,163			232	127	- 66	253	111	145	123	300	Scotch & Welsh
French Canadian British American 289 56 204 70 103 59 89 114 84 227 Portnguese 24 3 375 9 16 4 80 17 Italiau 6 7 123 2 1 11 3I 2 43 Swed. & Norw'gn 21 4 28 11 70 20 7 5 67 9 Other Foreign 98 27 65 41 26 12 20 21 45 17 Total Foreign 7,441 1,680 5,758 2,839 4,733 1,666 3,814 4,177 6,601 12424 3 Amer. Father and Foreign Mother 5 ForeignFather 1	2,368	389	338	163	213	106	457	126	225	88	263	German
British American 289 56 204 70 103 59 89 114 84 227 Portuguese 24 3 375 9 16 4 80 17 Italiau 6 7 123 2 1 11 31 2 43 Swed. & Norw'gn 21 4 28 11 70 20 7 5 67 9 Other Foreign. 98 27 65 41 26 12 20 21 45 17 TOTAL FOREIGN. 7,441 1,680 5,758 2,839 4,733 1,666 3,814 4,177 6,601 12424 Amer. Father and Foreign Mother 260 47 194 79 217 89 184 162 282 364 Norther 7 7 7 7 89 184 162 282 364	270			18	15	22	53	14	10	15	27	Freuch
Portnguese 24 3 375 9 16 4 80 17 Italiau 6 7 123 2 1 11 31 2 43 Swed. & Norw'gn 21 4 28 11 70 20 7 5 67 9 Other Foreign 98 27 65 41 26 12 20 21 45 17 TOTAL FOREIGN. 7,441 1,680 5,758 2,839 4,733 1,666 3,814 4,177 6,601 12424 Amer. Father and Foreign Mother 260 47 194 79 217 89 184 162 282 364 Mother 5 ForeignFather	449		58	95	17	3	116	9	3	30	36	French Canadian
Italiau	1,295	227	84	114	89	59	103	70	204	56	289	British American
Swed. & Norw'gn Other Foreign 21 4 28 27 65 41 26 12 20 21 45 17 Other Foreign 7,441 1,680 5,758 2,839 4,733 1,666 3,814 4,177 6,601 12424 4,177 6,60	528				4		16	9	375	3	24	Portuguese
Swed. & Norw'gn Other Foreign 21 4 28 27 65 41 26 12 20 21 45 17 Other Foreign 7,441 1,680 5,758 2,839 4,733 1,666 3,814 4,177 6,601 12424 4,177 6,60	226	43	2	31	11	1	2	123		7	6	Italiau
Total Foreign. 7,441 1,680 5,758 2,839 4,733 1,666 3,814 4,177 6,601 12424 3 Amer. Father and Foreign Mother 260 47 194 79 217 89 184 162 282 364 ForeignFather	242		67	5	7	20	70	11	28	4	21	Swed. & Norw'gn
Amer. Father and Foreign Mother 260 47 194 79 217 89 184 162 282 364 ForeignFather)	372	17	45	21	20	12	26	41	65	27	98	Other Foreigu
and Foreign 260 47 194 79 217 89 184 162 282 364 Mother Foreign Father 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	51,133	12424	6,601	4,177	3,814	1,666	4,733	2,839	5,758	1,680	7,441	TOTAL FOREIGN.
	1,878	364	282	162	184	89	217	79	194	47	260	and Foreign }
Mother	2,226	407	292	184	216	127	160	119	258	75	388	and American }

Total Popula's 13762 5,432 10155 6,405 8,953 6,191 8,752 11218 13570 16237 100675

CITY OF NEWPORT. TABLE XV. BY WARDS.

DADENTA CE	WAR	DS: CI	TY OF	NEWP	OKT.	ole ty.
PARENTAGE.	I.	II.	III.	IV.	v.	Whole City.
TOTAL AMERICAN	1,685	2,202	1,509	1,288	1,180	7,864
Irish	210	988	229	395	1,983	3,805
English	85	120	89	172	434	900
Scotch and Welsh		28	11	47	93	191
German	25	9	59	56	126	275
French	8	5	6	18	48	85
French Canadian	2 2	8	5			15
British American	2	16	2	5	17	42
Portuguese	17	4		5	10	36
Italian		3	3		8	14
Swedish and Norwegian	12	13	14	7	28	74
Other Foreign		4	5	36	16	61
Total Foreign	373	1,198	423	741	2,763	5,4 98
American Father and Foreign Mother	69	72	19	58	100	318
Foreign Father and American Mother	67	73	20	83	105	348
TOTAL POPULATION	2,194	3,545	1,971	2,170	4,148	14,028

TABLE XVII.—Nativity and Parentage Compared. Showing the number and proportions of the Population by Nativity and by Parentage in each town in the State. Mixed parentage given according to the birth-place of the fathers.

		ou l		, <u>x</u> .	ź	. E.	In each 100 of
	ë.	Number forn in the United States.	Number of Ameri- can Parentage,	ifference; Child. ren of Foreigners born in the U.S.	sumber Born in Foreign Countries	Number of Poreign Parentage.	the Popula'n
TOWNS AND	ia Ci	ate i	And Tag	ಶಕ್ಷ	ΞĒ	<u> </u>	there are of
DIVISIONS	Total Pepulation	<u> </u>	날릴	Difference; Child ren of Foreigne born in the U.S.	Number Born Foreign Coun	- 2 H	124 931
OF WITE STATE	3	हे ह	ŧΞ	ĔŧĒ	ŧ 5	も見	1 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
OF THE STATE.	[E]	<u> </u>	Ē	2 8 8	盲	1 E	American Parentage Foreign Parentage
	To	IN I	z s	<u> </u>	. Ya	ž	돌리 종립
Barrington	1.185	1.029	878	151	156	307	74 09 25 . 91
Bristol	5.829	4,443	3,470				59.5340.47
Warren	4,005	2,773	2.001	682	1,232	1.914	52.21 47,79
Bristol County	11,019	8,245	6,439	1,806	2,774	4,580	58.4441.56
Coventry	4.580	3,783	3,309	474	797	1.271	72,2527,75
East Greenwich	3,120	2,562	2.116		558	1,004	67.8232.18
West Greenwich	1.034	987	961	26	47		92 94 7.06
Warwick	11,614	7.788	5.532	2,256	3.826	6.082	47.6352.37
KENT COUNTY	20,348	15,120	11,918	3,202	5,228	8,430	58.57 41.43
Jamestown	488	461	451	10	27	37	92.42 7.58
Little Compton	1,156	1.067	1.024	43	89		88.5811.42
Middletown	1,074	979'	965	14	95		89.8510 15
New Shoreham	1,147	1.138	1,122	16	9	25	$97.82 \cdot 2.18$
Portsmouth	1,893	1,640	1,421	219	253	472	75.072493
Tiverton	2,101	1,862	1,754	108	239	347	83.48 16.52
Towns. NEW- PORT COUNTY, .	7,859	7,147	6,737	410	712	1,122	85.7214.28
NEWPORT CITY	14.028	10,808	8.182	2,626	3,220	5.846	58.3341.67
Burrillville	5,249	3,489	2,119	1,370	1,760	3,130	40.3759.63
Cranston	5,688	4,038	2,866	1.172	1,650	2,822	50.3949 61
Cumberland	5,673	3.307	-1.963	1,344	2,366	3.710	84-6165.39
East Providence	4,336	3,390	2,673	717	946	1,663	61.6538-35
Foster	1,543	1,533,	1,514		10		98.12 - 1.88
Glocester	2.098	1,859	1.750	109	239		83,4116.59
Johnston	4,999	3.873	2,930	943			58.6141.39
North Providence.	11.565	6.028	3,499	2,529	5,537		30.2669.74
North Smithfield	$\begin{bmatrix} 1.303 \\ 2.797 \end{bmatrix}$	992	829	163	311		63 62 36 38
Pawtucket	18.464	1,656	1.168	488	1,141		41,7658,24
Scituate	4,101	$\frac{12,632}{3,617}$	7,803. $3,317$	$\frac{4,829}{300}$	5,832		41.185882
Smithfield	2.857	2,013	$\frac{3,317}{1.434}$	579	484 844		80.8819.12
Woonsocket	13,576	7,313	3.736	3,577	6,263		50.1949.81 = 27.5272.48
Towns, Prov. Co.	84,249	55,740	37,601	$\frac{-}{18,139}$	${28,509}$		44.63,55.37
PROVIDENCE CITY	100,675	71.438	47,316	24,122	29,237	53,359	47.00 53.00
Charlestown	1,054	1,010	972	38	44	82	92.22 7.78
Exeter	1.355	1.322	1.289	33	33		95 13 4 87
Hopkinton	2,760	2,621	2,480		139		89,8610.14
North Kingstown.	3,505	3,172	2,990	182	333		85,31 14.69
South Kingstown	4,240	3.958	3,656	302	282		86.2213.78
Richmond	1,739	1.588	1,476	112	151		84.8815.12
Westerly	5,408	4,440	3,666	774	968		67.793221
Washington Co	20,061	18,111	16,529	1,582) ' I		82,8917,61
WHOLE STATE	258,239	186,609	134,700	-1 00-	## ADO	100	

TABLE XVIII.—Nativity and Parentage Compared. Being Table XVII. for the cities of Providence and Newport, by Wards. Those of mixed parentage according to the birth-place of their fathers.

CITY OF PROVIDENCE. TABLE XVII. BY WARDS.

WARDS.	Total Population.	Number born in the United States.	Number of American Parentage.	Difference; Children of Foreigners born in the U.S.	Number born in Foreign Countries.	Number of Foreign Parentage.	the Po	Foreign Parentage.
First	13,762	9,516	5,933	3,583	4,246	7,829	43 11	56.89
Second	5,432	4,111	3,677	434	1,321	1,755	67.69	32.31
Third	10,155	6,955	4,139	2,816	3,200	6,016	40.76	59.24
Fourth	6,405	4,658	3,447	1,211	1,747	2,958	53,82	46.18
Fifth	8,953						45.35	
Sixth	6,191							28.96
Seventh	8,752						53 95	
Eighth	11,218						61.12	
Ninth	13,570							50.80
Tenth	16,237	9,316						
200000000000000000000000000000000000000	10,201	0,510	5,400	0,010	0,021	12,001	1	10.02
WHOLE CITY	100,675	71,438	47,316	24,122	29,237	53,359	47.00	53.00

CITY OF NEWPORT. TABLE XVII. BY WARDS.

WARDS.	Total Population.	Number born in the United States.	Number of American Parentage.	Difference: Child- ren of Foreigners born in the U. S.	Number born in Foreign Countries.	Number of Foreign Parentage,	American Parentiage, the Lobon the Lobon The Lobon	la'n
First	2,194 3,545 1,971 2,170 4,148	2,864 $1,670$		$590 \\ 142 \\ 342$	227 681 301 482 1,529	1,271 443 824	$\begin{array}{c} 79.9520 \\ 64.1535 \\ 377.5222 \\ 62.0337 \\ 320.8669 \end{array}$.85 .48 .97
WHOLE CITY	14,028	10,808	8,182	2,626	3,220	5,840	58.3341	. 67

TABLE XIX.—Age and Sex. Showing the number of each Sex in each division of ages, in each town and county in Rhode Island; and in Providence and Newport, by Wards.

Totals.	572 613	1,185	2,747 3,082	5,829	$\frac{1,823}{2,182}$	4,005	5,142 5,877	11,019	$\frac{2,173}{2,407}$	4,580
90 and	:-	1	C) (C)	1 20	ଦୀ ର	7.3	₹1-	11	6.0	8
and der ge.	x x	16	133	98	14	35	35 49	8	$\frac{15}{26}$	41
and un- der 36.	12.32	41	64 107	171	67	119	137 194	331	21.0	162
and under 70.	43	81	152	335	119	239	314	655	131	278
and under 60.	55	100	187 225	412	161 178	339	403	860	217 215	432
and mider 50.	207	150	333	605	228 247	475	650	1,287	238 280	518
30 and moder 40.	95	150	401	879	194 260	454	650 833	1,483	301	546
25 and under 30.	46	98	278 269	547	144	337	462 508	970	161 175	336
and under	51	106	267 323	290	160 211	371	478 589	1,067	855 856	437
and un- der 20	27	1 31	47 60	107	36	73	35	206	2 4 8	97
19 de 19 de	17	์ อัก	61 92	155	3.4	87	108 156	504	5.5	102
and an- der fer 18.	9 23	31 	2 + 2: + 1:	102	25 59	105	103 126	225	51	91
and and an- der. 17.	 3 e	19	10 L	129	30	91	106	239	15 15 15 15	115
amd der der 16.	120	31	& 2,	16	65 1 7	97	102	19.5	51	106
nmder umder 15.	56 59	115	233	484	$\frac{196}{217}$	=======================================	6 1 1 2 1	1,012	202 238	440
5 and under 10.	51	108	269 284	553	197 206	403	517	1,064	238	458
Pre d'i	0.01	121	49	96	37	78	100	195	1 %	7.9
Brd Fr4.	11	5.	65	114	45	73	109 98	202	330	×
2 and we- dr 3.	15	25	52	102	35	15.	102	203	88	8.
and um- dyr 2.	8 10	23	58	119	39	99	$\frac{93}{115}$	208	54 74	8.
6 ms. and un- der 1	9	15	43	70	22	41	55 71	126	10	355
3 ms. and un- d'r 6.	3	4	119	31	13	27	34 28	65	9	10
Un- der 3 mos.	31 44	9	15	35	16	20	40	61	17.	97
	Males Females	Totals	Males Females	Totals	Males Females	Totals.	Males Females	Totals	Males Females	Totals.
TOWNS AND DIVISIONS OF THE STATE.	Barrington		$\left\{ \text{Bristol} \right\}$	•	Warren	•	BRISTOL CO		Coventry	

CONTINUED.
Y
SEX.
٥
AND
GE
4
XIX
\cong
LBLE
四
TA

Totals.	1,508	3,120	516	1,034	5,683	11,614	9,880	20,348	258	488	556 600	1,156
and over		21	. 4	4	10	15	21	29	1: 1	1	::	:
80 and un- der 90.	10	31	ος τυ	13	23	57	56 86	142	. 83	co	14	21
and un- der 80	44	111	33	64	85 128	213	231 319	550	9 89	6	33	72
and under 70.	107	214	42 36	78	258 296	554	538	1,124	23	38	40	80
and under 60.	135	278	44	93	439	905	835 870	1,705	24	52	52 64	116
40 ind ider 50.	152	329	52	93	599	1,216	1,041 $1,115$	2,156	22 19	41	65	199
30 sand sunder un 40.	183	374	56 55	111	$\frac{720}{811}$	1,531	1,201 1,361	2,562	35	99	80	141
and and 30.	123	252	40 34	7.4	460 501	961	784 839	1,623	26	45	38 45	ox
and and inder 1	179	327	33	89	596 641	1,237	1,019	2,069	37 25	65	55	119
and un- der 20.	35	7.1	11 12	133	129 124	253	223 221	444	~1 00	15	$\frac{21}{10}$	2.
and un- der 19.	34	70	r-4	Ξ	133 161	294	259	477	70 TO	1,2	13	8
and under der 18.	36	72	9	16	$\frac{119}{120}$	239	$\frac{202}{216}$	418	44	80	∞ ⊱	1
and un- un- der 17.	34	64	6 1-	16	111	253	217 231	448	ಚು ಸರ	œ	10	G
15 and un- der 16.	38	64	13	16	115 145	360	221 225	446	4 1	5	11	6
and umder 15.	125	257	52	103	632 576	1,208	1,011	2,008	11	30	47	Ē
and under 10.	116	278	61 66	127	618 546	1,164	$\begin{vmatrix} 1,015 \\ 1,012 \end{vmatrix}$	2,027	19	44	43	-
4 and un- d'r 5.	31	26	13	 	110 126	236	187 202	389	61 70	7	11	İ
and un- dr 4.	38	88	10	31	120 124	244	200	422	-10	13	11	1
2 and un- d'r 3.	31	7.	12	36	157 126	583	238 220	458	4 70	6	400	Ì
and un- d'r 2.	8, 59	58	13	21	106 101	207	182 196	378	9 10	=	r 00	7
6 ms. amd um der 1 year.	15.23	38	rc 0	=	76	151	123 112	235	ကပေ	ا ي	0 70	1
3 ms. and un. d'r 6.	01	19	6.9	6	35 34	69 .	57 59	116	:	-	co co	,
Un- 3 der 3 mos.	14	12	70 CO	1 00	37	67	73	122	60 63	12	73 4	·
	Males Females	Totals	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{Males} \ldots \\ \mathbf{Females} \end{array} \right.$	(Totals	Males	(Totals.	Males	Totals	Males Females	Totals.	Males Females	,
TOWNS AND DIVISIONS OF THE STATE.	E. Greenwich)	W. Greenwich		Warwick		Krwr Co.		Jamestown) Yittle Compton	

TABLE XIX.—Age and Sex.—Continued.

_												
Totals.	542	1,074	$612 \\ 535$	1,147	988 905	1,893	$^{1,078}_{1,023}$	2,101	$\frac{4,036}{3,823}$	7,859	$^{1,013}_{1,181}$	2,194
90 and over.	1:-	-		:	01) es	— ec	14	ကယ	6	. 00	63
and der der	0.00	1 00	7	13	15	82	8 4	25	44	95	13	191
and un- der so.	12 41	198	18	36	35	69	33	69	137	281	37	53
and under 70.	30	72	27		64 52	116	63	130	247 253	200	. 73	133
and under 60.	50	115	72 39	Ξ	99	173	100	170	412	737	66 78	144
and ander 50.	54	86	53 65	118	88	175	104	219	374 406	780	115 126	24.1
30 and under 1	65	131	70	133	155	296	156 146	302	542 527	1,069	157	340
25 and under 30.	42	93	48	95	73	143	77	154	309	613	81 91	172
20 and mder 1 25.	75	126	59	104	95 64	159	96 81	177	417 323	740	102	192
20.	13	27	11	19	17	26	18	46	98	191	19	41
and nn- der 19.	16	65	130	31	15	35	14 24	38	85	165	$\frac{19}{25}$	44
and um- der 18.	14 0	23	$\frac{21}{12}$	33	23	43	26	44	96	166	1.0	43
16 amd um- der 17.	11	27	13	28	17	35	30	49	85	169	13 27	40
and um- der 16.	123	23	17	28	17	39	22 15	37	89	156	21	46
noder 15.	47	96	525	129	75	163	108	212	373	721	98	195
and under 1	88 88	98	55	109	103	200	99	211	381	750	114	245
4 and un- վ'r 5.	-100	12	10	26	22	48	15	30	74	154	24 18	42
and un-	106	19	10	20	18	47	22	46	88	164	36	59
and un- d'r 3.	9	23	15	22	16	333	21	44	61 82	143	37	63
and un- d'r 2.	66	18	86	17	13	27	16 29	45	59	133	13	23
6 ms. and un- der 1 year.	3	100	r0 0/	7	10	80	10	22	40 38	78	10	28
3 ms. and un- d'r 6.	3	4	6/100	, .	44	00	ဖြစ်	14	18	37	တ္တ	12
Un- der 3 mos.	3	4	eo e3	, rG	27.70	7	· ∞	∞	16	38	ဖ	14
	Males	(Totals	Males Females	Totals	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Males} \ \end{array} \right\}$	(Totals	Males	(Totals	Males Females	(Totals	Males Females	(Totals
TOWNS AND DIVISIONS OF THE STATE.	Middletown		New Shoreham		Portsmouth		Tiverton		Towns,	tremtonico)	WP'T ITY. ARDS. •	M. C.

_
17
_=
-
- 72
i-
_
Z
\sim
~~
-CONTINUED
- 1
AND SEX.
1.0
-7
-
-
•
-AGE
XIX.—AGE
-AGE

od Totals.	$\begin{array}{c c} 1 & 1,626 \\ 3 & 1,919 \end{array}$	4 3,545	$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 825 \\ 4 & 1,146 \end{vmatrix}$	5 1,971	$\begin{bmatrix} 1,022\\2&1,148\end{bmatrix}$	2-2,170	2,084	5 4,148	2 6,570 17 7,458	19 14,028	2 2,628 4 2,621	B 5 940
od 90 2- and 30 0. over	1 1 2	 23 	69 69	<u> </u> 91	96	<u> </u> 12	96	15.	55	<u>*</u>	13	
d and a and p- un- r der 0. 90.	25.28	88 	222	<u> </u>	24 34	1 88	39 45		135 227	362	54	100
r and r der 80.	188 E	1	41 2	153	57 2	95	73 3 89 4	ł		1		
60 and under 70.	i	174		i		<u> </u>		162	275	717	115	010
and nuder 60.	148	317	74	183	88	169	132 139	271	508 576	1,084	205	900
and and under 50.		405	97 141	238	138 151	- 289	225 239	464	749	1,637	273	0
30 and under 40.	248 292	540	143 195	338	147 168	315	327 306	633	1,022 $1,144$	2,166	321 341	100
and and and 30.	148	313	108	186	92	205	217 196	413	616 673	1,289	218	130
and and ander 1	143	-338	72 105	177	130	273	223 189	412	658 734	1,392	300 257	1 1
19 and un-	32	20	14	37	9 12 27 20	63	32	57	104	248	55	1 5
and um- der 19.	31	73	16 27	43	29 37	99	39	78	134 170	304	98	1 1
and un- der 18.	98	99	13	28	14	41	38 43	81	120 139	259	49] }
and un- der 17.	34	57	18	32	23.	48	45 35	- 80	120 137	257	64 62	9
and un- der 16.	35.55	02	14	24	16 23	33	39 27	99	125 -120	245	09 —	100
and mder 15.	145 158	303	59 72	131	91 84	175	. 182	381	575 -610	1,185	271	1 2
and under 1	171	347	91	167	83	170	221 227	448	680	1,377	277 298	l li
and un: u	35	75	91	25	17	33	55 45 53	107	151 131	282	56	200
and un-d'r 4.	33	22	17	34	18	39	4 2 2	87	147	296	61	-
and un- d'r 3.	46 35	81	18	34	11	23	49	06	161	290	59	700
and un- d'r 2. c	43 36	79	70 Q	H	10	21	46	98	117	232	55	00
6 ms. and un- der 1	13	34	F- 70	12	~ ~	14	31	8	82	148	36	0
3 ms. and un. d'r 6.	1201	22	80	6	မက်	6	16	31	40	88	13	0
Un- 3 der 3 mos.	6.9	122	√ eo	10	44	× ×	11	25	32	72	11 17	oc
	Males Females	Totals	Males Females	(Totals	Males Females	Totals	$\left\{ egin{array}{ll} ext{Males} & \ ext{Females} \end{array} ight.$	Totals	Males	(Totals	Males	(Total
TOWNS AND DIVISIONS OF THE STATE.	H	,	П		IV		Δ		Whole city		Burrillville	

TABLE XIX, -AGE AND SEX.-CONTINUED.

Totals.	3,046	5,688	2,793	5,673	$^{2,267}_{2,079}$	4,336	788	1,543	1,086 $1,012$	2,098	2,522 2,477	4,999
90 and over.	014	9	- c1	ಣ		,	- co	ec.	c) :	c1	7 2	83
8 = = = 8 9 = = = = 8	133	46	$\frac{10}{21}$	31	15	19	16	62	22	43	11	29
and and der	51	115	46	109	35	87	45	6.	52 41	8	44	8
and under 70.	132	282	112	248	81 95	176	82	153	95 88	183	114	243
and under 60.	237	425	200 214	414	164 140	304	92 81	173	119	219	192	385
and and 50.	379	681	281 283	564	229 197	426	08	169	126 138	264	263 287	550
30 and under 40.	470 362	832	393 379	77.5	392 326	718	76 89	165	99	225	392	759
25 and ander 30.	303	529	246 256	502	232	441	56	115	88 62	150	210	441
20 and under 1 25.	363	605	283	598	231 179	410	62	130	77	152	234 237	471
and der 1 26.	63	100	54 70	124	32	74	12	26	13	8	50	108
28 m d 19 der 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	66 66	123	77	156	54	98	15	62	$\frac{26}{21}$	47	59	12
and un- der 18.	20	101	6.53	113	4 8] - 	16	25	17	37	48	86
12 gg 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	43	E	61	123	30	0.4 	$\frac{21}{16}$	37	22	1 43	53 49	3
and der der 16.	15	96	3.5	133	34	2	10	21	19	39	44	- % - %
and inder 15.	233 248	481	284 270	554	182	393	73	129	102 95	197	241	452
amd mder 10.	263	546	292 283	575	225 214	439	68	132	101	188	285 248	533
and und	168	113	65	131	55 36	91	12	180	18	88	68	123
and um- d'r 4.	54	122	67 55	122	59	113	918	27	18	88	58	18
and un: dr 3.	55	105	73	133	53	97,		1 2 1	020	129	51 66	117
and uni- dr.2.	629	130	55 66	121	62 48	110	15	129	14	21	44	74
6 ms. and un- der 1 year.	30 28	58	46 28	74	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	74	470	6	17	28	322	69
ms. and up- tr 6.	28 16	44	16 23	39	17	26	ಚಿ ಸರ	00	6	13	19	35
Un- der 3 mos.	17	47	16	34	11	23	co 64	9	9	12	11	22
	Males	(Totals	Males	(Totals	Males	(Totals	Males	(Totals	Males Females	Totals	Males Females	Totals.
TOWNS AND DIVISIONS OF THE STATE.	Cranston		Cumberland		E. Providence		Foster	-	Glocester		Johnston	

_
- :-
(~
=
•
- =
-
٠,
-
_
T)
~
- 1
- 1
- 24
-2
-
92
_
-
Z
AN
-
(+)
-
_
AGE
7
- 1
- 1
. 1
1
\leq
$\overline{}$
فرد
-1
1
呂
_
$_{ m ABI}$
_
_
Z
_

od Totals.	2 5,563 5 6,002	7 11,565	1 620	$\frac{-}{1}$ 1,303	1,350	1 2,797	8,866	2 18,464	2 2,006	2 4,101	1,358	9.857
1 90 - and r over	14	46		16	 12	1 00	22		:		::	
80 and der 90.	<u> </u>	⊥				182		64	28	57	10	18
and der der 80	90	167	17	39	30	59	135	332	60	15	29 46	7.
60 and under 70.	167	392	35 30	65	77	156	318 435	753	116 154	270	54 75	129
and under 60.	340	731	54	=======================================	110	211	596 632	1,228	$\frac{227}{180}$	407	$\frac{124}{102}$	226
40 and under 50.	536	1,099	60	121	$\frac{145}{156}$	301	956 1,017	1,973	195 265	460	$\frac{162}{172}$	334
30 and under 40.	764	1,579	96	184	$\frac{126}{184}$	310	1,398 $1,415$	2,813	245 260	505	$\frac{176}{180}$	356
25 and under 30.	494	1,050	54	131	75 97	172	819 918	1,737	142 148	290	$\frac{100}{126}$	226
20 and under 25.	618	1,308	57	135	125 151	276	$\begin{vmatrix} 851 \\ 1,066 \end{vmatrix}$	1,917	194 207	401	.126 156	282
28 mg	141 130	271	$\frac{12}{16}$	28	34 26	09	$\frac{192}{207}$	399	38	91	32 88	8
19 de 19 de	146 154	300	10	34	47	92	183 254	437	46 52	86	41	77
and der der 18.	127	290	12	25	28 47	7.5	191 191	382	49	97	31	89
28 mil 26 mil 26 mil 26 mil 27	143	290	19	27	44	833	181 188	369	48	91	98 88	89
25 mgd	131	247	112	23	36	99	160	340	33 50	ŝ	33	72
10 and under 15,	633	1,250	57 39	96	170 171	341	821 839	1,660	192	381	144 156	300
5 and mder 10.	627 598	1,225	75	125	145 151	296	930	1,853	$\frac{207}{170}$	377	124 151	275
mnd the Pres.	108	214	15	66	933	99	$\frac{211}{215}$	426	33 39	72	30	47
and uni-	115	258	82	25	34	09	213	416	38	74	9 9	ŧ9
2 g and mad	155	265	17	35	20	47	240 250	490	33	7.1	37	62
Em.	130	64-6	14	30	23	49	183	382	33	67	34 22	56
6 ms. and un der 1 year.	87	164	13	61	81	31	131	242	23	44	10	26
ms. md 'r 6.	50	99	4 %	12	- 1-	14	58	127	17	22	13	$^{-0}$
Un-3 der 3 2 mos. d	51. <u>44</u>	64	4 01	9	46	13	61	122	P-60	10	6	18
ATE.	Males Females	Totals	Males Females	- Totals	Males Females	Totals.	Males Females	Totals	Males Females	Totals.	Males Females	Totals
TOWNS AND DIVISIONS OF THE STATE.	Lincoln		N. Providence		No. Smithfield		$Pawtucket \dots$		Scituate		Smithfield	

TABLE XIX.—AGE AND SEX.—CONTINUED.

Totals.	6,362	13,576	41,245 $43,004$	84,249	$6,757 \\ 7,005$	13,762	2,384 3,048	5,432	5,067 5,088	10,155	3,082 3,323	6.405
90 and over.		101	16	39	2) 4	9	L 4	120	9	9	01.01	14
30. ger - 30.	222	45	189 288	477	13	53	43	57	13.	14	$^{14}_{26}$	1 4
and un- der ser. 80.	113	186	747 936	1683	81	228	44 102	146	46 119	165	52 81	133
and nuder 70.	215	483	$\frac{1,715}{2,034}$	3,749	270 294	564	137 161	867	172 236	408	113	294
20 End under 60	463	922	3,123 3,025	6,148	477 539	1,016	207 279	486	299 311	610	$\frac{218}{240}$	458
and under 50.	642	1,355	4,328	8,848	693 740	1,433	292 378	670	529 568	1,097	361 391	752
30 mder 46.	848 942	1,790	5,796 5,874	11670	$\frac{1,123}{1,040}$	2,163	359 496	855	817 790	1,607	516 595	E
and under 30.	513 643	1,156	3,553 3,796	7,349	818 774	1,592	291 384	675	553 507	1,060	405 406	811
and under	642 826	1,468	4,167	8,710	801	1,646	337 456	793	593 538	1,131	485 416	Ē
19 19 19 19 19 19	142	305	903 898	. 1801	147 164	311	69	132	97	197	65	144
and un- der 19.	156 234	065	1002	2174	153	290	57 74	131	$\frac{98}{102}$	200	63	140
amd der der 18.	126	325	841 980	821	$\frac{125}{142}$	267	34 53	87	$\frac{105}{110}$	215	55 66	121
and up- der der 17.	173	356	933 838	18701	130	267	33 40	73	$\frac{102}{106}$	208	51	115
and un- der der 16.	135	316	823 899	1722	119	239	0+	80	$\frac{115}{94}$	209	37]+G
and and under 15.	685 732	1,417	$\frac{4,088}{4,116}$	8,204	486 513	666	153 149	302	445	871	184 196	380
and under 10.	742	1,503	4,366	8,642	550 581	1,140	167	328	487	949	217	435
and un- gr.5.	136	269)	884 859	1743	146 129	275	34 29	63	85 97	182	48 39	87
amd un- ir 4.	164 162	326	930 925	1855	132 149	281	Si Si	58	106 99	205	41	86
2 and un-	163 152	315	943 958	1901	146 145	291	37	11	127 128	255	39 48	87
1 and un- d'r 2.	143 139	282	841 851	1692	154	303	950	54	100	229	51	99
6 ms. and un- der 1 year.	98	185	550 527	1077	102	190	5 2	34	88	163	23.53	56
3 ms. and un- dr 6.	49 52	101	292 302	594	63	115	8 9	14	44	84	17	26
Un- der 3 mos.	¥; + +	78	216 264	180	51	93	ပ်ထ	14	38 25	63	15 16	31
	$\left. \left. egin{array}{c} ext{Males} & \ ext{Females} \end{array} \right. \right.$	Totals	Males Fremales	Totals	Males Females	Totals	Males	C Totals	Males Females	Totals	$\left\{ egin{array}{ll} ext{Males} & \ ext{Females} \end{array} ight.$	Totals
TOWNS AND DIVISIONS OF THE STATE.	Woonsocket		Towns, Prov. Co			SGHA	 	—-~ XJIΩ	ENCE (гво ГV	

H	
Z	
Z	
۲	
Ų	
6	
V.	
UNA	
7	
Ì	
Ż	
×	
A B	
TABL	

Totals.	4,403	8,953	2,892	6,191	4,150	8,752	5,280 5,938	11,218	6,573	13,570	8,113	16,237
90 and over.	4	4	ෙ	භ		_	- 4	70	o1 4	9	αп	_8
and der-	308	48	18	27	212	62	10 24	34	32	49	19	33
and un- der 80.	115	180	49 104	153	88 88	17	74 109	183	71 112	183	71	166
and under 70.	170	888	137	304	155	346	174 221	395	206	441	209	443
and under 60.	302 340	642	237 271	508	321 324	645	389 459	848	425	838	458 436	894
40 and under 50.	511 526	1,037	342 418	760	465 526	991	637 708	1,345	745 705	1,450	850	$\frac{-}{1,683}$
30 and under 40.	806 736	1,542	483 574	1,057	679 737	1,416	853 925	1,778	1,053 $1,121$	2,174	1,241 $1,200$	2,441
25 and under 30.	557 501	1,058	334 361	695	462 495	957	508 617	1,125	572 686	1,258	720	1,472
20 and under 25.	570 514	1,084	325 423	748	487	1,090	550	1,243	580	1,245	824	1,579
and un- der 20.	95	195	61	133	93	183	105	231	116	234	176 164	340
and and der 19.	101	190	59 66	125	93	202	123 127	250	134 153	287	187 196	383
and um- der 18.	87	153	50	116	75	148	86 119	202	99	234	148 143	291
and um- der 17.	96	162	52	102	90	167	96	215	139 132	271	163 201	364
and un- der der 16.	25.	136	47	92	73	149	104 92	196	113 124	237	148 171	319
and under 15.	286 333	619	200	380	302	644	460 450	910	639	1,252	852 788	1,640
and meer 10.	323	672	235	468	370 387	757	572 547	1,119	784 811	1,595	964	1,966
and un- d'r 5.	70	142	53	103	84 86	170	89 129	218	$\frac{151}{209}$	360	160 232	392
and un- dr 4.	92	164	59 41	100	93	166	$\frac{113}{104}$	217	166	337	233 205	438
and un- fr3.	918	172	51	105	90	181	117	240	$205 \\ 191$	396	$\frac{214}{223}$	437
and mp- dbr 2. c	73	155	57	108	91	173	106	222	157 159	316	220 233	453
6 ms. and un- der 1	56	105	27	56	44 49	93	63	138	106	214	129 129	258
3 ms. and un- d'r 6.	88 88	99	15	29	23	53	26 40	09	50 48	86	63	112
Un- 3 inos.	282	67	9	13	34 16	20	24	14	52	95	62	124
SNO	Males	(Totals	$\left\langle \begin{array}{l} \text{Males} \dots \\ \text{Females} \end{array} \right\rangle$	(Totals	Males	(Totals	Males	(Totals	Males Females	(Totals	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Males} \ \end{array} \right\}$	(Totals
VNS AND DIVISI OF THE STATE.			i		П				×			
TOW1	<u> </u>		>	.sa.	avW Þ	.YTI	NCE C	IDE	тояЧ ——			

TABLE XIX.—AGE AND SEX.—CONTINUED.

Totals.	48,701 51,974	00075	534 520	1,054	702 653	1,355	1,344 1,416	2,760	$\frac{1,705}{1,800}$	3,505	2,111 2,129	240
	11 48, 32 51,	43 100		- -	्य •	1.		າ ຄ	- ,-,-	ec_	ອໂອໂ - ຄວາ	4
90 and over.	}		_:		:				: :	:		
28 and 28 89 4 5 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6	135	417	∞ ∞	16	133	17	6. †	23	18 80 80	s: S:	16 24	40
26 - mil	606 1072	1678	20 25	45	31 28	59	8 4	15	8; 9:	108	8 8	148
60 and under 70.	1,743	3,881	80 80 81 88	9	25.8	116	73	154	122	. 23 . 35 . 36 . 37	15.5	253
. 50 under 66.	3,333	6,945	53	18	55	116	135	271	134	682	173	350
and under 50.	5,425 5,793	11218	5 8	123	75	135	$\frac{156}{166}$	322	187 175	308	199 216	415
30 and under 40.	7,930	194418372198210011460107031614411218	60 59	119	85	156	149 179	328	233 251	484	270 298	25.0
25 and under 30.	5,220	10703	555	88	60 50	110	108 126	234	145	302	133 146	279
20 and under 25.	5,552 5,908	11460		89	67	119	121	248	161	348	175 178	353
8 g g g		100	13	26	10	17	21 88		8 2	135	8 8	1.
28 g g g g g g g g g g g g g g g g g g g	1056 1021 1142 1079	2012	G. 13	17	11 12	5i	21 21	51		92	÷ 7	x T
and un- der 18.	843 994	1837	12	[S.]	13	23	98 08	46	+ #	7.4	15 8	Ē
aga der 17.	907	1944	10	16	11	13	88	66	8 7	=	# 65 65	3C
5 <u>5 5</u> 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	850 901	1751	12	28	12	27	35 E	63	12.65	9	46	2.
and under 15.	4,007 3,990	7,997	58	105	57 63	120	136 122	258	118 144	595	225 224	449
and andrer 10.	4,678	9,459	55 58	114	27	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	142	281	169 170	339	257	487
amd um-	$\frac{920}{1072}$	1995	E 79	2282	12	33	39	18	25.7	67	5 75	110
ma wn: rPr 4.	1024 1028	202	15	24	17	85	23	19	7 7 7	7.5	4 4 51 75	87
and nm- dr 3.	1120	2241	44	28	13	27	22.22	46	44	<u> </u>	54	138
and un-	1047	2112	10	16	19	29	320	19	36	7.0	44	8¢
6 ms. and un- der 1 year.	646	1307	1-00	15	55	20	2.5	27	15.	33	17	42
and and un- I'r 6.	332	647	0,00	1.5	± 21 .	×	∞ t-	15	ಪ ಕಾ		10	191
Un- der 3 mos.	295 284	579	20 20	9	4 31	9	96	15	12	81	12	21
	Males 2 Females 2	C Totals	Males	(Totals	Males	(Totals	Males	(Totals	Males Females	Totals	Males Females	Totals
TOWNS AND DIVISIONS OF THE STATE.	PROV. CITY,	\smile			Exeter		Hopkinton	,	No. Kingstown)	So, Kingstown	

TABLE XIX.—Age and Sex.—Continued.

TOWNS AND DIVISIONS OF THE STATE.	VISIONS ATE.	Un. 3	and and un- dr 6.	6 ms. and un. der 1 year	and un-	and r	3 and 3 tur- Pr 4, d	and " . Pr. 5.	and uvder t	10 and umder 15.	IS and der der 16.	and and der	and ger der 18.	18 and a der 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19.	and der up-	20 and under 1 25.	25 and mder 30.	and nuder 40.	amd umder 50.	50 and under 60.	60 amd under 70.	and un- der 80.	and un- der 36.	and over.	Totals.
Richmond	Males Females	4 10	01 rc	1==	===	<u> </u>	4.8	1.5	51 88	17.66	18	15 61	14	15	18	739	89	101	106 92	85 80	49 54	24 29	10		845 894
	Tota.s	6	1-	122	29	30	37	34	195	173	27	34		31	6	131	148	224	198	165	103	63	20	:	1,739
Westerly	Males Females	14	25.	34	51 56	99	58	53	285 259	257	58	58	57 39	55	55	290 275	247 248	386 383	305 298	189	$\frac{128}{125}$	48 64	10		$2,745 \\ 2,663$
	$\langle \text{ Totals .}$	24	39	61	107	$^{-126}_{-2}$	118	104	544	495	115	135	96	121	114	565	495	769	603	388	253	112	22	61	5,408
WASHINGTON	Males Females	55 48	62	109	$\frac{201}{198}$	$\begin{array}{c} 230 \\ 216 \end{array}$	212	221 218	1,088	925 937	200 220	199 213	215 167	209 193	183	909	801 850	1,281	1,092 1,066	829 840	601 598	266 344	75 101	6	9,986 10,075
COUNTY,	Totals .	103	112	220	399	+46 -	423	439 2	2,103	1,862	430	412	382	405	382 1	1,832	1,651	2,648	2,158	1,669	1,199	610	176	13	20,061
WHOLE STATE	Males 716 Females 739	716 739	835	$\frac{1589}{1602}$	2540: 2614	0 2855 2 4 2827 2	26982 27212	25381 26561	2725	$\frac{114702401}{115192534}$	2401 2534	2565 2420 2774 2692	24202 26923	28122643 317226991	643 699 1	13200 1	$\frac{13200}{14070} \frac{11740}{12458} \frac{18422}{19320} \frac{1}{1}$	18422 19320]	3646	9,443 9,705	5,433 6,392	2259 3236	559 916	112	125560 132679
	Totals . 145	14551	651	3191	5154	56825	54195	51942	353922	22989	4935	5339	51125	59845	53422	2727024198	4198	37742	28084	19148	11825	5495 1475	1475	163	258239

TABLE XX.—CIVIL CONDITION. Showing the number of married, single, widowed and divorced, of each sex, in each division of ages, in each town and county in the state.

MARRIED.

TOWNS AND DIVIS-	15 and 20	under).	20 and		25 and 30	unde <i>r</i>	30 and		35 and	under 0.
IONS OF THE STATE.		Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's
Barrington		6	6	17	22	23	22	25	22	42
Bristol	8		66	117	151	155	141	162	151	166
Warren	. 2	20	38	66	80	102	87	73,	73	97
BRISTOL COUNTY	10	50	110	200	253	280	250	260	246	305
Coventry	. 8	40	62	102	104	109	98	120	108	115
East Greenwich		13			76		80	72.	67	72
West Greenwich			18		30	31	24	29	21	19
Warwick	$\frac{1}{1}$	18			291			- 1		$\frac{19}{298}$
War wick	11	65	197	201	291	340	288	317	305	298
KENT COUNTY	26	136	318	473	501	572	490	538	501	504
Jamestown	ļ ,	3	6	9	8	12	11	17	12	9
Little Compton	2	5	9	26	25	29	24	25	20	28
Middletown		3	10	18	22	32	22	28	28	23
New Shoreham		6	13	24	30	44	36	28	26	22
Portsmouth		5	15	25	39	49	58	64	72	52
Tiverton		11	24	37	37	49	54	68	60	50
Towns, New-)						—-				
PORT COUNTY	8	33	77	139	161	215	205	230	218	184
NEWPORT CITY	6	33	115	228	301	358	360	379	380	384
Burrillville	3	27	75	108	121	143	123	130	123	134
Cranston	1	24	58	115	135	161	162	135	146	149
Cumberland	2	21	57	111	135	166	164	148	153	133
East Providence	3	20	40	107	133	168	158	135	135	121
Foster	3	12	18	31	39	43	30	32	31	39
Glocester	4	9	17	43	48	44	31	46.	44	48
Johnston	2	23	53	101	125	162.	180		141	135
Lincoln	10	49	167	262	312	351	331	317	298	300
North Providence	3	10	18	37	37	48	38	30	40	37
North Smithfield	3	8	25	46	44	49	45	61	53	73
Pawtucket	13	78	229	437	499	594	575	537	540	529
Scituate	11	30	65	90	89	99	97	102	100	98
Smithfield	1	16	33	53	. 59	73	59	70	73	
Woonsocket	5	55	168	290	320	401	347	332	371	345
Towns, Prov. Co	64	382	1,023	1,831	2,096	${2,502}$	2,340	2.233	2,248	${2,210}$
PROVIDENCE CITY	28	264			2,720					
C1 1 4	_							.		
Charlestown	1	2	7.		17	39	30	26	19	
Exeter	1	6	18	31	34	45	29	30	29	25
Hopkinton	1	16	36	63	75	89	73	71	57	58
North Kingstown		17	51	89	85	101	92	90	89	94
South Kingstown	2	11	35	85	85	105	114	110	110	123
Richmond	1	10	19	39	53	50	38	51	37	44
Westerly	3	24	54	119	137	176	166	144	151	164
Washington Co	9	86	220	438	486	605	542	522	492	533
WHOLE STATE	151	984	2,877	5,472	6,518	7,967	7,370	7,282	7,063	6,981

TABLE XX.—CIVIL CONDITION.—CONTINUED. Showing the number of married, single, widowed, and divorced, of each sex, in each division of ages, in each town and county in the State.

MARRIED.

TOWNS AND DIVISIONS	40 and 45	under	45 and 50		50 and	over.	Whole No. Males.	Whole No. Femules.	Total.
OF THE STATE.	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Feml's	Who	Wh	
Barrington	35	28	35	26	100	69	242	236	478
Bristol	148	130	134	, 97	350	259	1,149	1,110	2,259
Warren	113	97	88	90	294	199	775	744	1,519
Bristol Co	296		257	213	744	527	2,166	2,090	4,256
Coventry	110	118	106	97	366	284	962	985	1,947
East Greenwich		71	69		225	153	620	590	1,210
West Greenwich	26		19		95	79	235	231	466
Warwick	272	258	252		657	472	2,273		4,513
Wall Wick.									4,010
KENT COUNTY	465	465	446	370	1,343	988	4,090	4,046	8,136
Jamestown	14	7	3	8	40	26	94	91	185
Little Compton	21		31	21	112	83	244	247	491
Middletown	18	16	17	23	91	69	208	212	420
New Shoreham	23	27	23	27	95	52	247	230	477
Portsmouth	36	39	32	38	166	105	418	377	795
Tivertou	47	51	38	36	149	91	414	393	807
Towns, Newport Co.	159	170	144	153	653	426	1,625	1,550	3,175
NEWPORT CITY	332		300	252	754	539	2,548		5,042
1.2,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	""				1		i .		,,,,,
Bnrrillville	111		127		304	191	987	973	1,960
Cranston	142	129	152		307	203	1,103		2,127
Cumberland	135	141	99		310		1,055	1,033	2,088
East Providence	112	86	92	72	228	153	901	862	1,763
Foster	39	31	30	40	184	131	374	359	733
Glocester	48	54	57	49	196	148	445	441	886
Johnston	116	123	119	97	312	209	1,048	1,008	2,056
Lincoln	259	238	212	193	491	364	2,080	2,074	4,154
North Providence	30	22	19	22	87	70	272	276	548
North Smithfield	64	69	54	51	177	117	465	474	939
Pawtucket	453	406	383	338	903	645	3,595	3,564	7,159
Scituate	82	85	91	112	333	256	868	872	1,740
Smithfield	68	75	62	56	181	122	536	534	1,070
Woonsocket	279	285	291	254	660	437	2,441	2,399	4,840
Towns, Prov. County	1,938	1,855	1,788	1,601	4,673	3,279	16,170	15,893	32,063
PROVIDENCE CITY				1,739	4,879	3,274	19,494	19,153	38,647
Charlestown	90	28	28	23	 78	55	208	210	418
Charlestown	28 26	$\frac{28}{26}$	31	26	107	85	275	274	549
Exeter.						150	605	591	1,196
Hopkinton		68	75 63	76 43	221 238	188	705	700	1,190
North Kingstown		78					823	814	1,403
South Kingstown		92	77	78	309	210			
Richmond	47	42	44	27	142	107	381	370	751
Westerly	144	144	122	87	315	218	1,092	1,076	2,168
Washington County.	490	478	440	360	1,410	1,013	4,089	4,035	8,124
WHOLE STATE	$ _{6,234}$	5,841	5,513	4,688	14,456	10,046	$ _{50,182}$	49,261	99,443

TABLE XX.—Civil Condition.—Continued. Showing the number of married, single, widowed and divorced, of each sex, in each division of ages, in each town and county in the State.

SINGLE.

TOWNS AND	Und	le r 1 5	 15 and	l under	20 and	under	√ r 25 aı	d un	- 30 a	nd un-	35 ar	id un-
DIVISIONS		ars.	2	20.	2	25.	de	r 30.	de	r 35.	de	r 40.
OF THE STATE.	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	s Mi'	Fm's	Ml	s Fm's	MYs	Fm's
Barrington	162	170	57	50	45	30	17	25		6	4	15
Bristol			252								27	
Warren	562	640	186	225	118	142	68	88	1:	41	12	26
BRISTOL COUNTY	1517	1621	495	579	363	382	206	220	90	117	43	92
Coventry	637	674	242	221	140	122	$^{\parallel}$ 51	63	22	28	8	17
East Greenwich	397	464	172	151	138	82	46	32	22	18	10	19
West Greenwich	161	193	45	17	16	11	8	2	8	3	1	2
Warwick	1891	1738	595	626	398	346	158	144	71	82	42	59
KENT COUNTY	3086	3069	1054	1015	692	 561	263	241	124	131	61	97
Jamestown	62	63	25	19	31	16	17	6	8	3	3	I
									_			
Little Compton	137		61	42	48	31			10	- 1	3	6
Middletown	140		66	60	63	33		13	- 6		9	
New Shoreham	178		83	50	43	21		3	6		3	1
Portsmouth	267		101	75	75	37,	32	18	15		7	9
Tiverton	320	320	116	81	71	37	45	20	18	17	16	11
Towns, New-)	1104	1114	452	327	331	175	140	71	63	61	41	31
PORT CO.,	11.71	1111	102		001	110			0.5		±ι	01
NEWPORT CITY	1977	1988	596	678	542	514	302	286	176	203	86	111
Burrillville	813		311	294	223	145		54	43	20	26	25
Cranston	832	814	263	233	304	-126	162	59	97	29	55	28
Cumberland	915	868	304	322	225	203	108	85	49	42	23	28
East Providence.	680	686	205	160	190	71	91	39	50	29:	34	16
Foster	194	189	71	55	49	28	20	9	10	9	5	5
Glocester	298	264	106	85	58	31	39	15	10	14	10	6
Johnston	799	715	258	227.	179	132	84	64	39	30	28	20
Lincoln	1863	1925	678	661	449	420	173	186	77	98	39	57
North Providence	180	2004	60	63	39	39	16	15	12	4	3	6
North Smithfield.	466	451	185	179	98	104	30	43		27	9	10
Pawtucket	2864	2854	894	941	618	611	308	297	166	157	92	91
Scituate	587	531	196	220	128	114:	53	39	26	24	14	17
Smithfield	408	460	171	155	93	100	40	46	25	17	11	16
Woonsocket	2211	2265	727	905	472	524	184	219	73	117	34	75
Towns, Prov. Co	19110	12079	4429	4500	3125	2648	1404	11-0	694			400
·			}	ļ						617	383	
PROVIDENCE CITY	14069	14287	4648	4867	4502	3678	2423	1874	1011	1003	54	616
Charlestown	172	169	60	40	28	20	11	13	4	1	5	3
Exeter	-215	199	54	50	48	21	25	4	10	10	8	5
Hopkinton	413	410	140	122	85	62	30	32	8	24	6	13
North Kingstown	491	488	176	152	109	93	58	50	30	35	15	16
Sonth Kingstown	713	683	224	191	138	90	46	38	29	31	14	22
Richmond	256	280	64	76	40	32	25	16	15	12	5	10
Westerly	843	775	295	258	235	151	108	64	42	40	18	21
Washington Co.	3103	3004	1013	889	683	469	303	217	138	153	71	90
WHOLE STATE				i				- 1				
THE STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE		- C - O - I		-2000	-0-001	0	OOTI.	20.00	0		[[الاست	TUI

TABLE XX.—CIVIL CONDITION.—CONTINUED. Showing the number of married, single, widowed, and divorced, of each sex, in each division of ages, in each town and county in the State.

SINGLE.

TOWNS AND DIVISIONS	40 and 45		45 and 50	under).	50 and	over.	Whole No. of Males.	Whole No. of Femules.	Total.
OF THE STATE.	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Feml's	Who	Who of F	
Barrington	5 24 12	6 23 22	1 9 5	5 30 8	11 30 21	17 64 42	308 1,526 998	330 1,664 1,234	638 3,190 2,232
BRISTOL CO	41	51	15	43	62	123	2,832	3,228	6,060
CoventryEast Greenwich West Greenwich Warwick	6 6 3 19	15 20 41	5 7 1 20	16 8 3 36	19 18 14 45	45 42 15 110	1,131 816 257 3,239	1,201 836 246 3,182	2,332 1,652 503 6,421
KENT COUNTY	34	76	33	63	96	212	5,443	5,465	10,908
JamestownLittle ComptonMiddletownNew ShorehamPortsmouthTiverton	2 8 3 2 7 11	1 4 5 3 5 7	2 4 1 2 6 4	2 5 1 1 3 9	3 11 6 12 22 22	5 25 13 11 28 28	153 292 314 345 532 623	116 282 277 256 474 530	269 574 591 601 1,006 1,153:
Towns, Newport Co.	33	25	19	21	76	110	2,259	1,935	4,194
NEWPORT CITY	52	102	38	88	73	264	3,842	4,229	8,071
Burrillville	10 38 27 10 4 5 11	10 17 15 13 2 7 15 27	11, 29 7 4 4 7 11	4 13 9 3 2 9 12 14	45 71 19 21 20 29 21	31 58 39 38 26 29 26 75	1,578 1,851 1,677 1,285 377 562 1,430 3,359	1,439 1,377 1,611 1,055 325 460 1,241 3,463	
North Providence North Smithfield Pawtucket Scituate Smithfield Woonsocket	6 8 44 12 23 34	2 13 79 20 13 40	29 8 4 10	2 7 38 17 9 23	7 12 34 29 13 27	16 30 131 38 27 77	325 832 5,049 1,053 788 3,772	347 864 5,199 1,020 843 4,245	672 1,696 10,248 2,073 1,631 8,017
Towns, Prov. County	257	273	149	162	387	641	23,938	23,489	47,427
PROVIDENCE CITY	309	476	168	294	269	739	27,940	27,834	55,774
Charlestown. Exeter. Hopkinton. North Kingstown. South Kingstowu Richmond Westerly.	3 8 7 16 16 6 19	1 2 3 13 16 8 19	11 8 5 8	2 1 5 14 10 5 18	14 14 11 27 37 11 25	10 18 32 43 61 15	301 389 702 933 1,225 427 1,593	259 310 703 904 1,142 454 1,389	
Washington County.	75	62	45	55	139	222	5,570	5,161	10,731
WHOLE STATE	801	1,065	467	726	1,102	2,311	$ _{71,824}$	71,341	143165

TABLE XX.—CIVIL CONDITION.—CONTINUED. Showing the number of married, single, widowed and divorced, of each sex, in each division of ages, in each town and county in the State.

WIDOWED.

TOWNS AND DIVISIONS	15 and u 20.	nder	20 and 1 25		25 and 30		30 and			under 0.
OF THE STATE.	Males F	em's	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's
Barrington Bristol Warren			1	2	1	6 6	1 11 1	11 5	4 2	5 14 15
BRISTOL COUNTY	. 1.		1		2	12	13	16	6	34
Coventry East Greenwich West Greenwich			 1	1 3 1	2 1 	3 2 1 9	·····i	9 1 	4 7	13 7
Warwick Kent County	-	$\frac{1}{1}$		$-\frac{4}{9}$	10		8	$\frac{21}{31}$		22 42
Jamestown		-	_		10	10		3,	11	2
Little Compton Middletown New Shorcham Portsmouth Tiverton			1	1	1				1 1 1	2 2 3 1
Towns, New-)					3				3	10
PORT COUNTY. 5			1	آ	7	19			11	37
2.2			i	3	1	2			3	
Burrillville Cranston Cumberland East Providence			1 1 1	1	5 3 5	5 4	2 4 5	10	11	17 7 18 12 4
FosterGlocesterJohnstonLincoln	2.		1 2	1 3 5	1 8	16	II ~		1 3 9	2 10 26
North Providence North Smithfield Pawtucket Scituate	2		2 4 1	1) 1 13 1	1 9	19 8	6 2	36 7	$\begin{array}{c c} 2 \\ \dots \\ 15 \\ 3 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 4 \\ 7 \\ 58 \\ 12 \end{array}$
Smithfield Woonsocket		1	1	$\frac{1}{7}$	9	8 17	$\frac{2}{7}$	4 27	4 13	$\begin{array}{c} 4 \\ 35 \end{array}$
Towns, Prov. Co	. 6	3	15	38	42	93	42	141	73	216
PROVIDENCE CITY	- 1	8	12	48	63	119	78	208	110	332
Charlestown Exeter			1	2 4 1	1 3 2 1 2 2	4 4 1 1	1 4 2 5 1 2	1 6 7 6	1 1 2 1 3 4 7	1 3 4 7 6 1 9
Washington Co			4	11	11	21	15	26	19	31
WHOLE STATE	. 9	12	42	110	138	285	173	455	233	702

TABLE XX.—CIVIL CONDITION.—CONTINUED. Showing the number of married, single, widowed and divorced, of each sex, in each division of ages, in each town and county in the State.

WIDOWED.

TOWNS AND DIVISIONS	40 and 4	under 5.	45 and 5	under 0.	50 and	l over.	Whole No. of Males.	Whole No. of Females.	Total.
OF THE STATE.	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Feml's	Who of	Who of Fe	
Barrington	1		2	5	17	35	22	45	67
Bristol	11	23		27	37		66		
Warren	·····	9	6	17	34	145	43		240
BRISTOL COUNTY	12	32	8	49	88	396	131	541	672
Coventry	5	8	3	24	47	154	65	212	277
East Greenwich	4	12	8	9	51	138	68	172	240
West Greenwieh		2	1	2	14	33	17	39	56
Warwick	12	32	19	41	102	341	154	471	625
KENT COUNTY	21	54	31	76	214	666	304	894	1,198
Jamestown		1	1		11	18	12	21	33
Little Compton	• • • • •	4	• • • • •	2	17	58	18	69	87
Middletown	1	2	1	2	15	36	18	43	61
New Shoreham	1	2	1	4	16	35	18	49	67
Portsmouth	1	1	4	1	27	49	37	53	90
Tiverton	1	7	2	6	31	76	39	99	138
Towns, Newport Co.	4	17	9	15	117	272	142	334	476
NEWPORT CITY	11	60	12	55	118	520	172	712	884
Burrillville	8	16	6	16	38	135	57	199	256
Cranston	10	17	9	16	53	174	91	230	321
Cumberland	3	17	9	18	39	163	59	227	286
East Providence	4	10	7	11	35	108	66	152	218
Foster	1	2	اي ۱۰۰۰۰	2	32	55	33	63	96
Glocester	$\frac{2}{4}$	4 19	5 1	11	57	$\begin{array}{c} 71 \\ 154 \end{array}$	67 41	$\frac{98}{214}$	165
Johnston Lincoln	. 8	43		17 43	28 66	301	114	446	$\frac{255}{560}$
North Providence	1	6	1	5.	13	29	19	52	71
North Smithfield	6	10	2	6	33	72	46	102	148
Pawtucket	21	60	$2\overline{2}$	81	131	526	208	793	1,001
Scituate		8	2	22	69	136	79	195	274
Smithfield	4	5	2	11	19	84	32	118	150
Woonsocket	10	50	12	54	86	346	138	536	674
Towns, Prov. Co	82	267	91	313	699	2,354	1,050	3,425	4,475
PROVIDENCE CITY	98	423	120	474	658	3,074	1,140	4,686	5,826
Charlestown		2	1	2	18	39	22	47	69
Exeter	2	2		3	24	57	33	66	99
Hopkinton		7	4	8	24	88	35	119	154
North Kingstown	5	8	4	19	45	137	63	186	249
South Kingstown	1	8	3	10	47	134	55	166	221
Richmond	1	2	3	6	25	51	36	62	98
Westerly	7	11	3	19	35	140	57	196	253
Washington County.	16	40	18	67	218	646	301	842	1,143
WHOLE STATE	244	893	289	1,049	2,112	7,928	3,240	11,434	14,674

TABLE XX.—CIVIL CONDITION.—CONTINUED. Showing the number of married, single, widowed and divorced, of each sex, in each division of ages, in each town and county in the State.

DIVORCED.

										_
TOWNS AND	15 and 20	under	20 and	under	25 and 3	under 0.	30 and	under 5.	35 and 4	under 0.
DIVISIONS				——i					i	
OF THE STATE.	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's
Barrington										
Bristol				i			2	1		. 3
Warren					i			ī		1
*** ###										
BRISTOL COUNTY				1	1		. 2	2	• • • • •	6
Coventry			1	3	4		1		1	1
East Greenwich						. 3		2		
West Greenwich					2			1	1	1
Warwick	.			4	3	8	2	5	1	7
			ļ		·\	·				
KENT COUNTY	• • • • • •		1	7	9	11	3	9	3	9
Jamestown										
Little Compton										
Middletown							 .			
New Shoreham			1				1			
Portsmouth				1			ľ			
Tiverton					1 5					
					I 1					
Towns, New- PORT Co.,				1	. 8		1			
NEWPORT CITY			1	3]	2	2	5		1
Burrillville			1	1		. 2		2	,	٤ [
Cranston			ĺ	-		'l -		2		9
Cumberland			-	1	1			3		1 1
East Providence			li .	-		_	11	i	11	
									1	•
Foster				3		_	11			
Glocester		1		2	- 11	l 1	1 1	1		
Johnston			iji J					4	4	4
Lincoln						1 3				
North Providence			11	1	L :	1 1		1		:
North Smithfield			. • • • • •			-		4	1	
Pawtucket]]	l		· //	3 8			1 8	3 1
Scituate			.∥	2	2	. 2	: [3		
Smithfield				i 1	ı				9	
Woonsocket			ı∥ :	l 5	5	$\cdot \mid \epsilon$	1	1 4	1 2	2
Towns, Prov. Co	. 1	5	2 4	25	10	32	7	20	10	3
PROVIDENCE CITY.		4	1 5	36	3 2	2 54	18	3 49	26	3 4
Charlestown				J			1		,	
Exeter								i		1
Hopkinton										
					i		2			i
North Kingstown									1	4
South Kingstown		1	IL	-1 -	- il	1 5		1		
Richmond					1		L		11	1
Westerly			1	٠١ :	1	• • • • •	• • • • •			• • • • •
Washington Co			1	1	5	1 7	7	2	1 :	3
WHOLE STATE	1 ,		7 10	3 78	8 4	7 100	3 3	9	5 4	2 10

TABLE XX.—Civil Condition.—Continued. Showing the number of married, single, widowed and divorced, of each sex, in each division of ages, in each town and county in the State.

DIVORCED.

TOWNS AND DIVIS-	4.	under 5.	45 and 5	under 0.	50 and	l over.	Whole No. of Males.	Whole No. of Females.	Total.
IONS OF THE STATE.		Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Feml's	Who	Who	
Barrington Bristol Warren	2	2 1	3	2	1 3		6 7	2 9 7	2 15 14
BRISTOL COUNTY	2	3	4	2	4	4	13	18	31
Coventry East Greenwich West Greenwich Warwick	1	1	2 1 1 3	2	3 2	6	15 4 7 17	9 14 2 38	24 18 9 55
KENT COUNTY	4	7	7	4	16	16	43	63	106
Jamestown Little Compton Middletown New Shoreham Portsmouth Tiverton		1]		1 2 1	1	1 2 2 2 2 1 2	2 1 1	1 4 2 2 2 2 3
Towns, Newport Co		1			4	2	10	4	14
NEWPORT CITY		3		4		. 5	8	23	31
Burrillville Cranston Cumberland East Providence Foster Glocester Johnston Lincoln North Providence North Smithfield Pawtucket Scitnate Smithfield Woonsocket		1 2 2 2 1 3 1 2				1	1 2 5 4 12 3 10 4 7 14 8 6 2 2	111 9 100 8 121 141 122 8 8 7 7 423 8 8 8 424	12 11 15 12 25 17 29 12 14 56 14 6 45
Towns, Prov. Co	. 10	3	1	4 1	7 3	1 35	il		
PROVIDENCE CITY	. 1	6 34	1	6 2	il .	1			
Charlestown Exeter Hopkinton North Kingstown South Kingstown Richmond Westerly		2	2	1	1	2 2 2	5 4 1 8	5	8 5 5 14 7 15 8 9 2 5
Whole State			1		1	6 11	31	64	957
WHOLE DIAILS.									

TABLE XX.—CIVIL CONDITION.—CONTINUED. Showing the number of married, single, widowed and divorced of each sex, in each division of ages, in each town and county in the State.

SUMMARY.

TOWNS AND	MARI	RIED.		SING	GLE.		WIDO	WED.	
DIVISIONS OF THE STATE.	Males	Feml's	Total.	Males	Feml's	Total.	Males	Femi's	Total.
Barrington	242	236	478	308	330	638	22	45	67
Bristol	1,149	1,110		1,526	1,664	3,190	66	299	365
Warren	775	744	1,519	998	1,234	2,232	43	197	240
Bristol County.	2,166	2,090	4,256	2,832	3,228	6,060	131	541	672
Coventry	962	985	1,947	1,131		2,332	65	212	277
East Greenwich	620	590	1,210	816		1,652	68	172	240
West Greenwich	235	231	466	257		503	17	39	56
Warwick	2,273	2,240	4,513	3,239	3,182	6,421	154	471	625
KENT COUNTY	4,090	4,046	8,136	5,443	5,465	10,908	304	894	1,198
Jamestown	94	91	185	153	116	269	12	21	33
Little Compton	244	247		292		574	18	69	87
Middletown	208	212		314		591	18	43	61
New Shoreham	247	230	477	345		601	18	49	67
Portsmonth	418	377	795	532	474	1,006	37	53	90
Tivertou	414	393	807	623	5 30	1,153	39	99	138
Towns, New- PORT Co., }	1,625	1,550	3,175	2,259	1,935	4,194	142	334	476
NEWPORT CITY	2,548	2,494	5,042	3,842	4,229	8,071	172	712	884
Burrillville	987	973		1,578		3,017	57	199	256
Cranston	1,103		2,127	1,851		3,228	91	230	321
Cumberland	1,055			1,677		3,288	59	227	286
East Providence	901	862	1,763	1,285		2,340	66	152	218
Foster	374	359		377	325	702	33	63	96
Glocester	445	441		562	460	1,022	67	98	168
Johnston	1,048	1,008		1,430		2,671	41	214	253
Lincoln	2,080		4,154	3,359		6,822	114		560
North Providence.	272	276		325	347	672	19		71
North Smithfield	465	474	939	832	864	1,696	46		148
Pawtucket	3,595	3,564		5,049		10,248	208		1,001
Scituate	868	872		1,053		2,073	79	195	274
Smithfield Woonsocket	536 $2,441$	$\begin{array}{r} 534 \\ 2,399 \end{array}$		$\frac{788}{3,772}$	$843 \\ 4,245$	$\frac{1,631}{8,017}$	$\frac{32}{138}$	118 536	150 671
Towns, Prov. Co.	16,170	15,893	32,063	23,938	${23,489}$	47,427	1,050	3,425	4,475
PROVIDENCE CITY			i l			55,774	1,140	4,686	5,820
Charlestown	208	210	418	301	259	560	22	47	69
Exeter	275	274		389		699	33	66	99
Hopkinton	605	591	1,196	1		1,405	35	119	154
North Kingstown.	705	700		933		1,837	63	186	249
South Kingstown.	823	814		1,225		2,367	55	166	22
Richmond	381	370		427	454	881	36	62	98
Westerly	1,092	1		1,593		2,982	57	196	25
Washington Co	4,089	4,035	8,124	5,570	5,161	10,731	301	842	1,148
WHOLE STATE	50 182	19 961	99 413	71 824	71 341	143 165	3.240	11.434	14 674

TABLE XX.—CIVIL CONDITION.—CONTINUED. Showing the number of married, single, widowed and divorced, of each sex, in each division of ages, in each town and county in the State.

SUMMARY.

TOWNS AND DIVISIONS OF THE	Divo	RCED.		No. of	Whole No. of Females.	Popu-
STATE.	Males	Feml's	Total.	Whole No. o	Whole	Total Popu- lation.
Barrington		2	2	572	613	1,185
Bristol	6		15	2,747	3,082	5,829
Warren	7	7	14	1,823	2,182	4,005
Bristol County	13	18	31	5,142	5,877	11,019
Coventry	15	9	24	2,173	2,407	4,580
East Greenwich	4	14	18	1,508	1,612	3,120
West Greenwich	7	2	9	516	518	1,034
Warwick	17	38	55	5,683	5,931	11,614
KENT COUNTY	43	63	106	9,880	10,468	20,348
Jamestown	1		1	260	228	488
Little Compton	2	2	4	556	600	1,156
Middletown	2		2	542	532	1,074
New Shoreham	2		2	612	525	1,147
Portsmonth	1	1	2	988	905	1,893
Tiverton	2	1	3	1,078	1,023	2,101
Towns, Newport County	10	4	14	4,036	3,823	7,859
NEWPORT CITY	8	23	31	6,570	7,458	14,028
Burrillville	6	10	16	2,628	2,621	5,249
Cranston	1 1		12	3,046	2,642	5,688
Cnmberland	2		11	2,793	2,880	5,673
East Providence	5	10	15	2,257	2,079	4,336
Foster	4		12	788	755	1,543
Glocester	12		25	1,086	1,012	2,098
Johnston	3		17	2,522	2,477	4,999
Lincoln	10		29	5,563	6,002	11,565
North Providence	4		12	620	683	1,303
North Smithfield	7	7	14	1,350	1,447	2,797
Pawtucket	14	42	56	8,866	9,598	18,464
Scituate	6	8	14	2,006	2,095	4,101
Smithfield	2	4	6	1,358	1,499	2,857
Woonsocket	11	34	45	6,362	7,214	13,576
Towns, Providence County	87	197	284	41,245	43,004	84,249
PROVIDENCE CITY	127	301	428	48,701	51,974	100,675
Charlestown	3	4	7	534	520	1,054
Exeter	5		8	702	653	1,355
Hopkinton	2		5	1,344	1,416	2,760
North Kingstown	4		14	1,705	1,800	3,505
South Kingstown	8		15	2,111	2,129	4,240
Richmond	Ĭ	8	9	845	894	1,739
Westerly	3		5	2,745	2,663	5,408
Washington County	26	37	63	9,986	10,075	20,061
WHOLE STATE	314	643	957	125,560	132,679	258,239

TABLE XXI.—Civil Condition. Being Table XX. for the cities of Providence and Newport, by Wards.

MARRIED.

WARDS.	15 and 20		20 and			under 0.		under 5.	35 and 40	under).
	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's
First	3	44	164	332	423	504	463	393	383	365
Second		6	21	88	89	93	94	118	110	125
Third	2	29	108	227	272	340	346	296	282	278
Fourth	4	14	68	115	156	202	166	178	171	162
Fifth	3	25	81	168	217	307	294	270	255	240
Sixth	3	18	56	148	179	215	191	202	184	191
Seventh		25	92	218	273	322	278	265	265	262
Eighth	6	28	130	257	307	391	386	378	339	330
Ninth	3	39	141	308	392	506	454	487	476	429
Tenth	4	36	153	302	412	555	511	533	513	479
WHOLE CITY	28	264	1,014	2,163	2,720	3,435	31,83	${3,120}$	2,978	2,861

CITY OF NEWPORT. TABLE XX. BY WARDS.

MARRIED.

WARDS.	15 and under 20.		20 and 2	under 5		under 0.		under 5.	35 and 4	
	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Male s	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's
First	1	9	21	43	47	57	61	60	58	63
Second		6	27	67	77	80	84	95	107	101
Third		1	10		35		37	47	59	58
Fourth	3	G	. 24	31	46	54	61	48	44	61
Fifth	2	11	33	74	96	126	117	129	112	101
WHOLE CITY	6	33	115	228	301	358	360	379	380	384

TABLE XXI.—CIVIL CONDITION.—CONTINUED. Being Table XX, for the cities of Providence and Newport, by Wards.

MARRIED.

WARDS.		under 5.		under 0.	50 and	over.	ole No. Males.	Whole No. of Females.	Total.
	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Feml's	Whole of Ma	Wh of 1	
First	328	267	244	220	693	467	2,701	2,592	5,293
Second	106	97	105	84	30%	202	830	813	1,643
Third	241	249	210	158	452	282	1,913	1,859	3,772
Fourth	160	126	125	101	311	240	1,161	1,138	2,299
Fifth	210	196	202	141	445	307	1,707	1,654	3,361
Sixth	158	160	140	115	370	261	1,281	1,310	2,591
Seventh	241	211	177	165	457	310	1,783	1,778	3,561
Eighth	313	289	271	230	564	399	2,316	2,302	4,618
Ninth	370	337	317	229	620	405	2,773	2,740	5,513
Tenth	427	365	347	296	662	401	3,029	2,967	5,996
WHOLE CITY	${2,554}$	2,297	2,138	1,739	4,879	3,274	19,494	19,153	38,647

CITY OF NEWPORT. TABLE XX. BY WARDS.

MARRIED.

WARDS.		under 5.		under 0.	50 and	over.	ole No. Males.	hole No. Females.	Total.
	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Feml's	Whol of]	Wh of J	
First	44	46	46	33	115	84	393	395	788
Second	91	88	65	68	201	135	652	640	1,292
Third	42	30	33	36	109	85	325	311	636
Fourth	56	64	62	43	131	95	427	402	829
Fifth	99	93	94	72	198	140	751	746	1,497~
WHOLE CITY	332	321	300	$-{252}$	754	539	2,548	2,494	5,042:

TABLE XXI.—CIVIL CONDITION.—CONTINUED. Being Table XX, for the cities of Providence and Newport, by Wards.

SINGLE.

WARDS.	Unde yea	er 15 urs.	15 and 2	under 0.		under 5.		d un- 30.		d un-		d un-
	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Ml's	Fm's	Ml's	Fm's	Ml's	Fm's
First	1,805	1,882	672	657	630	509	$^{-}386$	241	166	119	81	89
Second			.226	267	311	364	200	280	84	139	56	82
Third	1,525	1,476	520	479	485	306	265	149	119	95	56	62
Fourth	645	642	267	326	414	299	246	184	106	107	54	76
Fifth	1,034	1,100	367	441	489	337	329	179	147	93	80	67
Sixth	709	659	263	283	267	270	149	131	55	82	36	44
Seventh				413	390	372	182	155	67	89	39	52
Eighth	1,570	1,595			408	425	198	204	79		33	57
Ninth	2,301	2,362	598	622	439	348	173	165	65	87	36	39
Tenth	2,897	2,923	817	840	669	448	295	-186	123	80	70	48
WHOLE CITY	14069	14287	4,648	4,867	4,502	3,678	2423	1874	1011	1003	541	616

CITY OF NEWPORT. TABLE XX. BY WARDS.

SINGLE.

WARDS.		er 15 ars.		under 0.	20 and 2	under 5.		d un-		d un-	35 and der	
	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Ml's	Fm's	Ml's	Fm's	Ml's	Fm's
First	328	352	90	111	67	63	35	33	21	31	14	17
Second	523	510	144	168	115	129	67	76	40	42	15	33
Third	223	210	71	92	64	91	40	65	23	59	20	26
Fourth	247	245	108	136	106	115	45	53	26	30	9	14
Fifth	656	671	183	166	190	116	115	59	66	41	28	21
		·										
WHOLE CITY	1,977	1,988	596	673	542	514	302	286	176	203	86	111

TABLE XXI—Civil Condition.—Continued. Being Table XX, for the cities of Providence and Newport, by Wards.

CITY OF PROVIDENCE. TABLE XX. BY WARDS.

SINGLE.

WARDS.		under 5.	45 and	under 0.	50 and	over.	Whole No. of Males.	Whole No. of Females.	Total.
	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Feml's	_Ĕ°	W]	
First	54	56	28	38	34	107	3,856	3,698	7,554
Second	40	82	28	47	47	138	1,467	1,868	3,335
Third	38	32	14	31	28	73	3,050	2,703	5,753
Fourth	29	54			31	69	1,806	1,783	3,589
Fifth	42			28	38	80	2,547	2,378	4,925
Sixth	17	43		28	14	58	1,519	1,598	3,117
Seventh	20			25	15	53	2,240		4,607
Eighth	17	58			16	66	2,842		
Ninth	23	39	15		22	53	3,672	3,735	7,407
Tenth	29	30	17	24	24	42	4,941	4,621	9,562
WHOLE CITY	309	476	168	294	269	739	27,940	27,834	55,774

CITY OF NEWPORT. TABLE XX. BY WARDS.

SINGLE.

WARDS.	4	5.	5	under 0.		over.	Whole No. of Males.	Whole No. of Females.	Total.
FirstSecondThirdFourth.	5 9 9	16 28 23	11 3 10 5	16 19	20 9 13 8 23	44 61 92 41 26	591 925 473 566 1,287	683 1,066 677 666 1,137	1,150
WHOLE CITY	52	102	38	88	73	264	3,842	4,229	8,071

TABLE XXI.—Civil Condition.—Continued. Being Table XX, for the cities of Providence and Newport, by Wards.

CITY OF PROVIDENCE. TABLE XX. BY WARDS.

WIDOWED.

WARDS.	15 and	under 0.	20 and 2	nnder 5.	25 and 3	under 0.	30 and	under 5.	35 and 4	
	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's
First			2	5	5	17	13	29	15	39
Second		2	2	1	4	12	4	11	9	18
Third		2	1	6	9	14	8	21	8	33
Fourth		1	1	3	4	14	9	22	7	39
Fifth		1		4	9	5	6	25	20	32
Sixth	. 1	• • • •	2	5	5	10	3	18	9	25
Seveuth		1		7	6	12	6	20	13	38
Eighth			1	7	6	12	12	12	6	26
Ninth			2	3	6	14	8	23	11	46
Tenth	• • • • • •	1	1	7	9	9	9	27	12	36
Whole City	1	8	12	48	63	119	78	208	110	332

CITY OF NEWPORT. TABLE XX. BY WARDS.

WIDOWED.

WARDS.	I5 and under		20 and	under 5.		under 0.		under 5.	35 and under 40.	
	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's
First					1	3		2	2	3
Second			1		3	6	4	6	1	12
Third			• • • • •	••••	1	2	2	4	1	4
Fourth					1	2	2	6	2	4
Fifth	••••	••••	• • • • •	• • • • •	1	6	2	3	5	14
WHOLE CITY		· · · · ·	1	1	-7	19	12	21	11	37

TABLE XXI.—CIVIL CONDITION.—CONTINUED. Being Table XX, for the cities of Providence and Newport, by Wards.

CITY OF PROVIDENCE. TABLE XX. BY WARDS.

WIDOWED.

WARDS.		under 5.	45 and 5	under	50 and	over.	ole No. Males.	Whole No. of Females.	Total.
	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Feml's	Whole of Mi	Wh.	
First	. 15	62	22	80	113	447	185	679	864
Second	7	29	5	30	50	246	81	349	430
Third	11	40	11	52	49	343	97	511	608
Fourth	10	35	13	44	55	222	99	380	479
Fifth	15	45	17	54	66	318	133	484	617
Sixth	8	30	9	36	46	241	83	365	448
Seventh	6	44	10	38	65	255	106	415	521
Eighth	7	43	7	49	65	342	104	491	595
Ninth	6	41	11	33	77,	333	121	493	614
Tenth	13	54	15	58	72	327	131	519	650
WHOLE CITY	98	423	,120	474	658	3,074	1,140	4,686	5,826

CITY OF NEWPORT. TABLE XX. By WARDS.

WIDOWED.

WARDS.	40 and 4			under 0.	50 and	over.	ole No.	role No. Females.	Total.
	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Feml's	Whole of M	wh of 1	
First	2	6	6	11	15	73	28	98	126
Second	3	13	2	14	34	156	48	207	255
Third	2	14		10	21	117	27	151	178
Fourth	1	8		6	18	52	24	78	102
Fifth	3	19	4	14	30	122	45	178	223
WHOLE CITY	11	60	12	55	118	520	172	712	884

TABLE XXI.—CIVIL CONDITION.—CONTINUED. Being Table XX, for the cities of Providence and Newport, by Wards.

CITY OF PROVIDENCE. TABLE XX. BY WARDS.

DIVORCED.

WARDS.		5 and nuder 20.		20 and under 25.		under 0.		nnder 5.	35 and 4	under 0.
	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's
First				3	5	7	2	9	3	1
Second			1	1		2	ī	4	2	1
Third					4	3				4
Fourth			1	1		4	1	5	2	•
Fifth				5	4	10	1	3	3] 8
Sixth					1	5	3	6	2	(
Seventh			3	12	2	4	5	7	5	1 7
Eighth		4	1	6	3	12	3	8	5	3
Ninth		• •	1	6	1	4		5	1	ā
Tenth			2	2	2	3	2	2	3	4
WHOLE CITY		4	9	36	22	54	18	49	26	4

CITY OF NEWPORT. TABLE XX. BY WARDS.

DIVORCED.

WARDS.		under 0.		under 5.		under		under 5.		under 0.
•	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's
First								1		
Second Third				1 -			1			1
Fourth Fifth				1	1	1	1 1	····		••••
WHOLE CITY			1	$\frac{}{3}$	1	2	$-\frac{1}{2}$	5	·	1

TABLE XXI.—CIVIL CONDITION.—CONTINUED. Being Table XX, for the cities of Providence and Newport, by Wards.

DIVORCED.

WARDS.		under 5.		under 0.	50 and	over.	Whole No. of Males.	Whole No. of Females.	Total.
	Males	Fem's	Males	Fem's	Males	Feml's	Who	Wh of I	
First	2	4	1	6	2	6	15	36	51
Second	1	4		4	1	2	6	18	24
Third		4	1	1	2	3	7	15	22
Fourth	1	3	8	1	3	2	16	22	38
Fifth	3	4	1	3	4	4	16	34	50
Sixth	1	2		3	2	4	9	26	35
Seventh	2	6	2	2	2	4	21	42	63
Eighth	5	4		5	1	15	18	62	80
Ninth	1	1	1	2	2	6	7	29	36
Tenth		2	2		1	4	12	17	29
Whole City	16	34	16	27	20	50	127	301	428

CITY OF NEWPORT. TABLE XX. BY WARDS. DIVORCED.

40 and under 45 and under 50 and over. Total. WARDS. Males Fem's Males Fem's Males Feml's 1 First..... 1 3 $\frac{7}{7}$ Second..... 1 6 7Third..... 5 2 3 4 1 1 23 1 5 31 WHOLE CITY.....

TABLE XXI.—Civil Condition.—Continued. Being Table XX, for the cities of Providence and Newport, by Wards.

SUMMARY.

	MAR	RIED.		SIN	GLE.		Wide	WED.	
WARDS.	Males	Feml's	Total.	Males	Feml's	Total.	Males	Feml's	Potal,
First	2,701	2,592	5,293	3,856	3,698	7,554	185	679	864
Second	830		1,643			3,335	81	349	430
Third	1,913	1,859	3,772			5,753	97	511	608
Fourth	1,161		2.299			3,589	99		479
Fifth	1,707	1,654	3,361	2,547	2,378	4,925	133		617
Sixth	1,281	1,310	2,591			3,117	83		448
Seventh	1,783	1,778	3,561	2,240			106	415	521
Eighth	2,316	2,302	4,618	2.842		5,925	104	491	595
Ninth	2,773	2,740	5,513	3,672	3,735	7,407	121	493	614
Tenth	3,029	2,967	5,996			9,562	131	519	650
	·	<u> </u>							
WHOLE CITY	19,494	19,153	38,647	27,940	27,834	55,774	1,140	4,686	5,826

CITY OF NEWPORT, TABLE XX. BY WARDS.

SUMMARY.

	MARRIED.			SIN	GLE.		WIDO	WED.	
WARDS.	Males	Feml's	Total.	Males	Feml's	Total.	Males	Feml's	Total.
First	393	395	788	591	683	1.274	28	98	126
Second	652	640	1,292	925	1,066	1,991	48	207	255
Third	325	311	636	473	677	1,150	27	151	178
Fourth	427	402	829	566	666	1,232	24	78	102
Fifth	751	746	1,497	1,287	1,137	2,424	45	178	223
WHOLE CITY	2,548	2,494	5,042	3,842	4,229	8,071	172	712	884

TABLE XXI.—CIVIL CONDITION—CONTINUED. Being Table XX. for the cities of Providence and Newport, by Wards.

CITY OF PROVIDENCE, TABLE XX. BY WARDS.

SUMMARY.

WARDS.		IVORCE		Whole No.of Males.	Whole No.of Females.	Total Popu- lation.
	Males.	Feml's.	Total.	P A A	WF	Tot la
First	15	36	 51	6,757	7,005	13,762
Second	6	18		2,384		5,432
Third	7	15	22	5,067	5,088	10,155
Fourth	16		38	3,082		
Fifth	16			4,403		
Sixth	9					
Seventh	21			4,150		
Eighth	18			5,280		11,218
Ninth	7	29	36	-,		13,570
Tenth	12	17	29	8,113	8,124	16,237
Whole City	127	301	428	48,701	51,974	100,675

CITY OF NEWPORT. TABLE XX. BY WARDS.

SUMMARY.

WARDS.	D	IVORCEI	D.	e No.of	le No.of nales.	Popu-
	Males.	Feml's.	Total.	Whol	Whole Femi	Total lati
First	5 1	5 6 7 2 3	6 7 7 7 4	1,013 1,626 825 1,022 2,084	1,919 1,146 1,148 2,064	1,971 2,170 4,148
Whole City	8	23	31	6,570	7,458	14,028

TABLE XXII.—Attending School. Showing the population in each town between the ages of 5 and 16, and the number of all ages who attended Public, Select, or Catholic Schools, in each town, during the year ending June 1, 1875.

M OWN:	Po	OPULATION	·.	ATTENDI	NG SCH YE	OOL DU	RING THE
TOWNS	7. 1				1		ng the
AND DIVISIONS OF THE	E 2	10 years and under 16.	Potal Population, 5 to 16 years.	<u>~</u>	σċ	<u>a</u>	Abole No. attending school during the year.
STATE.	1.8 [C.	# <u>5</u>	A 5 5	9 9	_ 3	- 20	5 E E E
STATE.	ea Di	120	Satis	造気	55	플링	Whole No attendin school during t
	5 years and under 10.	8	J.	Public Schools.	Select Schools.	Catholie Schools.	E aby
Barrington	108	137	245	108	50.		158
Bristol	553	581	1,134	756	56	3	815
Warren	403	489	892	439	7		446
BRISTOL COUNTY			——				
į.	1,064	1,207	2,271	1,303	113	3	1,419
Coventry	458	546	1,004	580	16		596
East Greenwich	278	321	599	391	157		548
West Greenwich	127	119	246	211	1		212
Warwick	1,164	1,468	2,632	1,296	97	2	1.395
KENT COUNTY	2,027	2,454	4,481	2,478	271	2	2,751
Jamestown	44	35	79	61	3		64
Little Compton	100	115	215	209	9		211
Middletown	86	119	205		17		190
New Shoreham	109	157	266	269	30	• • • • • •	299
Portsmouth	200	202	402	300	16		316
Tiverton	211	249	460	383			395
Towns, Newport Co.	750	877	1,627	1,395	80		1,475
NEWPORT CITY	1,377	1,430	2,807	1,544	260	510	2,314
Burrillville	575	675	1,250	695	19	2	716
Cranston	546	5770	1,123	738	34		
Cumberland	57.5	687	1,262	861	25	1	887
East Providence	439	469	908	687.	74	7	768
Foster	132	150_{1}	282	271	2		273
Glocester	188.	236	424	339	9		348
Johnston	533	540	1,073	732	25	41	798
Lincoln	1,225	1,497	2,722	1,217	68	110	
North Providence	125	119	244	172	8	110	1,330
North Smithfield	296	407	703	338	4	9	344
Pawtucket	1,853	2,000.	3,853	2,058	189	367	
Scituate	377	464	841	651			661
Smithfield	275	372	647	421	26		447
Woonsocket	1,503	1,733	3,236	1,125	144	499	
Towns, Prov. Co	8,642	9,926	18,568	10,305	632	1,033	11,970
PROVIDENCE CITY	9,429	9,748	19,177	11,306	1,588	2,553	15,447
Charlestown	114	133	247	208	3		
Exeter	143	147	290.				211
Hopkinton	281	321	602	503.	4		212
North Kingstown	339	328	667	534		• • • • • • •	507
South Kingstown	487	543	1,030	862	57 31	• • • •	591
Richmond	195	200	395				893
Westerly	544	610	1,154	354 995	14	11	354 1,020
Washington County	2,103	2,282	4,385	3,668	109		I
		1		31.999			

TABLE XXIII.—Attending School. Being Table XXII, for the cities of Providence and Newport, by Wards.

	P	OI ULATIO	₹.	ATTENDI		OOL DU	RING THE
WARDS.	5 years and under 10.	10 years and under 16.	Total popu- lation, 5 to 16 years.	Public Schools.	Select Schools.	Catholic Schools.	Whole No. attending school during the
First	1,140	1,238	2,378	1,140	244	573	1,957
Second	328	382	710	319	392	20	731
Third	949	1,080	2,029	1,526	126	12	1,664
Fourth	435	474	909	488	116	148	752
Fifth	672	755	1,427	850	75	229	1,154
Sixth	468	472	940	625	80,	126	831
Seventh	757	793	1,550	1,013	129	134	1,276
Eighth	1,119	1,106	2,225	1,419	210	184	1,813
Ninth	1,595	1,489	3,084	2,139	106	234	2,479
Tenth	1,966	1,959	3,925	1,787	110	893	2,790
WHOLE CITY	9,429	9,748	19,177	11,306	1,588	2,553	15,447

CITY OF NEWPORT. TABLE XXII. BY WARDS.

	P	OPULATIO:	ν.	ATTENDING SCHOOL DURING THE YEAR.						
WARDS.	5 years and under 10.	10 years and under 16.	Total population, 5 to 16 years.	Public Schools,	Select Schools.	Catholic Schools.	Whole No. attending school during the year.			
First	245	241	486	404	35	24	463			
Second	347	373	720	421	45	89	555			
Third	167	155	322		73	6	305			
Fourth	170	214	384		62	70	357			
Fifth	448	447	895	268	45	321	634			
WHOLE CITY	1,377	1,430	2,807	1,544	260	510	2,314			

TABLE XXIV —Want of Education. Showing how many persons in each town in the State between the ages of 10 and 15, and how many 15 and over, can neither read nor write; and how many can read, but cannot write; the statistics according to parentage.

AMERICAN PARENTAGE.

		WHIT	ES:			BLAG	`KS		Tor	AL A	MERIC	AN.
	10 and der	ոս-ը	I5 a		10 an	d un-	15 a			l un-		nd
TOWNS AND		!	9,	٠ - د								
DIVISIONS	Can neither read nor write.	Can read, but cannot write.	E E	rite	Can neither read nor write	Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read nor write.	Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read nor write	Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read nor write	Can read, lut cannot write.
OF THE STATE.	95	15	특히	٦ <u>٦</u>	를들	F =	曹旨	E & .	ŧξ.		£ 5	E 5
	35	100	Can neither read nor wr	H 10	25	2 2	===	n ru	Can neither read norwr	n re	85	n ru
	ΞĒ	೮ ∄_;	<u> ت</u> ت	Can read, but cannot write.	_5 <u>2</u>	₫8	Ē	₫ 🗄	Œ Ë	5 E	52	5 B
Barrington		1.	I	1			4			1	5	1
Bristol	1	2	3	1			13	1	1	2	16	2
Warreu	1		1	2			3	3	1			5
Bristol County	2	3	5	4		· • • ·	٥2	4	2	3	25	8
Coventry	4	G	68	40			7.		4		75	42
East Greenwich	1	2	9	8			9	3	1		18	11
West Greenwich Warwick	2 3		36 89	16 73	9		29	7	6		36 118	16 80
Wal Wick William												
KENT COUNTY	10	28	202	137	1		45	12	13	28	247	149
Jamestown			4	1	ļ		4				8	1
Little Compton		1							2		13	1
Middletown New Shoreham			1 4 I			3		1	5	3	1 44	10
Portsmouth			10	Į.	,				1		10	
Tiverton			43				9	2	2		52	
Towns, NewPort Co	√ a	1	112	35	-	3	16	3	3	4	128	38
NEWPORT CITY	. 8	3	39	11	<u> </u>		149	34	:	3	188	45
Burrillville	.\ 8	9 2	7	۱ ا		. 1	9			3	9	8
Cranston	.] 8	6				. 1			1 8	3 7	55	29
Cumberland							1		• • • •	. 1		
East Providence		1	17)		, 3			1		
Glocester		3			1						17	
Johnston			1 8				9	1		"	11 .	
Lincolu		1 5)		: 5		III.	1 5	III.	
North Providence.								3		.		
North Smithfield		2	1		2		1	\cdots	11 .	$\frac{2}{2}$ \cdots		
Pawtucket		# 8 # 10				. 1	11			4 I	11 -	
Smithfield		. 1						-		. 1		
Woousocket		8 8			G		1 -	i `			1	
Towns, Prov. Co	. 2	5 40	22:	3 16.	5	. 8	3 48	8 28		- - 5 48	- 3, 27	193
PROVIDENCE CITY		5 15	11	12	0	7 18	3 49	307	1	2 28	- - - 600	3 427
Charlestown			1	1 1	1		19	14			. 30	25
Exeter		2	11 -					2		2	2	
Hopkinton		1	5					3 1			i 5	
North Kingstown		. 5	- 11				3:	2 14	H	.! :	9	62
South Kingstown			111		11		3				8 6	
Richmond Westerly		$\frac{1}{2}$	ii ii	$\begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{vmatrix} \cdots$	·	4	1			$\begin{vmatrix} 4 \\ 2 \end{vmatrix} \cdots$	1:	
Washington Count		5 18	-	-	- -	_	3 10	-		_		-
			-		-		10	1 42	1	ا ا	29	109
WHOLE STATE	1 5	5 100	88	C 61	9						-	

TABLE XXIV.—WANT OF EDUCATION.—CONTINUED. Showing how many persons in each town in the State between the ages of 10 and 15, and how many 15 and over, can neither read nor write, and how many can read, but cannot write; the statistics according to parentage.

			RENTA		ENG A	LISH, ND W	SCOT ELSH	CII,		GERI	MAN.	
	10 and der	un- 15.	15 a ove		10 and der	l un-	15 a	nd r.	10 an		15 :	ind er.
TOWNS AND	te.	± .:	te	t .	ē.	£ .	te.	± .:	é	# .	اف	۔ يو
DIVISIONS	neither nor write	Ę≝∥	neither nor write	₹ # ∥	neither nor write	<u> </u>	re.	but	neither I nor write.	but ite.	neither I nor write.	l'at
OF THE STATE.	neither nor wr	ا <u>ڙ</u> چَ	neither norwr	E =	neither nor wr	ag #	neither nor wr	9 =	12.5	read, ct wri	in in it	9
01 1111 0111111	9 9	5 5 1	55	1 E	n n	not	ا جُرِّةً ا	5 4	l n	net	==	2,5
	Cam	Can read, but cannot write.	Can n read 1	Can read, but cannot write	Can n	Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read nor write	Can read. but	Can	Can read, bu	Can	Can read, bu
Barrington			7	10								
Bristol	2	• • • •	39	17			1	3		1	2	
Warren	7	4	41	28	1	••••		2		••••	••••	• • •
BRISTOL COUNTY	9	4	87	55	1	1	7	7		1	2	
Coventry	1 3	4	29	24	2	3	7	10				
East Greenwich West Greenwich	اد	1	20	26 1		1	2	8		• • • •	• • • •	• • •
Warwick	26	35	360	222	3	3	14	32			1	
KENT COUNTY	30	40	409	273	- 5	7	23	50			1	
Jamestown			4				2					
Little Compton	1		12	1			2	ડ	1	¦		• • •
Middletown	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	1	• • • • •			• • • •				• • •
New Shoreham Portsmouth			38	1 15	• • • • •	••••	1	••••	• • • •			• • •
Tiverton			15				7	6				• • •
Towns, Newport Co	1		69	25			12	9	I			
NEWPORT CITY	2		634	138	1	ļ 	35	17		 	1	
Burrillville	12		229	69	3	1	8	8	1		ı	
Cranston	17	23		92	6						5	• •
Cumberland	15				1	8	50	47			1	
East Providence	4	2								••••		
FosterGlocester			1 9				• • • • •	1		• • • •	• • • •	• •
Johnston	2	3				1	29	1		••••	• • • •	
Lincoln	45				13						1	
North Providence	3		28		1		12			. 1	1	
North Smithfield	4	1	74	38		1	3			1		٠.
Pawtucket	45			489	6	18	85	86	1	6	2	
Scitnate	3		31	34	1	4	5	13				
Smithfield	5				5			7			'	
Woonsocket	19	38	437	294	2	8	15	20		• • • •		• •
Towns, Prov. Co	174	294	2977	1703	37	68	313	280	2	9	10	
PROVIDENCE CITY	94	145	3997	2209	. 8	15	194	160	3	1	51	
Charlestown			1	1				1				
Exeter			2			• • • •	1	2				
Hopkinton			41				5				• • • •	
North Kingstown South Kingstown			+1			• • • •	3		••••		1	••
Richmond	· · · i		7		∥:		1				• • • • •	• •
Westerly					1		7					
Washington Co	8	6	121	62	<u>-</u>		18	12	 -		 1	
WASHINGTON COLL	1		H		111	1			111	1	∥ -	١••

TABLE XXIV.—Want of Education.—Continued. Showing how many persons in each town in the State between the ages of 10 and 15, and how many 15 and over, can neither read nor write, and how many can read, but cannot write; the statistics according to parentage.

		FRE	NCH.		FREN	си С	ANAI	IAN.	Barr	ISH Z	MER	ICAN
	10 an	d un- 15.	15 a		10 and		15 ; ov			d un- 15.	15 ev	and er.
TOWNS AND	3	= .	- 3	= .: '	1	→ .	÷.	<u></u>		٠.	3	<u>۔ د</u>
DIVISIONS		THE T	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	<u> </u>	1 2 2	rite.	7 ×	ΞĔ	¥F.	rife.	¥ ¥	rd, bu
OF THE STATE.	reit nor	rend, of wr		T a	E E	E #	neit Per	1 1 1	neither nor write	P A	neither nor wri	read, but
	Can neither read norwrite	Can read, bu	Can neither rend nor write	Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither rend nor write	Can read, bu cannot write.	Can neither rend nor write	Can read, bu cannot write.	China	Tan read, bu rannot write	Can neither rend nor write	Can reg
Barrington						1		1.				
Bristol						;	14	1				
Warren			1	• • •	10	- 2	39			•••		- • • •
Bristol County		•••	1		11	3	61	9			•••	
Coventry					46	7	207	17				
East Greenwich	2	• • • •		1	٠		1	1				
West Greenwich Warwick			5	· · · · I	$\frac{3}{208}$	41	$\frac{7}{669}$	120				
KENT COUNTY	2				257	48	884	140				
Jamestown	-	••••	, 3	-	101	40	004	140			•••	1
Little Compton		• • •								• • •		• • • •
Middletown					1							
New Shoreham												
Portsmouth Tiverton					J	• • • •		···				• • • •
	_				2		10					
Towns, Newport Co		•••			2		10			•••	• • • •	٠
NEWPORT CITY			2] 		•••	2				• • •	
Burrillville					62	10	205	12				
Cranston			1	• • • •	4		16	7,			• • •	
Cumberland East Providence					7	••••	26			••••	• • • •	
Foster			1		4		19	5			1	
Glocester					4	11	42	4				
Johnston			4				10		۱			
Liucoln North Providence			1		185	69	541	148	2	2	6	1 2
North Smithfield	1				89 89	12	$\frac{8}{249}$	44	• • • •		• • • •	
Pawtucket			3		20	7			2	4	22	10
Scituate			1	· • • •	3	6		3			1	
Smithfield Woonsocket	4		1 11	7	32 226	$\frac{4^{5}}{62}$	$\frac{142}{1136}$	300;			1 2	
Towns, Prov. Co	4	-	23		639	181	2542	571		7		13
PROVIDENCE CITY		2	13		i l	8	68		3	3	32	24
Charlestown					-			10			02	-
Exeter						• -	2					• • • •
Hopkiutou			2				2		,			
North Kiugstown					1		31	12			1	
South Kiugstown Richmond					· • • .	· • • ·					• • • •	
Westerly	2			7	1	• • • •			3		 5	
Washington Co	2		2	7			37	13	3		-6	
	1	}	1)	1	!		1		11	1 1		1

TABLE XXIV.—WANT OF EDUCATION.—CONTINUED. Showing how many persons in each town in the State between the ages of 10 and 15, and how many 15 and over, can neither read nor write, and how many can read, but cannot write; the statistics according to parentage.

	1	ITAL	IAN		т.	ORTU	CHEST	, 11	SWE		AND 1	OR-
	10 and	l un-	15 a		10 an	d un-	15 a	nd	10 and		15 a	
TOWNS AND	der	_	- ov			15.	ove		der		ove	r.
	rite	but	ıţ.	te t	neither nor write.	E E	i i i	but te.	n neither d nor write.	te.	rite	out te.
DIVISIONS	r w	id, l	r'w	wri	the rw	d, l	r w	ld, l	the r w	d, l	the r.w	A, l Wri
OF THE STATE.	15 E	rea	nei [no	rea	nei 100	rea	nei	real not	nei	rea	nei	rea
	Can neither read nor write.	Can read, but cannot write	Can neither read nor write.	Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read nor wri	Can read, but	Can neither read nor write.	Can read, but cannot write.	Can r	Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read nor writo.	Can read, but cannot write.
	-	-	<u> </u>									
Barrington							$\frac{1}{19}$					• • • •
Bristol Warren					2		13					
	-		II—		 							
BRISTOL COUNTY	-					2	21			••••		••••
Coventry		$ \cdots $					1					
East Greenwich							1	· • •		••••		• • • •
West Greenwich Warwick							1		$ \cdot\cdot\cdot _2$	8	3	38
,				-	.	-	<u> </u> -		-			
KENT COUNTY	-						2		2	8	3	38
Jamestown		.	II.				١					
Little Compton				• • • •	.∭		13	2				• • • •
Middletown New Shoreham		1	II .					• • • •			1	• • • •
Portsmouth							G				1	
Tiverton							8		1			••••
	_	-	·	-	-	-		 	III			
Towns, Newport C	0	• ••••		• • • • •	.∥ .		27	4	1		1	••••
NEWPORT CITY		· ····			.	· ····	5				7	• • • •
Burrillville					.∥…	1	4					
Cranston				• •••	111		24		(III)		7	3
Cumberland East Providence					III		1 2				9	2
Foster											ا ًا	
Gloeester												
Johnston					.∥		 				• • • •	
Lineoln	• • • • • •		.∥…:	• • • •		• • • • •	1					• • • •
North Providence	• • • • • •		• • • • •	•	.∥…	$\frac{1}{2}$	1 2			• • • •		•••
Pawtucket				2		-						1
Scitnate				-	.		i			ļ. .		
Smithfield					.							
Woonsocket	• • • • •		$\cdot \ \cdots \ $									
Towns, Prov. Co				2	.	2	38	3 9			9	6
PROVIDENCE CITY.			. 3	o	5	3	163	3 16	;]],	1	5	4
Charlestown	í				.∥							
Exeter						1						l .
Hopkinton			.				.					ļ
North Kingstown	• • • • •		.		III		.					1
South Kingstown	• • • • • •		.		· · •		$\cdot \ \cdots \cdot$					
Riehmond Westerly		:			: :::							
Washington Co		-	-	-	- -	-		-		-		
WASHINGTON CO **	-	1]]						
., .	•		" 3	2	51	$7 \dots$. 250	3 29)	3 9	1 25	49

TABLE XXIV.—WANT OF EDUCATION.—CONTINUED. Showing how many persons in each town in the State between the ages of 10 and 15, and how many 15 and over, can neither read nor write, and how many can read, but cannot write; the statistics taken from parentage.

							·		703			
	Оті	HER F	OREI	GN.	To	TAL	FOREI	GN.		TAL ND E	AMERI OREIG	CAN N.
	10 and der	d un- 15.	15 s	and er.	10 an der	d un- 15.	15 ov	and er.		d uu- 15.		and
TOWNS AND	ite.	but ite.	ite.	but ite.	ite.	but ite.	i.t.	but ite.	j.	but ite.	ite.	but ite.
DIVISIONS	neither nor wr	d, b	neither nor write.	<u>_ff</u>	neither nor write	1 1	neither nor wr	E.E.	144	nd, but write.	N.	L T
OF THE STATE.	nei	read,	neit	et c	nor	read let w	li je it	nt y	leit.	ot v] je je	rear ot v
	Can neither read nor write.	Can read, but	Cam	Can read, but	Cam 1	Can read, but	Can neither read nor write	Can read, but	Can neither read norwrite.	Can read,	Can neither read nor write.	Can read, but
	25	ے د 	O E	ပ္ဗ 	υ <u>ε</u>	Ö € 	ت ا	O 5	<u>υ π</u>	U S 	0 5	08
Barrington				ا;…ا	1	2	16		1	3		
Bristof Warren				1	$\frac{2}{20}$	1 6	75 88	23 37	$\frac{3}{21}$	3 6	91 92	
BRISTOL COUNTY		••••		1	23	9	17 9	73	25	12	204	81
Coventry			• • • • •		49	14	244	52	53	20	319	94
East Greenwich West Greenwich	::::				5	1	23	36 3	6 5	3 3	41	47 19
Warwick					239	87	1052	414	245	105	1170	
KENT COUNTY					296	103	1327	505	309	131	1574	654
								1				
Jamestown Little Compton					$\frac{1}{2}$	• • • •	$\frac{6}{27}$	6	4		14 40	$\frac{1}{7}$
Middletown	$[\dots]$							1			1	2
New Shoreham						ا [1	1	5	3	45	11
Portsmouth Tiverton				• • • •	3	• • • •	45 40	15 17	5	• • • •	$\frac{55}{92}$	$\frac{16}{41}$
Towns, New-					<u> </u>							
PORT Co., }				• • • •		••••	119	40	14	4	247	78
NEWPORT CITY		• • • •	G	• • •	3	• • • •	692	155	6		880	200
Burrillville		• • • •	2		78	28	449	89	81	31	458	97
Cranston			1	1	27	$\frac{26!}{31!}$	$\frac{294}{331}$	$\frac{119}{211}$	35 23	33 32	$\frac{349}{342}$	$\frac{148}{220}$
East Providence					8	2	102	31	8	3	107	35
Foster							1	1	• • •		18	10
Glocester			3	• • • •	4 2	11	54 209	14	4	14	84	20
Johnston Lincoln					245	5 178	1172	126 579	$\frac{2}{246}$	5, 183.	$\frac{220}{1193}$	$\frac{127}{591}$
North Providence					6	1	49	3	6	1	52	3
North Smithfield	[3		95	15	331	88	97	15	336	90
Pawtucket				• • • •	74	$\frac{117}{21}$	$\frac{1061}{72}$	610 50	78 11	$\frac{126}{31}$	$\frac{1101}{112}$	$\frac{655}{98}$
Smithfield					42	15	230	55	42	16	$\frac{112}{243}$	69
Woonsocket		• • • •	2		251	109	1603	622	254	112	1614	628
Towns, Prov. Co.			11	1	862	559	5958	2598	887	602	6229	$\frac{-}{2791}$
PROVIDENCE CITY.	1		44	6	124	170	4597	2457	136	198	5203	2884
Charlestown]	5			31	30
Exeter			••••				5	3	2	1	28	19
Hopkinton		••••	• • • •	• • • •	;	• • • •	10	3	1	1	67	38
North Kingstown South Kingstown					1		77	$\frac{37}{10}$		8	$\frac{174}{75}$	99 48
Richmond					2		10	3	6		22	3
Westerly	••••	••••			13	G	75	34	15	10	85	47
Washington Co		· · · ·			16	G	185	95	31	22	482	284
WHOLE STATE	1	,	61	8	1329	847	13057	5923	1408	969	14819	6972

CITY OF PROVIDENCE. TABLE XXIV. BY WARDS.

AMERICAN PARENTAGE.

	-										_	
		WHI	TES.	I		BLA	CKS.	ĺ	Tor	AL A	MERIC	CAN.
	10 an	d un-	15 a		10 an	l un-			10 an	d un-		
	_der	15.	ove	er.	der	15.	ove	3r.	der	10.	OV	er.
	neither nor write.	but ite.	Can neither read nor write.	but ite.	Can neither read nor write	but ite.	ite	but ite.	nor write.	: E	ite	but ite.
WARDS.	Wr	rit.	WE	d, but write.	WE	두분	er.		wr	5.5	N.	i.
	neither nor wr	Can read, but cannot write.	neither nor wr	Can read,	neither nor wr	Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read nor write		neither nor wr	Can read, but cannot write.	neither nor write	Can read, bu cannot write
	l ne	re	1 5 5	Can res	l a a	not se	ne l	Can res		30 t		o re
	Can read	an	Can	E E	Can	an	Can	E E	Can read	Can	Can read	Can
	02	೦೮	0 %	00	0 4	೦೮	0 2	೦೪	0 2	0 0	0 2	25
First	1	2	14	19	1	2	97	74	2	4	111	93
Second	1		23	6	1	2	56	42	2	2	79	48
Third		1	11	16			55	18		1	66	34
Fourth			4	4			7	9			11	13
Fifth		1	2	7			10	7	'	1	12	14
Sixth			10	7	1	3	77	48	1	3	87	55
Seveuth		2	6	9			18	14		2	24	23
Eighth		3	1	10		2	48	45		5	58	55
Ninth	1	• • •	15	18	2	2	114	44	3	2	129	62
Tenth	2	6	20	24	2	2	9	6	4	8	29	30
TT					<u> </u>				<u> </u>	-		405
WHOLE CITY	5	15	115	120	7	13	491	307	12	28	606	427

CITY OF NEWPORT. TABLE XXIV. BY WARDS.

AMERICAN PARENTAGE.

		WHI	TES.		l	BLA	CKS.		Tor	AL A	MERIC	CAN.
	10 an der	d un- 15.	15 a		10 an der	d un- 15.		and er.		d un-	15 a	
WARDS.	Can neither read nor write.	Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read nor write.	Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read nor write.	Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read nor write.	Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read nor write.	Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read nor write.	Can read, but cannot write.
First	3		19				14	5	3		33	7
Second			6	2		. .	69				75	15
Third	1		2	1			13				15	5.
Fourth			7	3			44	9			51	12
Fifth			5	3	1		9	3			14	6
WHOLE CITY	3		39	11			149	34	3		188	45.

CITY OF PROVIDENCE. TABLE XXIV. BY WARDS.

FOREIGN PARENTAGE.

	Ins	н Раз	RENT	AGE.	ENG	LISH,	SCOT ELSH	CH,		GER	MAN.	
	10 an der	l un- 15	15 a		10 and der	l un- 15.	15 a		10 an der	d un- 15.	15 a	
WARDS.	Can neither read nor write.	Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read nor write	Can read, but cannot write	Cau neither read nor write.	Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read nor write.	Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read nor write.	Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read nor write.	Can read, but cannot write.
First	13	18	664	335	1	1	18	19	2		14	3
Second		!	99	39			2	4		١		
Third	2	6	627	215	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		15	2		. 1	3	
Fourth		3	. 172			1	12	8	1	'	1	1
Fifth	4	1	316	185		'	4	9			2	
Sixth		6	121	94			2	2				[]
Seventh	10	21	312	223		1	23	13				
Eighth	17	15	348			2	13	22	1		18	
Ninth	11	4	390	203	1	1	30	22	'i.	l	2	1 .
Tenth	37	71	948	587	6	9	75			¦	11	4
WHOLE CITY	94	145	3997	2209	8	15	194		3	1	51	1

CITY OF NEWPORT. TABLE XXIV. BY WARDS.

FOREIGN PARENTAGE.

	IRISH P	ARENTAGE.	ENGLISH AND W	, SCOTCH ELSH.	GER	MAN.
	19 and un der 15.	- 15 and over.	10 and nn- der 15.	15 and over.	10 and under 15.	15 and over.
WARDS.	Can neither read nor write. Can read, but	Can neither read nor write. Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read nor write. Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read nor write. Can read, but	Can neither read nor write. Can read, but	Can neither read nor write. Can read, but
First Second	1	6 1	1	1 1		
Third		. 57 2		$\frac{2}{2}$		
Fourth Fifth		$\begin{vmatrix} 82 \\ 310 \end{vmatrix} = 8$	5	9 2 18 14		1
WHOLE CITY	2	634 13	3 1	35 17		1

CITY OF PROVIDENCE. TABLE XXIV. BY WARDS. FOREIGN PARENTAGE.

		FRE	nch.		Fre	SCH (CANAT	TAN I	BRIT	TOU	AMER:	TCAN
		d un- 15.			10 an		15 8		10 an			and
WARDS.	Can neither read nor write.	Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read nor write.	Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read nor write.	Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read nor write.	Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read nor write.	Can read, but	Can neither read nor write.	Can read, but cannot write.
First			2					2	1		 13	11
Second Third		• • • • •					1		1		$\begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 6 \end{vmatrix}$	3
Fourth			2		5		22	2			$\begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ \dots \end{vmatrix}$	1
SixthSeventh		• • • •		1		1	1	2			4	1
Eighth			1	1 1	5	1	25 4	8		1		3
Tenth		2	4			1	12		1		6	3
WHOLE CITY		2	13	3	12	3	68	19	3	3	32	24

CITY OF NEWPORT. TABLE XXIV. BY WARDS.

FOREIGN PARENTAGE:

]]	FRE	NCH.		FRE	кен С	ANA	IAN.	BRIT	ISH A		
	10 and der 1	un- 15.		and er.	10 an dei	d un 15.		and er.	10 an der	d un- 15.		and er.
WARDS.	neithe nor w	Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read uor write.	Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read nor write.	Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read nor write.	Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read nor write.	Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read nor write.	Can read, but cannot write.
First							1		••••			
Second	-		1		••••		1		• • • •		• • • •	• • • •
Third						• • • •					****	
Fourth		• • • •									• • •	
Fifth			1									
			2				0					
WHOLE CITY		• • • • •	2			1	2				• • • •	1

CITY OF PROVIDENCE. TABLE XXIV. BY WARDS. FOREIGN PARENTAGE.

-	ITAI	LIAN.	PORTU	GTESE.	SWEDISH	AND NOR
	10 and under 15.	15 and over.	10 and under 15.	I5 and over.	10 and under 15.	15 and over.
WARDS.	Can neither read nor write. Can read, but	Can neither read nor write Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read nor write. Can read, but cannot write,	can neither read nor write. Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read nor write. Can read, but cunnot write.	Can neither read nor write. Can read, but cannot write.
First	32 38	0 2 0 E	<u> </u>	$\frac{3}{6}$	0 2 0 5	<u> </u>
Second		2				1
Third				129 10	1	
Fourth Fifth		6 1		$\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$		2
Sixth Seventh		1		1		
Eighth		10 1				1
Ninth	.'	4	3	17 2		
Tenth	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3 3		2 1		3
WHOLE CITY		30 5	3	163 16	1	5 4

CITY OF NEWPORT. TABLE XXIV. BY WARDS. $\label{eq:foreign} \text{FOREIGN PARENTAGE}.$

	ITAI	LIAN.	Portu	GUESE.	SWEDISH	
	10 and under 15.	15 and over.	10 and under 15.	over.	10 and uu- der 15.	15 and over.
WARDS.	Can neither read nor write. Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read nor write. Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read nor write. Can read, but	Can neither read nor write. Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read nor write. Can read, but cannot write.	Can neither read nor write. Can read, but
First						3
Third						
Fourth				4		4
WHOLE CITY				5		7

CITY OF PROVIDENCE. TABLE XXIV. BY WARDS. PARENTAGE.

TOTAL AMERICAN AND FOREIGN. OTHER FOREIGN. TOTAL FOREIGN. 10 and undder 15. 15 and 10 and un-15 and 10 and un-15 and over. der 15. over. der 15. over. n neither neither l nor write, neither d nor write. Can neither read nor write. Can read, but Can neither read nor write Can read, but cannot write. Can read, but cannot write. Can read, but Can read, but cannot write. Can read, but cannot write. neither I nor writ WARDS. Can n read 1 Can n Can n read 1 Can $\mathbf{First}....$ Second..... 2 Third...... Fourth..... Fifth..... Sixth..... Seventh..... Eighth..... Ninth......... Tenth..... WHOLE CITY.... 4597 2457 5203 2884

CITY OF NEWPORT. TABLE XXIV. BY WARDS.

PARENTAGE.

			OREI				OREI		To:	FAL A	MERI	N.
	10 an der	d un-		er.	10 an der	d un-	OV	and er.	10 an der	d nn- 15.		er.
WARDS.	neither nor write.	read, but	neither nor write	read, but	neither nor write.	ead, but of write.	neither nor write.	read, but tot write.	neither nor write.	read, but	neither nor write.	Can read, but cannot write.
	Can	Can rec	Can r	Can res	Can n	Can reg	Can n	Can rec	Can n	Can res	Can n read 1	Can res
First					2		8	2	5		41	9
Second			3				193	20			268	35
Third							59	21			74	26
Fourth			3		1		94	9	1		145	21
Fifth							338	103	• • • •	• • • •	352	109
WHOLE CITY			6		3		692	155	6		880	200

TABLE XXVI. Showing the number of Deaf and Dumb, Blind, Insane, Idiotic, and Paupers in each town in the State.

	,						_=
TOWNS AND						4+	
DIVISIONS OF THE		Deaf and Dumb.			-5	Paupers.‡	
STATE.	Deaf.	af≀ Jun	Blind.	Insane	[diotic.	of In	Total.
·	Ã	De	B	In	Idi	Pa	- <u>1</u> -
Barrington			3			6	9
Bristol	1	3	7	2	5	5	23
Warren	1	2	3		2	4	
Bristol County	2	5	13	2	7	15	44
Coventry		4	1	3	2	17	27
East Greenwich	4	2	2	3	1	11	23
West Greenwich		1	1		2	5	9 29
Warwick	1	4		3	5	16	
KENT COUNTY	5	11	4	9	10	49	88
Jamestown		*1					1
Little Compton	10	• • • •	1	1		1	13
Middletown	2			1	1	4	8
New Shoreham	2	*1	3		10	9	2 5 15
Portsmouth	• • • • • •		2 2	3	4	6	15
Tiverton							
Towns, Newport County	14	2	8	5	19	29	77
NEWPORT CITY	8	7	19	16	14	35	99
Burrillville		1	2	2	8	9	22
Cranston		2	5	†183	8	108	306
Cumberland	2	1	4		5	7	19
East Providence	2	• • • • • •	1	2	2	1	8
FosterGlocester	5		1	1	3	13	23
Johnston	1	5 1	3 3		1 3	13	30 17
Lincolu	1	4	5	8	6	5	28
North Providence				ĭ			1
North Smithfield		3	5		2	6	16
Pawtucket	5	3	9	I1	6	6	40
Scitnate	13	4	5		1	17	40
Smithfield	4	1	2	3	1	5	16
Woonsocket		2	13	7	2	8	32
Towns, Providence County	33	27	58	226	48	206	598
PROVIDENCE CITY	34	26	50	149	16	95	370
Charlestown	,.		2		1	4	7
Exeter			2		$\bar{2}$	14	18
Hopkinton		1	3		1	13	19
North Kingstown	6	1 -	9	1	11	9	43
South Kingstown	2	1	1		5	29	46
Richmond			3		3	7	13
Westerly		2	4	1	2	1	
WASHINGTON COUNTY	8	5	24	17	25	77	156
WHOLE STATE	104	83	176	424	139	‡506	1,432
+ Disad 4.2 Plind		-				-	

^{*} Blind. †3 Blind.

 $[\]stackrel{\cdot}{\downarrow}$ In some instances the Paupers include those who are also counted among the Blind, Insane, &c.

TABLE XXVII.—Voters. Showing how many voters there are in each town and county in the State; statistics according to birth-place.

	BIRTH-PLACE.											
	Un	ITED	D STATES.			OREIG		eign	pu			
TOWNS AND DIVISIONS OF THE STATE.	In the Town.	Out of the town, in the State.	Out of the State, in the United States.	Total born in the United States.	England.	Ireland.	Scotland and Wales.	Germany.	British America.	Other Foreign Countries.	Total born in Foreign Countries.	Total American and Foreign.
Barrington Bristol Warren	89 581 200	89 160 158	70 196 139	248 937 497	5 15 13	13 68 40	2 6 2	10	 1	1 11 2	21 110 58	$\begin{array}{r} 269 \\ 1,047 \\ 555 \end{array}$
Bristol County	870	407	405	1,682	33	121	10	10	1	14	189	1,871
Coventry East Greenwich West Greenwich Warwick	368 266 147 433	408 136 96 774	107 49 25 317	— <u>·</u> —	7 4 67	16 2 149	1 12 ——	3 1 	3 9	13	18 23 2 251	901 474 270 1,775
KENT COUNTY	1,214	1,414	498	3,126	78	172	13	5	13	13	294	[3,420]
Jamestown Little Compton Middletown New Shoreham Portsmouth Tiverton	78 181 155 300 289 356	46 46 105 5 85 28	25 74 26 7 67 64	149 301 286 312 441 448	2 2 3 1	7 2	2 1 1	 1 3		 1	3 12 8	149 305 286 315 453 456
TOWNS, NEWPORT CO	1,359	315	263	1,937	8	— - 9	4			2	$\frac{-}{27}$	1,964
NEWPORT CITY	1,094	280	474	1,848	88	208	25	23	G	34	384	2,232
Burrillville Cranston Cumberland East Providence Foster Glocester Johnston Lincoln North Providence North Smithfield Pawtucket Scituate Smithfield Woonsocket Towns, Prov. Co Providence City.				867 386 934 ——— 10472	24 34 24 14 1 1 8 30 48 3 9 130 2 7 38 372 436		$ \begin{array}{c} 2\\ \dots\\ 12\\ 11\\ 3\\ \dots\\ 18\\ 1\\ 0\\ -\frac{65}{65} \end{array} $	38	1 9 7 7 1 1 4 12 1 1	3 27	131 92 75 3 18 136 151 10 23 524 15 37 191	565 812 438 491 $1,045$ $1,124$ 257
Charlestown Exeter Hopkinton North Kingstown South Kingstown Richmond Westerly	125 204 288 427 734 152 364	91 146 255 310 163 242 250	26 28 121 67 49 38 274	242 378 664 804 946 432 888	1 7 22 24 7 9	41 18 3	4 2 2	 2 2 3 1 3	17 1	1 1 2	13 36 89 33 15	244 391 700 893
Washington Co	2,294	1,457	603	4,354	106	122	32	 11	24	6	301	4,655
WHOLE STATE	13199	12235	11943	37377 37377	1121	3300	268	232	267	176	5364	42741

TABLE XXVIII.—Voters. Being Table XXVII, for the cities of Providence and Newport, by Wards.

	BIRTH-PLACE.											
WARDS.	T.	NITEI	STA	TES	FOREIGN COUNTRIES.						eign	ng ng
	In the city.	Out of the city, in the State.	Out of the State, in the U. S.	Total born in the United States.	England.	Ireland.	Scotland and Wales.	Germany.	British America.	Other Foreign Countries.	Total born in Foreign Countries.	Total American and Foreign.
First	620	400	775	1795	48	222	19	11	30	12	342	2137
Second	364	174	485	1023'	42	81	11	17	17	10		1201
Third	501	193	602	1296	30	172	7	17	17	12	255	1551
Fourth	347	253	469	-1069	15	94	8,	6	3	9	135	
Fifth	408	296	530	1234	33	111	13	17	4	7	185	1419
Sixth	379	378	565	1322	13	32	6	4	7	3	65	1387
Seventh	411	468	590,	1469	30	139	7	15	11	4	206	1675
Eighth	485	-686	766	-1937°	82	233	17	17	15	4	368	2305
Ninth	490	488	775	-1758°	58	257	11	25	14	10	375	2128
Teuth	272	354	434	1060	85	425	20	12	13	9	564	1624
						—	<u></u>					
WHOLE CITY	4277	3690	5991	13958	436	1766	119	141	131	80	2673	16631

CITY OF NEWPORT. TABLE XXVII. BY WARDS.

		BIRTH-PLACE.										
WARDS.	U	N1TEJ	STA'	TES.	F	OREI	reign	and				
	lu the city.	Out of the city, in the State.	Out of the State, in the U. S.	Total born in the United States.	England.	Ireland.	Scotland and Wales.	Germany.	British America.	Other Foreign Countries.	Total born in For Countries.	Total American a Foreign.
First	281	36	84	401	15	25	5			7	57	458
Second	275	113		535	13	4.5	1	1		6	66	601
Third	229	60		393	8	7		5		3	23	416
Fourth	167	35		286	28	47	15	9	4	9	112	398
Fifth	142	36	55	233	24	84	4	3	2	9	126	359
WHOLE CITY	1094	280	474	1848	88	208	25	23	6	34	384	2232

POPULATION: OCCUPATIONS.

TABLE XXIX.—Occupations.—(A.) Showing the number of persons, including both males and females, engaged in each special occupation and class of occupations.

OCCUPATIONS.	Bristol County.	Kent County.	Newport County	Providence County: Towns.	Providence City.	Washington County.	Whole State.
AGRICULTURE.							
Drovers	551 4 41	1,620 2 27	1,671 23 180		334 27 173	2,374	$\begin{array}{c} 2\\11,115\\65\\563\end{array}$
Professional and Personal Services.							
Actors Aeronauts			2	3	38 3		43 3
Architects	$egin{bmatrix} \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots $	1	3	4	36 47 10 3	4	60 82 19 6
Barbers and Hair-dressers	9	16	29 	88	214	12	368
Bill Posters	9	20	55	3 43 3 7	12 89 10 20	9	16 225 13 33
Caterers City and Town Officers and Clerks. City and Town Police.	3 4	6 2		3 29 38	7 87 192	10 3	14 151 254 316
Clerks (not specified)	16 90 1	89 2 5	266 7 3	582 8 17	$\begin{vmatrix} 1,844 \\ 17 \\ 29 \end{vmatrix}$	134 1 6	3,005 36 60
Coachmen Dentists Designers and Draughtsmen Divers	9 3		5	18 13	36	5	$egin{array}{c} 396 \\ 71 \\ 78 \\ 3 \end{array}$
Editors. (See Jonrnalists) Elevator Tenders. (See Janitors) Engineers, Civil. (See Surveyors)		2					83
Hostlers Hotel Keepers Intelligence Office Keepers Inventors	13 6 1	՝ 15 		37		29	489 136 5
Janitors	1 2 212	1 411	$\begin{array}{c} 7 \\ 604 \end{array}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 11 \\ 2,152 \end{vmatrix}$	$\frac{23}{4,175}$	374	7,928
Lamplighters	1 36 7 1	32 6	17	33	371 111	14 12	724
Lithographers	7		3	1 10	9 19	2	10 34

TABLE XXIX.—Occupations.—(A.)—Continued. Showing the number of persons, including both males and females, engaged in each special occupation and class of occupations.

							_
OCCUPATIONS.	Bristol County.	Kent County.	Newport County	Providence County : Towns.	Providence City.	Washington County.	Whole State.
Nnrses	16	20	61	69	165	10	341
Officers of the Army and Navy, (U. S.) Officials of Government, (U. S.) Officials of Public Institutions Pantographers	17 1	7 3 8	35 48 22	 18 19 19	5 41 53 7	10 3 1	$ \begin{array}{r} 42 \\ 141 \\ 101 \\ 35 \end{array} $
PhotographersPhysicians and SurgeonsRestanrant and Saloon keepersScnlptors.	4 11 6	8 21 27	6 33 20 2	21 81 124	$ \begin{array}{r} 39 \\ 188 \\ 173 \\ 2 \end{array} $	6 33 10	$ \begin{array}{r} 84 \\ 367 \\ 360 \\ 4 \end{array} $
Servants, Domestic	219	22 I 1	1,031 1	2 2	3.837 18 4	307	6,580 24 6
Soldiers and Marines (U. S.)	$\begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 2 \\ 7 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix}$	1 23 8 138	176 20 8 26	9 42 11 33	26 72 38 305	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 20 \\ 3 \\ 5 \end{array}$	218 179 75 - 517
Surveyors	76	76	4	11 405	31 542	147	$^{48}_{1,385}$
ing	12 3	14 5	4		2	$\begin{bmatrix} & 9 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	210 61 2
Watchmen (private)	17	29 1	_	102 11	158 29	2	323 46
TRADE AND TRANSPORTATION.							
Accountants. (See Book-keepers) Agents (not specified) Agents, Advertising	6	9	i	15 2	84 5	1	116 7
"Books and Periodicals Freight	1 6	$\begin{bmatrix} 4\\2\\1\end{bmatrix}$	1	11 5 16	18	1 ₇	36 9 118
" Insurance Manufacturing Companies Travelling and Commercial.	1	5 1 4	3 2	6	19 19	1	35 37 106
Apothecaries. (See Traders)			14	21	70	3	114
Bar-keepers	20 18	1 6 29	23		15	13	109 77 886
Bottlers	18	• • • • •	116	256	$\frac{12}{179}$		12 586 106
Cashiers, (Bank and others) Clerks in Banks	2	1	8	26 3	50 8	3	$\frac{90}{12}$
" Stores	$\begin{bmatrix} & & 6 \\ & & 58 \end{bmatrix}$	• • • • •	3	7			$\begin{array}{r} 592 \\ 42 \\ 2,237 \end{array}$

TABLE XXIX.—Occupations.—(A.)—Continued. Showing the number of persons, including both males and females, engaged in each special occupation and class of occupations.

OCCUPATIONS.	Bristol County.	Kent County.	Newport County.	Providence County: Towns.	Providence City.	Washington County.	Whole State.
Druggists. (See Traders)		l l					
Express Company Employés	11	2	33	58	125	3	232
Fishermen and Oystermen		94	340	105	. 105	102	789
Hackmen (See Draymen)	. 		• • • • •				
Hucksters (See Traders)			• • • • •	• • • • •			
Ice Business Employés.		2		7	27		36
Ice Cream and Soda Water Makers			1		8	2	11
Junk Dealers (See Traders)	120	49	118	59	239	115	700
Mariners	120	4	110	00	200	110	100
Milkmen		3	5	76	22	1	107
News-boys and Carriers		l	2	1	41	ī	45
Packers (not specified)	1	3		7	36		51
Peddlers	8	33	15	144	189	12	401
Pilots	5	1	23	4	5	3	41
Porters (not specified)			9		1	3	13
Porters in Stores and Warehouses	1		1	5	119		130
Rag Pickers and Gatherers		2		6	8		16
Rail Road Baggage Masters	$\frac{1}{7}$		2	3 44	17	4	25
Brakemen	7	6	1	44	57	4	119
" Bridge, Gate-tenders and Flagmen		2	2	21	5		30
"Conductors	4	_	ĩ	$\frac{21}{27}$	28	$\frac{\dots}{2}$. 66
" Contractors	*	1		i	1	l	2
" Freight Agents	1		2		2		4
" Officials and Employés	30	36	1	106	49	41	263
" Repairers				15	3		18
" Section Hands		12		12			24
" Section Masters	1			1	2	2	10
" Station and Ticket Agents	2		4	24	10		66
Switchmen	1	1	1	12	14	4	33
Horse Railroad Conductors			¦••••	$\frac{10}{31}$		····i	51 68
Steamboat Men and Women	2		3	1	27	i	34
Stevedores · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6		1	10			47
Teamsters (See Draymen)		l î		ĺ			
Telegraph Companies, Employés	4	12	7	8	51	3	85
Traders and Dealers (not specified)	71	82	59	269	410	109	1,000
" " in Books and Sta-				١.			
tionery	2	1	4	4	40	$\frac{2}{2}$	52
Traders and Dealers in Boots and Shoes		6	10	21	60	5	106
Capitice wate and	2		9	20	24	6	62
Furniture			4	5	41	"	52
" " Clothing	4		10	$\frac{3}{12}$	104	4	135
" " Coal and Wood	3		11	39	69	2	127
" " Confectionery	ı		$\frac{25}{25}$	28	85	6	148
" " Cotton	9		4	9	65		92
" " Crockery and Glass							
Ware			1	3	7		11
Traders and Dealers, Drugs and Medi-							
cines	13	7	15	31	124	9	199

TABLE XXIX.—Occupations.—(A.)—Continued. Showing the number of persons, including both males and females, engaged in each special occupation and class of occupations.

OCCUPATIONS.	Bristol County	Kent County.	Newport County	Providence County: Towns.	Providence City	Washington County.	Whole State.
Traders and Dealers, Dry Goods """" Fancy Goods """" Grain and Hay """" Hardware """" Horses and Cattle """" Ice """" Iron and Steel """" Iron, Tiu, and Copper Traders and Dealers, Junk """" Leather, Hides and Skins Traders and Dealers, Liquors and Wines """" Lumber """" Music and Musical Instruments Traders and Dealers, Newspapers and Periodicals	1 1	8 2 6 22 2 2 2 2 7 7 7 7	20 1 4 114 3 1 1 2 1 12	24 3 8 217 11 5 3 5 20 4 34 17	86 22 32 591 24 9 10 13 12 66 13 89 48	40 1 2 1 5 4 7	150 31 51 1,018 38 21 19 13 24 100 17 124 94
Traders and Dealers, Pictures and Picture Frames Traders and Dealers, Produce " " Provisions" " " Real Estate " " " Ship Stores " " Variety Stores " " Wool MANUFACTURES, MECHANICAL AND MINING INDUSTRIES.		12 8	 13 12 11 1 1	16 70 28 3 3	10 74 259 97 7 3 25	9 3	12 104 378 147 11 11 32
Agricultural Implement Makers Apprentices (not specified) to Manual Trades. Armorers, (See Gunsmiths) Artificial Flower Makers Bag Makers Baskers Basket Makers Belt Factory Operatives Blacksmiths Bleachers, Dyers and Scourers Blind, Door, and Sash Makers Block Printers and Cutters Bobbin Makers and Cleaners Boot Builders Bobbin Makers and Grinders Book Binders and Finishers Boot and Shoe Makers Boot Makers Boot Makers Boot Makers Boot Makers Boot Makers Boot Makers Boot Makers Boot Makers Boot Makers Boot Makers Boot Makers Boot Makers Boot Makers Boot Makers Boot Makers	10	1 22 5 75 86 2 4	31 3 92 4 2 19	7 113 4 51 370 419 36 6 3 73 20 5 7 258	4 177 580 219 28 14 11 1 1 63 293	106 13 1 1 1 1 1	12 14 23 317 17 68 1,263 741 66 24 37 75 6900 285

TABLE XXIX.—Occupations.—(A.)—Continued. Showing the number of persons, including both males and females, engaged in each special occupation and class of occupations.

OCCUPATIONS.	Bristol County.	Kent County.	Newport County.	Providence County: Towns.	Providence City.	Washington County.	Whole State.
Firemen. (See Engineers)	1 128 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	11 1 1 1 2 2 3566 25 4 2 2 1 1 1 3,265 1 52 2 266 1 1	300 2 7 7 3 300 1 1 2 29 1 1 332 2 2 1 55 1	122 8 1 21 366 8 8 299 2 1 11,590 106 106 133 1 4 255 2 255 388 130	155 21 1593 8 156 124 1,834 23 1899 300 11 162 25 33 3 577 132 2,667 417 197 174 400 15 2,667 409 166 104	2577 2577 3 355 2	99 32 130 36 142 20 221 127 11 4,771 30 348 108 233 299 44 35 9 120 200 14 51 6
Iron Workers, Machinists, Steam Engine and Boiler Makers, Nail Makers, and others. Jewelers. (See Gold and Silver Workers)	68	243			2,213	122	

TABLE XXIX.—Occupations.—(A.)—Continued. Showing the number of persons, including both males and females, engaged in each special occupation and class of occupations.

OCCUPATIONS.	Bristol County.	Kent County.	Newport County.	Providence County: Towns.	Providenc City.	Washington County.	Whole State.
Locksmiths and Bell Hangers			3	4	10	3	20
Machine Printers and Engravers		15		13	8		36
Machinists. (See Iron Workers)		25	15		179		450
Mannfacturers (not specified)	'	20		201 37	$\frac{172}{69}$	32 14	$\begin{array}{c} 452 \\ 122 \end{array}$
" Woolen		6		35	38	24	103
Marble and Stone Cutters and Workers.	8	32		167	177	323	733
Masons, brick and stone	52	166	149	636	735	101	1,839
Mechanics (not specified)	1	2		76	33	70	184
Millers		8		29	12	12	75
Milliners, Dress and Mantna Makers		186	461	732		155	2,886
Millwrights	·····i	3	26	13	4	1 4	18
Oil Makers			33	9	3		43 41
Operatives (not specified)				5	41	ī	47
Organ and Piano Forte Makers		1			6		8
Overseers (not specified)	4	5		56	41		112
Painters, Varnishers and Glaziers Painters, Fresco	58	78	208	489	769		1,658
Painters, Fresco			2	2	14		18
Paper Hangers		2	7	5	30	1	45
Pattern Makers	1	6		20	1 89	4	21
Pavers	l		اتًا ا	43 4	13	_	$\frac{145}{17}$
Pavers, Concrete				5	18		23
Picture and Mirror Frame Makers				4	9		13
Planing Mill Operatives		2		10	19		31
Plasterers, Hard Finishers and Stneco							
Workers	3	9		28	122	5	183
Plumbers and Gas Fitters		_		92	$\frac{240}{252}$	1	385
Printers Print Works Operatives	10	-		$\frac{74}{1.197}$	570		$\frac{392}{2,373}$
Qnarrymen		9		23	10		2,515 79
Reed and Shuttle Makers				13	25		40
Roller Coverers	1	10		36	14	3	64
Roofers and Slaters	:		5	5			38
Rope, Cordage and Line Makers	700		5	5	1		31
Rubber Factory Operatives. Sail and Awning Makers.	108		13	280			1,057
Sash Makers (See Blind and Door)	T		1	2	29	1	49
Saw Mill Operatives		10		22	i	8	41
Saw Mill Operatives				15			730
Seamstresses (see Tailors)							
Sewing Machine Factory Operatives			• • • • •	15			15
Shell and Horn Workers		7		4			
Ship Builders and Carpenters	21		20			-	89
Ship Caulkers				4	7	1	20
Sign Painters (See Painters)							
Silversmiths (See Gold and Silver							
Sign Painters (See Painters) Silversmiths (See Gold and Silver Workers) Soap Makers Spindle Makers							
Soap Makers	1	1		21			53
Spindle Makers	٠	١٠٠٠.	٠	35	2	· · · · ·	37

TABLE XXIX.—Occupations.—(A).—Continued. Showing the number of persons, including both males and females, engaged in each special occupation and class of occupations.

OCCUPATIONS.	Bristol County.	Kent County.	Newport County.	Providence County: Towns.	Providence City.	Washington County.	Whole State.
Spool Makers				37		4	41
Steel Makers				6	2	. ~	. 8
Straw Workers		3	1	36			62
Sugar Makers and Refiners			`	1	20		44
Superintendents (not specified)	5		7	23	21	2	60
" Mfg. Establishments		1	1 1	28	22		56
Tailors, Tailoresses, and Seamstresses			177	271	1,190		
Tanuers, (see Curriers)		งอ	111	211	1,190	61	1,856
Tape and Lacing Factory Operatives	••••		••••	9	28	• • • • •	37
				891			
Thread Factory Operatives			4.5			10	912
Tinsmiths	11	26	45	91	171	12	356
Tool and Machinery Makers	3 2	1		21	183		208
Upholsterers		$\frac{2}{9}$	28	11	96		142
Watch and Clock Makers & Repairers		9	4	47	47		115
Well Diggers		1	1	24	14		41
Wheelwrights	3	14	20	57	43	5	142
Wire Makers and Workers	•••••	• • • • •		3	26		29
Wood Choppers			• • • • •	. 27	•••••	•••••	27
Wood Sawyers		25		6	3	5	40
Wood Turners and Carvers	1	1	12	70		• • • •	134
Woolen Mill Operatives	2	578	2	5,068	1,794	1,268	8,712

RECAPITULATION BY CLASSES.

OCCUPATIONS.	Bristol County.	Kent County.	Newport County.	Providence County: Towns.	Providence City.	Washington County.	Whole State.
1.—Agriculture	853 565 2,885	6,294	3,205 1,309 2,830	5,551 3,265 26,872	$ \begin{array}{r} 14,118 \\ 6,662 \\ 22,902 \\ \hline \end{array} $	720 3,545	26,276 13,253

TABLE XXX.—Occupatio is.—(B.) Showing the number of femules engaged in each special occupation and class of occupations in the whole State.

PROFESSIONAL AND PERSONAL SERVICES.	Manufactures, Mechanical and Mining Industries.
Actresses 12	Apprentice, (not specified)
	Artificial Flower Makers
Artists 19	Bag Makers
Authors	
Boarding House Keepers 125] =
Canvassers 5	Book-binders and Finishers
Clerks, (not specified) 266	Boot and Shoe Makers
" Hotels and Restaurants 1	Box Makers 14
	Braid Factory Operatives 19
Iair Dressers 30	Draid Pactory Operatives 13
Iotel Keepers 3	Broom and Brush Makers
ntelligence Office Keepers 2	Cane-seating chairs
anitor 1	Card-board Factory Operative
	Carpet Weavers and Sewers 2
onrnalists 2	
aundresses 677	Chemical Works Operatives
ibrarians 2	Cigar Makers 10
Introns of Public Institutions 34	Clerk in Mannfacturing Estab-
	lishment
Insicians	
officials of Government, U. S 12	Collar Makers 2
" Public Institutions 1	Cop Tube Makers 2
antographers 34	Cotton Mill Operatives 8,81
	File Makers and Cutters
hotographers 4	Gas Fixture Maker
hysicians and Surgeons 19	Oals Fixing Maker
estaurant and Saloon Keepers 4	Gold and Silver Workers 28
ervants, Domestic	Hair-cloth Factory Operatives 6
	Harness and Saddle Makers
culptor 1	
tudents 45	
eachers, (not specified)1,153	Hat, Cap and Bonnet Makers 2
" Music, Drawing and	Hoop Skirt and Corset Makers 4
'	Iron Workers, (not specified)
Painting 146	" (Nail Makers)
	(Hall Makers)
TRADE AND TRANSPORTATION.	Milliners, Dressmakers and Man-
THADE AND THANSIONIATION.	tua Makers2,87
	Operatives (not specified) 1
gents, (not specified) 3	Overseer (not specified)
" Books 2	Paper Mill Operative
ook Keepers and (Accountants) 49	Deint
ottlers 3	Printers 1
	Print Works Operatives 30
ashiers, (not specified) 8	
Ierks in Banks I	
11 11 Stores	
Stores	Rope, Cordage and Line Makers.
" " Stores 42	Rope, Cordage and Line Makers. Rubber Factory Operatives 33
ackers, (not specified) 9	Rope, Cordage and Line Makers. Rubber Factory Operatives 33 Screw Factory Operatives 40
ackers, (not specified) 9 ag Pickers and Gatherers 8	Rope, Cordage and Line Makers. Rubber Factory Operatives 33 Screw Factory Operatives 40
ackers, (not specified)	Rope, Cordage and Line Makers. Rubber Factory Operatives. 33 Screw Factory Operatives. 40 Shell and Horn Workers. 40
ackers, (not specified)	Rope, Cordage and Line Makers. Rubber Factory Operatives. 33 Screw Factory Operatives. 40 Shell and Horn Workers. 5 Straw Workers. 5
ackers, (not specified)	Rope, Cordage and Line Makers. Rubber Factory Operatives. 33 Screw Factory Operatives. 40 Shell and Horn Workers. 5 Trailoresses and Seamstresses. 1.19
ackers, (not specified)	Rope, Cordage and Line Makers. Rubber Factory Operatives. 33 Screw Factory Operatives. 40 Shell and Horn Workers. 5 Trailoresses and Seamstresses. 1.19
ackers, (not specified)	Rope, Cordage and Line Makers. Rubber Factory Operatives. 33 Screw Factory Operatives. 40 Shell and Horn Workers. 5 Tailoresses and Seamstresses. 1,19 Tape and Lacing Factory. 4
ackers, (not specified)	Rope, Cordage and Line Makers. Rubber Factory Operatives. 33 Screw Factory Operatives. 40 Shell and Horn Workers. 5 Tailoresses and Seamstresses. 1,19 Tape and Lacing Factory. 49 Thread Factory. 49
ackers, (not specified)	Rope, Cordage and Line Makers. Rubber Factory Operatives. 33 Screw Factory Operatives. 40 Shell and Horn Workers. 5 Tailoresses and Seamstresses. 1,19 Tape and Lacing Factory. 4 Thread Factory. 49 Tool Makers.
ackers, (not specified)	Rope, Cordage and Line Makers. Rubber Factory Operatives. 33 Screw Factory Operatives. 40 Shell and Horn Workers. 5 Tailoresses and Seamstresses. 1,19 Tape and Lacing Factory. 49 Thread Factory. 49 Tool Makers. Unholsterers.
ackers, (not specified)	Rope, Cordage and Line Makers. Rubber Factory Operatives. 33 Screw Factory Operatives. 40 Shell and Horn Workers. 5 Tailoresses and Seamstresses. 1,19 Tape and Lacing Factory. 4 Thread Factory. 49 Tool Makers. Upholsterers. Wire Makers and Workers.
ackers, (not specified)	Rope, Cordage and Line Makers. Rubber Factory Operatives. 33 Screw Factory Operatives. 40 Shell and Horn Workers. 5 Tailoresses and Seamstresses. 1,19 Tape and Lacing Factory. 4 Thread Factory. 49 Tool Makers. Upholsterers. Wire Makers and Workers.
ackers, (not specified)	Rope, Cordage and Line Makers. Rubber Factory Operatives. 33 Screw Factory Operatives. 40 Shell and Horn Workers. 5 Tailoresses and Seamstresses. 1,19 Tape and Lacing Factory. 4 Thread Factory. 49 Tool Makers. Upholsterers. Wire Makers and Workers.
ackers, (not specified)	Rope, Cordage and Line Makers. Rubber Factory Operatives. 33 Screw Factory Operatives. 40 Shell and Horn Workers. 5 Tailoresses and Seamstresses. 1,19 Tape and Lacing Factory. 4 Thread Factory. 49 Tool Makers. Upholsterers. Wire Makers and Workers.
ackers, (not specified)	Rope, Cordage and Line Makers. Rubber Factory Operatives. 33 Screw Factory Operatives. 40 Shell and Horn Workers. 5 Tailoresses and Seamstresses. 1,19 Tape and Lacing Factory. 49 Thread Factory. 49 Tool Makers. Upholsterers. Wire Makers and Workers. Wood Carvers. Woolen Mill Operatives. 3,67
ackers, (not specified)	Rope, Cordage and Line Makers. Rubber Factory Operatives. 33 Screw Factory Operatives. 40 Shell and Horn Workers. 5 Tailoresses and Seamstresses. 1,19 Tape and Lacing Factory. 4 Thread Factory. 49 Tool Makers. Upholsterers. Wire Makers and Workers.
ackers, (not specified) 9 ag Pickers and Gatherers 8 ailroad Ticket Agent 1 teamboat Women 4 elegraph Operatives 20 raders and Dealers, (not specified) 26 raders and Dealers, Books and Stationery 1 raders and Dealers, Clothing 1 " " Confectionery 7 raders and Dealers, Drugs and Medicines 3 raders and Dealers, Drugs and Dealers 1 Medicines 3 raders and Dealers 7	Rope, Cordage and Line Makers. Rubber Factory Operatives. 33 Screw Factory Operatives. 40 Shell and Horn Workers. 5 Tailoresses and Seamstresses. 1,19 Tape and Lacing Factory. 4 Thread Factory. 49 Tool Makers. Upholsterers. Wire Makers and Workers. Wood Carvers. Woolen Mill Operatives. 3,67 RECAPITULATION BY CLASSES.
ackers, (not specified)	Rope, Cordage and Line Makers. Rubber Factory Operatives. 33 Screw Factory Operatives. 40 Shell and Horn Workers. 5 Tailoresses and Seamstresses. 1,19 Tape and Lacing Factory. 4 Thread Factory. 49 Tool Makers. Upholsterers. Wire Makers and Workers. Wood Carvers. Woolen Mill Operatives. 3,67 RECAPITULATION BY CLASSES. Professional and Personal Ser-
ackers, (not specified) 9 ag Pickers and Gatherers 8 ailroad Ticket Agent 1 teamboat Women 4 telegraph Operatives 20 traders and Dealers, (not specified) 26 traders and Dealers, Books and Stationery 1 traders and Dealers, Clothing 1 traders and Dealers, Drugs and Medicines 3 traders and Dealers, Dry Goods 7 traders and Dealers, Dry Goods 8	Rope, Cordage and Line Makers. Rubber Factory Operatives. 33 Screw Factory Operatives. 40 Shell and Horn Workers. 5 Tailoresses and Seamstresses. 1,19 Tape and Lacing Factory. 4 Thread Factory. 49 Tool Makers. Upholsterers. Wire Makers and Workers. Wire Makers and Workers. Woolen Mill Operatives. 3,67 RECAPITULATION BY CLASSES. Professional and Personal Services. 8 59
ackers, (not specified) 9 ag Pickers and Gatherers 8 agiroad Ticket Agent 1 teamboat Women 4 telegraph Operatives 20 raders and Dealers, (not specified) 26 raders and Dealers, Books and Stationery 1 raders and Dealers, Clothing 1 " " " Confectionery, 7 raders and Dealers, Drugs and Medicines 3 raders and Dealers, Dry Goods 7 " " " Fancy Goods 8 raders and Dealers, Groceries 8	Rope, Cordage and Line Makers. Rubber Factory Operatives. 33 Screw Factory Operatives. 40 Shell and Horn Workers. Straw Workers. 5 Tailoresses and Seamstresses. 1,19 Tape and Lacing Factory. 4 Thread Factory. 49 Tool Makers. Upholsterers. Wire Makers and Workers. Wooden Mill Operatives. 3,67 RECAPITULATION BY CLASSES. Professional and Personal Services. 8,52 Trade and Transportation. 21
ackers, (not specified)	Rope, Cordage and Line Makers. Rubber Factory Operatives. 33 Screw Factory Operatives. 40 Shell and Horn Workers. Straw Workers. 5 Tailoresses and Seamstresses. 1,19 Tape and Lacing Factory. 4 Thread Factory. 49 Tool Makers. Upholsterers. Wire Makers and Workers. Wooden Mill Operatives. 3,67 RECAPITULATION BY CLASSES. Professional and Personal Services. 8,52 Trade and Transportation. 21
rackers, (not specified)	Rope, Cordage and Line Makers. Rubber Factory Operatives. 33 Screw Factory Operatives. 40 Shell and Horn Workers. 5 Tailoresses and Seamstresses. 1,19 Tape and Lacing Factory. 4 Thread Factory. 49 Tool Makers. Upholsterers. Wire Makers and Workers. Wooden Mill Operatives. 3,67 RECAPITULATION BY CLASSES. Professional and Personal Services. 8,52 Trade and Transportation. 21 Manufactures, Mechanical and
raders and Dealers, Drug Sand Medicines	Rope, Cordage and Line Makers. Rubber Factory Operatives. 33 Screw Factory Operatives. 40 Shell and Horn Workers. Straw Workers. 5 Tailoresses and Seamstresses. 1,19 Tape and Lacing Factory. 49 Thread Factory. 49 Tool Makers. Upholsterers. Wire Makers and Workers. Wooden Mill Operatives. 3,67 RECAPITULATION BY CLASSES. Professional and Personal Services. 8,52 Trade and Transportation. 21 Manufactures, Mechanical and
Packers, (not specified)	Rope, Cordage and Line Makers. Rubber Factory Operatives. 33 Screw Factory Operatives. 40 Shell and Horn Workers. Straw Workers. 5 Tailoresses and Seamstresses. 1,19 Tape and Lacing Factory. 4 Thread Factory. 49 Tool Makers. Upholsterers. Wire Makers and Workers. Wooden Mill Operatives. 3,67 RECAPITULATION BY CLASSES. Professional and Personal Services. 8,52 Trade and Transportation. 21

CENSUS OF RHODE ISLAND, JUNE 1, 1875.

TABLES.

PART II.

AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.

TABLE XXXI.—AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.

		<u>-</u>		ΛCR	ES OF I	AND.		=====
	Jo			Ło			Ę.	i.
TOWNS AND	100		*	Other Mowing Land.	Pasture Land	÷	ther Unim- proved Land.	Whole number of Acres.
DIVISIONS	Whole number Furms.	_	Bog Meadow.	10	ا ت	Wood Land	Other Unimproved La	e num Acres,
DIVISIONS	[E .	Plowed.	Įe,	ther M Land.	ire	1.	D 5	- Fe
OF THE STATE.	hole m	Ě	80	12.1	str	90	<u> </u>	[] []
	[], i	Pic	<u> </u>	5	Pa	ž	~ ~	
	18 T	1875.	1875.	1875	1875.	1875.	1875.	1875.
Barrington	120	447	88	1,179	1.031	969.	109	
Bristol	138	607	30	1,879	1.987	201	65	4,769
Warren	83	423	114	901	666	397	187	2,688
Bristol County	341	1,477	232	3,959	3,684	1,567	361	11.280
Coventry	298	1,178	976	4,456		11.387		25,387
East Greenwich	138	648	189	1,664	3,340	3.133	197	9.171
West Greenwich	215	716	536	3,093	5,182	10,283	4.957	24,767
Warwick	302	1,784	500	4,436	$\frac{7,961}{}$	3,757	$\frac{1.585}{}$	20,023
KENT COUNTY	953	4,326	2,201	13,649	$23,\!428$	28,560	7,184	79,348
Jamestown	59	595	25	1,297	3,377	67	89	5,450
Little Compton	198	1,024	194	3,798	4,015	1,648	1,171	11.850
Middletown	143	947	6	2,963	2,441	120	427	6,904
New Shoreham	159	858		1,751	2,123		85	4,817
Portsmouth	240	1,819	14	4,664	5,086	51	70	
Tiverton	232	703	46	2,946	2,723	5.558 	534	$\frac{12,510}{}$
Towns, Newport Co	1,031	5,946	285	17,419	19,765	7,444	2.376	53,235
NEWPORT CITY	31	222	55	749	628	32		1,686
Burrillville	195	614	384	3,222	4,542	9,285	210	18,257
Cranston	158	1,220	389	3.045	3,534	4.032	170	12,390
Cumberland	214	577	933	4,027	5,454	3,938	258	15,187
East Providence	109	516	90	1,369	1.013	635	150	3,773
Foster	303 321	$\frac{828}{765}$	966 849	$\frac{4.784}{4.962}$	8,879	10,065	242	25,764
Glocester	226	900	163	$\frac{4.902}{2.912}$	$\frac{5,707}{3,054}$	10,478 4.983	1.449	24.210
Johnston	139	524	375	2,418	2,934	3,098	$\frac{120}{287}$	12,132 $9,636$
North Providence	47	165	52	695	640	711	10	$\frac{3,030}{2.273}$
North Smithfield	191	528	429	2,618	2,597	5,260	460	11,892
Pawtucket	34	158	42	263	243	115	93	914
Scitnate	373	1,167	769	5,384	6,961	13,620	539	28,440
Smithfield	146	383	438	2,522	3,155	4,537	144	11.179
Woonsocket	29	166	65	516	480	454	144	1,825
Towns, Prov. Co	2,485	8,511	5,944	38,737	49,193	71,211	4,276	177,872
Providence City	57	324	96	652	673	569	69	2,383
Charlestown	117	727	238	3,014	5,925	5,527	309	15.740
Exeter	263	1,245	557	4,452	8,095	14,523	3,421	32,293
Hopkinton	183	645	275	3,190	6,177	6,951	136	
North Kingstown	284	1.732	414	4,298	10,132	5,685	1,077	23,338
South Kingstown	326	2,171	393	7,341	12,813	5,910	2,840	
Richmond: Westerly	$\frac{164}{128}$	773 474	664 214	$3,064 \\ 2,963$	$9,510 \\ 6,542$	$6,713 \\ 1,762$	1,445 787	22,169 $12,742$
Washington Co	1,465	7,767		28,322	· -			155,124
	'		,	· ·	Í ,			
WHOLE STATE	0,363	28,573	11,568	103,487	155,565	156,454	24.281	$ _{480,928}$

TABLE XXXI.—AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.—CONTINUED.

	CASH VA	LUE.			LIVE	STOCI	ζ.	
TOWNS AND DIVISIONS OF THE STATE.	Of Farms, in- cluding Build- ings.	Of Farming Implements.	Horses.*	Milch Cows.*	Working Oxen.	Other Cattle.	Sheep and Lambs.	Swine.
	O I875.	O 1875.		Numi	ER, JU	INE 18	т, 1875.	
Barrington	\$681,000	20,787	211	180	44	72	5	226
Bristol Warren	854,500 294,950	26,855 13,996	193	357	62	91 56	296	244 171
Bristol County	1,830,450	61,638	493	727	140	219	310	641
Coventry East Greenwich West Greenwich	$676,400 \\ 375,000 \\ 282,725$	16,231 18,159	342 158 263	733 358 321	116 88 101	$\frac{108}{245}$	245 389 507	501 271 268
Warwick	2,223,250	76,992	566		129	377	401	1,305
KENT COUNTY	3,557,375	139,227	1,329	2,316	434	952	1,545	2,345
Jamestown Little Coupton Middletown New Shorcham Portsmonth Tiverton	362,900 $813,550$ $1,332,700$ $357,100$ $1,752,500$ $820,950$	36,537 $28,279$ $20,600$ $39,170$	171 334 369 137 486 277	287 537 681 262 787 419	66 227 200 274 218 78	277	2,270	$egin{array}{c} 163 \\ 356 \\ 379 \\ 462 \\ 732 \\ 256 \end{array}$
Towns, Newport Co	5,439,700		$\frac{27}{1,774}$				11,797	2,348
NEWPORT CITY	1,676,300		ĺ .	*192	68	29	236	104
	, ,	,	ļ					
Burrillville Cranston Cumberland	$\begin{array}{c} 477,710 \\ 1,854,460 \\ 1,016,200 \end{array}$	19,440 $52,988$ $35,683$	356 317	491 713 721	69 105	159 216	188 3 37	256 429 381
East Providence Foster Glocester Johnston	1,092,300 $449,690$ $529,723$ $1,521,400$	$\begin{array}{r} 15,795 \\ 25,552 \\ 28,471 \\ 33,944 \end{array}$	215 304 314 427	267 693 645 710	$\begin{array}{c} 28 \\ 161 \\ 120 \\ 47 \end{array}$	$\begin{bmatrix} & 69 \\ 415 \\ 260 \\ 102 \end{bmatrix}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 15 \\ 821 \\ 192 \\ 41 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{r} 172 \\ 465 \\ 501 \\ 345 \end{array}$
Lincoln North Providence North Smithfield	$\begin{array}{r} 736,500 \\ 736,500 \\ 296,100 \\ 463,440 \end{array}$		284 109 191	600 184 453	77 17 52	189 35 79	17	271 66 163
Pawtucket	579,700 802,450 575,600	5,438 $40,461$ $30,060$	528 528 220 60	95 833 596 165	2 62 46 24	8 319 145 24	198 19 11	38 528 188 31
Towns, Prov. Co	$\frac{177,700}{10,572,973}$	$\frac{5,925}{334,799}$		$\frac{100}{7,166}$		$\frac{21}{2,171}$	1,555	3,834
PROVIDENCE CITY	1,893,100		*139	*202	12	45	1	92
Charlestown	297,300	15,121	220	321	75	214	1,162	222
Exeter Hopkiuton	402,348 $407,050$ $982,250$	23.069 14,275 41,418	263 235 405	437 470 695	238 72 233	400 305 379	$2,159 \\ 711 \\ 2,476$	$331 \\ 281 \\ 624$
North Kingstown South Kingstown Richmond Westerly	$ \begin{array}{r} 332,230\\ 1,080,240\\ 305,750\\ 447,500 \end{array} $	46,507 $13,193$ $15,065$	496 180 180	1,275 334 455	459 131 107	$\frac{564}{225}$	3,220 1,410 603	773 175 206
Washington Co	3,922,438			3,987	1,315	2,219	11,741	2,612
WHOLE STATE								

^{*} For Horses and Cows not on Farms, see Table XXXII.

TABLE XXXI.—AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.—CONTINUED.

		Value of Animals slaughtered or sold, year ending June 1st.	HAY	AND ST	RAW.	od. dry	WH	EAT.
	alne of all Live Stock, June Ist.	di Pal	l" . I	_		g g		1 =
TOWNS AND	5 E	g c ji	ary	6		8.3	نہ	<u>8</u>
	<u>2</u> .5	An ere t.	=	ಜ್ಞ		e Co	Sown.	2
DIVISIONS	3g	hte ls	l igh	y.	٠.	£ 5.	တို	<u></u>
OF THE STATE.	e o ck	မ ကို ကို ကို	English Hay	og Meadow Hay.	a.	0.5	80	Pe l
01 1333 513115.	Sto	ala Sol	En	ga	Straw.	Ę.5	ŧ	Bushels Raised
	1875.	1875.	To	ve 18 19		Svalue of Corn Fod-	1874.	1874.
		1515.		NS IN 18				
Barrington	\$45.207	897,024	986	62	56	\$869		••••
Bristol	66,705	27,140	1,841	17	70	1,854		
Warren	24,530	6,567	788	67	169	1,175	•••	20
BRISTOL COUNTY	136,442	130,731	3,615	146	295	3,898		20
Coventry	89,684	14,928	2,348	494	77	3,001	1	5
East Greenwich	46,793	9,015	1,116	137	28	2,678		
West Greenwich	55,765	16,186	1,220	287	134	1,029		
Warwick	162,210	26,443	3,812	318	510	5,917		30
KENT COUNTY	354,452	66,572	8,496	1,236	749	12,625		35
Jamestown	37,677	17,446	0.00	9.1	1.10	9 540		
Little Compton	100.398	31,246		21	143	2,546		
Middletown	122.247		2,714	88	217	2,782		
New Shoreham	60,267	$\frac{27,435}{16,007}$			278	4,335		••••
Portsmouth	139,600	17,326	1,896		223	2,519		2
Tiverton	71.200	34,595		28	$\frac{310}{88}$	5,889 $2,994$		22
Towns, Newport Co	531,389	144,055			1,259			
	. 1							
NEWPORT CITY	48,076	3,395	1,007	27	68	430	• • • •	
Burrillville	69,009	34,490		251	97	1,316	• • • •	
Cranston	102,536	17,111	3,205	318	213	2,732	5	5
Cumberland	96,367	18,298	3,357	647	69	2,001		
East Providence	48,285	7,572	1,254	93	75	1,337		
Foster	95,418	20,685	2,473	596	260	3,265		
Glocester	87,865	19,276	2,423	409	137	2,259		• • • •
Johnston	121,520	930	2,891	62	61	3,896		
Lincoln	88,664	11,900	2,018	220	71	1,802	2	15
North Providence	29,875	2,470	847	49	9	705		
North Smithfield	54,416	7,717	2,044	248	115	1,328		9
Pawtucket	14,670	419	263	10	24	1,208	2	
Scituate	115,519	21,943		458	211	3,652		25
Smithfield	74,495	9,829	1,873	232	130	2,665		
Woonsocket	18,048	3,652	`637	36	42	490	••••	••••
Towns, Prov. Co	1,016,687	176,292	28,908	3,629	1,514	28,656	11	62
PROVIDENCE CITY	41,505	4,545	826	144	31	1,516		6
Charlestown	46,443	9,060	1,506	171	200	2,273		
Exeter	73,332	25,028	1,743	333	231	2,988		15
Hopkinton	63,711	14,310		113	97	1,888		10
North Kingstown	136,327	26,225	2,942	232	317	6,085		
South Kingstown	177,223	36,283		118	474	10,067		
Richmond	46,305	5,675	1,263	258	119			20
Westerly	56,920	7,609		91	76			20
Washington County	600,261	124,190	15 691	1,316	1,514	26,901	3	45
CALLETTO I COULTI	000,201	121,100	10,001	1,010	1,011	0,001	0	10

TABLE XXXI.—AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.—CONTINUID.

	RYE. INDIAN CORN. OATS.							BA	RLEY.
		<u>ئ</u> ا			Acres	Sowi). e-i		1 5
TOWNS AND DIVISIONS	Sown.	Bushels Raised	Sown.	Bushels Kaised	l	Τ.	Bushels Raised.	Sown.	Bushels Raised
OF THE STATE.	Acres		Acres		For Fodder	For Grain.		Acres	
	1874.	1874.	1874.	1874.	1874.	1874.	1874.	1874	. 1874.
Barrington	55			2,262		7 30		7 8	
Bristol Warren	18				1	3:			
BRISTOL COUNTY	90	1,405	288	10,447	14	8	7 2,16	1 28	420
Coventry	77				48				1
East Greenwich	16								
West Greenwich Warwick	16 264				99				258
11 til 11 lCK	201	2,130				<u> </u>			230
KENT COUNTY	373	3,602	853	20,433	271	92	1,258	56	676
Jamestown	40	543			• • • • •	195			
Little Compton	• • • •		347		4	1			
Middletown	4	31	316		2				2,412
New Shoreham	100	~~~	421			357		3	
Portsmouth	106 10		615		72 2				1 /-
114611011			255	9,057					440
Towns, NewPort Co	160	1,501	2,204	78,450	80	1,324	40,341	240	5,124
NEWPORT CITY	••••	• • • • • •	17	705	5	4	135	6	130,
Burrillville	69	548	101	3,651	137	39	829		20
Cranston	103	1,207	56		15				65-
Cumberland	48	472	46		92		1		151
East Providence	71	983	42	2,045	6			9	240
Foster	36	321	324	9,442	42	58	1 -,	4	69
Glocester	72	682	130	4,990	33			11	109
Johnston	19	266	1	50	40 78		• • • • • •	14	$\frac{130}{231}$
North Providence	15 5	$\frac{162}{82}$	35 13	1,406	10	• • • •		11	140.
North Smithfield	39	422	96	$653 \\ 3,214$	15	37	973	$\begin{vmatrix} 7\\7 \end{vmatrix}$	65
Pawtucket	14	232	4	195		4	50	'	
Scituate	106	934	165	5,717	129	16		13	111
Smithfield	32	480	32	1,220	26			7	110
Woonsocket	6	82	2	53	6	17	930	7	106
Towns, Providence Co.	635	6,873	1,047	36,768	629	201	4,734	111	1,547
PROVIDENCE CITY	20	215	38	1,880	37	4	40		••••
Charlestown	1	20	337	9,344		235	6,394		
Exeter	21	248	467	9,590		261	4,920	2	60 י
Hopkinton	32	259	258	6,044	83	. 86	1,601		• • • •
North Kingstown	128	1,840	577	15,491	106	119		16	361
South Kingstown	1		1,221	41,081		608	18,942	7	183
Richmond	19	144	262	5,556	105	80	1,560	2	، 30
Westerly	25	296	216	6,737	36	91	2,438	2	25
WASHINGTON COUNTY	227	2,822	3,338	93,843	330	1,480	37,529	29	659
WHOLE STATE	1,505	16,418	7,785	242,526	1,366	3,192	86,193	459	8,456:

TABLE XXXI.—AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.—CONTINUED.

TOWNS AND									
TOWNS AND DIVISIONS OF THE STATE. Towns		BUTTER	CHE'SE	MILK.	Orchard products	*IR Pota	TOES.	*ON	ions.
Barrington		ie.	e.	اند	i	- g	ed.	ا ج ا	ed.
Barrington	TOWNS AND	nad	nad	plos	sed	inte	ais	ğ	aie
Barrington	DIVISIONS	ls r	181	880	rai	륊	181	립	181
Barrington	OF THE STATE.	ra p	ă	130	S74.	res	she	res	sho
Barrington		\mathbf{P}_{0}	_ ଥ _				Bu		
Bristol 12,900 66,980 1,495 96 11,807 126,838938 11,806 24,808 1,168 82 8.200 17 4,450 13,876 167 52,645 18,807 167 52,645 18,807 167 52,645 18,807 167 52,645 18,807 167 52,645 18,807 167 52,645 18,807 18,		YEAR EN	ding Ju	NE 1, 1875.	1874.	1874.	1874.	1874.	1874.
Warren 11,886 24,808 1,168 82 8,200 17 4,450 BRISTOL COUNTY 36,691 109,917 4,905 319 33,870 167 52,645 Coventry 9,430 2,255 159,544 7,330 352 27,507 166 East Greenwich 12,246 5,207 1,290 5,487 252 15,527 329 Warwick 38,429 1,290 1,490 1,48 35,009 4 1,250 KENT COUNTY 87,740 9,262 371,921 39,972 1,154 89,585 4 2,418 Jamestown 20,360 100 1,020 1,008 51 4,640 3 281 Little Compton 33,615 1,010 15,439 551 107 12,606 1 302 Middletown 34,250 132,121 344 311 13,830 5 4,011 New Shoreham 20,385 4,580 1,11 2,005 <td>Barrington</td> <td>12,405</td> <td></td> <td>18,129</td> <td>\$2,242</td> <td>141</td> <td>13.863</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Barrington	12,405		18,129	\$2,242	141	13.863		
Bristol County					1,495				
Coventry 9,430 2,255 159,544 7,390 352 27,507 166 East Greenwich 25,635 1,800 24,897 7,741 132 10,642 673 West Greenwich 14,246 5,207 1,290 5,437 252 15,527 329 Warwick 38,429 1186,190 19,404 418 35,909 4 1,250 KENT COUNTY 87,740 9,262 371,921 39,972 1,154 89,585 4 2,418 Jamestown 20,360 100 1,020 1,008 51 107 12,606 1 302 Middletown 34,250 132,121 344 131 13,830 5 4,041 3 337 Townshoreham 20,395 4,580 21,110 2,005 328 45,800 8 3,379 Tiverton 24,694 60 43,620 4,522 144 17,152 1 638 Towns, Newport Co	Warren	11,386	• • • • • •	24,808	1,168	82	8.200	17	4,450
East Greenwich 25,635 1,800 24,897 7,741 132 10,642 632 West Greenwich 14,246 5,207 1,290 5,437 252 15,527 329 Warwick 38,429 186,190 19,404 418 35,909 4 1,250 KENT COUNTY 87,740 9,262 371,921 39,972 1,154 89,585 4 2,418 Jamestown 20,360 100 1,020 1,008 51 4,640 3 281 Little Compton 33,615 1,011 16,439 551 107 12,600 1 302 Middletown 34,250 132,121 344 131 13,830 5 4,011 Portsmouth 76,530 21,110 2,005 328 45,800 8 3,379 Tiverton 24,694 60 43,620 4,522 144 17,152 1 638 Tow	BRISTOL COUNTY	36,691		109,917	4,905	319	33,870	167	52,645
East Greenwich 25,635 1,800 24,897 7,741 132 10,642 632 West Greenwich 14,246 5,207 1,290 5,437 252 15,527 329 Warwick 38,429 186,190 19,404 418 35,909 4 1,250 KENT COUNTY 87,740 9,262 371,921 39,972 1,154 89,585 4 2,418 Jamestown 20,360 100 1,020 1,008 51 4,640 3 281 Little Compton 33,615 1,011 16,439 551 107 12,600 1 302 Middletown 34,250 132,121 344 131 13,830 5 4,011 Portsmouth 76,530 21,110 2,005 328 45,800 8 3,379 Tiverton 24,694 60 43,620 4,522 144 17,152 1 638 Tow	Coventry	0.130	9 955	159 544	7 390	359	27 507		166
West Greenwich 14,246 5,207 1,290 5,437 252 15,527 329 Warwick 38,429 186,190 19,404 418 35,909 4 1,250 Kent County 87,740 9,262 371,921 39,972 1,154 89,585 4 2,418 Jamestown 20,360 100 1,020 1,008 51 4,640 3 341 Little Compton 33,615 1,010 1,439 551 107 12,606 1 361 New Shoreham 20,395 4,580 132,121 344 131 13,835 4,941 New Portsmouth 76,530 21,110 2,005 328 45,800 8 3,379 Tiverton 24,694 60 43,620 4,522 144 17,152 638 Towns, Newport Co 209,844 5,750 213,310 8,430 878 106,812 19 9,624 Newport City 2,395 36,155									
Warwick 38,429 186,190 19,404 418 35,909 4 1,250 Kent County 87,740 9,262 371,921 39,972 1,154 89,585 4 2,418 Jamestown 20,360 100 1,020 1,008 51 4,640 3 281 Little Compton 33,615 1,010 15,439 551 107 12,606 1 302 Middletown 34,250 132,121 344 131 138,30 54,041 1 382 New Shoreham 20,395 4,580 117,152 1 638 Towns, Newport Co 299,844 5,750 213,310 8,430 878 106,812 19 9,024 Newport City 2,395 36,155 1,335 24 4,445 3 1,028 Burrillville 24,390 175 57,836 10,066 223 18,095 9 Cranston 10,162 300 262,209 19,550	West Greenwich			1,290					329
Little Compton	Warwick			186,190	19,404	418	35,909	4	1,250
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	KENT COUNTY	87,740	9,262	371,921	39,972	1,154	89,585	4	2,418
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Jamestown	20.360	100	1.020	1.008	51	4 640	3	281
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									
Portsmouth	Middletown							5	4,041
Tiverton									
Towns, Newfort Co. 209,844 5,750 213,310 8,430 878 106,812 19 9,024 Newfort City 2,395 36,155 1,335 24 4,445 3 1,028 Burrillville 24,390 175 57,836 10,066 223 18,095 9 Cranston 10,162 300 262,209 19,550 353 35,666 1 718 Cumberland 36,558 216.683 26 840 304 29,723 45 East Providence 3,210 107,788 6,015 158 17,395 7 1,870 Foster 49,749 16,765 1,173 11,995 401 31,706 95 Glocester 50,637 2,365 9,745 19,315 314 26,024 90 Johnston 1,500 328,805 42,022 375 34,876 1 366 Lincoln 11,570 250,404 12,705 185 17,225 4				21,110					
NewPort City	Tiverton	24,694	60	43,620	4,522	144	17,152	1	638
Burrillville.	Towns, NewPort Co	209,844	5,750	213,310	8,430	878	106,812	19	9,624
Cranston 10,162 300 262,209 19,550 353 35,666 1 718 Cumberland 36,558 216,683 26,840 304 29,723 45 East Providence 3,210 107,788 6,015 158 17,395 7 1,870 Foster 49,749 16,765 1,173 11,995 401 31,706 95 Glocester 50,637 2,365 9,745 19,315 314 26,024 90 Johnston 1,500 328,805 42,022 375 34,876 1 366 Lincoln 11,570 250,404 12,705 185 17,225 48 North Providence 575 87,602 6,420 66 6500 76 North Smithfield 19,662 111,673 9,506 215 18,307 287 Pawtucket 452 36,766 1,212 23 2,160 1 55 Scituate 36,318	NEWPORT CITY	2,395		36,155	1,335	24	4,445	3	1,028
Cranston 10,162 300 262,209 19,550 353 35,666 1 718 Cumberland 36,558 216,683 26,840 304 29,723 45 East Providence 3,210 107,788 6,015 158 17,395 7 1,870 Foster 49,749 16,765 1,173 11,995 401 31,706 95 Glocester 50,637 2,365 9,745 19,315 314 26,024 90 Johnston 1,500 328,805 42,022 375 34,876 1 366 Lincoln 11,570 250,404 12,705 185 17,225 48 North Providence 575 87,602 6,420 66 6500 76 North Smithfield 19,662 111,673 9,506 215 18,307 287 Pawtucket 452 36,766 1,212 23 2,160 1 55 Scituate 36,318	Burrillville	24,390	175	57,836	10,066	223	18,095		9
East Providence. 3,210 107,788 6,015 158 17,395 7 1,870 Foster. 49,749 16,765 1,173 11,995 401 31,706 95 Glocester. 50,637 2,365 9,745 19,315 314 26,024 90 Johnston. 1,500 328,805 42,022 375 34,876 1 366 Lincoln. 11,570 250,404 12,705 185 17,225 48 North Providence. 575 87,602 6,420 66 6,500 76 North Smithfield. 19,662 111,673 9,506 215 18,807 287 Pawtucket. 452 36,766 1,212 23 2,160 1 55 Scituate. 36,318 410 95,093 18,962 486 40,599 1 349 Woonsocket. 1,150 112,880 2,105 67 10,875 75 Towns, Prov. Co. 261,099 20,115 1,896,921 198,478 3,351 306,516 12									718
Foster									
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									
Pawtucket. 452 36,766 1,212 23 2,160 1 55 Scituate. 36,318 410 95,093 18,962 486 40,599 1 349 Smithfield 15,166 100 218,264 11,765 181 17,365 1 124 Woonsocket 1,150 112,880 2,105 67 10,875 75 Towns, Prov. Co. 261,099 20,115 1,896,921 198,478 3,351 306,516 12 4,207 Providence City 324 98,023 5,192 81 8,734 1 270 Charlestown 22,820 4,050 1,125 2,526 152 14,948 134 Exeter 20,161 2,852 2,270 6,774 310 19,679 25 Hopkinton 19,825 1,550 11,950 5,335 145 11,960 8 North Kingstown 120,541 2,500 12,935 6,327 449 37,626 2 665 Richmond 13,735 1,200									76
Scituate 36,318 (10) 95,093 (218,264) 18,962 (486) 40,599 (17,365) 1 349 (17,365) 1 234 (17,365) 1 124 (17,365) 1 124 (17,365) 1 124 (17,365) 1 124 (17,365) 1 124 (17,365) 1 124 (17,365) 1 1 124 (17,365) 1 </td <td></td> <td>19,662</td> <td></td> <td>111,673</td> <td>9,506</td> <td>215</td> <td>18,307</td> <td></td> <td>287</td>		19,662		111,673	9,506	215	18,307		287
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									55
Woonsocket. 1,150 112,880 2,105 67 10,875 75 Towns, Prov. Co. 261,099 20,115 1,896,921 198,478 3,351 306,516 12 4,207 Providence City. 324 98,023 5,192 81 8,734 1 270 Charlestown. 22,820 4,050 1,125 2,526 152 14,948 134 Exeter. 20,161 2,852 2,270 6,774 310 19,679 25 Hopkinton. 19,825 1,550 11,950 5,335 145 11,860 8 North Kingstown. 54,327 24,787 12,328 414 31,914 14 3,303 South Kingstown. 120,541 2,500 12,935 6,327 449 37,626 2 66 Richmond. 13,735 1,200 4,145 2,319 188 14,345 10 Westerly. 15,220 1,240 35,490 1,503 175 14,308 16 4,378 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td> ,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					,				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								_	
PROVIDENCE CITY. 324 98,023 5,192 81 8,734 1 270 Charlestown 22,820 4,050 1,125 2,526 152 14,948 134 Exeter 20,161 2,852 2,270 6,774 310 19,679 25 Hopkinton 19,825 1,550 11,950 5,335 145 11,860 8 North Kingstown 54,327 24,787 12,328 414 31,914 14 3,062 South Kingstown 120,541 2,500 12,935 6,327 449 37,626 2 665 Richmond 13,735 1,200 4,145 2,319 188 14,345 100 Westerly 15,220 1,240 35,490 1,503 175 14,308 13 WASHINGTON COUNTY 266,629 13,392 92,702 37,112 1,833 144,680 16 4,378		<u> </u>			<u> </u>				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	•	'	'	' '	· ·	'	, i		,
Exeter		1		,	,		 		
Hopkinton. 19,825 1,550 11,950 5,335 145 11,860 8 North Kingstown. 54,327 24,787 12,328 414 31,914 14 3,303 South Kingstown. 120,541 2,500 12,935 6,327 449 37,626 2 665 Richmond. 13,735 1,200 4,145 2,319 188 14,345 100 Westerly. 15,220 1,240 35,490 1,503 175 14,308 133 WASHINGTON COUNTY. 266,629 13,392 92,702 37,112 1,833 144,680 16 4,378									134
North Kingstown 54,327 24,787 12,328 414 31,914 14 3,308 South Kingstown 120.541 2,500 12,935 6,327 449 37,626 2 665 Richmond 13,735 1,200 4,145 2,319 188 11,345 100 Westerly 15,220 1,240 35,490 1,503 175 14,308 138 WASHINGTON COUNTY 266,629 13,392 92,702 37,112 1,833 144,680 16 4,378			2,852		6,774	$ ^{310}$			
South Kingstown 120.541 2,500 12,935 6,327 449 37,626 2 665 Richmond 13,735 1,200 4,145 2,319 188 14,345 100 Westerly 15,220 1,240 35,490 1,503 175 14,308 133 WASHINGTON COUNTY 266,629 13,392 92,702 37,112 1,833 144,680 16 4,378		19,828	7 1,550		19 200	145			
Richmond									
Washington County. 266,629 13,392 92,702 37,112 1,833 144,680 16 4,378							14,34		
									133
WHOLE STATE	Washington County.	266,629	13,392	92,702	37,112	1,833	144,680	16	4,378
	WHOLE STATE	864,72	$2^{ }_{48,519}$	$ _{2,818,949}$	295,424	$ _{7,640}$	$ _{694,645}$	2 222	73,970

^{*} See additional special statistics at the end of this table.

TABLE XXXI.—AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.—CONTINUED.

TOWNS AND DIVISIONS OF THE STATE. State									
TOWNS AND DIVISIONS OF THE STATE. S		*CA	RROTS.	*B	EETS.	*Tur	nips, Flat l Round.	*Green Peas.	*String Beans.
Bristol	DIVISIONS	. Pares planted.				Acres planted.	Bushels raised.		187 Bushels raised.
Coventry	Bristol	80	44,316	9	3,457	16	4,492	78	136 46 1
East Greenwich 486 231 4,077 158 155 West Greenwich 236 346 2,779 373 78 Warwick 4 951 12 4,542 42 7,561 4,337 1,786 Kent County 4 1,683 12 5,228 43 17,286 5,312 2,895 Jamestown 2 354 9 3,416 24 11,072 118 11 Middletown 829 1,814 3 9,238 188 37 New Shoreham 1,265 2,503 3,029 1 158 Portsmouth 2 770 5 3,635 24 8,688 1,022 1,188 Tiverton 6 235 1 695 22 6,965 377 27 Towns, Newport County 10 3,479 16 12,546 78 39,907 1,771 1,421 Newport City 1 528	BRISTOL COUNTY	112	55,334	14	5,981	30	8,182	274	183
Jamestown	East Greenwich		486 236 951	12	231 346 4,542	42	$\begin{array}{r} 4,077 \\ 2,779 \\ 7,561 \\ \hline \end{array}$	158 373 4,337	159 787 1,780
Little Compton		4	'		,		,		
NewPort City. 1 528 5 3,084 7 3,550 178 232 Burrillville. 27 24 14 2,799 28 15 Cranston. 1 534 2 1,902 9 9,228 2,818 1,445 Cumberland. 60 354 7 3,117 126 27 East Providence. 4 1,030 4 2,367 10 2,301 378 111 Foster. 52 9 336 13 3,450 502 605 Glocester. 25 60 7 4,385 154 152 Johnston. 1 100 1 420 10 1,761 670 Lincoln. 1 100 1 420 10 1,761 670 Lincoln. 1 100 1 420 10 1,761 670 1,485 1.1	Little Compton	2	$\begin{array}{c} 354 \\ 829 \\ 1,265 \\ 770 \end{array}$	9 5	3,416 1,814 2,503 3,635	24 3 24	11,072 9,238 3,029 8,268	118 188 1 $1,022$	11
Burrillville	Towns, Newport County	10	3,479	16	12,546	78	39,907	1,771	1,421
Cranston 1 534 (2) (1,902) 9 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (3) (1) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2	NEWPORT CITY	1	528	5	3,084	7	3,550	178	232
PROVIDENCE CITY. 1 375 6 2,390 7 910 443 270 Charlestown. 2 635 91 5 3,849 8 16 Exeter. 112 211 2 4,394 9 5 Hopkinton 1 215 1 298 12 3,158 North Kingstown 7 1,977 9 3,055 25 4,339 920 208 South Kingstown 127 1 472 15 5,194 88 55 Richmond 9 15 9 2,035 5 Westerly 72 1 375 5 2,179 197 15 WASHINGTON COUNTY 10 3,147 12 4,517 73 25,148 1,227 299	Cranston Cumberland East Providence Foster Glocester Johnston Lincoln North Providence North Smithfield Pawtucket Scitnate Smithfield Woonsocket	4 5	534 60 1,030 52 25 13 100 70 144 6 215 292 11	2 4 9 8 1 1 2 1	1,902 354 2,367 336 60 2,055 420 1,037 650 430 45 29	9 7 10 13 7 26 10 2 6 4 11 6 33	9,228 3,117 2,301 3,450 4,385 4,912 1,761 1,485 3,570 855 6,185 2,090 2,170	2,818 126 378 502 154 10 670 142 444 463 9 23	155 1,445 277 1111 605 152 70 13
Charlestown. 2 635 91 5 3,849 8 16 Exeter. 112 211 24,394 9 5 Hopkinton. 1 215 1 298 12 3,158 North Kingstown. 7 1,977 9 3,055 25 4,339 920 208 South Kingstown. 127 1 472 15 5,194 88 55 Richmond 9 15 9 2,035 5 Westerly 72 1 375 5 2,179 197 15 WASHINGTON COUNTY 10 3,147 12 4,517 73 25,148 1,227 299	Towns, Providence County.	13	2,579	28	9,859	158	48,308	5,767	3,198
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	PROVIDENCE CITY	1	375	6	2,390	7	910	443	270
	Exeter	1	$ \begin{array}{c} 112 \\ 215 \\ 1,977 \\ 127 \\ 9 \end{array} $	1 9 1	211 298 3,055 472 15	2 12 25 15 9	4,394 3,158 4,339 5,194 2,035	920 88 5	
WHOLE STATE	Washington County	10	3,147	12	4,517	73	25,148	1,227	299
	WHOLE STATE	151	67,125	93	43,605	396	143,291	14,972	8,498

^{*} See additional special statistics at the end of this table.

TABLE XXXI.—AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.—CONTINUED.

	*Straw-	Market	Garder	Dry	*Cran-	Eggs and	Poultry.
	berries	Gardens.	Seeds.	Beans and	berries	Poultry.	
TOWNS AND		' ë	1 =	Peas.		alue produc'd year ending June 1.	Value on hand June 1.
		Value of Products.	Value raised	of Jo	9	produc'd ending	<u>ٿ</u> .
DIVISIONS	0 8	ზ.	ra	9	- 29	5e-	alue on June 1.
OF THE STATE.	art	cts	lue	she	Bushels	ahe p year o June	E E
	n.	l S a	Va.	Bu	l ag	275	ν γ J
	Quarts of	1874.	1874.	sladene Bushels 1874.	1874.	1875.	1875.
Barrington		00.075	0001			04.000	\$2,408
Bristol	2,537 $1,915$		\$361 4,609		4	$\$4,026 \\ 9,532$	4,642
Warren		1,000		80		5,780	1,811
Bristol County	5,152	3,435	4,970	173	4	19,338	8,861
Coventry	1,235	1,432		187	860	11,076	4,941
East Greenwich	582			86	70	8,004	3,092
West Greenwich	1,485			397	1,469	10,927	3,927
Warwick	4,291	22,656	182	82	500	22,168	10,245
KENT COUNTY	7,593	27,416	182	752	3,599	52,175	22,205
Jamestown		360		1		8,203	2,682
Little Compton	850			119	34	32,470	15,380
Middletown	6,012	143		113		14.445	7,091
New Shoreham	0,012			42	1	17,261	6,133
Portsmouth	23,450	2,004	5,264			23,030	10,855
Tiverton	2,000	2,800		27		21,230	7,790
Towns, Newport Co	32,312	5,377	${5,264}$	203	35	116,639	49,931
NEWPORT CITY	325	17,250	24	8		1,700	990
Burrillville	400	3,275		0=	con	0.000	2 900
Cranston	40,434	52,245		$\frac{65}{172}$	$639 \\ 205$	9,029 $11,118$	$3,290 \\ 4,487$
Cumberland	3,999	1,265		125	342	14,034	6,135
East Providence	37,100	8,682	3,004	89.	27	4,417	1,886
Foster	1,178	6,646	8	382	512	19,167	5,739
Glocester	8,104	1,502	5	232	611	15,145	5,722
Johnston	12,350	27,470		3	1,600	22,734	7,176
Lincoln	600	10,579		40	199	8,410	2,753
North Providence	4,512	1,710		8	100	3,855	2,289
North Smithfield	705	1,011	10	149	896	7,209	3,527
Pawtucket	17,225	332		15		1,026	797
Scitnate	1,558	1,020	3	313	175	16,982	8,810
Smithfield	2,650	2,897		25	215	10,575	4,231
Woonsocket		390	••••	6		1,023	500
Towns, Providence Co	130,815	119,024	3,030	1,624	5,521	144,724	57,342
PROVIDENCE CITY	18,200	29,855		33		3,800	1,617
Charlestown			65	203	385	15,899	3,671
Exeter		25		197	1,440	13,956	4,382
Hopkinton	8,075	800		54	226	6,622	2,626
North Kiugstown	6,157	9,277	3,072	93	654	28,412	9,339
South Kingstown	1,100	300	5	29	508	39,261	11,645
Richmond	50	50		80	2,970	10,360	2,750
Westerly	1,070	800		32	483	8,382	$\frac{2,730}{2,597}$
Washington County	16,452	I1,252	3,142	688	6,666	122,892	37,010
WHOLE STATE	210,849	213,609	16,612	3,481	15,825	461,268	177,956
W + C 2 2142 2 2 2							

^{*} See additional special statistics at the end of this table.

TABLE XXXI.—AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.—CONCLUDED.

	WOOL.	BEES.	*Honey	PEAT.	Farm Products.	Forest Products.	Fertiliz'rs and
	ar J.		ar 1.	а 1.	Tioducts.	Touries.	Manures.
TOWNS AND	yea		ye	lye nne	nd of		
	Pounds of, year ending June 1.	Swarms of, June 1.	Pounds of, year ending June 1.	Cords dug, year ending June 1.	Total value of all, year end-	year	
DIVISIONS	ls ng	ns e 1	ds	ng u	Va Va Tun	Þ. 80-i	alue bought.
OF THE STATE.	ngi	aria un	ngn	l di	E . 20	falue, y ending June I	Value bougl
	Po	د ﴿	Po	\(\overline{2}{9} \overline{9} \)	E E E	Fe al	N Q
	1875.	1875.	1875.	1875.	1875.	1875.	1875.
Barrington	1	29	54	626	\$80,428	\$1,662	\$4,947
Bristol	616					Ψ1,002	4,716
Warren	50				59,728	555	3,075
							
Bristol County	667	72	204	746	289,832	2,217	12,738
Coventry	553	66	1,085		147,707	13,765	317
East Greenwich	365	47			80,962	9,260	1,295
West Greenwich	857	45	443		96,418	24,722	204
Warwick	1,158			176	288,072	4,722	6,145
KENT COUNTY	2,933	223	1,995	188	613,159	$\frac{-}{52,469}$	7,961
						· ·	
Jamestown	4,185				61,139	70	562
Little Compton	4,491				141,446	10,285	3,160
Middletown	4,414		319		186,775		9,511
New Shoreham	4,883		• • • • • •	544	102,615		92
Portsmouth	3,680						5,616
Tiverton	1,353	51	787		150,606	14,686	1,718
Towns, Newport Co	23,006	250	2,411	544	871,353	25,041	20,659
NEWPORT CITY	450				34,275		2,499
Burrillville	417	34	803		117,681	21,186	1,803
Cranston	61	47	714		222,702	11,002	17,672
Cumberland	87	42	618	4	251,468	9,280	1,862
East Providence	10	49	160	100	104,537	1,190	4,157
Foster	1,815	102	1,485		142,066	3,928	217
Glocester	504	84	635		150,014	10,149	1,580
Johnston		44	1,665		286,517	14,361	9,586
Lincoln	93	51	201	35	148,432	16,773	2,175
North Providence		4			63,649	840	
North Smithfield	25	23	350		124,275	5,861	677
Pawtucket	'	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •		20,681		1,302
Scituate	273	98		• • • • • •	179,735	17,685	5,960
Smithfield	130	29	400		153,006	11,048	1,354
Woonsocket	10	9	25	• • • • • •	38,012	3,040	1,595
Towns, Providence Co.	3,425	616	8,062	142	2,002,775	126,343	49,940
PROVIDENCE CITY	6	30	275		92,070	394	5,905.
Charlestown	2,641	49	1,124	384	46,849	4,056	1,707
Exeter	3,512	79	305	32	129,301	14,326	847
Hopkinton	1,203	65	1,405	25	93,894	2,587	2,176
North Kingstown	4,775	97	821	535	219,524	9,968	5,875
South Kingstown	6,273	48	880	29	245,652	5,222	2,103
Richmond	2,709	62	730	39	69,142	3,528	1,919
Westerly	946	30	65		73,437	915	1,094
Washington County	${22,059}$	430	5,330	1,044	877,799	40,602	15,721
WHOLE STATE	52,546	1,621	18,277	2,664	4,781,263	247,066	115,423:

⁽¹²⁾

^{*} See additional special statistics at the end of this table.

ADDITIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.

In addition to the agricultural statistics given in the preceding tables, various items of information were obtained by the census, relating to the agricultural and horticultural interests of the State, which are here given as reported. The inquiries were not made in all the towns, and in other towns it is evident the facts were not all obtained. Of course the statistics must be considered imperfect, though they seem to be of sufficient interest to warrant their publication.

TOWNS.	Cabbages.	Tomutoes.	Squashes.	Buckwhent	TOWNS.	Cabbages.	Tomatoes.	Squashes.	Buckwheat
	Heads.	Bush.	Pou'ds.	Bush		Heads.	Bush.	Pounds.	Bush
E. Greenwich. W. Greenwich Warwick* Little Compton Middletown Portsmouth Tiverton Cranstou Cumberland	$egin{array}{c} 5,650 \\ 2,819 \\ 21,700 \\ 13,675 \\ 11.000 \\ 15,800 \\ 21,200 \\ 46,250 \\ 3,000 \\ 80,000 \\ \end{array}$	235 25 410 1,100 20 2,000	12.000 4,000 75,000	8	Glocester Johnston Lincoln Pawtucket Scituate Smithfield N. Smithfield Prov. City Hopkinton S. Kingstown. Westerly Total	23.450 20,100 12,600 46.600 3,000 5.095	7,050 255 52 3,325	25,000 3,500	6

^{*} Warwick also reports 45 dollars' worth of Cabbage plants, and 300 dollars' worth of Tomato plants.

A few towns report the value of the following vegetables:

TOWNS.	Asparagus.	Lettuce.	TOWNS.	Анрагадин.	Celery.	Lettuce.	Spinnach.
Cranston E. Provideuce, Pawtucket Portsmouth		50	Providence Warwick	540	400	140	·

ADDITIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.—Continued.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BEETS —Bristol reports 645 bushels;* Cranston 560 dollars' worth; and Warwick 250 dollars' worth.

Burden's Grass, or R. I. Bent Seed.—Jamestown reports 492 dollars' worth. Butter, Milk and Cream.—Middletown reports 5,778 dollars' worth; Scituate 150 dollars' worth of cream.

Carrots -Bristol reports 10,470 bushels. *

CAULIFLOWERS.—Providence city reports 350 dollars' worth; Warwick, 2,000 cauliflowers.

CHERRIES.—Glocester reports 60 dollars' worth; Johnston, 8 dollars' worth.

Chestnuts.—Glocester reports 40 dollars' worth.

Cranberries.-Cranston reports 350 dollars' worth,

Cucumbers.—Cranston reports 3,000 dollars' worth; also, 12,000 dollars' worth of pickled cucumbers; Providence city reports 500 dollars' worth.

Currants.-Johnston reports 103 dollars' worth.

Garlicks -Bristol reports 500 bushels.

GOOSEBERRIES - Johnston reports 103 dollars' worth.

Grapes and grape vines.—Johnston reports 2,000 pounds of grapes and 1,200 grape vines sold; Middletown, 695 dollars' worth of grapes; North Smithfield 200 dollars' worth.

Green Corn.—Cranston reports 1,000 dollars' worth; Pawtucket 30 dollars' worth; Warwick, 5,360 dozen.

Honey.-Bristol reports 50 pounds.*

Melons.—Providence city reports 200 dollars' worth; Warwick, 100 dollars' worth.

MILLET.—Scituate reports 4 tons.

Onions.—Bristol reports 8,319 bushels *

Parsley.-Providence city reports 125 dollars' worth.

Parsnips.—Burrillville reports 30 bushels; Bristol 75 bushels.

Peaches and Pears.—Warwick reports 400 dollars' worth; Foster 300 bushels of peaches; and Johnston 14 dollars' worth of pears.

Peas.—Cranston reports 1,000 dollars' worth.

PEAT.—New Shoreham is the only town that reports peat dug for fuel.

Peppers.—Bristol reports 12 bushels.

POTATOES.—Bristol reports 610 bushels.*

Radishes.-Providence city reports 11,500; and Warwick 200 dollars' worth.

Raspberries. - Johnston reports 86 dollars' worth.

Rhubarb.—Lincoln reports 500 pounds; and Providence city 150 dollars' worth.

Strawberries.—Cranston reports 2,200 dollars' worth.

STRING BEANS.—Cranston reports 700 dollars' worth.

SWEET CORN.—Smithfield reports 50 bushels.

Tobacco.—Tiverton reports 500 pounds, worth 175 dollars.

Turnips.—Bristol reports 610 bushels;* and Warwick 300 dollars' worth sold in bunches

VEGETABLES.—Middletown reports 890 dollars' worth of vegetables; Providence city 700 dollars' worth.

Whortleberries.—Foster reports 375 bushels.

^{*} Raised, not on farms, but by persons planting from one-quarter of an acre to an acre of land-

ADDITIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.-Concluded.

GREEN-HOUSES.

The following statistics have been obtained from *nineteen* green-houses in Providence city:

Capital invested	\$80,700
Value of grounds	\$190,740
Surface of glass	. 86,484 square feet.
Value of flowers sold in one year	
Value of bedding Plants	
Value of vegetable plants*	
Gardening work to the amount of	

Nearly all use hot water for purposes of heating; two use hot-air flues; and one house uses both.

One house reports plants shipped to Texas, Iowa, Minnesota, and Prince Edward's Island. Another about 400 Orange trees grown and shipped to Florida, which were much more hardy than the southern trees.

A few returns have been received from other towns, as follows:

Burrillville.—Value sold from hot-houses, \$3,000.

Coventry.—Cut flowers and plants, \$500.

Middletown.—600 flowering plants; 1,000 dollars' worth of rose-buds; and \$3,500 dollars' worth of flowers and plants.

Returns have been received from only two Nurseries in the State. These report 25,000 dollars' worth of Trees, Shrubs, &c., sold.

^{*} One house reports vegetables sold to the amount of \$1,000.

TABLE XXXII. Showing the number and value of Horses and Cows not on Farms.

	но	RSES.	cc	ws.
TOWNS.	Numb'r	Value.	Numb'r	Value.
Barrington	42	\$7,560	 15	
Bristol	167	30,300	39	2,560
Coventry	135	16,585	22	1,077
East Greenwich	91	14,035	24	1,196
Warwick	97	15,220	12	613
Little Compton	25	5,000	6	300
Portsmouth	4	700	10	510
Tiverton	18	3,200	4	199
NEWPORT CITY	2,156	527,160	359	18,495
Burrillville	262	39,935	67	3,216
Cranston	379	37,955	14	683
East Providence	234	29,875	14	685
Johnston	373	63,420	41	2,310
North Smithfield	36	5,850		
Pawtucket	1,158	225,385	157	8,346
Scituate	169	20,730		346
Smithfield	117	17,810		353
Woonsocket	435	75,940		
PROVIDENCE CITY	5,123	$1,\!174,\!320$	367	18,648
Hopkinton	165	25,655	53	. 2,580
North Kingstown		11,675		2,060
South Kingstown	139	25,050		1,182
Richmond	46	4,800		
Westerly	257	43,475	176	11,760

	н	ORSES.	co	ws.
COUNTIES AND STATE.	Numb'r	Value.	Numb'r	Value.
BRISTOL COUNTY	209	\$37,860		\$3,310
KENT COUNTY				2,886
NEWPORT COUNTY	2,203	536,060	379	19,504
PROVIDENCE COUNTY	8,286	1,691,220	740	39,170
Washington County	690	110,655	314	18,783
WHOLE STATE	11,711	\$2,421,635	1,545	\$83,653
	'	1 " '		

TABLE XXXIII.—AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS. Showing the number and size of the Farms in each town and county in the State.

TOWNS AND DIVISIONS OF THE STATE.	Whole No. of Farms.	1 acre and under 3.	3 and under 10.	10 and under 20.	20 and under 50.	50 and under 100.
Barrington. Bristol. Warren.	120 138 83	6 25 1	27 35 22	33 16 15	30 28 25	15 21 16
Bristol County	341	32	84	64	83	52
Coventry. East Greenwich. West Greenwich. Warwick.	298 138 215 302	2 1 3	18 10 2 46	23 13 3 48	67 31 31 77	95 54 86 66
KENT COUNTY	953	6	76	87	206	301
Jamestown Little Compton Middletown New Shoreham Portsmouth Tiverton	59 198 143 159 240 232	1 2 23	10 8 18 23 52 35	6 29 20 52 37 52	6 72 53 64 66 65	14 59 35 14 57 45
Towns, Newport County	1,031	6	146	196	326	224
NEWPORT CITY	31	5	5	2	7	7
Burrillville Cranston Cumberland East Providence Foster Glocester Johnston Lincoln North Providence North Smithfield Pawtucket Seituate Smithfield Woonsocket	19.5 15.8 214 109 303 321; 226, 139 47; 191; 34 373 146	3 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 2	12 17 15 25 1 15 26 21 1 25 8 29 10	12 17 22 19 5 5 22 42 9 11 24 9 26 18	39 34 63 35 58 88 69 41 16 54 10 105 34	71 41 70 20 144 122 55 86 13 51 4 117 40 12
Towns, Providence County	2,485	18	206	240	653	796
PROVIDENCE CITY	57	1	14	10	16	9
Charlestown Exeter. Hopkinton North Kingstown South Kingstown Richmond Westerly.	117 263 183 284 326 164 128	2 1	3 4 10 12 8 5 11	5 11 32 28 8 7	13 35 32 68 65 16 26	37 77 54 84 97 41 28
Washington County	1,465	3	53	91	2 55	418
WHOLE STATE	6,363	71	584	690	1,546	1,807

TABLE XXXIII.—AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS—CONTINUED. Showing the number and size of the Farms in each town and county in the State.

Johnston							
Bristol	TOWNS AND DIVISIONS OF THE STATE.	100 and under 200.	200 and under 300.	300 and under 400.	400 and under 500.	500 and under 1,000.	1,000 and over.
Bristol	Barrington						
Coventry	Bristol	12			• • • • •	•••••	•••••
East Greenwich 26 3 <td< td=""><td>Bristol County</td><td>24</td><td>••••</td><td>2</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Bristol County	24	••••	2			
Jamestown	East Greenwich	26 67	3 16			2	
Little Compton 24 3 1 1 Middletown 12 3 1 1 New Shorcham 4 2 2 2 Portsmouth 17 2 2 2 2 Tiverton 27 5 1 1 1 Towns, Newport Co 100 21 5 4 3 Newport City 4 1 1 1 Newport City 4 1 1 1 Newport City 4 1 1 1 Rest 8 5 2 4 Cranston 34 11 1 1 Cranston 34 11 1 1 2 East Providence 7 7 7 4 1 2 4 1 2 4 1 2 4 1 2 4 1 2 4 1 3 4 1<	Kent County	214	40	14		7	
Towns, NewPort Co. 100 21 5 4 3 NewPort City. 4	Little Compton	24 12 4 17	3 3 2 2	1 2	2	_	
NewPort City							
Burrillville			ļ		_		
Hopkinton 63 10 2 1 North Kingstown 67 17 3 1 South Kingstown 98 19 7 1 2 Richmond 58 23 9 3 1 Westerly 43 6 4 2 1 WASHINGTON COUNTY 466 128 33 11 7	Cranston Cumberland East Providence Foster Gloeester Johnston Lincoln North Providence North Smithfield Pawtucket Scituate Smithfield Woonsocket Towns, Providence County Providence City Charlestown	34 37 7 87 80 26 23 6 28 1 82 37 5 472 6	8 4 	3 2 21	1 1 1 1 1 7 2 2	2 8	1
South Kingstown 98 19 7 1 2 Richmond 58 23 9 3 1 Westerly 43 6 4 2 1 WASHINGTON COUNTY 466 128 33 11 7	Hopkinton	63	10	2		i	
	Richmond	98 58	19 23	9	3	2	
WHOLE STATE 1,286 252 75 25 25	WASHINGTON COUNTY	466	128	33	11	7	
	WHOLE STATE	1,286	252	75	25	25	2

NOTE.

The preceding table shows the number of farms reported in the State. The number and size of the farms of 500 acres and over, included in the table, are as follows:

Coventry, one farm, 512 acres; one, 720.

West Greenwich, one farm, 503 acres; one, 765.

Warwick, one farm, 600 acres; one, 750; one, 785.

Portsmouth, one farm, 510 acres; one, 512.

Tiverton, one farm, 776 acres.

Burrillville, one farm, 512 acres; one, 520; one, 542; one, 700.

Cumberland, one farm, 614 acres; one, 732.

Glocester, one farm, 1,150 acres.

North Smithfield, one farm, 1,080 acres.

Scituate, one farm, 593 acres; one, 650.

Charlestown, one farm, 765 acres.

Exeter, one farm, 554 acres.

Hopkinton, one farm, 600 acres.

South Kingstown, one farm, 597 acres; one, 698.

Richmond, one farm, 716 acres.

Westerly, one farm, 565 acres.

Whole number, 27.

CENSUS OF RHODE ISLAND,

JUNE 1, 1875.

TABLES.

PART III.

FISHERIES AND SHORE STATISTICS.

TABLE XXXIV.—FISHERIES AND SHORE STATISTICS. Showing the Statistics of the Fisheries and Shore Farms in Rhode Island, for the year ending June 1, 1875.

		_					
		SA	LT H	AY.	SI	EA DRI	FT.
TOWNS.	Salt Marsh.	Tons.	Average value per ton.	Total value.	Cords.	Average value per cord.	Total value.
Barrington	349	340	812.0	184,058	1,393	S1 43	\$1,997
Bristol	101	118					
Warren	19	11					
East Greenwich	5	5	13 2	66	1	1 00	1
Warwick	173	146	9 7				1,421
Jamestown	69	18	46	7 84	2.173	1 00	2,177
Little Compton	44	22				1 00	12,850
Middletown	10		10 0				
NEWPORT CITY					305		458
New Shoreham	!	'			6,444		12,838
Portsmonth	271	195	10 1				3,639
Tiverton	163	85	9 5	814	95	2 32	220
Cranston	6	15	5 0	0 75	20	2 00	40
East Providence	2	5	11 1				$\frac{1}{2}$
PROVIDENCE CITY	29	86					
Charlestown	300	154					1.116
North Kingstown	436	317			2.654	1 15	3.046
South Kingstown	361	115				1 69	12.768
Westerly	168	77	7.7	3 595	964	1 02	980

		SA	LT HA	Υ.	SE	EA DRIFT.			
COUNTIES AND STATE.	Acres.	Tons.	Average value per fon.	Total value.	Cordн.	Average value per cord.	Total value.		
BRISTOL COUNTY	469	469	\$11 49	\$5,387	3,484	82 12	87,382		
KENT COUNTY	178	151	9 84	1,486	1,329	-1.07	1.422		
NEWPORT COUNTY	557	328	9 66	3,170	23,253	1 38	32,182		
PROVIDENCE COUNTY	37	106	9 29	985	34	1 82	62		
Washington County	1,265	663	7 86	$^{15.208}$	11,665	1 54	17,910		
WHOLE STATE	2,506	1,717	9 46	16,236	39,765	1 48	58,958		

TABLE XXXIV.—FISHERIES AND SHORE STATISTICS.—CONTINUED.

		SEINEI IANURI			SEINE AND GI	- 1		NED AND OR FOOD	
TOWNS.	Barrels.	Average value per barrel.	Total value.	Barrels.	Average value per barrel.	Total value.	Pounds.	Average value per pound.	Total value.
Barrington	330		\$101				9,530		\$953
Bristol	100	, 35	35		 .		53,320		
Warren			•••••		· · · · ·		200	.10	370
E. Greenwich	200	.30	60				43 100	.05 6-10	2,425
Warwick	3,240		1,084				99,250		
Jamestown	126		29				61,700	.01 7-10	
Little Compton	,	.25	750	22,000	\$0.60	\$13,200	3,003,750	.05	150,350
Middletown					• • • •				
NEWPORT CITY			1,625	1,000	1.25	,		.04 3-10	
New Shoreham				100.000		••••	1,067,810	.03 9-10	
Portsmouth				106,000					7,700
Tiverton	300	.25	75	115,000	.41	47,200	1,653,000	.01 8-10	29,100
Cranston						 - .	85 600	.02 8-10	2,450
							00,000	102 0-10	2,100
Prov City									
- ALD CALL III		••••		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				•••••	
Charlestown	3.350	.99	3.316				313,200	.01 9-10	6,483
N. Kingstown	400						83,700		
S. Kingstown.							496,000		
Westerly						• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	188,500		

		SEINEI IANURI	FOR E.			ED FOR UANO.	FISH SEC	NED AND OR FOOD	
COUNTIES AND STATE.	Barrels.	Average value per barrel.	Total value.	Barrels.	Average value per barrel.	Total value.	Pounds.	Average value per pound.	Total value.
Bristol Co	430	\$0.32	\$136				63,050	.06 2-10	\$3,907
KENT COUNTY		W	1,144				142,350		8,787
NEWPORT CO.	3,926		2,479	244,000	\$0.41	\$100,550	6,368,460	.04	255,663
Prov. Co		.63					85,600	.02 9-10	
Washg'n Co	13,944	2.40	33,475		 .	. • • • • •	1,081,400	.02 6-10	27,627
WHOLE STATE	21,740	1.71	37,234	244,000	.41	\$100,550	7,740,860	.03 9-10	\$298,434

TABLE XXXIV.—FISHERIES AND SHORE STATISTICS.—CONTINUED.

			SHI	ELL FISE	[.		Shell
TOWNS.		ė,	zź.	ors	TERS.	ž.	ie of all
10426.	Clams.	Qualings.	Scallops.	Bushels	Bushels	Lорксегя.	Total value of all Shell Fish,
	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	panion		Pounds.	<u> </u>
Barrington	5,030	1,562	75	58,550	105,910		8260,451
Bristol	4,123	587	14.679			3,400	26,813
Warren	130	1 41	112	80	200	500	641
East Greenwich	1.247	660	20,650		10		7,440
Warwick	18,546	3,144	24,240	5,000	4,812	50	43,135
Jamestown	66	48				26,425	1,022
Little Compton	10	10				2.000	128
3 Gd dlot array		1	1				11.509
NEWPORT CITY New Shoreham	1,010	502	19			324,000	14,505
Portsmouth	2,825	625					3,450
Tiverton						· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	150
Cranston	15.370	3.160	7.325	58,500	65,600		104,200
East Providence				108,000	130,600		140,900
PROVIDENCE CITY	20	20		169,650	188,951		190,263
Charlestown	173				534		632
North Kingstown	18,455	4,935	5,400	10	45	3,700	25,567
South Kingstown	50			,		3,000	150
Westerly	350			75	125	14,000	1.180

			SHE	LL FISH			Shell
COUNTIES AND STATE.		6.	ri.	orsi	ERS.	ġ.	value of all Shel
COUNTES AND STATE.	Clams.	Quahogs.	Scallops.	Bushels	Bushels	Lobsters	Total value Fish.
	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	_		Pounds.	Ě
Bristol County	9,283		14,866		106,110	3,900	\$287,905
KENT COUNTY	19,793	3,804	44,890	5,000	4,822	50	50.575
NEWPORT COUNTY	3,986	1,185	75			352,425	19,253
PROVIDENCE COUNTY	15,390	3,180	7,325	336,150	385,151		440.418
Washington County	19,028	4,935	5,400	85	704	20,700	27,529
WHOLE STATE	67,480	15,294	72,556	399,865	496,787	377,075	8825,675

TABLE XXXIV.—FISHERIES AND SHORE STATISTICS.—CONTINUED.

	RANGE OF PRICES IN EACH TOWN.										
TOWNS.	SALT PER	HAY TON.	SEA I	ORIFT CORD.	MAN	FOR URE BBL.	OIL GUA	FOR AND ANO BBL.	FOR OD		
	Fr'm dolls	To dolls	Fr'm dolls	To dolls	Fr'm dolls	To dolls	Fr'm dolls		Fr'm cts.	To cts.	
Barrington	1.00	15.00									
Bristol Warren	12.00	10.00 15.00	$\begin{bmatrix} 2.00 \\ 2.00 \end{bmatrix}$	$\frac{6.00}{2.50}$		$\begin{vmatrix} .35 \\ \end{vmatrix}$			03	.10	
East Greenwich	12.00 8.00									.10	
Jamestown		5.00									
Little Compton	8.00	10.00	.50	1.00		.25	.25	.80	.03	.05	
NewPort City New Shoreham				1.50		1.25°		<i>.</i>	.02	. 10	
Portsmouth	[6.00]	$12.00 \\ 12.00$	1.00	4.00			.35	.45			
Cranston		5.00		2.00					.02	.10	
East Providence		$12.00 \\ 10.00$									
Charlestown		8.00				1.00					
North Kingstown South Kingstown Westerly	5.00	7.00	50	$\frac{2.00}{2.00}$.25	30			$\begin{bmatrix} .02 \\ .01 \end{bmatrix}$	0.042	

					_						
	RANGE OF PRICES IN EACH TOWN.										
COUNTIES AND STATE.			SEA I PER C		MAN	ISH FOR OIL AND GUANO PER BBL.		FISH FO	OD		
	Fr'm dolls	To dolls			Fr'm dolls				Fr'm cts.	To ets.	
BRISTOL COUNTY KENT COUNTY NEWPORT COUNTY PROVIDENCE COUNTY WASHINGTON COUNTY	1.00 8.00 3.00 5.00 2.00	15.00 12.00 12.00	$1.00 \\ .50 \\ 1.00$	$\frac{3.00}{4.00}$.30	$\begin{array}{c} .35 \\ 1.25 \\ \dots \end{array}$.80	.007	.10	
WHOLE STATE	1.00	15.00	.50	6.00	.20	3.00	.25	.80	.002	.10	

The situation and natural features of the State of Rhode Island are, of themselves, sufficient evidence that the statistics of the fisheries, and of the farms bordering upon the tide water, must be of considerable importance. We find them, therefore, to be of importance actually, and especially in their relations to the size of the State.

Thus, the State with a total area of only a little over 1,000 square miles, and with a continental shore-line of only 45 miles, has 320 miles of shore washed by the ebbing and flowing tides. Five of the thirty-six towns in the State are situated on islands.

"The bays embraced within the State abound with fish, many kinds of which are excellent for food, while others are used for the manufacture of fish-oil and for manures. The shores and shoals of these bays, and of the numerous and extensive salt ponds near the southern coast, abound with shell-fish. Besides this, every ebbing tide leaves, on almost every portion of these shores, a rich and valuable deposit of sea-weed and drift."

The "Rhode Island Society for the Encouragement of Domestic Industry" first attempted to obtain the statistics of fisheries and shore farms, in connection with the United States Census of 1860. The returns were incomplete, though sufficient to show the importance of the subject.

In the State Census of 1865, blanks were used for these statistics, and the returns were published. The results were much more full than were obtained in 1860, though still evidently incomplete. The total value of the products of fisheries and shore farms, for the year ending June 1, 1865, was \$422,412.

The returns of the State Census of 1875, of these statistics, are given in the preceding pages. The total value of the products of fisheries and shore farms, as obtained by this Census, is \$1,337,087, showing a large increase over that of previous Censuses. For reasons obvious on reflection, the collection of these statistics has many and peculiar difficulties. The influence of these difficulties, and their effect upon the results, will be considered in another place.

The following is a list of the different kinds of fish caught for food, in the salt waters of the State, as reported in the Census of June 1, 1875:

Alewives,
Bass,
Black-fish,
Blue-fish, (Horse-Mackerel,)
Bonito,
Buckeyes,
Cod-fish,
Eels,
Flat-fish,

Flounders, Frost-fish, Haddock, Herring, Mackerel, Menhaden, Perch, Pollock, Scup, Sea-bass,
Shad,
Sheep's-head,
Smelts,
Spanish-mackerel,
Squeteague, (Weak-fish,)
Tautog,
Yellow-fin.

CENSUS OF RHODE ISLAND,

JUNE 1, 1875.

TABLES.

PART IV.

STATISTICS OF MANUFACTURES.

TABLE XXXV.—General Manufacturing Statistics. Showing the Statistics of all the Manufactures of every description in each town and county in the State, for the year ending June 1, 1875.

								<u> </u>
TOWNS AND	Number of establishments	Value of	Value of		EAM GINES.	Boilers.		ATER HEELS.
DIVISIONS	15.1		Tools and		. <u> </u>			<u>ا</u> د ا
OF THE STATE.	Numl	Real Estate.	Machinery.	No.	Horse Power.	Steam	No.	Horse Power.
Barrington	${2}$	\$75,000	\$50,000	2	60	2		
Bristol	61	354,500		11	840	42	1	4
Warren	31	437,100	646,730	10	1,375	67		
Bristol County	94	866,600	1,017,680	23	2,275	111	1	4
Coventry	41	996,000	626,925	16	644	33	32	1,724
East Greenwich	25	219.050	270.360	10	496	44	8	205
West Greenwich	23	43,050		2	92	2	18	289
Warwick	48	1,916,800	1,789,375	33	1,675	87	29	2,790
KENT COUNTY	137	3,174,900	2,712,285	61	2,907	166	87	5,008
Jamestown	8	5,800	1,340	1	5	1		
Little Compton	6	9,000]		
Middletown							٠	
New Shoreham	12	7,900						
Portsmouth	6	16,300		8	245			
Tiverton	14	11,700	16,900	4	47	9	4	130
Towns, Newport Co	46	50,700	55,225	13	297	25	4	130
NEWPORT CITY	87	519,400	186,508	23	651	39		
Burrillville	31	884,150	576,100	10	800	38	30	1,513
Cranston	9	637,000		7	725	54		30
Cumberland	34	1,066,216	704,028	8	1,050		15	975
East Providence	18	263,800		8	200			
Foster	28	16,125	4,342				17	215
Glocester	10	92,600		1	30	4	6	245
Johnston	13	309,000	301,200	6	600	25		315
Lincoln	62	2,717,766		27	2,362	52	25	3,242
North Providence	9	203,000	146,200	6	383	10	9	402
North Smithfield	10 187	292,000		1	75	4	8	870
Pawtucket Scitnate	37	2,563,930 376,900	2,129,997	58	4,662	113		1,340
Smithfield	22	830,550	$349,540 \\ 556,800$	6	114	10	27	1,381
Woonsocket	60	2,651,733		$\frac{8}{23}$	$\begin{array}{ c c c } 1,072 \\ 3,203 \end{array}$	38 71	20 28	
Towns, Providence Co	530	12,904,770		—	15,276		<u>-</u>	14,753
Providence City	940	8,821,597	, ,,		11,511	431		196
				101	11,011	401	ا ع	156
Charlestown	10	11,400	-,				6	123
Exeter	16	7,425			25	1	9	119
Hopkinton	31	349,150		3	65	7	24	680
North Kingstown	37	281,850		11	330		16	350
South Kingstown	30	224,400		4		6	12	215
Richmond	26	338,700		4			29	638
Westerly	35	561,000	389,225	17	479	30	19	355
WASHINGTON COUNTY	185	1,773,925	1,246,428	40	1,324	74	115	2,480
WHOLE STATE	2,019	28,111,892	21,830,979	523	34,241	$ _{1,308}$	460	$ _{22,571}$

TABLE XXXV.—General Manufacturing Statistics —Continued. Showing the Statistics of all the Manufactures of every description, in each town and county in the State, for the year ending June 1, 1875.

	77.4	NIDO TI	MPLOY	ED			
TOWNS AND	HA	NDS E	MPLO1.	ED.	Total	Value	Value
DIVISIONS	MAL	ES.	FEMA	LES.	Amount of	of all	of all
OF THE STATE.	Under 15 y'rs.	15 and over.	Under 15 yr's.	15 and over.	Wages.	Materials.	Products.
Barrington	. 100	111			\$40,842	\$17,483	\$91,364
Bristol	53	910	32	493	562,177	1,763,574	2,976,600
Warren	104	515	93	466	374,218	897,340	1,452,485
BRISTOL COUNTY.	257	1,536	125	959	977,237	2,678,397	4,520,449
Coventry	123	597	87	454	432,566	936,542	1,587,850
East Greenwich	45	228	52	177	173,682	1,144,146	1,401,651
West Greenwich	6	79	2 2	10	27,428	103,972	158,020
Warwick	382	1,541	322	1,137	1,108,313	7,830,744	10,161,196
KENT COUNTY	556	2,445	463	1,778	1,741,989	10,015,404	13,308,717
Jamestown		15	II.		4,020	14,694	24,660
Little Compton		7			2,200	3,999	7,295
Middletown					4.00*	74.000	00.416
New Shoreham		20			4,225		30,416
Portsmouth		136	II.		45,900	245,323	$319,500 \\ 121,618$
		84			11,115	77,382	121,010
Towns, New-		262			67,460	355,407	503,489
NEWPORT CITY	36	592	8	215	399,232	794,015	1,614,245
Burrillville	143	917	99	469	575,796	1,354,798	2,467,433
Cranston	129	858	54		435,693	3,930,926	5,120,024
Cumberland	126		76		448,769		1,579,561
East Providence	4			75	237,748		1,213,802
Foster		49	11	2	,		39,478
Glocester	12		8				501,587
Johnstou	26				173,120		723,750
Lincoln	426		355		1,593,012		5,168,284
North Providence.	31						846,419
North Smithfield			_28		/		676,509
Pawtucket	346						17,504,029
Scituate	75		39			573,295	926,510
Smithfield	145	1	146				2,178,549
Woonsocket	511	2,261	349	2,037	$\frac{1,742,576}{-}$	5,797,577	8,920,667
Towns, Prov. Co.	2,013	11,729	1,398	8,101	8,596,537	30,517,832	47,866,600
PROVIDENCE CITY.	877	14,910	500	3,984	10,337,149	28,840,492	52,782,873
Charlestown		13		1	2,291	7,935	13,294
Exeter		32		1			21,755
Hopkinton	17	312	52	141	216,107		885,143
North Kingstown	23	291	14	228		701,738	1,081,750
South Kingstown .	38	273	26	143			854,860
Richmond	23	298	21	208			953,41
Westerly	39	1,191	24				2,253,28
Washington Co	140	2,410	137	1,019	1,587,909	3,514,423	6,063,498
WHOLE STATE	3,879	33,884	2,631	$ _{16,056}$	23,707,513	76,715,970	126,659,878

TABLE XXXVI.—General Manufactures.—A. to H. Showing the statistics of the Manufactures in the State, BY INDUSTRIES, for the year ending June 1, 1875.

	umber of places where each indus- try is carried on.		Value of	Po	WER.
MECHANICAL AND	places h indu ried on	Value of			1 1
MANUFACTURING		Deal	Tools		
TAID TO TO TO LO	5 5 g	Real	and Ma-		
INDUSTRIES.	is is	Estate.	chinery.	يو ا ن وا	i i
	Number of where car try is car			Wind. Horse.	Water.
	<u> </u>	001.050	AF 1100		
gricultural implementswnings and sails	5	\$21,250	\$5,300 625		ļ
akery products	34	134,800	31,285		
asketselting and lace leather	5	200 188,938	9 55, 7 65	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1
lacksmithing	124	91,400	44,535		3
leacheries	7	829,117	544,000	'. .	
oats	17	21.050	4,590		
obbins and spoolsook-binding and blank-book making	11	72,000	43,400		4
note and shoes	85	15,750	20.375		i
oxes and bags, paper	7	4,000			
OYAS CICOP	2 5	180	375		
oxes, packing	3	52.000	27,500		1
rass castings	4	9,550	3.100		
rooms and brushes	8	2 600			
utchering	15	10,000	4,000		
ane-seating	2				ļ¦
ard-boardard-boardsarpentering and building	108	30,000 246,853	25,000		
o write cres	106	223 642	48,985		13
ement l'ipe	3	4,000	10,000		
harcoal and pyroligneous acid	.3	7,650	3,150		
ider	14 69	2,500 14,600	1,175	15	
igarslothing	68	11,200	15 470		
oal mines	2	10,400	1 .000		أدددا
offee and spices	3	5,000	9 000		.]
offins and coffin trimmingsoncrete paving	5 4	5,500	2,500		1
onfectionery and ice-cream	32	23,100			
Ooners de	6	23,300	2,675		
op-tubes, paper	5		36,247		
ofton Manufacturesentistry, meehanical	128 20	12,211,205	9,255,094		
oor-mats	20		800		
rngs and chemicals	7	428,700	108,000		i
yeing and bleaching	9	65,000	40,900		
nameling and japanning	7	11,000	2,700		. 1
ngraving and stencil cuttingxtraets and essences	3 2	1,000			
ertilizers and glue stock	3	20,000	6.800		
ire department supplies	2	20,000	22,000		
urnitare and upholstery	18	99,800	38,790		1 1
as, illuminatingas-fixtures and brass-work	7	1,220,140	165,000		
as-nxtures and brass-workold and silver refining	3 5		28,495	,	
ranite and marble-work	26	50,000 116,700	21 650		
rist-mil s	63	154.150		5	41
air-cloth	3	190.000	95,000		. 3
arnesses and reeds, weavers'	5	40,000	68,650		1 -1**

TABLE XXXVI.—General Manufactures.—A. to H.—Continued. Showing the statistics of the Manufactures in the State, BY INDUSTRIES, for the year ending June 1, 1875.

		TEAM GINES.		ATER IEELS.	HAN	ds E	MPLC	YED
MECHANICAL AND		l ii		i ii	MA	LES.	FEM	ALES.
MANUFACTURING) A) # (
INDUSTRIES.	Number.	Horse Power	Number.	Horse Power	Under 15 years.	15 and over.	Under 15 years.	15 and over.
Agricultural implements	2	30	4	68		29		
Awnings and sails. Bakery products. Baskets	6				5	20 246		14
Belting and lace leather	1.7	263			j	227		
Blaeksmithing Bleacheries					48		20	95
BoatsBobbins and spoolsBook making	7			83	18	169		
Book-binding and blank-book making Boots and shoes	··· ₁	10	_i	40	2 1			18 29
Boxes and bags, paper Boxes, cigar	[1	10			$\frac{1}{2}$	29 3		151 3
Boxes, packing	4	185		25		69 17		
Braids, silk cotton and woolen	1 1				1	14		
Brooms and brushes	ŀ ¡				• • • • •	16 63		26
Cane seating Card-board	٠			•••••	4	163 30		6
Carpentering and building	11	450				1,181 352		
Carriages	1	3	• • • •	153	••••	16		
Charcoal and pyroligneous acid			• • •		• • • • •	12 19		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Cigars Clothing	• • • •				3: 12	167 386		114 1,018
Clothing Coal mines Coffee and spices				•••••				
Coffee and spices. Coffins and coffin trimmings					6	27		4
Confectionery and ice-cream	2	6		• • • • • •	:::::	80		14
Confectionery and ice-cream Cooperage Cop-tubes, paper	• • • •	•••••			····;	25 4	i	35
Cotton mannfactures. Dentistry, mechanical	91	13,824	174		1,928	6,941	1,656	9,454 1
Door-mats					4	$\frac{2}{429}$		
Drags and chemicals	12 7			40	i	81		10
Enameling and Japanning Engraving and steneil entting			i	1	6	27		21
Extracts and essences				•••••	····i	33		
Fire department supplies			;					15
Furniture and upholstery	10	95 115	1	25		312		
Gas fixtures and brass work	1 5	11 73		:::::i	3	25	·····	
Franite and marble work	10	35 341	42	850		$\frac{217}{101}$	••••	•••••
Hair-cloth			5	150	8	76 .		80 96
farnesses and reeds, weavers'	1	77].	••••		1	60		26

TABLE XXXVI.—General Manufactures.—A. to H.—Continued. Showing the statistics of the Manufactures in the State, BY 1NDUS-TRIES, jor the year ending June 1, 1875.

		AVERAGE DAILY WAGES OF			Total	Value	
MECHANICAL AND					Amount	varue	Value
MANUFACTURING		ES.	FEMA	LES.	of Wages	of all Materi-	of all
INDUSTRIES.	g.	_	. 00	_	for the		Product
	_ <u>∃</u> 5	≟ ≟	≗≗ಕ	2	7100T	als.	
	Under 15 years.	15 and over.	Under 15 years.	15 and over.	year.		
Agricultural implements		æ1 98			\$14,181	819,056	
Bakery products Bakets	20.50	3 00	;	31 50	16,350	68,871	117.44
Ruskets	\$0.08	2 00		1 02	139,065	458,478	838 60 3,59
Belting and lace leather	60	1 07	• • • • •		1,782 $136,524$	$\frac{274}{884,236}$	
Belting and lace leather. Blacksmithing. Bleacheries. Boats. Boobins and spools. Book-binding and blank-book making. Boots and shoes. Boxes and bags, paper. Boxes, cigar. Boxes, packing. Braids, silk, cotton and woolen. Brass castings. Brooms and brushes. Brooms and brushes.	00	9 18		• • • • •	164,490		
Bleacheries	68	1.58	8074	94	408.498	11,833,696	
Boats		2.48		`.	18,543	31,478	63,45
Bobbins and spools	60	1.56			84,309	90,565	178.95
Book-binding and blank-book making	58	2 25		1 22	21 015	28,237	59,18
Boots and snoes	50	2 21		1 38	112 829		287,00
Boxes and bags, paper	1.00	1 13	50	1 02	66,202	70,836	157,00
Royes nacking	1 00	1 51		1 99	2,424	4,095	
Braids, silk, cotton and woolen	50	1.50	50		$\frac{36,7}{9,171}$	114,571 39.967	106 409
Brass castings		2 59			10,885	43,383	
Brooms and brushes		1 90		1 09	16.742	24.979	
Batchering		2 04			42,264	24,272 3,434,749	4,418,60
Cane seating	48	45	-		5,850	700	9 97
Cane seating Ord-board. Carpentering and building	50	2 11	1 00	1 17	21.853	142,605	246,500
Jarriages	• • • • •	2 43	٠		817,875	2,640,595	
Tement nine		2 20	• • • •	• • •	216,151	173,724	
Cement pipe Charcoal and pyroligneons acid	• • • • •	1 48	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • •	8,200 4,399	13.811 11.075	38,937 18,74:
ider		1.40		• • • • •	1,213	6,149	
uarcoar and pyrongheous acid ider Dig urs. Clothing.	5.0	2 17		1.39	131,302	211,446	413,08
Clothing	49	2.32	1 12	1 21	523,749	1,2 (3,449)	
Coal mines		-1.75			23,000	8,500	
Joffee and spices Joffins and coffin trimmings Jonerete paving.		2 41			12.765	89 400	115,23
Concrete paying	75	2 03		1 00	19.275	18,006	
Confectionery and lecerem		1 42		7 00	28,529	12,594	58,00
Soonerage	!	9 43		1 00	$\frac{41,912}{17.882}$	142.359	237,469 68,07
Cop tabes, paper	33	2 63	671	OL	11,952	34,601 21,890	
Concrete paving. Confectionery and ice-cream. Cooperage. Cop tubes, paper. Cotton manufactures Dentistry, mechanical Door mats. Dreinga and chemicals Dyeingand bleaching Engraving and stencil cutting. Extracts and essences Certifizers and glue stock.	52	1 52	50	1 01	6 253 094	12,004,110	
Dentistry, mechanical		2 33		1 50	8,368	10,397	44,74
Door mats		2 08			550	1,000	
Drugs and chemicals	1 00	2 06	'	1 17	300,220	116,867	1,442.95
Enemaling and innunning	75	1 84		1 02	46,357	85,980	
Engraving and stencil cutting	19	1 90		83	16,765	23,502	52,50
Extracts and essences		9 99	• • • • • • •		760	549	4,30
Fertilizers and glue stock	83	1.79	••••		1,500 18.148	2,040 $117,267$	5,000 155,420
Extracts and essences Fertilizers and glue stock. Fire department supplies. Furniture and upbolstery Jas, illuminating Jas fixtures and brass work. Jold and silver refining. Franite and marble work.		2.79			20,100	22.635	
Furniture and appolstery	81	2 06		1 34	204,021	291,275	
sas, illuminating		1.89			211,382	286,912	788,24
as uxtures and brass work	92	2 35		81	24,748	11,361	56,64
Granite and marble work	• • • • •	2 10			16,307	4,191	1,088,14
Frist-mills	• • • •	2.58			Trial trial	123,324	349,24
Hair-cloth		1 94			53,759	1,118,060	
Harnesses and reeds, weavers'		9 97		1 46		231,192	501,273
					33.463	59.034	151.90

TABLE XXXVI.—General Manufactures.—H. to W. Showing the statistics of the Manufactures in the State, BY INDUSTRIES, for the year ending June 1, 1875.

	tumber of places where each industry is carried on		Value of		Pov	VER	
MECHANICAL AND	절대표	Value of	Tools		1		1
MANUFACTURING	of of cach	Real	10018				
INDUSTRIES.	r eg	To A - A -	and Ma-				
INDUSTRIES.	ere are	Estate.	chinery.	ਚੰ	e.	er.	1
	Number where is carri	,		Wind.	Horse.	Water.	0.400
ats and caps	5		\$1,250		_	<u> </u>	
oop-skirts and corsets	5		40,705				1
on manufactures	79	\$4,087,581	4,137,618				ļ٠٠
ewelers' tools ewelry (not specified)	13 133		47,600	· · · ·	¦••••	2	
anidary work	100	70,600	529,283 7,500				
apidary workeather, tanned and curried	4!	43,000					
ime	$\hat{3}^{i}$	35,500			İ		
iquors, malt	5	145,000	30,000		1		
umber	81	90,450				63	
umber, moulding, planing and box-making	13 10	290,300					1
asonry, brick and stoneent packed, pork	5	5,500 89,200					ï
lillinery	5		1,100				١.
usical instruments	3	1,500	3 400				٠.
il. fish and cotton seed, guano, etc	15	12,90 1	37 400				ł
ainting	48	10.085					ŀ
aints	3	40,000		• • • •		ļ	1
atent medicinesatterns and models	7 10	25,800 3,500				;	
hotographing	26	3,800					1
icture trames	11		4,815				
lumbing and coppersmithing	24	29,000					1
rinting	31	28,100				1	Į.
rint works	7	1,200 000					·ŀ
umps	4	5 000					
anway cars	2 3	60,000					1
ailway carsoofing oofing ubber goods and rubber cement	4	3,000 275,000					١.
addlery and harness making	61		18,148				ì.
ash, doors and blinds	12	66 050	40 250				3
hips' blocks	2		8 900				.
111 i ts	4		3,000				
hort-wood and kindlings	37	28 050			4	2	3
ilver-ware mall beer	4	283,000			••••		1
mall beer oap and candles	12 13	26,000 50,550					١.
tair building	7	50,550	1,80)			••••	1
one quarries	17	138,760					Ι.
tone quarriestucco work	5	500					
in. copper and sbeet-iron ware	71	152,350	38,860				.
op-rolls	5	3.900					
runks and traveling bags	3	30,000	810			٠	
asbing and wringing machines	2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	250,150				1
Vell-curbs	2		5,300		• • • •		1
indow springs and sewing machines Tood turning and carving	6	56,610		··.		••••	1
ool carding	2	50,070				2	
oolen manufactures	81	3.755.200				l*	1.
iscellaneous	42	315.146			i	· •	

TABLE XXXVI.—General Manufactures.—H. to W.—Continued. Showing the statistics of the Manufactures in the State, BY INDUSTRIES, for the year ending June 1, 1875.

		EAM		ATER EELS.	HAN	DS E	MPLO	or'o
MECHANICAL AND	-	er.	-	er.	MA	LES.	FEM	AL'S
MANUFACTURING		Pow		Ром				
INDUSTRIES.	Number.		Number.		ider years.	nd r.	years.	ng F.
	Nun	Horse	Nur	Horse	Under 15 yean	15 and over.	Un. 15 y	15 and over.
Hats and caps						16		10
Hoop skirts and corsets		12 - 270	••••		200	12		$\frac{73}{330}$
ron mannfactures	72	5,279 99	9	418	262	6,257 54	127	oot
Jewelry (not specified)	12		is	8		2,282	5	384
Lapidary work Leather, tanned and curried		040	10		113	48		i
Leather, tanned and carried	2	60			3	41		
Lime	4	68				62		. .
Liquors, malt	4	69			1	41		
nmher	8	265	62	1.128		123		
amber, monlding, planing and box making	12	500						
llasonry, brick and stone								. .
Ment prieked pork	7	71						
Millinery								12
Jusiegi Instruments								
il, fish and cotton secd, gnano, etc	8	140						
"HIDEID		<u>.</u> .]			• • • •
'aints	3	71			2	- 11	· · · · ·	:
Patent medicines	٠٠٠٠					18		8
Patterns and models		• • • • • •		• • • • • •		37		••••
Photographing			••••		1,	28	1	26
Picture frames						25		• • • • •
Plumbing and copper-smithiny	12	59	• • • •	;		279		
Printing	12			100	93	324		33
Print works	46	2.07∪	3	128		1,955	92	234
Railway cars		50	••••			247		••••
Roofing	2	90	• • • •		9	15		2
Rubber goods and rubber coment	5	736		• • • • • •	107	940	32	423
addlery and harness making	J	100			197	151		440
ash, doors and blinds	7	227		99		130		• • • • •
shins' blocks		25		ات	' i	21		• • • • •
Shirts					4	2		43
Short wood and kindlings	5	45	2	48	1	45		
Silver ware	3				2			13
imuli bace								
oun and candles	4	31				66		1
Stair building						28		
itone anarries	1 8	80			13	719	٠ا	
tucco work					1	37		
lin, copper and sheet-iron ware					1	302		1
Cop-rolls	3	10	1	5	2	17		1
Frunks and traveling bags	• • • •					11		12
Vashing and wringing machines	1	75		• • • • • •		55	-	
Vell curbs			• • • •			- 6		
Vindow springs and sewing machines					[· • • • <u> </u>	10	• • • •	• • • •
Wood turning and carving	5	170	٠٠٠.	•••••	4	84		
Wool-earding		1.00-	2	35		2		
Woolen manufactures			98				668	
Miscellancous	17	445	2	12	122	499	4	151

TABLE XXXVI.—General Manufactures.—H. to W.—Continued. Showing the statistics of the Manufactures in the State, BY INDUSTRIES, for the year ending June 1, 1875.

			E DA		Total Amount	Value	
MECHANICAL AND							Value
MANUFACTURING	M.A.	LES.	FEMA	LES.	of Wages	of all	of all
INDUSTRIES.	ģ		gi		for the	Materi.	Produe
	Under 15 years.	15 and over.	Under 15 years.	15 and over.	year.	als.	
ats and caps		\$2 24	20.07	\$0.83	\$12,389	\$23,537	\$46.1
oop skirts and corsetson Manufactures	\$0.77	2 17	\$0 67 55	$\frac{1}{92}$	28,475 3,665.649	36,569 3,191,980	
awalara, toola	50	- 9. 692			41,550	22.11;	77.1
ewelry (not specified). apidary work eather, tanned and curried ime.	73	2 63	56	1 13		2,730,283 14,342	
eather, tanned and curried	66	2 02		2 00	25,474 25,672	182,789	243,9
ime		1 61			24,300	47,874	79,6
iquors, malt nmber					14,921 27,886	98,179	171,4 163.7
umber.moulding.planing & box making		2 01			79 470	97,290 172,209	293,6
asonry, brick and stone		2 07			41,100	71.430	123,9
ent packed, pork. illinery nsical instruments	••••	2 19		1.08	63,491 3,280	1,840,143 6,011	2,363,4
usical instruments		3 05			6 900	8,319	20.4
il, fish and cotton seed, guano, etc		7 80			47.315	402,607	
aintingaints.	53				108,493 5.937	82,214 76,192	
stent medicines		3 00		1 03	18,886	433,826	567.
atterns and modelshotographingiclure frames		2 70		1 40	31,813	24,606 19 922	
icture frames		2 41			21,028 16.892	58,019	
lumbing and copper-smithing		2 49			215.119	5 9,091	868.4
rintingrint works	74	2 31	50	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		194.615 13,327,629	
nmps		2 57			5,453	10.505	
ailway ears	1 00	2 55		1 25	146.332	110,596	266.6
oofing	70		81		8,968 584,061	11,238 1,702,605	
nbber goods and rubber cement addlery and harness makingsh, doors and blinds		1 99			86,392	135,357	276,
sh, doors and blinds	60	2 38	,		91,777	145,258	
hirts	50	3 34		98	14.010 12,744	12.233 36,533	
nips' blocks	67	1 52			16.953	53,168	88,0
lver-ware	75	2 71	• • • • •			527,847	
lver-warenall beerpap and candles	• • • • •	2 08		1 49.	10,634 41,125	20,354 396,997	
air building. cone quarries. neco work.		2 54			18,747	7,856	38,9
one quarries	1 00	2 25		• • • • •	466,579	64.636 13,201	710, 50,
n. copper and sheet-iron ware		2 29		1 62	27.050 191.842	318.726	
n. copper and sheet-iron ware op-rolls runks and traveling bags	75	2 12			10,600	18,713	35,7
runks and traveling bags	• • • • •	2 35		1 00	9,950 28,394	13,465 97,815	23 (194,9
ell curbs		2 38			28,394	1 746	13,2
indow springs and sewing machines od turning and carvingool-earding		2 60		 .	6,972	9,780	19,
ood turning and carving	71	2 69			47,922 135	75,485 1,234	
oolen manufactures	1.8	1 46	62	1 12	3,020,574	11,802.982	17,463,2
Miscellaneous	118	2 18	71	1 15	318,035	1 119,074	1,832,3

^{*}See note on next page.

NOTE.

Under the head of "Miscellaneous" in the preceding table are included the following manufactures, which are not reported in detail, because they represent single establishments:

Alarm-tills, Glass-cutting and engraving,

Bed-comforters, Gloves,

Belt-hooks. Hair-switches and wigs, Bleaching hats and bonnets, Hames for harnesses.

Book-clasps. Kaleidoscopes and air-pistols, Bottle-covers, Ladders, sleds, shovels, &c ,

Bottled Soda. Lead-pipe, Bricks, Mantels,

Canned fruit, Mosquito-netting,
Carriage-washers. Nickel plating,
Cloth-stretchers, Paper collars,

Combs, Pen and pencil cases,

Copper, Rustic work,
Croquet sets, Shuttles,

Curled hair, Starch and gum,
Dentifrice, Straw goods,
Electro-plating, Sugar refining,

Emery-wheels, Umbrellas and parasols.

Eye-glass rims, Vinegar,

Eyelets, Water-gates, valves and hydrants,

Foundry facing, Wrapping paper.

TABLE XXXVII.—COTTON GOODS. Showing the statistics of the Cotton Manufactures in each town and county in the State, for the year ending June 1, 1875.

TOWNS AND	of bments	Value of	Value of		EAM GINES.	Boilers.		ATER
DIVISIONS OF THE STATE.	Number of establishments	Real Estate.	Machinery.	No.	Horse Power.	Steam Boilers. Number.	No.	Horse Power.
Bristol	2	\$127,000 386,300		2 6	230 1,270	13 63		
BRISTOL COUNTY	5	513,300	734,800	8	1,500	76		
West Greenwich Coventry East Greenwich Warwick	2 9 4 8	15,500 869,500 115,000 1,537,500	543,700 112,000	1 6 4 5	52 350 395 840	1 21 13 25	12 12 2 19	95
KENT COUNTY	23	2,537,500	1,863,900	16	1,637	60	35	3,786
NEWPORT CITY	2	258,100	75,108	2	275	18		
Burrillville	$\frac{2}{4}$	92,000 1,011,316		2 2	165 560	4 11	2 7	104 860
Glocester Johnston \	4	319,900	1	4	545	22	4	1
Lincoln	6 3 2 19	$\begin{array}{c} 2,206,000 \\ 168,000 \\ 285,800 \\ 1,183,800 \end{array}$	122,000 $215,000$ $1,308,800$	7 2 1 18	1,690 275 75 2,705	28 7 4 38	$\begin{bmatrix} 22 \\ 7 \\ 5 \\ 21 \end{bmatrix}$	325 745 673
Seituate	11	350,300 552,000	338,600 345,000	2 4	775	29 29	14	1,236
Woonsocket	9	1,515,900	767,600	7	1,965	32	18	1,690
Towns, Providence Co	66	7,685,016	, , , l	49	8,815	60	3	10,358
PROVIDENCE CITY	10	701,689	545,358	11	1,417			
Hopkinton North Kingstown	8	$^{139,000}_{92,000}$	$114,000 \\ 75,500$	3	10 140	3 11	9	269 137
Richmond Westerly	10	284,600	221,100	1	30	5	13	382
Washington County	22	515,600	410,600	5	180	19	26	788
WHOLE STATE	128	12,211,205	9,255,094	91	13,824	414	174	15,064

TABLE XXXVII.—Cotton Goods.—Continued. Showing the statistics of the Cotton Manufactures in each town and county in the State, for the year ending June 1, 1875.

TOWNS AND				CHINE	S USED).	
DIVISIONS	z ::	ರ್ಷ ಪ್ರಪ	유현		PEFDEE	SPINDI	ES.
OF THE STATE.	Per e	E H	o ¥is B¥is		LLDLI		
OF THE STATE.	Lappers, Number.	Carding Engines, Number.	Heads of Drawing, Number.	Slub- bers.	Coarse.	Inter- m'diate	Fine.
Bristol	4	108	17	160	548		1,472
Warren	18	393	90	740		552	5,460
Bristol County	22	501	107	900	548	552	6,932
West Greenwich	3	20	τ		90	[
Coventry	20	487	24	1,652	354		7,144
East Greenwich	7	136	16	356		192	1,770
Warwick	41	1,074	78	2,130	462	2,749	15,244
KENT COUNTY	71	1,717	125	4,138	1,002	3,637	24,158
NEWPORT CITY	5	98	11		464		1,856
Burrillville	3	71	7	132			344
Cumberland	13	322	21	111	476	1,818	7,084
Glocester)	9	227	92	498		1,312	3,920
Johnston S Lincoln	39		195			'	,
North Providence	6	1,237 131	13	1,976	1,110	6,194 424	22,366 2.026
North Smithfield.	11	186	10	400		#2#	3,280
Pawtucket	39	875	147	880			13,128
Scituate	20	327	48	620	252		4,230
Smithfield	16	340	35	564			6,760
Woonsocket	36	966	98	1,788		4,960	10,456
Towns, Providence County.	192	4,682	666	7,594	7,344	21,876	73,594
PROVIDENCE CITY	22	543	106	1,797		1,543	8,204
Hopkinton	6	125	15	470	64	224	1,284
North Kingstown	4	76	6	144		80	1,204
Richmond Westerly	16	287	53	5 95		1	2,872
Washington County	26	488		1,209	696	704	5,360
WHOLE STATE	338	8,029	1,089	15,638	10,054	28.312	118,248

TABLE XXXVII.—COTTON GOODS.—CONTINUED. Showing the statistics of the Cotton Manufactures in each town and county in the State, for the year ending June 1, 1875.

			*11	CHINES	UCED			
TOWNS AND					USED.			
DIVISIONS	pooler Spindles	r les	les	eg.	ule ule	je.	ere,	rs, ber
OF THE STATE.	ole	ste	me	EG .	Total Frame nd Mule	em l	nm)	ahe m
OF THE STATE.	Spooler Spindle	Twister Spindles.	Frame Spindles.	Mule Spindles.	Te Fr	Looms, Number.	Dressers, Number.	Slashers, Number
Bristol	556		10,016	11,136	21,152	484		2
Warren	2,370		35,520	34,752	70,272	1,304	12	3
BRISTOL COUNTY	2,926		45,536	45,888	91,424	1,788	12	5
West Greenwich	100		2,576		2,576			
Coventry			40,464	40,672	81,136	1,797	8	3
East Greenwich	891	• • • • • •	11,954	14,225	26,179	399	2	1
Warwick	4,864	•••••	88,916	93,608	182,524	3,987	15	6
KENT COUNTY	7,601	• • • • • •	143,910	148,505	$292,\!415$	6,183	25	10
NEWPORT CITY	.440		10,112	9,840	19,952	497	3	2
Burrillville	600	768	7,792		7,792		5	
Cumberland	1,930	888	40,036	35,864	75,900	1,459	11	3
Glocester }	1,036		21,720	22,672	44,392	669	2	2
Lincoln	6,726		128,118	127,702	255,820	4,636	24	9
North Providence	504		9,224	11,660	20,884	389	10	
North Smithfield	1,170		19,120	21,716	40,836	960		2
Pawtucket	4,812	12,356	39,474	105,712	145,186	771	37	1
Scituate	1,346		30,422	32,110	62,532	1,126	12	1
Smithfield			31,518	45,068	76,586	1,695	1	7
Woonsocket	5,444	• • • • • •	80,684	100,603	181,287	3,655	3	12
Towns, Prov. Co	25,680	14,644	408,108	503,107	911,215	15,360	105	37
PROVIDENCE CITY	3,618	84	44,508	51,207	95,715	1,712	8	6
Hopkinton	546		11,620	7,412	19.032	228	5	
North Kingstown	394		9,376		9,376	50	5	1
Richmond Westerly	1,760	1,366	20,592	11,300	31,892	346	8	1
Washington County	2,700	1,366	41,588	18,712	60,300	624	18	2
WHOLE STATE	42,965	16,094	693,762	777,259	1,471,021	26,164	171	62

^{*} In addition to the machines given in the table, there were reported :-

Braiding Machines.—Warren, 700; Pawtucket, 402; Scituate, 250; Providence City, 4,500; Whole State, 5,852.

KNITTING MACHINES.—Lincoln, 18; Pawtucket, 64; Providence City 15; Whole State, 97.

TABLE XXXVII.—COTTON GOODS—CONTINUED. Showing the statistics of the Cotton Manufactures in each town and county in the State, for the year ending June 1, 1875.

									_	===
TOWNS AND	Ma-	на	NDS E	MPLOY	ED.	AV	ERA	GE WAG	ES.	
DIVISIONS	ŭŽ,	MAI	LES.	FEMA	LES.	MA	LES.	FEM	ALE	s.
OF THE STATE.	Warping Ma- chines, No.	Under 15 ye'rs		Under 15 ye'rs		Under 15 ye'rs	15 ar ove			and ver.
Bristol Warren	6 20	33 104	106 399	12 93	119 453	80 50 37½	\$1.4 1.3			18 80
BRISTOL COUNTY	26	137	505	105	572	433	1 3	73 411		954
West Greenwich Coventry East Greenwich Warwick	33 7 61	$\begin{array}{c} 6 \\ 110 \\ 27 \\ 328 \end{array}$	20 300 97 800	2 79 49 288	$10\\406\\156\\1,059$	64 504 474 50		$ \begin{array}{ccc} 1\frac{1}{2} & 49 \\ 6\frac{3}{4} & 45\frac{3}{4} \end{array} $		71 $99\frac{1}{8}$ $92\frac{1}{4}$ $06\frac{1}{4}$
KENT COUNTY	101	471	1,217	418	1,631	51	1 4	2 493	-	968
NEWPORT CITY	6	30	91	8	182	375	1 5	11/2 51/2	1	12
Burrillville Cumberland Glocester	12 18	21 86	$\frac{45}{371}$	18 76	$\frac{37}{364}$	53 624	1 5 1 6	71 554 64 493		$\frac{96\frac{1}{2}}{08\frac{1}{2}}$
Johnston }	16	29	194	24	209	553	1 4	- ا	1	17
Lincoln	67 9 9	375 25 39	1,137 114 357	338 6 28	1,675 144 276	493 56 50	1 3	$ \begin{array}{c c} 3 & 49 \\ \hline 4 & 46 \\ \end{array} $!	07 973 21
Pawtucket Scituate	59 25	192 75	$\begin{array}{c} 766 \\ 282 \end{array}$	118 39	1,246 306	56 <u>1</u> 433		- }		978 991
Smithfield Woonsocket	24	116 194	$\frac{321}{682}$	$\frac{119}{182}$	$\frac{376}{1,292}$	53 k 46 k		$ \begin{array}{c c} 8\frac{1}{2} & 56\frac{2}{3} \\ 9\frac{1}{2} & 45 \end{array} $		$\begin{array}{c} 21 \\ 09\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$
Towns, Prov. Co	239	1,152	4,269	948	5,925	50g	1 5	14 494	1	08
PROVIDENCE CITY	29	104	502	109	822	47%	1 4	73 513	1	001
Hopkinton North Kingstown	8 16	10 14	98 85	46 11	60, 75,	56 <u>}</u> 59}		53 93 42 46		93 <u>‡</u> 99 <u>‡</u>
Richmond Westerly \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	11	10	174	11	187	784	1 3	04 644		907
Washington Co	35	34	357	68	322	64 %	1 5	24 56k	1	043
WHOLE STATE	436	1,928	6,941	1,656	9,454	52	15	17 504	1	007

TABLE XXXVII.—COTTON GOODS.—CONTINUED. Showing the statistics of the Cotton Manufactures in each town and county in the State, for the year ending June 1, 1875.

TOWNS AND	Total	-	MATERIAL	S USED.	
DIVISIONS	Amount	Cotton.	Cotton.	Starch	Starch.
OF THE STATE.	of Wages.	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.
Bristol	\$83,475	758,387	\$120,623	24,731	\$1,484
Warren	303,102	3,861,600	710,456	70,000	4,300
BRISTOL COUNTY	386,577	4,619,987	831,079	94,731	5,784
West Greenwich	8,591	441,606	72,041		
Coventry	274,180	2,729,840	424,828	65,895	4,518
East Greenwich	96,778	1,163,182	97,698	15,812	1,068
warwick	707,862	7,431,991	1,175,188	165,591	10,042
KENT COUNTY	1,087,411	11,766,619	1,769,755	247,298	15,628
NEWPORT CITY	91,005	818,619	124,643	17,032	1,085
Burrillville	27,798	434,715	72,407	4,891	350
Cumberland	317,409	2,953,135	488,311	53,886	3,31
Glocester Johnston	139,404	1,502,000	235,320	50,000	3,270
Lincoln	1,207,753	9,879,571	1,665,010	457,600	31,98
North Providence	85,975	803,136	98,380	24,761	1,674
North Smithfield	183,207,	2,246,200	349,854	52,110	3,28
Pawtucket	860,499	8,305,829	1,310,410	91,773	5,62
Scituate	211,456	2,720,383	424,488	62,647	3,77
Smithfield	302,781	3,350,522	549,956	82,007	20,286
Woonsocket	671,451	7,825,600		113,009	6,187
Towns, Providence Co.	4,007,733	40,021,091	6,507,072	992,684	79,74
PROVIDENCE CITY	471,217	4,896,791	781,831	86,727	6,016
Hopkinton	70,432	866,300	141,913	9,421	593
North Kingstown	63,835	660,228	106,471	18,700	1,309
$\left. egin{array}{ll} ext{Richmond} \ ext{Westerly} \end{array} ight\} \cdots \cdots$	104,767	1,981,733	262,914	24,603	1,722
Washington County	239,034	3,508,261	511,298	${52,724}$	3,628
WHOLE STATE	6,282,977	65,631,368	10,525,678	1,491,196	111,878

TABLE XXXVII.—Cotton Goods.—Continued. Showing the statistics of the Cotton Manufactures in each town and county in the State, for the year ending June 1, 1875.

TOWNS AND		MA	TERIALS	SUSED		
DIVISIONS	LUBRICAT	TING OIL.	BURNING	G OIL.	Coal.	Wood.
OF THE STATE.	Gallons.	Value.	Gallons.	Value.	Tons.	Cords
Bristol Warren	1,905 6,660	\$1,715 6,576			1,759 $6,700$	45
Bristol County	8,565	8,291			8,459	
West Greenwich	$\begin{array}{c} 181 \\ 4,310 \\ 2,189 \\ 15,925 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 147 \\ 3,941 \\ 2,100 \\ 15,146 \end{array} $	$1,486 \\ 1,239$	332 215	11 $1,161$ $3,238$ $4,975$	655 45
KENT COUNTY	22,605	21,334	12,699	2,725	9,385	
NEWPORT CITY	1,796	1,189	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		1,777	
Burrillville	$^{801}_{5,754}$	$715 \\ 3,669$			$\frac{675}{3,270}$	75 72
Johnston 5	3,630	3,450	,	!	1,516	66
Lincoln North Providence North Smithfield	18,882 $1,748$ $3,696$	18,870 $1,897$ $3,176$	$2,750 \\ 980$	231	12,704 $1,017$ $1,125$	121
Pawtucket	12,589 4,813	11,490 4,591	3,799	365	$12,807 \\ 1,055$	442
Woonsocket	$7,062 \\ 9,284$	$^{4,951}_{13,290}$	3,212	796	$\frac{3,504}{9,236}$	
Towns, Providence County.	68,259	66,099	14,736	2,710	46,909	1,846
PROVIDENCE CITY	8,540	13,372	2,100	320	7,909	132
Hopkinton North Kingstown	890 1,021	887 980	1,283 830		32 1,488	
Richmond Westerly	2,284	2,109		200	520	
Washington County	4,195	3,976	3,976	807	2,040	832
WHOLE STATE	113,960	\$114,261	33,511	\$6,562	76,479	3,950

TABLE XXXVII.—COTTON GOODS.—CONTINUED. Showing the statistics of the Cotton Manufactures in each town and county in the State, for the year ending June 1, 1875.

TOWNS AND	MATERIAI	LS USED.	Value of all	Total
DIVISIONS	Cotton Yarn.	Mill Supplies.	Materials.	Amount of Flooring.
OF THE STATE.	Pounds.	Value.		Square Feet
Bristol		\$5,870	\$133,874	76,950
Warren	240,000	8,000	740,896	
Bristol County	240,000	13,870	874,770	367,250
West Greenwich		3,370	75,709	13,980
Coventry	66,000		452,092	
East Greenwich			218,904	
Warwick		48,556	1,393,634	
KENT COUNTY	186,960	77,316	2,140,339	1,399,660
NEWPORT CITY		6,885	148,709	89,579
Burrillville		900	90,024	63,018
Cumberland		7,200	504,007	889,94
Glocester)		· 1	•	009,94
Johnston \	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	16,499	266,336	167,00
Lincoln	35,000	35,000	1,713,948	589,12
North Providence		2,500	139,224	84.570
North Smithfield		26,000	435,173	
Pawtucket		303,289	1,905,654	164,073
Scituate.				976,70
Smithfield		31,425	543,771	264,250
		26,631	501,661	366,103
Woonsocket		10,480	1,350,451	743,914
Towns, Providence County	1,540,442	459,924	7,450,249	4,308,708
PROVIDENCE CITY	. 31,275	31,113	877,599	394,050
Hopkinton	. 530,213	6,016	190,922	85,228
North Kingstown			128,136	58,560
Richmond Westerly	425,000	2,350	315,079	141,034
Washington County	983,769	9,553	634,137	284,819
WHOLE STATE	2,982,446	\$598,661	\$12,125,803	6,844,072

TABLE XXXVII.—COITON GOODS.—CONTINUED. Showing the statistics of the Cotton Manufactures in each town and county in the State, for the year ending June 1, 1875.

TOWNS AND		*PROD	ucts.	
DIVISIONS	Print Cloth.	Sheetings, Shirtings, and Twilled.	CottonYarn.	Total Value of all
OF THE STATE.	Yards.	Yards.	Pounds.	Products.
Bristol	1,917,335			\$266,650
Warren	3,400,000	7.320,000		1,178,760
Bristol County	5,317,335	9,530,000		1,445,410
West Greenwich				95,265
Coventry	10.267,530	1,887,124		839,656
East Greenwich	3,006,972			315,549
Warwick	38,038,635			2,476,252
KENT COUNTY	51,313,137	10,845,253	194,214	3,726,722
NEWPORT CITY	5,072,552			331,777
Burrillville			194,906	120,772
Cumberland	9,669,674	3,200,000		
Glocester \ Johnston \	496,000	5,600,000		514,787
Lincoln	11,143,976	15,079,626	273,500	3,285,907
North Providence	1,305,000			
North Smithfield				
Pawtucket		5,589,668		
Scituate	5,068,782			
Smithfield	17,955,391		·	919,157
Woonsoeket	4,310,678			2,498,846
Towns, Prov. County	49,949,501	55,556,581	4,467,310	14,047,132
PROVIDENCE CITY	6,254,648	9,136,668	184,780	1,874,300
Hopkinton	1,606,642	435,118	396,000	307,972
North Kingstown			368,000	
Richmond Westerly	800,000	1,270,950	1	1
Washington County	2,406,642	1,706,068	1,898,630	1,005,519
WHOLE STATE	120,313,815	86,774,568	6,744,940	\$22,430,860

^{*} For additional particulars of the products of cotton manufactures, see the next page. The total value of all is given above.

ADDITIONAL PRODUCTS OF COTTON MANUFACTURES.

The following additional products of cotton manufactures were reported, the value of which is included in the total value on the preceding page:

Table Cloths and Counterpanes, *Yards.*—North Providence, 97,776; Scituate, 3,845,995; Whole State, 3,943,771 yards.

COTTON WARP, Yards.—North Kingstown, 280,380.

Grain Bags, Number.—Woodsocket, 120,000.

Tape Webbing, Yards.—North Kingstown, 6,287,906.

Spool Cotton, *Dozens*.—Lincoln, 700,000; Pawtucket, 6,317,424; Providence City, 95,000; Whole State, 7,112,424 dozens.

Carpet Warp, *Pounds*.—Coventry, 157,436; Scituate, 42,000; Whole State, 199,436 pounds.

Lacings, Lamp Wicks and Braid, *Pounds.*—Warren, 243,000; Providence City, 1,058,000; Whole State, 1,301,000 pounds.

COTTON BRAID, *Dozens.*—Woonsocket, 90,000; Providence City, 75,000; Whole State, 165,000 dozens.

Batts and Wadding, Pounds.—Scituate, 4,000.

CORDAGE, TWINES AND LINES, *Pounds*.—Warren, 1,116,324; West Greenwich, 371,016; Coventry, 49,300; East Greenwich, 120,960; Hopkinton, 138,900; Whole State, 1,796,500 pounds.

Machine Banding, Pounds.—Coventry, 66,000.

STOCKINET, *Pounds.*—Lincoln, 35,000; Pawtucket, 395,000; Providence City, 19,000; Whole State, 449,000 pounds.

TABLE XXXXVIII,-Woolen Goods. Showing the statistics of the Woolen Manufactures in each town and county SPECIAL STATISTICS OF MANUFACTURES. in the State, for the year ending June 1, 1875.

				ST	STEAM		WYFER	E.R.						MAC	MACHINES		USEI	<i>-</i> :				
TOWNS AND	.a.	Real	Value	ENC	ENGINES.	EY3	WHEELS	. 1	-			_		_	-H		81,	-	-	-	-S.	_
DIVISIONS	neni meni	Estate.	of	1	Horse	BOL		Horse Scou			to sbr	.arsa	Buir Bail	.8490 ng	i. LAEu				ses.		aren abia	LOOMS
OF THE STATE.	o .oM dsid	Value.	Machinery.	umX	Power.	No.	un _X	Power. Wool	ers [00W	Picke	Sets (RO	Dres	noos iM	ilira Na	sioN gai	Gigs	Cloff	вэцѕ	Pres	Reel	Skei	
Coventry	8 83	\$70,000 42,000	\$40,000	31 :	1	23 21	10 24	145	2 2 1	4.01		1:00	: 63	: :	: 20	- 4	<u> </u>	e) e)	H 01	24 :		60
KENT COUNTY	73	112,000	73,000	63	75	123	7	250	4 8	9	31	-	60		50	13		4	: :	64	<u> </u>	98
Burrillville	15	781,000	529,000	œ	635	34			$\frac{1027}{2}$	21	6	2.	£1 :	· ·	50	561	4.0	272	24		<u>:</u>	, 5 73
Glocester	21 Q.	150,000	35,000	ং	205	\$1 ZQ	সঞ	135 95		w	2 27	20	1110		o 4	ာက	গ্ৰ	N 10	: : o eo	: .	: :	75
Pawtucket	2010	195,000	120,000		200	. eo ::	၈၀	270 498	1 5		:	11:	•		: 23	. 82	: 10	15 12	.: 23 12 : :	::	635	: _
Woonsocket	9	734,500	421,000		685	19	-		10,14	13		69 16	20	75	16	56	က	23 13	ლ ლ	4		5 374
Towns, Providence County	33	2,289,500	1,470,500 21	21	2,212	7645	6.1	919	25 54	61	231	54	28	103	98	148-	97	752	55 30	120	640	1,263
Providence City	7	686,700	656,000	11	1,285	35	-	25	7 8	16	83	316	18	-	3.1 33.	38	73	18 12	214	ÇÎ	10	420
Hopkinton	4	71,000	46,000		255	::		991	1.3	75	12		4		er o	eo -	ල .		-	:	:	
North Kingstown	2	180,000	113,000	9 0	180	ن ۍ	ж 2	173	<u>ار</u>	0 0	SI =		⊣ ¢		n 0	4 0	_	ກີປ	4 14 •	: 0		286
South Kingstown	:O =	166,000	204,000		240	ت و		140	- e:	٠ L	94		2 10	1 00) oc		: 3:) ha	9		
Westerly	4 4	245,000	165,000	່ຜ່	250	12	16	355) X O	10	4	_	6		15	17	110		-	<u>:</u>		30
WASHINGTON COUNTY	22	802,000	615,000 16	16	805	35	144	1,072	1216	38	115	26	31	15	ž.	39	=	4127		2	<u> </u>	1,081
WHOLE STATE	67	\$3,890,200	\$3,890,200 \$2,814,500,50		4,377	151 97	- 1	4,266 4	881	4881 121		97	101	441 97 101 119 155	155	228 43		135 97	-745	49.11	650	2,850

Showing the statistics of the Woolen Manufactures in each STATISTICS OF SPECIAL MANUFACTURES. GOODS.—CONTINUED. TABLE XXXVIII.—WOOLEN

town and county in the State, for the year ending June 1, 1875.

Total Amoun \$58,050 33,469 38,794 75,963134,559 526,214 136,745 91,519518,558 274,730 1,568,818 618,686 140,346 22,208 238,966 \$3,001,014 of Wages. 121,99183, 113 oaga. $05\frac{3}{5}$ 63 14<u>§</u> 06 90 $15_{\frac{1}{2}}$ 123 044 154 08 134 164 164 OF 15 Feml's Is and WAGES AVERAGE DAILY WAGES ii) _ -5 649 693 635 614 693 624 a'feml'a under 15. 584 200 7.5 83 60 60 69 75 9 55 8 Males Is and over. 443 27.5 41344 50 325 534 463 60 52 41 45 483 50 38 45 43 50 60 <u>~</u> 633 643 97 773 773 66 $61\frac{1}{4}$ 209 624 յը։ Մարգու 22 00 89 Males 08 1,62581 141 140 102 102 3,095 432 32 72 205 233 47 20 351 729 67over, 674 HANDS EMPLOYED. puv gr និត្តពិធានិត្ត 00 00 359 166 6 10 10 10 69 899 Females under 15. 2,237 63 820 55 119 124 433 686 714 105 180 225 189 340 1,0394,153'163and over ស្លាទ់ខ រុទ្ 344 191 238 9 7 138 9 7 92 641 Males un-211,912 38,352 4,018 2,392 17,552 10,190 16,8008,992 31,2006,780 10,618 $\frac{6,268}{2,724}$ 15,060108,57439,374 10,584 54,972 Total. 3,718 ,360 432 288 986, 2,050 17,714 $\frac{310}{680}$ 24,058 | 90,092 | 72,292 | 25,470 | wist'r 3,014 544 $\frac{760}{264}$ 1,024 MACHINES USED SPINDLES 27,950 4,188 2,850 4,288 5,680 6.514 2,160 8,440 3,008 12,3965,960 1,440 16,041 34,474 1,180.... Jack. 3,600 1,480880 5,624 1,4403,780 21,41215,018 47,892 7,600|22,376|13,2962,500 10.824 Mule. 1,280 450 1 4,524 1,440 Pawtucket.....|10,074|Frame. : : : : : : Woonsocket.... Towns, Providence County WHOLE STATE..... Coventry Warwick Burrillville.... Glocester Cranston and North Providence..... Hopkinton...... North Kingstown South Kingstown..... Lincoln, Smithfield and N. Smithfield. KENT COUNTY..... OF THE STATE. WASHINGTON COUNTY TOWNS AND DIVISIONS PROVIDENCE CITY

TABLE XXXVIII.—Woolen Goods.—Continued. Showing the statistics of the Woolen Manufactures in each town and county in the State, for the year ending June 1, 1875. STATISTICS OF SPECIAL MANUFACTURES.

GNA SYWOT					MATER	MATERIALS USED.	ćD.				
DIVISIONS	NATIVE WOOL.	WOOL.	FOREIGN WOOL.	WOOL.	30	SILK.	SHODDY.	Y.	COLTON.	N.	COTTON TARN.
OF THE STATE.	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	Poud's.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	Value.
Coventry	576,200 231,600	\$288,100 105,800					17,900 15,000	\$6,140 5,250	20,780	\$3,137	
KENT COUNTY	807,800	393,900					32,900	11,390	20,780	3,137	
BurrillvilleGlocesterCranston and North Providence	889,234 196,500 175,000	493,854 98,250 87,500	101,969	\$50,984	275 37	\$3,025	672,000 20,000 25,000	168,500 5,000 6,250	2,686,600	502,135 16,500	\$7,000 2,000
Pawtucket	1,175,000 1.353 500 2,552,852	587,500 694,750 1,286,600	640,000 1,140,493	231,320 586,665	51	918	520,000 35,000	75,000 10,500	265,000	40,800	2,400 35,280
Towns, Providence County	6,342,086	3,248,454	1,942,462	895,969	1,021	16,806	1,272,000	265,250	3,071,600	559,435	46,680
PROVIDENCE CITY	3,424,034	1,736,807	1,847,356	908,394	72	1,210	129,779	36,870	:	:	6,000
Hopkinton North Kingstown South Kingstown Richmond	185,000 760,322 864,000 457,000 482,500	92,500 380,161 117,000 227,000 239,550	70,000	35,000 12,995 25,000	10	8,625	305,500 119,143 20,000 87,000 417,500	36,175 28,414 4,000 25,000 108,500	125,000 38,400 171,000 1,096,500	17,800 5,760 25,650 153,510	75,422
WASHINGTON COUNTY	2,748,822	1,056,211	145,989	72,995	575	8,625	949,143	202,089	1,430,900	202,720	75,422
WHOLE STATE 13,322,742 \$6,435,372	13,322,742	\$6,435,372		3,935.807 \$1.877.358	1,668	\$26,641	2,383,822\\$515,599	\$515,599	4,523,280 - \$765,292 - \$128,102	\$765,292	\$128,102

TABLE XXXVIII.—Woolen Goods.—Continued. Showing the statistics of the Woolen Manufactures in each town and county in the State, for the year ending June 1, 1875. STATISTICS OF SPECIAL MANUFACTURES.

TOWNS AND					MAT	MATERIALS USED.	ED.				
DIVISIONS	COPFON WARF.	WORSTED YARN.	FLOCKS		DRUGS AND	SOAP.		LUBRIC	LUBRICATING OIL.	W00	WOOL OIL.
OF THE STATE.	Yards.	Pounds.	Pounds.	Value.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	Gall'ns	Value.	Gallons.	Value.
Coventry	21,600		21,000	21,000 \$3,150	\$5,700	23,475 \$1,174 15,500 775	\$1,174	450 290	\$419 150	3,820 1,36b	\$2,865 932
KENT COUNTY	21,600		21,000	3,150	9,900	38,975	1,949	740	569	5,188	3,797
Burrillville	6,000	19,200	53,114		74,933	74,000	3,465	6,670	4,576	6,425	4,011
Glocester		200,000	0,000	1,200	15,000	23,000	1,550		625	2,000	1,500
٠.			88 000	88 000 14 130	6,000	284,000 20,120	20,120 8,410	1,600	1.495	8,300	3,205 7,495
Lincoln. Smithheld & N. Shitchileid. Woonsocket	65,400		2,000	400	53,028	369,490	19,574		5,869	21,650	17,409
Towns, Providence County	71,400	219,200	151,114	151,114 23,697	187,661	944,990 53,519	53,519	17,810	14,884	42,345	34,220
Providence City		145,931	2,000	00‡	837,168	303,533 17,128	17,128	6,744	6,070	27,551	21,291
Honkinfon	725,275	:	40.000		20,300				569	1,425	1,163
North Kingstown	1,417,000	:	18,000	3,240	10,655		372	Η,	1,182	3,390	
South Kinestown	589,500	:	:	:	14.672				875	4,935	
Piehmond	840.500		5,000						665	3,675	
Westerly	475,000		22,000	4,400	40,800			3,355	2,548	15,300	9,945
Washington County	4,047,275		85,000	85,000 16,140	106,291	166,440	8,554	7,574	5,539	28,725	53,346
WHOLE STATE.	4,140,275	365,131	259,114	43,387	259,114 45,387 \$1,141,020	1,453,938,81,150,32,868	, 81,150	32,868	\$27,062	103,809	\$112,654

STATISTICS OF SPECIAL MANUFACTURES.

TABLE XXXVIII.—Woolen Gouds—Continued. Showing the statistics of the Woolen Manufactures in each town and county in the State, for the year ending June 1, 1875.

Galln's Value. Coal. wood. Su Galln's Value. Tons. Cords. Value. 1,000	MATE	MATERIALS USED.			PRODUCTS.	3.
STATE. Galln's Value. Tons. Cords. 1,002 59 1,200 1,002 158 285 1,250 1,002 158 3,070 5,725 1,550 40 1,375 1,570 1,500 1,016 15,131 1,570 1,580 1,280 528 1,570 1,500 1,280 6,251 1,500 1,500 1,280 6,251 1,500 1,500 1,280 6,251 1,500 1,500 1,280 6,251 1,500 1,500 1,280 6,251 1,500 1,500 1,280 1,280 1,500 1,500 1,280 1,280 1,500 1,500 1,280 1,528 1,500 1,500 1,280 1,280 1,500 1,500 1,280 1,500 1,500 1,288 1,500 1,500 1,528 1,500	COAL.	as	ALL MATERIALS	WOOLEN YARN.	WOOLEN GOODS.	ALL PRODUCTS.
Providence 550 \$110 95 1,200 700 700 700 700 700 700 700 700 700	Value. Tons.	Sords. Value.	Value.	Pounds.	Yards.	Value.
Providence 200 40 1,375 810 810 810 810 810 810 810 810 810 810	\$110 95 48 190	1,200 \$2,225 50 2,300	\$308,149	247,400	192,000	\$414,700 189,240
Providence 250 848 3,070 5,725 810 200 40 1,375 ad North Smithfield 295 46 2,645 171 80	158 285	1,250 4,525	438,238	271,400	192,000	603,940
COUNTY COUNTY	4,564 848 3,070 550 82 200 40 1,375.	4,	1,	120,000	3,871,220 258,000 260,000	$\begin{array}{c} 2,277.941 \\ 436,800 \\ 701,460 \end{array}$
COUNTY 5,609 1,016 15,131 6,786 11 1,075 30 (0,000 1,000 1,500 1,480 328 3,110 1,500 575 1,280 625 1,150 1,150 1,780 1,280 625 1,150 1,150 1,280 625 1,150 1,150 1,280 625 1,150 1,280 625 1,150 1,150 1,280 625 1,150 1,280 625 1,150 1,150 1,280 625 1,150 1,280 625 1,150 1	field 295 46		629,987 1,156,324 2,132,813	340,000	1,692,750 1,346,154	890,475 $1,610,084$ $2,979,173$
875 158 1,390 525 1,000	5,609 1,016 15,131	6,786 112,485	5,762,656	532,500	7,428,124	8,895,933
875 158 1,390 525 1,675 507 1,480 328 3,110 1,506 2,120 50 1,500 575 1,280 625 1,150 173 2,550		30 63,747	3,231,838	150,000	2,108,308	4,291,574
1,150 1/4 2,550	158 507 1,506 575		278,196 539,557 495,369 382,365	88,975	502,000 771,795 463,544 380,308	
	8 310 9 919 8 890		6	88.975	3 909 647	1,147,152
14,921 \$4,093 34,508 9,594 \$2	14,921 \$4,093 34,508	\$€		1,042,875	1,042,875 13,631,079	₩.

ADDITIONAL PRODUCTS OF WOOLEN MANUFACTURE.

The following additional products of Woolen Manufacture were reported, the value of which is, however, included in the preceding table:

Worsted Braids, *Dozens.*—Pawtucket, 475,000; Woonsocket, 85,500; Providence City, 250,000; Whole State, 810,500 dozens.

Cardigan Jackets, Dozens.—Providence City, 4,462.

Nubias, Dozens.—Providence City, 750.

KENTUCKY JEANS, Yards.—Coventry, 540,000; North Kingstown, 905,000; Richmond, 275,000; Whole State, 1,720,000 yards.

Woolen Shirtings, Yards.—Hopkinton, 432,700; Westerly, 1,200,300; Whole State, 1,633,000 yards.

LINSEYS, Yards - Hopkinton, 121,300; South Kingstown, 250,000; Richmond, 500,000; Whole State, 871,300 yards.

SHAWLS, Number.-South Kingstown, 43,648.

Shoddy, Pounds.—Lincoln and Smithfield, 260,000.

Cut Flocks, Pounds.-Lincoln and Smithfield, 353,870.

Lastings and Serges, Yards. - Woonsocket, 300 000.

TABLE XXXIX.—Print Works and Bleacheries. Giving the statistics of all the Print Works and Bleacheries in the State, for the year ending June 1, 1875.

	Print Works.	Bleacheries.
Number of establishments		7
Value of real estate		\$829,117
Value of machinery		\$544,000
Steam engines, number		28
Steam engines, horse power		1,986
Steam boilers, number		58
Water wheels, number		9
Water wheels, horse power	128	190
MACHINES USED.		
Kiers	48	96
Water mangles		37
Starch mangles		16
Dyeing machines		33
Winding machines	37	8
Singeing machines	15	2
Shearing machines	22	••::
Calenders		55
Bleaching machines		47
Printing machines		35
Folding and measuring machines		22
	10	
HANDS EMPLOYED.		
Males under 15 years		48
Males 15 years and over		834
Females under 15 years		20
Females 15 years and over	. 234	95
AVERAGE DAILY WAGES.		
Males under 15 years	\$0.60	\$0.68
Males 15 years and over		\$1.58
Females under 15 years		\$0.74
Females 15 years and over		\$0 94
Total amount of wages for the year		\$408,498
MATERIALS USED.		
Print cloths, yards	178,234,405	600,000
Print cloths, value		\$30,000
Wide goods, yards		141,291,956
Wide goods, value		\$11,327,986
Madder and garancine, pounds		#21,021,000
Madder and garancine, value	\$350,044	
Dye woods, pounds	2,676,397	578,007
Dye woods, value		\$10,716
Acids, pounds	4,530,501	1,148,325
Acids, value	\$98,008	\$88,905
Alkalies, pounds	1,812,568	656,017
Alkalies, value	\$52,751	\$19,333

TABLE XXXIX.—Print Works and Bleacheries.—Continued. Giving the statistics of all the Print Works and Bleacheries in the State, for the year ending June 1, 1875.

	Print Works.	Bleacheries.*
Aniline, pouuds	108,662	195
Aniline, value	\$81,500	\$205
Bleaching powders, pounds	1,409,440	772,795
Bleaching powders, value	\$36,463	\$16,285
Burning oil, gallons	4,197	300
Burning oil, value	\$620	\$45
Lubricating oil, gallous	7,206	4,420
Lubricating oil, value	\$6,704	\$4,212
Coal, tons	64,165	28,825
Wood, cords	454	50
Lime, barrels	4,321	2,413
Lime, value	\$7,356	\$3,145
Flour, barrels	3,326	3,450
Flour, value	\$23,577	\$22,396
Starch, pounds	888,169	716,914
Starch, value	\$55,326	\$45,160
Indigo, pounds	5,521	φ10,100
Indigo, value	\$6,921	
Pigments, pounds	50,507	
Pigments, value	\$12,747	
East India gum, pounds	135,797	
East India gum, value	\$8,972	
Artificial alizarine, pounds	73,846	
Artificial alizarine, value	\$72,544	
Albumen, pounds	60,997	
Albumen, value	\$47,999	
Chemicals, pounds	508,040	273,156
Chemicals, value	\$200,370	\$20,487
Nails, pounds	39,500	112,500
Nails, value	\$1,591	\$4,500
Lumber, feet	1,475,000	3,236,650
Lumber, value	\$33,325	\$59,949
•		4.00,010
Total value of all materials used	\$13,327,629	\$11,833,696
PRODUCTS.		
Prints, yards	186,474,863	
Print cloths, yards		612,639
Bleached goods, yards	14,717,000	125,596,464
Cambrics and Jaconets, yards		19,144,687
Hollands, yards		844,902
Duck coatings, yards		675,409
Cotton yarns, pounds		400,000
Wigans, yards		30,405
Umbrella cloths, yards		60,535
Chinese grass-cloth, yards		155,852
Silesia, yards		515,452
Packing boxes, number	75,435	86,133
Total value of all products	\$16,497,100	\$14,153,688

^{*} On page I28, the value of Acids used in Bleacheries should be \$26,899, instead of \$88,905.

STATISTICS OF SPECIAL MANUFACTURES.

TABLE XL.—Iron Manufactures. Showing the statistics of the Iron Manufactures in the State of Rhode Island, for the year ending June 1, 1875.

	ajuouu			STI	STEAM ENGINES.		WATER	ER				MAC	MACHINES USED	USE) 6			
COUNTIES AND STATE.	No. of cetablish	Value of Real Estate.	Value of Machinery.	Zumber.	Horse Power.	Boilers.	Number.	Horse Power.	Engine Turn. ing.	Pit and Drilling.	Upright Drill.	Polishing.	Rear Cutting.	dering.	VoodPlaning.	ron Planers.	olt Cutters.	rip Hammer.
BRISTOL COUNTY KENT COUNTY TOWNS, PROYIDENCE COUNTY WASHINGTON COUNTY PROVIDENCE CITY	n + n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n	\$9,000 73,000 233,581 93,000 679,000	\$9,500 102,300 442,934 38,500 3,544,384	21 + Z : &	35 102 881 	83 125 125	1 : 21 + 21 -	309	12 75 307 57 650	39	83 83 83 83 83	1 . 60 1- 510	1 . H 31 32 00	1		1 4000 1	11 2 11 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	<u> </u>
Whole State	79 \$4,	\$4,087,581	\$4,137,618	72	5,279	164	G	418	1,101	161	146	161	104	58 10	<u> </u>	1 21		1
IRON MANUFACTURES.																		
ers	20 ± 10 ± 10 ± 10 ± 10 ± 10 ± 10 ± 10 ±	\$131,000 970,725 60,000 432,581 793,600 ,536,750 162,925	\$186,050 469,900 133,000 556,226 598,500 2,150,342 1,600 42,000	16 1 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 1	265 636 504 724 724 2,656 33	986 135 288 16 58 58			160 299 18 18	81 GE2	21.8 : 22.6 : 31	97 397 3	87	119 2 1	221 27 22 113 22 23	6 37. 32 78 21 103 7	· i · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	22.5
Total	79 \$4,	087,581	\$4,087,581 \$4,137,618	-51 -51	5,279	164	6	418	1,101	161	146	191	101	58 1	107	71 918		31 29

STATISTICS OF SPECIAL MANUFACTURES.

TABLE XL.—Iron Manufactures.—Continued. Showing the statistics of the Iron Manufactures in the State of Rhode Island, for the year ending June 1, 1875.

	NVII	KDS ED	HANDS EMPLOYED.	ED.	AV	ERAGI	AVERAGE WAGES.	ES.	-	_	MATERIALS USED	LS USED.	
COUNTIES AND STATE.	MALES	ES.	FEMALES.	LES.	MA	MALES.	FEM	FEMALES.	Total Amount	Cost Iron	Rar Iron	Pie Iron	Steel.
	Under 15 and Under 15 and 15 ye'rs over.	15 and over.	Under 15 and Under 15 and 5 ye'rs over.	15 and over.	Under 15 ye'rs	15 and over.	Under 15 and Under 15 and 15 ye'rs over.	15 and over.	of Wages.	Pounds.		Pounds.	Pounds.
Bristol County Kent County Towns, Providence County. Washington County.	47	32 178 971 83 4,993	127		£0 5-	22-1-21	50 85 94 25 67 \$0 55	\$0.75	\$15,600 115,000 526,354 51,800 2,956,895	30,000 2,772,264 1,721,360 429,616 14,903,513	20,000 173,267 531,871 52,553 8,638,061	1,207,000	4,000 19,431 568,172 3,227 1,548,162
WHOLE STATE	262	6,257	127	330	77	2 17	55	92	\$3,665,649		9,415,752	19,856,753 9,415,752 11,896,710 2,142,992	2,142,992
IRON MANUFACTURES. Files and rasps. Foundries. Horse shoes. Machinery. Steam engines and boilers Tool companies and screws Wire works. Miscellaneous.	13.2 2.3.1 13.2 2.3.1 10. 10. 26.2	374 1,166 230 1,191 1,072 2,215 10 69	112	299 299 330	41 1 12 66 95 83 87 87 87 77	\$ 22 23 4 5 5 7 1 1 2 5 1 3 4 5 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	60 60 75 60 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90	1 00 75 90 90 1 00 80 92	189,923 662,053 110,237 737,832 686,560 1,240,919 7,326 30,799 \$3,665,649	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	344,400 922,494 757,499 7,260,859 130,500 9,415,752	6,640,000 (87,000 4,000,000 289,710 280,000 11,896,710	1,375,500 23,900 402,000 303,865 34,527 3,700 2,142,992

STATISTICS OF SPECIAL MANUFACTURES.

TABLE XL.—Iron Manufactures.—Continued. Showing the statistics of the Iron Manufactures in the State of Rhode Island, for the year ending June 1, 1875.

					MAT	MATERIALS USED	USED.					
COUNTIES AND STATE.	Brass. Pounds.	Copper and Boiler Iron. Ponnds.	Tin. Pounds.	Zinc and Bolts and Lead. Nuts. Pounds. Pounds.	Bolts and Nuts. Pounds.	Screws Gross.	Strews Lumber. Gross. Feet.	Paints.	Var. nish. Gal'ns.	Paint Oil. Gal'ns.	Var. Paint Lubricat-Lubricat- nish. Oil. ing Oil. ing Oil. GaPns. Galons. Value.	Lubricat- ing Oil. Value.
BRISTOL COUNTY. KENT COUNTY. TOWNS, PROVIDENCE COUNTY. WASHINGTON COUNTY. PROVIDENCE CITY.	24,200 200,268	3,020 1,007 1,007 1,931,242	3,500 750 507 13,200	200 19,500 1,052 5,212	22,240 24,400 1,019 60,396	2,047 3,177 730	10,000 78,284 339,000 498,880	2,950 6,700 3,858	3823 3823 3233 245	182 445	325 446 3,757 1,909 11,044	\$280 402 3,194 1,623 9,386
Whole State	221,493	1,935,279	17,957	18,964	108,055 5,954 926,164	5,954	926,164	13,708	1,030	783	17,481	\$14,885
Files and rasps. Foundries. Jorse shoes. Machinery. Steam obgines and bollers. Tool companies and serews. Wire works.	25, 795 25, 228 124, 766 14, 500	45,000 388 1,886,891	10,000 2,000 4,800 507 650	2,000 11,612 2,052 3,300	25,000 71,536 7,019 4,500	60 5,787 95	230,000 536,464 118,450 41,250	12,308 300 1,100		886 783	51 1,268 2,536 3,259 7,300 7,300 10	11,259 2,372 2,948 5,344 10 475
Total224,493 1,935,279	224,493	1,935,279	17,957		18,964 108,055 5,954 926,164	5,954	926,164	13,708	1,030	783		17,481 \$14,885

STATISTICS OF SPECIAL MANUFACTURES.

TABLE XL.—Iron Manufactures.—Continued. Showing the statistics of the Iron Manufactures in the State of Rhode Island, for the year ending June 1, 1875.

		MAZ	MATERIALS USED.	SED.			PRODUCTS.	UCTS.	
COUNTIES AND STATE,	Coal.	Wood:	Sand.	Supplies.	Total Value of Materials	Steam Steam Engines. Boilers.	Steam Boilers.	Water Wheels.	Lathes.
	Tons.	Cords.	Tons.	Value.	Used.	Number.	Number. Number, Number. Number.	Number.	Number.
BRISTOL COUNTY. KENT COUNTY. TOWNS, PROVIDENCE COUNTY. WASHINGTON COUNTY.	1,022 8,516	450 324 195	50 50 65 50 50 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	\$5,300	#8,605 117,852 628,269			1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
PROVIDENCE CITY.	29,322	222	2,(124,677	2,410,254	146	213	41	151
Whole State	39,102	1,121	3,875	\$141,577	\$3,191,980	296	253	91	152
IRON MANUFACTURES.									
Files and rasps Foundries	2,020 8,062	144	2,750	15,125	177,080	16	: :		
Horse shoes Machinery Machinery	4,814 3,533 5,533	738	200	16,338	290,368 604,834		1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	50	. 22
	18,936					:			150
Miscellaneous	147			1,000	18,375 64,639			41	
Total	39,102	1,121	3,875	\$141,577	\$3,191,980	296	253	91	152

STATISTICS OF SPECIAL MANUFACTURES.

Showing the statistics of the Iron Manufactures in the State of Rhode Island, for the year ending June 1, 1875. TABLE XL.-Iron Manufactures.-Continued.

					PRODUCTS.	īš.				
COUNTIES AND STATE.	Railway .	Shaftings,	Sec. Honor	Looms, Cotton	Speeder			SPINDLES.		
	Heads.	and Pulleys.	Casumgs.	and Woolen. Number.	Flycrs. Number.	Speeder. Number.	Speeder. Spooler. Frame. Number. Number. Number.	Flycrs. Speeder. Spooler. Frame. Mule. Not star'd Number. Number. Number. Number. Number.	Muhe. Number.	Not stat'd. Number.
Bustol County Kent County Towns, Providence County	40	55.55	536	1,012	1,012 15,000		17,000	20,000 95,500	3,380	205,000
Washington County	113	437	12,254		254 500	19,866	800	9,000	23,000	
WHOLE STATE	153	266	13,368	1,525	15,500	19,866	17,800	19,866 17,800 124,500	26,380	205,000
IRON MANUFACTURES.										
Files and raspsFoundries	13	307	12,982	12,982			•	0000,6		
Horse shoes	 140	069		1,525	15,500	19,866	17,000	17,000 115,500		3,380 205,000
Steam engines and boilers	: :			386						
Wire works										
Total	153	997	13,368	1,525	15,500	19,866		17,800 124,500	26,380	205,000

STATISTICS OF SPECIAL MANUFACTURES.

TABLE XL.—Iron Manufactures.—Continued. Showing the statistics of the Iron Manufactures in the State of Rhode Island, or he year ending June 1, 1875.

				PRODUCTS.	S. S.			
COUNTIES AND STATE.	Rasps and Files. Number.	Butts. Dozens.	Horse shoes.	Nails, Spikes, Steps and Other Ma- Repairing chines, and Rods. Bolsters, not specified. Jobbing. Pounds. Number. Number. Value.	Steps and Other Ma- chines, Bolsters. not speci- fied. Number.	Other Ma- chines, not speci- fied. Number.	Repairing and Jobbing.	Total Value of all Products.
BRISTOL COUNTY KENT COUNTY TOWNS, PROVIDENCE COUNTY WASHINGTON COUNTY PROVIDENCE CITY	1,197,000	59,700	8,500,000	6,557,555	21,500	8,833	\$1,000 4,000 3,100 59,300	\$32,250 270,564 1,355,275 95,000 8,913,402
WHOLE STATE	3,280,392	59,700	8,514,400	6,557,555	27,500		8,903 \$67,400	\$10,666,491
Files and rasps Foundries Horse shoes Machinery Steam engines and boilers. Tool companies and screws Wire works.	3,280,392	59,700	8,514,400	27,500 8,802 101	27,500		8,500	578,700 1,918,566 479,400 1,577,103 1,692,800 4,227,157 37,000 1,55,685
Total.	3,280,392	59,700	8,514,400	6,557,555	27,500		8,903 \$67,400	\$10,666,491

Under the head of Miscellaneous in the preceding table are included the following manufactures, which are not reported in detail, because they represent single establishments:

Builders' Hardware, Jobbing, Ship Windlasses, Cotton Bale Straps, Lightning Rods, Water Wheels. Heat Governors,

In addition to the Machines, Materials, and Products of Iron Manufactures given in the preceding table, a few others were returned, as follows. The value of the Products, however, is included in the "Total Value of all Products," given in the table:

MACHINES.

Horizontal Drills	MACHINES.
Burning Oil,—Gallons	Chuck Drills 17 Punching Machines 26 Shearing Machines 15 Bending Machines 7 Drop Hammers 9 Hydranlic Presses 3 Nail Machines 68 Upright Saws 6
PRODUCTS. Carding Engines, Number 26 Printing Presses, Number 90 Heads of Drawing, Number 150 Fire Pumps, Number 50 Muskets, Number 118,000 Sewing Machines, Number 15,000 Lightning Rods, Feet 12,000 Cotton Bale Straps, Tons 600 Braiding Machines, Number 206 Iron Safes, Number 9 Governors for Steam Engines, Number 15 Stop Motions and Railway Motions, Number 2,100 Hoisting Machines and Friction Clutches, Value \$18,000	MATERIALS.
Carding Engines, Number 26 Printing Presses, Number 90 Heads of Drawing, Number 150 Fire Pumps, Number 50 Muskets, Number 118,000 Sewing Machines, Number 15,000 Lightning Rods, Feet 12,000 Cotton Bale Straps, Tons 600 Braiding Machines, Number 206 Iron Safes, Number 9 Governors for Steam Engines, Number 15 Stop Motions and Railway Motions, Number 2,100 Hoisting Machines and Friction Clutches, Value \$18,000	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Printing Presses, Number 90 Heads of Drawing, Number 150 Fire Pumps, Number 50 Muskets, Number 118,000 Sewing Machines, Number 15,000 Lightning Rods, Feet 12,000 Cotton Bale Straps, Tons 600 Braiding Machines, Number 206 Iron Safes, Number 9 Governors for Steam Engines, Number 15 Stop Motions and Railway Motions, Number 2,100 Hoisting Machines and Friction Clutches, Value \$18,000	PRODUCTS.
	Printing Presses, Number 90 Heads of Drawing, Number 150 Fire Pumps, Number 50 Muskets, Number 118,000 Sewing Machines, Number 15,000 Lightning Rods, Feet 12,000 Cotton Bale Straps, Tons 600 Braiding Machines, Number 206 Iron Safes, Number 9 Governors for Steam Engines, Number 15 Stop Motions and Railway Motions, Number 2,100 Hoisting Machines and Friction Clutches, Value \$18,000
	Repairing and Jobbing, Value

CENSUS OF RHODE ISLAND,

JUNE 1, 1875.

APPENDIX.

NOTICE.

The following pages contain a copy of the Act of the General Assembly of the State of Rhode Island, under which the census of 1875 was taken. Copies are also given of the circulars, blanks, instructions and other papers connected with the census, in the order in which they were issued.

The blanks for statistics of population were similar to those used in 1865, with a few necessary changes. They were printed on "foolscap" paper, ruled thirty-five lines to the page, and each sheet containing space for seventy names. When folded and ready for use, the size of the blanks was eight and one half by fourteen inches. The blanks for the statistics of agriculture, and all of the different blanks for manufacturing statistics were on "foolscap" paper, the same size. The blanks for "Fisheries and Shore Statistics" were on small sheets, bound in small volumes.

Copies were made of all the returns of population in the whole State, which are deposited in the office of the Secretary of State; the original returns being sent to the Town Clerks of the several towns.

The whole number of blanks printed, of all kinds, for originals and for copies, was as follows:

CENSUS OF RHODE ISLAND, 1875.

CENSUS OFFICE, No. 37 SOUTH MAIN STREET, PROVIDENCE, March 22, 1875.

To the Town Council of.....

GENTLEMEN:—Enclosed, please find copy of the Act providing for a Census of the State the present year. According to Section 5 of said Act, the Town Councils of the several towns are expected to nominate and recommend the agents to be employed in taking the census in each town. The selection of these agents is of the utmost importance, as upon them, to a great extent, depend the accuracy and value of the census when completed.

These agents should be, and must be, persons of intelligence, easy and polite in their intercourse with the people. They must be able to write a good and plain hand, to spell correctly and be acquainted with the spelling of the names of the people. They must also be able to understand readily the object of, and the manner of filling the blanks used in the census. Without these qualifications none need apply.

The "Census Board" has a right to expect that no Town Conneil will recommend any person solely because he wants the place; but that special attention will be given to the character and qualifications of each person before a recommendation is granted.

The number of agents needed in each town is not yet determined; but it is desired that each Town Council should nominate a number equal to one for each thousand of the population. If all are not employed, a selection can then be made.

You are requested to nominate and recommend.....persons, qualified as described above to take the census in your town.

Please give each one a certificate, and also send a list of the persons recommended to me, at the earliest possible moment.

In behalf of the "Census Board,"

EDWIN M. SNOW, M. D.,

Superintendent of the Census.

(For a copy of the Act, see the next page.)

GENERAL STATUTES.

CHAPTER 449.

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR TAKING A DECENNIAL CENSUS OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND.

(Passed March 16, 1875.)

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

- SECTION 1. A census of the population, manufactures, agriculture, fisheries, and business in the several cities and towns of the State, shall be taken as they exist on the first day of Jnne, 1875, and every tenth year thereafter.
- SEC. 2. The information obtained by each census shall include all that was obtained by the State Census of the year 1865, together with such additional information as may be deemed necessary by the "Census Board" hereafter named.
- SEC. 3. As soon as may be after the passage of this Act, and at least six months previous to the date for taking the eensus in each subsequent census year, the Governor shall appoint a "Superintendent of the Census," who, together with the Governor and the Secretary of State, shall constitute the "Census Board," which shall have the charge of taking the census.
- SEC. 4. The Superintendent of the Census, acting under the advice of the Census Board, shall prepare and print all the necessary blanks for taking the census, with full and minute instructions to the agents to be employed, and shall distribute the same at least one month before the first day of June in the census years. The Superintendent of the Census shall also superintend the taking of the census, and receive the returns when completed. He shall also make up the tables from the returns, and prepare and present to the General Assembly a report upon the census, showing the information obtained and its application to the promotion of the interests of the State.
- Sec. 5. The Census Board shall appoint the agents to be employed in taking the census in the several towns and eities, the preference being given to those nominated and recommended by the town councils of each town, unless on examination, they shall be found to be incompetent or unsuitable persons; and it shall be the duty of the agents employed, to complete their labors and make their returns to the Superintendent of the Census on or before the fifteenth day of July next after the date of taking the census.
- SEC. 6. The Census Board is hereby authorized to employ special agents to obtain information required by the census when in their opinion the information can be obtained in this way more correctly and with greater economy to the State.
- SEC. 7. If the Superintendent, agents, or other persons, employed under the provisions of this Act, shall willfully neglect to perform the duties required by it, they shall each forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, and in ease of such neglect or incompetency, the Census Board shall have power to remove any such person and to appoint another in his place; and if any person shall refuse to give the information required to be obtained by the provisions of this act, he shall forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding two hundred and fifty dollars.
- SEC. 8. The Census Board is hereby authorized to fix the amount of compensation to be paid to the Superintendent not exceeding one thousand dollars, and the compensation of agents and other persons employed under the provisions of this Act, and the General Treasurer is hereby authorized and directed to pay the several amounts so fixed, upon the order of the Governor therefor.
 - SEC. 9. This Act shall take effect from and after its passage.

RHODE ISLAND CENSUS, 1875.

OFFICE 37 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

Providence......1875.

SIR:-The State Census Board has appointed you to assist in taking the census in the
town of
The compensation, fixed by the Board, will be one and one-half cents for each inhabitant in cities and villages; and two and one-half cents in all portions of the State, outside of cities and villages. In farming portions of the State, there will also be a fee of fifteen cents for obtaining the statistics of each farm. You are requested to notify me immediately, by mail, whether you will accept the
appointment or not, and if you do accept, do so by sending the accompanying agreement signed and witnessed. Unless we hear from you within five days from this date we shall take it for granted that you decline the appointment. If you accept, it is very desirable that you should call at this office before the twen-
tieth day of May, to receive the instructions and blanks, and also to arrange the division of your town into districts. Please inform me if you can do so.
Yours, &c.,
EDWIN M. SNOW, M. D., Superintendent of the Census.
RHODE ISLAND CENSUS, 1875.
To the State Census Board:
Having been appointed to assist in taking the census in the town of
Witness

CENSUS OF RHODE ISLAND, 1875.

To the People of Rhode Island:

On the first day of June, 1875, a Census of the Population of the State will be commenced. The persons appointed for the purpose will call upon every family in the State, to obtain the required information in regard to every individual, (man, woman, or child.) who may be living at noon on the first day of June. Those belonging to each family who may be absent in the army or navy, or temporarily absent, travelling, &c., are to be reckoned as if at home.

The information required by the Census Law is as follows:

- 1. The name of every individual, man, woman or child.
- 2. The age of each.
- 3. The sex.
- 4. The color; white or colored.
- 5. The connection or relation to the head of the family, as wife, child, servant, boarder, housekeeper, &c.
 - 6. Whether married, single, widowed, or divorced.
 - 7. The place of birth of each individual.
- 8. The parentage of each individual; that is, the country in which the parents of each person were born.
- 9. In regard to each person ten years of age and over, whether he or she can read and write.
 - 10. The occupation of every person, male and female, including children.
 - 11. Whether voters or not.
- 12. In regard to children, the number of months at school during the year, in public, select, or catholic schools.
 - 13. Whether deaf and dumb, blind, insane or idiotic.

The coöperation of the whole people in making the census complete and correct, is earnestly desired. To accomplish this object, all persons are requested to read and consider the above questions carefully, so as to be prepared to answer them correctly. In this way, the census may be made more full and accurate than any previous census of this State. A specimen of the blanks and of the manner of filling them, showing the information desired, is given on the other side of this sheet.*

EDWIN M. SNOW, M. D.,

Superintendent of the Census.

^{*}The above circular was translated and printed in French, and distributed among the French Canadian population of the State. The blank referred to may be found on page 148.

Census of Rhode Island, June 1, 1875.

INSTRUCTIONS

TO THE

Enumerators of Population,

BY

EDWIN M. SNOW, M. D.,

Superintendent of the Census.

INSTRUCTIONS.

TO THE ENUMERATORS:

The work on the census must be begun at noon on the first day of June, 1875, and must be continued diligently until completed.

Unless you can write a plain hand, easily read, and spell correctly, you had better deeline the appointment before you begin the work. The writing must be with pen and black ink, and must be written with ink at the time the inquiries are made. It will not answer to write with a peneil, to be written over afterwards. There is a piece of hlotting paper in each fold of the blanks, which should be used to prevent blotting.

Particular care must be taken to make the writing plain, so that it cannot be mistaken for anything different from what is intended. Make the figures especially distinct.

For convenient reterence, the columns in the blanks are numbered at the top. The figures at the sides of the pages, and also the dark blue lines across the pages, are merely for the purpose of guiding the eye, so as to keep the particulars relating to each person on the same line.

Districts.—Each enumerator will bave a single, separate district assigned him, with clear and well defined boundaries. Be sure that the boundaries of your district are perfectly understood before you begin, and when you have finished, be certain that you have obtained the name and other particulars relating to every human heing, (man, woman and child.) who was living within the limits of your district at noon on the first day of June, 1875. Do nothing outside of the first district assigned you until that district is perfectly finished.

Blanks. The blanks are in folds of one, two, three, four, five, or six sheets. The folds of more than one sheet are stitched, and in these stitched folds, the sheets must never, in any case, be separated.

You will fill out the head of every page with the number of your district, and the name of the town. You will also number each page from the heginning to the end of your district. As the pages are double, place the numbers of the pages only on the left hand corner of each page as it is turned over.

At the top of the fourth column of the blanks, the word "street" is printed. In country towns, write here the name of the road, or village, or any other name by which the locality is commonly known.

**Please read and consider carefully the following directions in relation to filling the blanks.

IST COLUMN. Dwelling houses numbered in the order of visitation. Under this head, give the number of the dwelling houses in the order of visitation; the first honse visited being number 1; the second house visited number 2; the third, number 3; and so on to the last house in the district. Each house having a separate entrance is to be considered as one dwelling-house, though it may contain one or more families. There may be several bouses in a block, but if they are separated by walls, and have separate outside front entrances, each is to be considered as one dwelling house, and is to be numbered as such. If a house is used partly for a shop, store, office, or for other purposes, and partly for a dwelling house, it is to be numbered as a dwelling-house.

Hotels, poor-houses, asylums, prisons, jails, boarding schools and other institutions, are each to be numbered as a dwelling-house; but should be marked as "hotel," "poor-house," &c.

When a dwelling-house is found not occupied, put the number in the proper place and write the words "not occupied" against the number, leaving the rest of the line across the page blank.

2. Lwelling Houses; Wood, Brick or Stone. In this column, against the number of each dwelling-honse, write W., B. or S., indicating the principal material of which the house is built.

AF The blanks for the cities of Providence and Newport are different. In those cities place the letters W., B. or S., (for wood, brick, or stone.) directly under the number of the bouse in column 2.

3. Families numbered in the order of visitation. Under this head, number each family as visited, from the first family visited to the last in the district.

By the term "family" is meant either one person living separately in a house, or part of a house, and providing for himself, or several persons living together. Thus a family may be one person living alone, or any number of persons living together and provided for by a common head. The resident inmates and regular boarders of each hotel are to be all reckoned together as one family, and the inmates of each jail, poor-house, boarding-school, or other institution, are to be reckoned together, including the keeper and officers, as one family.

4. The name of every Person. &c. Be sure and give the name, plainly written, of every individual, from the oldest to the youngest, who was a member of the family at noon, on the first day of June, 1875. Include, as in the family, those temporarily absent in the army or navy, at school, at sea, traveling, &c.

All members of the family are to be included who were living at noon, on the first day of June, though they may have died after that hour; but children born after that hour, are not to be reckoned. Transient persons at hotels are not to be included in the family; but permanent boarders should be included.

In taking the census of a family, write the names in the following order: Beginning with the father as the head of the family, then the mother, then the children in the order of age beginning with the oldest, then servants, boarders, and other persons. If the father or mother, or both be dead, begin with the ostensible head of the family.

5. Age. If the individual is one year old, or over, give the age at the last birth-day, in years only, in the first of the three columns under the head of "Age." If less than one year and more than one month, give the age in months in the second column only. If less than one month, give the age in days, in the third of the three columns,

Take special pains to give the exact age, as nearly as possible, of each individual. If it is impossible to get the exact age, give it as nearly as possible, and write the word "about" against the age as given. Leave no individual with age not stated.

- 6. Sex. In this column write the letter M. or F., meaning male or female, against the name of every individual. Leave no blanks.
- 7. Color. In this column write W., or B., or M., (meaning white, black or mulatto,) against the name of every individual. In case of Indians or Chinese, write Ind., or Chi., as the case may be.

- 8. Relation to the head of the family. In this column begin with the "Head of the family," and then write against every other individual the connection or relation to the "Head," as "wife," "child," "father," "mother," "annt," "servant," "boarder," &c., as the case may be.
- 9. Civil Condition. In this column write M., S., W., or D., (meaning married, single, widowed, or divorced,) against the name of every individual.
- 10. Place of Birth. If horn in Rhode Island give the name of the town or city; if elsewhere in the United States, give the name of the State, as Mass., Conn., Vermont. Virginia, Maryland. &c.; if in other countries, give the name of the country, as England, Ireland, Scotland, Germany, Canada, Nova Scotia, &c. Get the birth-place of every individual. Let there be no "unknown" in the returns.
- The annexation of East Providence and Pawtucket to the State, and the changes in town lines within a few years, may cause some perplexity in giving the birth-places. The rule must be to give the birth-place of each individual, as it was when the individual was born. Thus, those born in East Providence and Pawtucket, before they were annexed to the State, must be put down as born in Massachusetts; those born in Lincoln, North Smithfield, and Woonsocket, south of the river, before the division of Smithfield, must be put down as born in Smithfield; those born in the tenth ward of Providence before its annexation to the city, must be put down as born in North Providence, and the same rule with South Providence, Pawtucket west of the river, and with the portion of Bristol annexed to Warren.
- 11. Parentage. The parentage of each individual depends upon the birth-place of his or her parents, and has no connection with his or her own hirth-place. Thus, if both parents of a person were born in the United States, the person is of American parentage wherever he or she was born; if both parents of an individual were born in freland, the individual is of Irish parentage whether born in Ireland, England, the United States, or elsewhere; and so with other nations.

If the father of an individual was born in England, and the mother in Ireland, the parentage of the individual should be put down E & I; if the father of an individual was born in the United States and the mother in Germany, the parentage of the individual should be put down A & G, &c. Be sure and get the information with reference to every individual; let there be no blanks.

The abbreviations for parentage may be as follows: A = American, I = Irish, E = English, S = Scotch, Swe = Swedish, Sp = Spanish, G = German, F = French, It = Italian, D = Dutch, (i. e, of Holland,) Port = Portuguese, B = British American, &c., &c.

12. Cannot read and write, 10 years old and over. In this column if the individual can read and write, leave it blank; if he or she can read but cannot write, make a single mark under the "W"; if he or she can neither read nor write, make a mark both under the "R" and under the "W."

Reading and writing do not refer to the English language alone. If an individual can read and write in any language, he or she is to be considered as able to read and write.

- 13. Occupation. Give the occupation, as far as possible, of every individual, male and female, and including children. Do not use general terms like mechanic, laborer, merchant, agent. overseer, manufacturer, &c.; but state the kind of mechanic, laborer, merchant, &c. If an operative or workman in a mill, state the kind of mill, as cotton, woolen, &c. Give the specific kind of labor performed in mills, as spinner, weaver, dresser tender, &c. Make as particular distinctions as possible in all occupations; thus distinguish between stone and brick masons, between fire and life insurance agents.
- 14. Voters. In this column, make a mark against the name of every male person, over 21 years of age, who has the constitutional qualifications of time of residence, property, &c., to make them voters, whether their names have ever been placed on voting lists or not.
- 15. Attending School. The object of this column is to ascertain who have attended school, and the number of months they have attended, during the year ending June I, 1875. Write in this column, against the name of each individual who has attended school, the letters "Pub.," "Se.," or "Cath." with figures indicating the number of months the individual has attended school during the year. Thus, "Pub. 10," Se. 7," "Cath. 8," mean Public Schools, 16 months; Select Schools, 7 months; Catholic Schools, 8 months.

16. Whether Deaf and Dumb, Blind, Insane or Idiotic. Whenever a person is found afflicted in these ways, write against his name in this column, the words Deaf and Dumb, or Blind, or Insane, or Idiotic, as the case may be.

18 It is expected that especial care will be taken to obtain full information relating to every individual in the State, and that there will be no blanks or "unknown."

In case there are marked errors or deficiencies, that injure the value of the eensus, or render it necessary to do the work over, no pay will be allowed for the work done.

As soon as any enumerator has completed his district, and is sure that it is all correct, he should enclose all the returns in the portfolio, tie them up strongly, and send them to my office, No. 37 South Main street, Providence.

As It is expected that in Providence the returns will be all complete and returned within one week from the first day of June, and that the returns for the rest of the State will be completed and returned on or before the fifteenth day of June.

15 In all'cases of doubt, or where further explanations are needed, apply at once, in person or by letter, to

EDWIN M. SNOW, M. D.,

Superintendent of the Census.

37 Sonth Main Street, Providence.

PROVIDENCE, May 31, 1875.

To the Enumerators of Fopulation:

The blanks for Population, Agriculture, and Fisheries have been sent, with a portfolio, to each person appointed on the census. If you have not received all you need, notify me at once, and indicate how any thing shall be sent to reach you in the quickest time possible. It is expected that every man will be ready to begin at noon on Tuesday, the first day of June.

Each enumerator is requested to finish his district as soon as possible, only be certain that it is well and completely done, and that the return contains the names and statistics of every living human being in the district. Make returns as soon as completed to my office, No. 37 South Main street, Providence.

It is expected that by polite persuasion there will be no difficulty in obtaining all the information required, and every one is expected to succeed by politeness if possible. In case of necessity, however, reference may be made, gently, to the Seventh section of the State Law. providing for a Census, which says:—"If any person shall refuse to give the information required to be obtained by the provisions of this Act, he shall forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding two hundred and fifty dollars."

The following notes are suggested by questions that have been asked, since the blanks were distributed.

Population. The inmates of the Reform School, State Prison, and of Insane Hospitals, Work Houses, Jails and Poor Houses will be enumerated at those Institutions and not at their homes.

Pupils attending Boarding Schools, Academies, or in College, who have homes in the State will be enumerated at their homes; Pupils from out of the State, will be enumerated in the towns where the Schools are located.

Farm Laborers for the year, or season, should be enumerated with the family where they are living.

Agricultural Statistics. Under the head of Turnips it should read, "French and Round," intending to include all kinds of Turnips.

The cash value of farms should be given according to the best judgment of the enumerator after obtaining all the information he can.

The total value of all farm products means what it says, and includes all farm and garden products though the value of some of them is given previously.

A farm may be considered any amount of land not less than three acres, which is devoted entirely to agricultural purposes. If a piece of land of one acre or more is exclusively devoted to raising vegetables for sale, or for a nursery, or for raising plants and flowers for sale, it should be put down in the agricultural blanks as a farm, and the statistics of it be given.

Shore Farms. When a farm borders on the sea shore, give the acres, value, &c., of the whole farm in the agricultural blanks, and then give the shore statistics and statistics of fisheries separately, on the blanks prepared for them.

There are many men employed as fishermen, oystermen, &c., who have no farms. The statistics of their business should be given on the blanks for fisheries, and all enumerators near the sea shore should be careful to get these statistics.

Further information will be promptly given on application in person, or by letter, at my office.

EDWIN M. SNOW, M. D.,

Superintendent of the Census.

37 South Main Street, Providence.

The Population blank, showing the manner of filling it, is given on the next page.

1875.
1sT,
JUNE
WN
$_{ m TO}$
IN THE TOWN OF.
NI
DISTRICT
0F
CENSUS OF DISTRIC

91	, Blind,	and Duml or Idiotic	лет Dent Двява	Whet	Blind				
16	ing the	cHoor onths dur bloric onths	AT S nber of m sar. Pul Car	muZ oy	Pn. 3 Pu. 10	Ca. 3		Se. 3	
14		TEES.			1				
73	ខ្មាញ	rPATIOX. rson, Male ildren.	every Pe	10	Jeweler Housekeep'r Spinner School Girl.	Monlder. Housckeep'r Spooler. Doffer	Merchant Honsekeep'r Clerk	Dress Maker Carpenter. Dress Maker	Teamster Housekeep'r
25	E	TEST TEST	i.	W.			: :-		
13	POWNAO	READ AND WRITE.	orer.	괱		-	1		1
1.1	rish,	ZXVCE' English, I	легіеяп.	ιγ	বৰবৰৰ	шышыш	E & S E & S E & S	E & A A E	44.
10	91]] 91	OF BIRTH sland, dan where, na he Counti	І вроин і	ni M	Maine Cranston Cranston	Ireland Nova Scotia New York Cranston	England Scotland Vermont	Massachnsetts Massachusetts Maine Providence	Virginia
6	owed,	OZDILIO ingle, Wid vorced.	or Di	K sv	ZZ x x x	SEXXX	ZZ o x	ş∝≽c	MM
80	' 3uı	TION of the Fe bild, Serve der, &c.	hе Н еаd Э , Чife, С Боал	រប	Head of Family Wife Son Daughter	ffend of Family Wife Danghter Son Dunghter	Hend of Family Wife. Son	Frend of Family Son Mother Bourder	flead of Family Wife
7	Black, atto.	White,	гов.	CO	=====	=====	====	2222	525
9		.X3	IS		ZFZFF	SFFEF	ZZZZ	FEFF	25
		Under	Year.	Mos. Days		83			
õ	AGE	գ 	Ye	Mos.					
	Оле Үеаг алд очет.				\$448	37 34 13 10	3585	45 71 88 88	88
STREET. #	AME OF EVE PERSON, WORMEN, WORDEN, Whose us of abode w family or of Amer I flower about those about those about those about those about those about those about those about those about those about those about those about				John Jepson. Mary Jepson. Junres Jepson. Saruth Jepson. Hannah Jepson.	William Daly. Bridget Daly. Jennie Daly. Peter Daly. Sarah Daly.	George Wood	Janet Cox. William Cox. Marin Jones.	Walter Johnson
33		ao ui bere		ilimed	-	21	80	-	10
6.1	Dwell. ing Ilouses	r Stone.	ation. Brick, o		=		m	=	≱
I	ĮĄ, u	rder of	o ni bere goiti	dmuX		LE EVIII	ତୀ	00	4

18	-E-C	Tes sown,	y G.	6.1
T,	52	shels aised, 1874.	ា ពេញ	25
18	RY	res sown,	31	7.5
NE	AT.	shels aised, 1874.	J	23
F.	WILE	'umos somu'	1	22
US,	.DO 1	Preen & Gr	ger	12
SXS	₩.	Straw.		20
CE	HAY & STRAW.	dow Hay.	Pons in 1874.	18 19 20
H	33	Hay. Bog Mea-	ns i	_
F.	HA			18
R. I. CENSUS, JUNE 1sr, 18	els ro gaib		S	17
		ue of all ive Stock, ane 1, 1875.	вV 1 Ц	10 11 12 13 14 15 16
:	K.	.aniw2	375.	$I\tilde{\mathcal{E}}$
	LIVE STOCK.	Sheep and	Number, June 1, 1875.	ŦI
	S	Other Cat tle.	fune	I3
	LIV	SaixtoW nexo	er,	12
OF		Milleh Cows.	quic	II
Z		Horses.		10
TOV	CALUE.	វិសាសា វិសាសិក្សា វិសិ	ii	8
THE	VA.C.	farms, in- luding ildings, 1875	10 9	35
OF	ACRES OF LAND.	ner naim - roved land, 575.	td 140_	-1
$\frac{5}{2}$	LA	ood land, 875.	M	9
ST	OF	sture land, 875.	ra l	õ
\T!	SES	ner mowing. 1875, and	DO 1	Ŧ
ST	154	g Me adow, 875.	1 <u>B</u> 0	ç _o
4		.6581 Dowe	ıa l	C/1
AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS OF THE TOWN OF		NAME Of Owner, Agent or Manage: of the Farm.		I
11		0	ı	

Bushels raised, 1874.

raised, 1874.

Aeres sown, 1874.

Acres sown, 1874. Bushels Faised 1874

28

27

97

18 20

co |

OATS.

INDIAN CORN.

1875.

ı	
	or manure.
	fuel
	for
	•22
	dug
	Peat
	the
ĺ	hether
l	=
	TEState
	NOI

VND	KERT IZERS NAU	tdguod er		19	
	иоя Бові	ne year ding June 1875.	ւլս Նոյ	00	
FARM	PRO-	al value of ding June 1875.	នៃ ពីទ	0.0	
	PEAT.	ls dug. sar ending ne I. 1875.	nr A	58	
· X:	HOME	jo spu	18.	22	
	·saaa	rms of, me 1, 1875.	ur ur	20	
**	100M	nds of sar ending ane 1, 1875.	nod	50	
THY.	roor	ne on hand 5781 ,1 om	Λ_{3}	24	
	Fees Four	ne pro- teed, year offing June 1875.	en gr	63	
SHER	ТСВАИ ВЕВ	hels of	Bus	62	
EVS:	1 1 2 2 1 1 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	lels of	sug St	51	
N'GRA!	SELDS.	ne raised, 74,		90	
	ISAM Grad	ne of Pro- tets, 1874.		GF	
RIES	STRAN	rts of, 1874.	տոֆ	84	
'SN	STRIN	hels, 1874.		17	
·s	GREEN PEA	hels, 1874.	r.u	97	
KIPS.	lat and	liels lised, 1874.		46	
TUR	Flat	es plant'd, 74.	19A	F.F	
	ETS.	hels ised, 1874		£#	
	BE	es bjant'd,	Aer	75	
ď.	si E	nela 1874.		11	
	S 28	es Dlant'd, 74,	və V	07	
	ONS	hels Jaed, 1874.		39	
	ONI	es blant'd.	19 V	38	
SHOL	raroq	stods 186d, 1874	R.I	37	
	IRI	es plant'd,	81	36	
	овси Пова	ne raised 1874.	πi	36	
	MILE	Gallons sold.	조 25.2	3.4	
218	аянэ	Pounds Pounds	r en e 1,1	33	
ев.	ттин	Pounds made.	Year June	32	
	LEY	hels 11sed, 1874.	1.F	31	
	2	·†2			

NOUE.—Give here the number of Bushels of Tomatoes, Heads of Cabbages, Bushels of Buckwheat raised in 1874, and any other unusual crops or interesting facts.

CENSUS OF RHODE ISLAND.

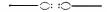
YEAR ENDING JUNE 1, 1875.

----C: :C----

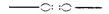
FISHERIES AND SHORE STATISTICS.

Town of.....

1.	Owner of Shore Farm?
2.	Acres of Salt Marsh
3.	Tons of Salt Hay?Value per ton?
4.	Sea Drift collected: Cords?Value per cord?
5	Fish seined for Mannre: Bbls?Value per barrel?
6.	Fish seined for Oil and Guano: Bbls?Value per barrel?
7.	Fish seined and caught for food: Pounds?
	Total value of Fish eaught for Food?
	Kinds of Fish caught for Food: Names?
•••	
8.	Clams: Bushels of?Quahogs: Bushels of?
9.	Scollops: Bushels of?
10.	Oysters: Bushels planted? Bushels gathered?
11.	Lobsters: Pounds?
12.	Total value of all Shell Fish? \$
	REMARKS:



STATISTICS OF GENERAL MANUFACTURES.



INSTRUCTIONS.

To the Agents :

The collection of the statistics of the Mannfactures of Cotton, Wool, Worsted, Jewelry, and some of those of Iron, has been entrusted to special agents. It will be your duty to obtain the statistics of all other manufactures in your district. An alphabetical list is given hereafter of various manufactures in the state, as obtained by previous censuses, the statistics of which you are expected to obtain.

The first and specially important instruction we would give you is, that all the information you obtain relating to the manufactures, is to be kept strictly secret. You will neither show nor eommunicate any facts that you may obtain to any person whomsoever. You can give this assurance, by order of the Census Board, to all persons in the strongest terms. You can also assure all persons, that in the publication of the statistics, no use will be made of the name of any person, firm, or corporation, and that the statistics will be combined so that they will show no facts relating to the business of any corporation, firm, or private individual.

In seeking the manufacturing establishments, it will not answer to depend upon general knowledge; but thorough enquiry must be made in every street, lane and load in your district. In some cases, important manufactures are earried on in a single room, with power hired from some engine in the vicinity. Enquiry should be made from the owners of engines, in regard to the power farnished, so that no shop or room may be omitted.

It is believed that the blanks will be easily understood, and will need no special instruction or explanation. The space given on the blanks is much more than will be needed for very many of the less important manufactures; but it is thought to be better to have them of uniform size and arrangement.

It is desirable to obtain more full and accurate information in relation to some important industries of the State that have been given in previous censuses. For example, we wish to obtain full information relating to the stone quarries of the State, showing all the kinds and qualities of stone quarried, the cost of production, and transportation and other particulars; and also the estimated extent and value of the quarries. Similar full information is also desired in relation to coal, iron, and other mines. Such information is important for the interests of the State, and also of the persons interested in these productions.

It is expected that each agent will feel a special personal interest in obtaining a full and accurate statement of all the manufactures of every description, in his district. The work must be prosecuted with diligence and completed as soon as possible. Each person will keep an exact account of the time employed, and report as soon as the work is finished.

If further explanations, special instructions, or additional blanks are needed, apply at once, in person or by letter, to the undersigned, at the Census Office, No. 37 South. Main Street, Providence.

EDWIN M. SNOW,

Superintendent of Census.

LIST OF MANUFACTURES.

Agricultural Implements.

Alarm Tills.

Ale and Lager Beer, barrels.

Ambrotypes and Tintypes.

Articles for Jewelry, gross.

Artificial Teeth, sets.

Awnings and Tents.

Bags.

Barrels and Casks.

Balmoral Skirts.

Baskets.

Bakery Products.

Belting.

Belt Hooks.

Blacking.

Blacksmith«.

Block Alphabets, sets.

Bobbins and Spools.

Book Clasps.

Boots and Shoes, pairs.

Boot and Shoe Findings.

Book-binding.

Boxes, paper.

Bonnets.

Boats.

Brick.

Brushes.

Buttons, gross.

Cable, submarine.

Calf Skins.

Candles, pounds.

Candy, pounds.

Cards, cut.

Cartridges.

Cane-scating.

Carriages and Wagons.

Carpentering and Building.

Carriage Trimming.

Cement Pipe.

Charcoal.

Cigars.

Clothing.

Coal Tar, barrels.

Coke. bushels.

Coal mined, tons.

Corn Knives.

Cork-cutting.

Coffin Trimmings.

Coffins.

Coffee and Spices, roasted and ground.

Copper milled and smelted.

Collars and Cuffs, pairs.

Combs.

Concrete Pavement.

Confectionery.

Croquet Sets.

Dentistry, mechanical.

Drugs and Chemicals.

Dyeing.

Dye Wood and Dye Stuffs, ground.

Euvelopes.

Engraving and Steneil Cutting.

Enameling.

Fertilizers.

Files.

Flouring and Grist Mill Products.

Fruits canned.

Frear Stone.

Furniture.

Flags of Bunting.

Gas, illuminating.

Gas for Soda Fountaius.

Gas and Lamp Fixtures.

Gilding.

Glue.

Guano, Fish, tons.

Hair Work.

Hand rakes.

Handles for Tools.

Harnesses.

Hats.

Hose, leather and cloth.

Ice Cream.

India Rubber and Elastic Goods.

Iron, forged and rolled;

bolts, nuts, washers, and rivets; nails and spikes, cut and wrought; railing, wrought and cast; stoves, heaters, hollow-ware, hot-air furnaces and ranges; agricultural, architectural, and machine castings.

Kiudling Wood.

Lacing Leather, sides.
Leather, sides tanned and enried.
Leather Belting.
Lead Pipe.
Lime Casks.
Loom Pickers, Cozen.
Liquors, distilled.
Lithography.
Lumber, planed or sawed.

Marble and Stone Work, not specified.
Mattresses.
Masonry.
Meat cared and packed.
Mineral and Soda Waters.
Millwrighting.
Models.
Molasses and Sugar, Refined.
Musical Instruments.
Mines, coal, iron and other.

Nail Kegs.
Newspapers printed.

Oil, animal, fish, and cotton seed.

Pails and Buckets.
Packing Cases.
Patterns.
Paper Cop Tubes.
Paints.

20

Patent Medicines.

Painting.

Photography.

Picture Frames.

Plumbing and Gas Fitting.

Planes.

Printing and Publishing.

Quarries, all kinds.

Reeds and Harnesses, (weavers.)

Rings and Travelers.

Rifles and Muskets.

koofing Materials.

Safes, Doors and Vaults, (fire proof.)
Sails.

Salt ground, bushels.

Sash, Doors and Blinds.

Saws.

Scroll Sawing and Turning.

Screw Machines.

Scythes.

Sewing Machines.

Shirts.

Shingles.

Sheepskins, dozens.

Small Beer, bottles.

Soap bar, pounds.

Soap, soft, barrels.

Spectacles and Eye Glasses.

Straw Goods.

Stoves.

Sugar refined, pounds.

Syrnp and Molasses, harrels.

Tin, Sheet-iron and Copper-Ware.

Toys, sets.

Trunks and Valises.

Tubing, flexible.

Water Elevators.

Washing and Wringing Machines.

Wood Turning and Carving.

Wire Work.

	Name of Firm or Person?						
	ocation?	• • •		•••			
P _	ost Office Address?	•••		• • •			
1	Value of Real Estate.	 35	WAGES. Average daily wages paid				
2	Value of Machinery and		to males under 15 years of age.	55	Lubricating Oil, gallons.		
	Tools.	36	Average daily wages paid to males over 15 years of	5 6	Burning Oil, gallons.		
3	Kind of Power used.	37	age.	57	Tons of Coal for heating		
4	STEAM Number.			ă8	Tons of Coal for Power.		
5	(Engines.) Horse Power.	38		59	Cords of Wood for Heat- ing.		
6	Number.	39	of age.	60	Cords of Wood for Power.		
7	Horse Power.	40	the year.	61	All Materials, Value.		
8	Kind Used.		MATERIALS USED DURING THE YEAR.	62	Quantity and value of all		
9	CUBIC FEET WATER available per minute.	41	Quantity?		PRODUCTS.		
10	Head in Feet.	"	Value?	63	Quantity?		
11	Mode of Heating.	42	Quantity?	"	Value?		
12	Mode of Lighting.		Value?	64	Quantity?		
13	(Powers) For Heating.	43	Quantity?		Value?		
14	BOILERS. For Power.		Value?	65 "	Quantity?		
15	MACHINES.	44	Quantity?		Value?		
16		"	Value?	66	Quantity?		
17		45	Quantity?		Value?		
18		ا ،،	Value?	67	Quantity?		
19		46	Quantity?		Value?		
20		"	Value?	68 	Quantity?		
21		47	Quantity?	69	Value?		
22		"	Value?	017	Quantity? Value?		
23		48	Quantity?	70	Quantity?		
24			Value?		Value?		
25	•	49	Quantity?	71	Quantity?		
26		٤.	Value?		Value?		
27		50	Quantity?	72	Quantity?		
28		. 6	Value?		Value?		
29		51	Quantity?	73	Quantity?		
30	HANDS EMPLOYED.	**	Value?	"	Value?		
31	Males under 15 years of age.	52	Quantity?	74	Quantity?		
32	Males over 15 years of	"	Value?		Value?		
	age.	53	Quantity?	75	Total value of all Pro-		
33	Females under 15 years of age.		Value?		duets.		
34	Females over 15 years	54	Quantity.	76	Number of days in operatiou.		
_	of age.	- 6.6	Value?				

			Provi	DENCE, Ju	ly, 1875.
то	• • • • • • • •	 			

GENTLEMEN:—In taking the census of manufactures in this State, the present year, we are desirons of obtaining more full and more accurate statistics than have been obtained in any previous census. With this view, in accordance with the provisions of the Census Act, special agents have been appointed to obtain the statistics of several of the most important manufactures in the State; and agents have been selected who have special and practical knowledge upon the subject. In this way, we confidently expect to obtain information which will be interesting and valuable not only to the public, but also to manufacturers themselves.

All statistics obtained in relation to the business of any corporation or individual, will be considered strictly confidential, and will, in no case, be shown or communicated to any other person, nor will any facts be published except in the aggregate for the State, and so arranged that nothing will be made public in relation to the business of any individual or corporation.

Mr. Isaac Peck, of Coventry, has been appointed to obtain the statistics of the *Cotton Manufactures* of the State, and will call upon you within a few days to obtain the information desired. Mr. Peek is well known in the State, and is highly recommended by prominent manufacturers for this special business. We ask for him your coöperation and assistance in making the returns the most complete and perfect possible.

We send with this a copy of the blank used, that you may examine it, and so far as possible have the information ready when the agent calls.

In behalf of the Census Board,

EDWIN M. SNOW,

Superintendent of the Census.

EF Similar circulars were sent out in connection with the blanks for "Woolen and Worsted," "Iron," and "Jewelry" mannfactures.

COTTON MANUFACTURES, YEAR ENDING JULY 1ST, 1875.

	Name of Owner or Corporation?							
	ocation?	•••	***************************************	• • •				
	ame of Superintendent? ost Office Address?		***************************************	• • •				
=	obt office Address							
			WAGES.	1				
1	Value of Real Estate.	33	Average daily wages paid to males under 15 years		PRODUCTS.			
2	Value of Machinery.	34	of age. Average daily wages paid	65				
3	STEAM \ Number.		to males over 15 years of	66	Yards to Pound.			
4	ENGINES. Horse Power.	35	Average daily wages paid	67	Number of Yarn.			
5	$\left(\stackrel{\vec{\sigma}}{\Xi} \stackrel{\vec{\sigma}}{\odot} \right)$ Number.	36	to females under löyears of u_e	68	Reed and Pick.			
6	Horse Power.	30	Average daily wages paid to temales over 15 years	69	Yards Woven.			
7	[≒ ∰] Kind used.		of age.	70	Price paid per Cut for			
8	CUBIC FEET WATER avail-		PRICES PAID.		Weaving.			
	able per minute.	37	Per Hank for Coarse Roving.	71	Length of Cut.			
9	Head in feet.	38	Per Hank for Intermedi-	72	Value.			
10	Mode of Heating.		ate koving.	73				
11	Mode of Lighting.	39	Per Hank for Fine Roving	74	Yards to Pound.			
12	BOILERS. For Heating.	40	Per 100 for Mule Spinning.	75	Number of Yarn.			
13	For Power.	41	Per Spindle for Frame	76	Reed and Pick.			
į	MACHINES.	40	Spinning.	77	Yards Woven.			
14	Lappers.	42	Per Cut for Warping. Per Cut for Dressing.	78	Price paid per Cut for Weaving.			
15	Carding Engines.	44	Per day for Slashers.	79	_			
16	Heads of Drawing.	45			Length of Cut.			
17	Slubbers.	10	Total Amount of Wages for the year.	80	Value.			
18	Coarse.		MATERIALS	81				
19	Intermediate.	II l	USED DURING THE YEAR.	$ ^{82}$	Yards to Pound.			
20	$\left[\hat{x}\hat{z}\right]_{\text{Fine.}}^{\text{Fine.}}$	46	1	83	Number of Yarn.			
21	Warp Spindles.	17	Starch, pounds.	84	Reed and Piek.			
22	Filling Spindles.	48	Lubricating Oil, gallons.	85	Yards Woven.			
23		49	Burning Oil, gallons.	86	${\bf PriceperCutfor Weaving.}$			
24	Warping Machines.	50	Harnesses, sets.	87	Length of Cut.			
25	Dressers.	51	Shuttles, pairs.	88	Value.			
26		52	Mill Supplies, amount.		WASTE.			
	Looms.	53	Tons of Coal for Heating.	89	Cop Waste, lbs.			
27		54	Tons of Coal for Power.	90	Spinners' Waste, lbs.			
28	Braiding Machines.	55	Cords of Wood for Heating	91	Drawing Waste, lbs.			
	HANDS EMPLOYED.	56	Cords of Wood for Power,	92	Flyings and Strippings, lbs			
29	Males under 15 years of age.	57 58	Coal for making Gas.	93	Pieker Waste, lbs.			
	Males over 15 years of	59		94	Sweepings, lbs.			
	age.	60		95	Bags, 1bs.			
31	Females under 15 years of age.	61		96	Bands, lbs.			
32		62		97	Total Value of all Pro-			
	age.	63	All Materials given above, Value,	1	ducts.			
		64	Number days in operation	1				

APPENDIX.

$CENSUS \ OF \ RHODE \ ISLAND, \ 1875.$

	WOOLEN AND WORSTED MANUFACTURES, YEAR ENDING JULY 1ST, 1875.							
Nε	me of Owner or Corporati	on	?		***********			
	eation?	• • •		•••	**********			
Na	me of Superintendent?	•••	•••••	• • •				
Po	st Office Address?	•••						
Ī	•	34	Gill Boxes.	65	Burning Oil, gallous.			
1	Value of Real Estate.	35	Balling Boxes.	66	Coal for making Gas.			
2	Value of Machinery.	36	Drawing Frames.	67	Tons of Coal for Power.			
3	(STEAM) Number.	37	Roving Frames.	68	Tons of Coal for Heating.			
4	Engines. Horse Power.	38	Braiders and Carriers.	69	Tons of Coal for Coloring.			
5	(g g) Number.	39	Winders	70	Cords of Wood for Power.			
6	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} \left\{\begin{array}{c} \vec{x} \\ \vec{x} \\ \vec{x} \\ \vec{x} \\ \vec{x} \end{array}\right\} \text{ Horse Power.} $	40	Calenders.	71	Cords of Wood for Heat-			
7	[≱≨] Kind Used.	41	Skeiners.	-a	ing.			
8	CUBIC FEET WATER avail-	42	Reelers.	72	Cords of Wood for Coloring.			
9	able per minute. Head in Feet.		HANDS EMPLOYED.	73	Mill Supplies, value.			
10	Mode of Heating.	43	Males under 15 years of	74	All Materials, value.			
11	Mode of Lighting.	44	age. Males over 15 years of		PRODUCTS.			
12	() For Heating.	45	age. Females under 15 years	75				
13	BOILERS. For Power.	46	of age. Females over 15 years of	76				
	Torrower.		age. WAGES.	77				
	MACHINES.	47	Average daily wages paid to males under 15 years of	78				
14	Wool Scourers.	48	age. Average daily wages paid	79				
15	Dryers.	120	to males over 15 years of age.	80	16			
16	Pickers.	49		81				
17	Sets of Cards.	50	of age. Average daily wages paid	82				
18	Mule, Spindles.	30	to females over 15 years of age.	83	6-4 Goods, yards.			
19	Jack, Spindles.	51	Total amount of wages for the year.	84	3-4 Goods, yards.			
20	Twister, Spindles.		MATERIALS	85	Yarn, pounds.			
21	Dressers.		USED DURING THE YEAR.	86	No of Yarn.			
22	Looms, narrow.	52	Native Wool, pounds.	87				
23	Looms, broad.	53	Foreign Wool, pounds.		WASTE.			
24	Securing Mills.	54	Silk, ponnds.	88				
25	Falling Stocks.	55	Shoddy, pounds.	89	21022			
26	Rotary Fulling.	56	Cotton, pounds.		Hard Ends.			
27	Gigs.	57	Flocks, pounds.	91				
2 8	Cloth Dryers.	58	Jute, pounds.	92				
29	Shears, narrow.	59	Drugs and Dyes, value.	93				
30	Shears, broad.	60	Soap, pounds.	94	0			
31	Presses.	61	Glue, pounds.	95				
32	Preparers.	62	Salt, pounds.	96				
33	Combers.	63	Lubricating Oil, gallons.		ducts.			
		64	Wool Oil, gallons.	I				

IRON MANUFACTURES, YEAR ENDING JULY 18T, 1875.

Manufacture of Cotton, Wool and other Machinery, Locomotives, Steam Engines, and
Rollers.

			Doners.		
	ame of Firm or Person?	• • •	•••••	• •	
	oestion?	•••	•••••	• • •	•••••••••
r	ost Office Address?	•••		•••	
1	Value of Real Estate.		WAGES.		
2	Value of Machinery and Tools.	33	Average daily wages paid to males under 15 years		PRODUCTS.
3	(STEAM) Number.	34	of age. Average daily wages paid	66	Locomotives.
4	Engines. Horse Power.		to males over 15 years of age.		Steam Engines, station'ry
5		35	Average daily wages paid to females under 15 years	68	Steam Engines, portable.
6	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} z \\ z \\ z \\ z \\ z \end{array}\right\}$ Horse Power.	36	of age. Average daily wages paid	69	
7	Kind Used.		to females over 15 years of age.	70	Water Wheels.
8	CUBIC FEET WATER avail-	37	Total amount wag s for the year.	71	Calenders.
	able per minute.		MATERIALS	72	. 0
9	Head in Feet.		USED DURING THE YEAR.	73	Shafting, Hangers and Pulleys.
10	Mode of Heating.	38	Cast Iron, pounds.	74	Openers.
11	Mode of Lighting.	39	Bar Iron, ponnds.	75	Lappers.
12	Boilers.	40	Steel, pounds.	76	Carding Engines.
13	For Power.	41	Brass, pounds.	77	Railway Heads.
	MACHINES USED IN THE MANUFACTURE.	42	Copper, pounds.	78	Heads of Drawing.
14		43	Tin, pounds.	79	Speeder Spindles, coarse.
15		44	Zine, pounds.	80	Speeder Spindles, fine.
16		45	Lead, pounds.	81	Frame Spinning, Spindles
17		46	Bolts and Nuts, pounds.	82	Mule Spinning, spindles.
18		47	Screws, gross.	83	Spoolers, Spindles.
19		ĺ	Lumber, feet.	84	Warping Machines.
20		1	Paints, pounds.	85	Cotton Looms.
21		50	Varnish, gallons.	86	Woolen Looms, narrow.
22		51	Paint Oil, gallons.	87	Woolen Looms, wide.
23		52	Lubricating Oil, gallons.	88	
24		53	Burning Oil, gallons.	89	
25			Coal for making Gas.	90	
26		55	Tons of Coal for Heating.	91	
27		56	Tons of Coal for Power.	92	
28		57	Cords of Wood for Heating.	39	
	HANDS EMPLOYED.	58	Cords of Wood for Power.	94	
29	Males under 15 years of age.	59	Supplies.	95	Cast Iron Chips and Turn- ings.
30	Males over 15 years of age.	60 61		96	Wrought Iron Chips and Turnings.
31	Females under 15 years of age.	62		97	Total value of all Products
32	Females over 15 years of age.	63 64	All Materials, value.	98	Number of days in operation.

	MANUFACTURE	s o	F JEWELRY, YEAR END	DING	Ju	LY 1st, 1875.			
N	Name of Firm or Person?								
L	oeation?	• • • •			•••				
P	ost Office Address?	• • •			• • • •	••••••			
1	Value of Real Estate.		MATERIALS			PRODUCTS.			
2	Value of Machinery and Tools.		USED DURING THE YE	EAR.	65	Pins.			
3	(STEAM) Number.	32	Coin Gold,	\$	66	Drops.			
4	Engines. 11orse Power.	33	Coin Silver,	\$	67	Studs.			
5	$(\simeq \alpha)$ Number.	34	Pure Gold,	\$	68	Sleeve Buttons.			
6	Number.	35	Pure Silver,	\$	69	Bracelets.			
7	E Kind used.	36	_	lbs.	70	Rings.			
8	Mode of Heating.	37		lbs.	71	Lockets.			
ь	Mode of Lighting.	38	Zinc,	lbs.	72	Collar Buttons.			
10	() For Heating.	39	Tin,	lbs.	73	Chains.			
11	BOILERS. For Power.	40	Nickel,	lbs.	74	Chain Trimmings.			
	MACHINES.	41	Oreide,	lbs.	75	Peneils.			
12	Turning Lathes.	42	Composition,	lbs.	76	Wateh Cases.			
13	Engine Latnes.	43	German Silver,	lbs.	77	Hard Solder.			
14	Polishing Heads.	44	Diamonds, va	lue.	78	Soft Solder.			
15	Drops.	45	Real Stones, va	lue.	79	Sweepings.			
1 6	Presses.	46	Imitation Stones, val	lue.	80	Filings.			
17	Rolls.	47	Tortoise Shell, val	lue.	18	Clippings.			
18	Wire Benches.	48	Rouge,	lbs.	82				
19	Trip Hammers.	49	Tripoli,	lbs.	83				
20	Blowers.	50	Rotten Stone,	lbs.	84				
21	Furnaces.	51	Pumice Stone,	lbs.	85				
22	Batteries.	52	Brushes, val	lue.	86				
	HANDS EMPLOYED.	53	Hard Solder,	lbs.	87				
23	Males under 15 years of age.	54	Soft Solder,	lbs.	88				
24	Males over 15 years of age.	55	Boxes.		89				
25	Females under 15 years of age.	56	Tons of Coal for Heat	ting.	90				
26		57	Tons of Coal for Pow	er.	91				
	WAGES.	58	Cords of Wood for H		92 93				
27	Average daily wages paid to males under 15 years	59	Cords of Wood for Po	wer.	94				
28	of age. Average daily wages paid	60	Charcoal, bu	ush.	95				
	to males over 15 years of age.	51	Oil, ga	alls.	96	Total value of all Pro-			
29	Average daily wages paid to females under 15 years of age.		Acids and Alkalines, val	lue.	97	duets. Number of days in ope-			
30	to females over 15 years		Paper.			ration.			
31	of age. Total Amount Wages for the year.	64	All materials given at val	bove lue.					

